Plainfield Union.

January 2, 1847

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
MILTON P. CUSHING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,
and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show that [in the language of a celebrated physician] the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally cure wounds of any kind, Bruises, old ulcerated sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Piles, Cankers, Felons, Whitlow, Pilons, Pilgrims, the Daleus or Milk leg, lumpenes of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, cough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Inflamation of the lungs, breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pains in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our 'attending Physician, and using many patent remedies of the day without any success, she was induced to try a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and the strength soon returned. We therefore think nothing sufficient until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation when by far exceeded that of any other article of the kind in vicinities where the German Dr. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. It would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to WEBSTER & G RADWAY, 91 Hudson st. New York.

Dec. 15, 1846—1y

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
MOFFAT'S
VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and settled celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases for which they are recommended has created a usual practice of palming not only unnecessary, but unwarrantable, Nostrums on the credulous, under pretext to a share of the former's reputation; and they survive not by the fault of the credulous.

ALL THESE

OF ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, APOPLEXY, ASTHMA, BILIOUS AND BILIOUS REMITTENT FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—

In the south and west, where these diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Emigrants to those parts should take some of these Medicines, will never afterwards be without them.

BILIOUS CHOLIC, BILIOUSNESS, BLIND, COSTIVENESS, COLDS & COUGHS, CHOLIC, CONSUMPTION OF THE BOWELS, CONSUMPTION, the disease, DISEASES OF THE HUMORS, DROPSIES,

DYSPEPSIA.—No person with this distressing disease should neglect a trial of these Medicines.

ERUPTIONS of the Skin, ERYSIPELAS, FLATULENCY,

FEVER AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the western country these medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other remedies may be used but it is a waste of time and money. Let the system be cleansed by the action of the Medicine—cure by these medicines is permanent.—THE LIVER MUST BE CLEANSED.

FOULNESS & COMPLEXION.

GENERAL DEBILITY,

GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of every kind, INWARD FEVERS, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, JAUNDICE, MUMPS, MADNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, &

LEPROSY, LOOSENESS.

MORBID COMPLAINTS.—

Cannot fail to be effectual, unless all the use of Mercury injudiciously mixed with the Medicine, as it is in most of the Pills and Ointments now in use, which poisons the blood,

NERVOUSNESS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PILES, PAINS,

PILES. The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of Piles of 30 years standing by the use of them Life Medicines.

PAINS in the head, side, back, joints and stomach.

RHEUMATISM, in all its forms, treated with this remedy, will be sure of relief by the Life Medicines.

RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURVY, SCALDS, SWELLINGS, &c.

SCROFULA, or KING'S EVIL, in its worst forms, GICKLY,

WORMS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by these Medicines. Parents will do well to administer to their children without the least hesitation. Relief will be certain.

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS
PURIFY THE BLOOD,
And thus remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will place the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every invalid.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, called "The Moffat's Vegetable Life Medicines," with the directions for use, which is a drawing of Dr. Moffat's Head all around the top. Observe the name of the signature, calling this city and country. Each of "The Wrapper's and Pamphlets are copyrighted. Therefore, those who counterfeit or imitate the same will be watched that they are punished. Be careful, and do not be imposed upon by those who have no right to sell the genuine Medicines, that they never attest from the original.

For Sale by [illegible]

Prepared and sold by
DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,
No. 8 Bowling, corner of Anthony street, New York.
For Sale by

M. P. CUSHING, Sole Agent for this vicinity.
March 24, 1846.—1y.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at times, during the present season. When out in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays; and on Thursdays, 190 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may apply to the following persons in Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in their absence.

METCALF'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
THE GREAT REMEDY
FOR
CONSUMPTION.

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma, Croup, Hoarseness, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

If not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is now before the public, there fore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by asserting its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply confine myself to give a brief statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and IS BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, who's sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb, fresh added victims to its conquest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death dealing sting. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life seeming evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our chat geable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the objections of those who are at least entitled to verse ity, may be believed, there is a preventive and a cure.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world with such unqualified and unfeigned confidence as that of a long string of testimonials of its virtues, given without solicitation, as to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Wafi on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for the relief of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with success. In two cases of Consumption it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

C. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeits and imitations to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of Sayers & Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.
And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.
Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Muffs, Muffs, Muffs!

Made of the finest of stuffs,
Furs rich, costly and rare,
To warm and adorn the Fair,
At prices reduced you will meet,
At Sullman's store in Front street.
Dec. 22, 1846.

Seabury's Glycerine CHOPPED HOG.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatisms, Cramp, Srains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throats, Sore Breast, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. P. CUSHING.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Runyon's, which he is willing to dispose of on reasonable terms. If not sold soon it will be to Let.

Jan. 5, 1847. Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

RICHARD M. CRANE,
Jan. 5, 1847. 133 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Stanton's External Remedy,
CALLED
HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Swellings, Salt Rheum, Burns, Corns, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different Disease above named,—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

The following letter from the highly eminent Physicians who have been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

Mr. Dear Sir—I received your letter yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as prepared by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to the public as an Internal Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. J. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. N. BELCHER.

Yorktown, January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I have long since used your External Remedy, called *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly do not believe there is its equal. I consider it a Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York *Sun.*

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbug that are thrown forth at the present day upon the country, it is really refreshing to find a meshing of real practical utility, something simple, speedy, and effectual in its operations, and at the same time free from those injurious effects which generally attend powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a few months before the public, has already established the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and influential citizens, but our most eminent physicians. Also acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm for a wound, and that it is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisements of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try the effects on my son, who had been crippled with a lame back from an infant; and it is with gratitude that I bear testimony to its healing properties. My child who is now five years of age, is now in fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DLMMON C. NICKERSON.

Post Office, Towners, Putnam co.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and thinks the father would be safe in saying that his son is almost well.

JAS. W. DYKMAN,
Deputy Post Master.

November 5, 1845.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years subject to frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, which at times prevented my walking or attending to my business. Two or three applications of the Liniment invariably remove all affections of the kind. In cases of bruises, sprains, and sores too numerous to mention, it has certainly proved a certain remedy. Its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 123 Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

JARVIS WALL, 89 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. P. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—R. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Compton.—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Bates, A. Bates, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Baldwin, James W. Wade.

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. E. Briece, James Cree.

Rahway—J. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Jaines.

Springfield—Jonathan Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Belleville—N. C. Spulaman & Son

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Cooger, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison, Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846.—1w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Rail Road.

A. MUNDY & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the Public that they have just opened at the above stand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which they offer to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Our assortment consists of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,
Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes,
Do Fine shoes and slippers,
Do Kip Brogans for Over shoes,
Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.
Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Buskins, and
Another store of all kinds, Fancy French and common Kid Shoes trimmed and furred in variety.

For misses and children a variety of styles and sizes constantly on hand. All of our work is warranted to be made of the best materials and in the most fashionable manner, for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves; we feel assured they will not be disappointed in the quality or cheapness.

Plainfield, Dec. 1st, 1846.—1y

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Carpets Comprising a great variety of Terms, patterns, and prices, at the Cheap Store of D. SULLMAN.

For the Plainfield Union.

To a Dear Departed Sister.

Farewell—the sister of my heart,
Farewell—forever we must part;
For Death his fearful dart hath hurled,
And summoned thee to leave our world,
And pass to Heaven!
Thy youth and beauty could not save
Thee from the cold and silent grave,
The house for all death gives.
Like Spring's first rose just budding forth,
Most thou adorned in Heavenly worth:
Among thy young companions moved,
By all esteemed, by all beloved,
By some adored:
These could not check the spoiler's away,
That bore thee from their love away,
And this vain world!
But I can never wish thee back,
To tread again thine earthly track,
Thy dear loved form is shrouded now,
And thy pale cheek and placid brow,
Which once was flushed with joy
Is calmer still in Death's embrace,
Thy soul adorned in Heavenly grace,
And naught they peace annoys!

ANNETTA.

Plainfield, Jan. 25th, 1846.

"Inward Sight."

We cut the following from a notice of the Autobiography of Dr. Zschokke in Chambers's Journal, and which was republished in a number of Littell's Living Age some months since.

We must not conclude our notice of this most interesting of autobiographies without offering an account of a remarkable faculty Zschokke possessed, and which he calls his "inward sight." "I am," he remarks, "almost afraid to speak of this, not because I am afraid to be thought superstitious, but that I may thereby strengthen such feelings in others. And yet it may be an addition to our stock of soul-experiences, and therefore I will confess! It has happened to me sometimes, on my first meeting with strangers, I listened silently to their discourse, that their former life, before we served in the same regiment, or their present in the text of their features. For a long time I held such visions as delusions of the fancy, and mute so as they showed me even the dress and motions of the actors, rooms, furniture, and other accessories. By way of jest, I once, in a familiar family circle at Kirchberg, related the secret history of a schnatress who had just left the room and the house. I was never more put to the blush in my life; people were astonished, and laughed, but were not to be persuaded that I did no previously know the reins one of which I spoke for what I had uttered was the literal truth. I, on my part, was no less astonished that my dream pictures were confirmed by the reality. I became more attentive to the subject, and, when my propriety assured me of it, I would relate to the company scenes that passed before me the subject of my vision, that I might thereby obtain confirmation or refutation of it. It was invariably ratified, not without consternation on their part." I myself had less confidence than any one in this mental juggiery. So often as I revealed my visionary gifts to any new person, I regularly expected to hear the answer—It was not so. I believe Edwin Baldwin was the only person who, on my declaring that it was true, or when their astonishment betrayed my accuracy before they spoke. Instead of many, I will mention one example, which preeminently astounded me. One last day, in the city of Waldshut, I entered an inn (the Vine) in company with two young students-theologians: we were tired with rambling through the woods.—We supped with a numerous society at the table d'hote, where the guests were unusually merry. I, with the peculiarities and eccentricities of the Swiss, with Mesmer's magnetism, Lavater's physiognomy, &c. One of my companions, whose national pride was wounded by their mockery, begged me to make some reply, particularly to a handsome young man who sat opposite us, and who had allowed himself extraordinary license. This man's former life was of that moment presented to my mind. I turned to him, and asked whether he would answer me candidly, if I related what my vision had shown me, and whether the whole company were to be admitted to the private history of the young merchant: his principal. I described to him the unfurnished room, with whitened walls, where, to the right of the brown door, on the table stood a black money box, &c. &c. A deep silence prevailed during the whole narration, which I alone occasionally interrupted, by inquiring whether I spoke the truth. The startled young man confessed every particular, and even what I had correctly expressed, the last mentioned. Touched by his candor, I shook hands with him over the table, and said no more. He asked my name, which I gave him, and we remained together talking till past midnight. He is probably still living!"

Any explanation of this phenomenon, by means of the known laws of the human mind, would, in the present confined state of our knowledge, seem readily fail. We therefore simply give the extraordinary fact as we find it, in the words of the narrator, leaving the puzzle to be speculated on by our readers. Zschokke adds, that he had met with others who possessed a similar power.

Beet Root a Substitute for Potatoes.—Beet root cannot be too much recommended to the notice of mankind as a cheap and salubrious substitute for the now failing and diseased potato. Hitherto the red kind has been only used in England as a pickle, or garnish for salad, even the few who dress it generally boil it, by which process the rich saccharine juice is in a great measure, lost, and the root consequently rendered less nutritious by the quantity of water which it imbibes as well as by parting with the native syrup of which it is thus forcibly deprived; it is therefore strongly recommended to bake instead of boiling them, when they will be found to afford a delicious and wholesome food. This is not an untried novelty; for both red and white beet root are extensively used on the continent. In Italy particularly, they are carried to boot hot from the oven twice a day and sold publicly in the streets; thus they are purchased by all classes of people and give a thoroughly rich bread, with pepper and butter, a satisfactory meal. There are few purposes for which baked, or even roasted, or fried beet root, would not be found preferable to boiled. If these roots were universally cultivated in England for human food as they are on the continent of Europe and baked and sold as cheap as they might easily be, many a poor person would have a hearty and good meal who is often obliged to go without one; and now that the potato crop is again failing the above information cannot but be of infinite service if generally known, for there is a good deal of beet in the country, although only planted or sown for the use of cattle.

Don't be too Particular.—An Irishman once dreamed that he visited the Lord Mayor of Dublin, and who treated him with the greatest hospitality and asked him if he would t' take a little su'h'.' He replied that he wouldn't mind a little whiskey punch. "Hot, or cold?" inquired his lordship. His guest preferred warm, but while the Lord Mayor was out heating the water the Irishman awoke from his delicious slumber "Och!" cried he, comprehending what stood between was to wait for punch, "I'm a mighty curious sinner of a citizen." "How I wish I'd said cowld!"

Forward Youth.—"Define the difference between experimental and natural philosophy, said a school master to one of the most forward of his pupils. "Why, sir," replied the boy, experiments at philosophy is our asking you to give us a half holiday, and natural philosophy is your saying, 'Don't you wish you may get it?'"

School Examination.—"John how do you parse grandmother?" "I doesnt past her at all, I always goes in to get a cookey." "What is the angular of men?" "They is singular men they pay their debts without being axed to do it a dozen times." "Young women are bewitching now what is it that comes after women?" "It's the fellers, to be sure; they are always after the young women." "That will do: now you may all go and hunt for sugar stumps."

Never Know where to find Him.—The Mayor of a dispitutive city called to consult a legal friend with regard to the method of quelling riotous proceedings, which were growing ungovernable.

"Why," said the lawyer, do you not appeal to the posse constatus?"

"Well, that's what I've thought of, but, hang the fellow, I never know where to find him!"

There never was any party, faction, sect, or cabal, whatsoever, in which the most ignorant were not the most violent; for a fool is not a bad actor and is a fit instrument for any purpose. Fools or instruments are necessary to politicians; and perhaps it may be with states as with clocks, which must have some dead weight hanging to them to help and regulate the motion of the finer and more useful parts.

"I weeded my friends," said an old economist, man, by hanging a piece of stair carpet out of my first floor window, with mbroker's announcement affixed. God it had the desired effect. I soon saw who were my friends. It was like hanging a gun near a pigeon house they all forsook the building at the first report, and I have the reason to see the extra flags of my dining table since."

Let the child's first lesson be obedience, and the second may be what thou wilt.

When to build is the question we should deliberate long, and perhaps not build at all; but when to plant is the question we should not deliberate, but plant directly.

Bombay Cotton Trade.—The experiment of cotton raising in Western India, does not turn out as was at first anticipated. The first failures were more particularly in consequence of a want of experimental knowledge as to the cultivation of the cotton plant.

But since that difficulty was obviated by enlisting the services of experienced persons, it seems now to be pretty certainly ascertained that the soil and climate of Western India, except in a few particular locations, is not as well adapted for the cultivation of that staple as was confidently anticipated. Accordingly we find the cotton of Bombay gradually falling off. This fact will be seen by reference to the following comparative statement of the shipment of cotton from Bombay, from the first of January to the first of June of the last four years.

Years,		1843 Total Bales
1844	"	298,475
1845	"	182,755
1846	"	146,894

Further from Santa Anna's Army.

The release of Mr. Gillespie, one of the Texas rangers, taken prisoner in September last, and his arrival in the American lines, has been the means of furnishing many definite, information in relation to Santa Anna's strength, than has hitherto been possessed. Mr. Gillespie has been kept at San Luis Potosi, and he says the Mexican army in that city numbers 27,000 men, with an auxiliary force somewhere in the vicinity of 10,000. This large force was under constant drill and many foreign officers were said to be engaged in the service. Great enthusiasm and the most perfect subordination prevailed in the Mexican lines.

Mr. Gillespie was released with a number of other prisoners, by order of Santa Anna, and they speak in the highest terms of their treatment by Mexicans, particularly by a Capt. Gonzales of the 6th cavalry; and an officer who had treated them harshly was deprived of his command and placed under arrest.

This Country.—The London Quarterly for October, 1846, contains a review of "The Emigrant, by F. B. Head," who was for two years Governor of Canada. It must be an interesting and amusing work. He says that in this country Nature has not only outlined her works on a larger scale, but has painted the whole picture with brighter and more costly colors than she has used in delineating and beautifying the old world. "The heavens of America appear infinitely higher, the sky is bluer, the clouds are are whiter, the air is fresher, the cold intenser, the moon looks larger, the stars are brighter; the thunder is louder, the lightning is vivider, the wind is stronger; the grain is heavier, the mountains are higher, the rivers larger, forests bigger, the plains broader—in short, the gigantic and beautiful features of the new world seem to correspond very wonderfully with the increased locomotive powers and other brilliant discoveries which have lately been developed in mankind."

The Rail Roads are, most of them, crowded with business at this time. Produce is pressing over them, to realize the high prices which now rule on the other side of the water. The Boston *Times* says that next year the famine will be worse than it is now.—*Jour. of Com.*

☞ We understand that the press of freight for New York chiefly bread stuffs, has been so great from the country west of Somerville, for some weeks that the Rail Road from that place to Elizabethtown Point has been compelled to run several extra trains daily, and sometimes both night and day.—*Newark Ad.*

The trains often pass through Plainfield twelve times a day—six times each way. The Company are doing a very large business in the freight line.—*Rd. Unions.*

A Veteran Clergymen.—The Rev. Dr. Samuel Nott, of Franklin, Connecticut, would complete the ninety-third year of his life on Saturday last, and on the 13th of March next it will be seventy-five years since he was ordained and installed over the church in Franklin. His congregation wished to observe his birth day as a sort of Jubilee, and postponed the ceremony until the Monday following, with a view of paying him a donation visit. His health had been so good, up to his ninety-first year, that he had been detained from church only two Sundays during his ministry. He performs the duties of his office without an assistant! He is a patriarch indeed.

A Son of Africa.—On Sunday evening a congregation, from the various Episcopal Churches of the city, listened with deep interest to some Missionary statements, in connection with an able discourse from Rev. Mr. Hanson, who has just arrived from Africa. This gentleman, an African by birth, was graduated with honor at one of the English Universities, was instructed in Theology, and ordained as a Deacon, by Bishop Brownell of Connecticut, was subsequently ordained as a Priest, by the Archbishop of Canterbury, and has since been employed as a Missionary and Chaplain of the English commercial establishments at Cape Coast.—*Boston Eve. Post.*

Emigration.—We are informed that Mr. Thomas Rawlings, who is interested in a Society to aid emigrants from Europe to this country, has received instructions from England to reserve 150,000 acres of a large tract of land in Western Virginia, for settlers from Wales, most of whom intend to emigrate in the Spring. Mr. R. has control of these lands for this purpose, by an arrangement with the owners, and is doing much to advance the interests, and improve the condition of European emigrants.—*Cour. & Enq.*

There are now living in one house at Budd's Lake, Roxbury township, Morris county, 4 old ladies, whose united ages amount to 323 years—the oldest be 95 and the youngest 81. Probably so many aged people are not living under one roof in any part of New Jersey.—*exchange.*

New Theological Seminary.—We learn that a Theological Seminary is to be erected in the vicinity of Cincinnati, by the Catholics, and that Messrs. J. & J. Sisson, merchants of this city, have authorized Bishop Purcell, to draw on them for any sum from 5 to $10,000 toward erecting the necessary edifices.—*Cincinnati Gaz.*

Man Drowned.—Fell overboard from the steamer Albemarle, while crossing the Bay, in passing from Elizabeth Port to New York, John Roberts, a native of Ireland and Steward of said boat. Jan. 19, 1847.—*Somerset Whig.*

A movement has been made in Congress, to prevent the country from being flooded with foreign paupers. It is high time for something to be done, since it has become a part of the Public Policy of Europe to reduce the pauperized portion of its population by forcing it upon other countries. Whole ship loads come over at a time, and are thrown upon our shores, into our cities, too often in a state of utter destitution, but very many of them physically unable to take care of themselves.

The population of Buffalo is estimated by the Buffalo Commercial from recent data to be at least 33,000 at the present time. This includes 931 colored people.

The Right of Instruction.—At the last session of Congress, Senator Ashly was instructed to vote for the French claim bill which he did. He is now instructed to vote against it, which he will do.

Robbery in Elizabethtown.—Information was received at the office of the Chief of Police in N. Y. yesterday, that the house of A. O. Thompson, in Elizabethtown, was broken open on Monday night, and robbed of 1 brown cloth coat, 1 large woollen shawl, 1 umbrella, 10 silver tea spoons, 1 desert spoon, 1 butter knife, and 1 mustard spoon. The burglars escaped with their booty. Several other similar operations have recently transpired in that vicinity.

The Cholera.—A letter from Constantinople of the 17th of December has the following:

News has been received from Persia that the cholera was still raging and sweeping off thousands. At Ourmiah, the mortality was upward of 200 a day on the poor population of 10,000. I have just seen a doctor, assuring me that, according to his statistacs, the deaths had greatly exceeded the worst year of the plague; he calculates that more than 100,000 have been destroyed. I myself do not think the statement exaggerated in the least.

Puritanism in the South.—The Baptist Church in Greensboro, Alabama, have elected Rev. Thomas Chilton, *pastor for life*, with a salary of $1,200, to be raised by assessments according to every member's property. The Alabama Baptist hopes the day is not distant when all the churches will adopt a similar plan.

Fruits of Reflection.—A correspondent of the Presbyterian, who gives only the signature of X, has made a calculation, a conviction, brought by reviewing the year, that he had not done all that he might have done in promoting benevolent objects, encloses $500 to be thus disposed of,—

Princeton Theological Seminary	100
Presbyterian Board of Education	100
do Foreign and Dom. Missions, each 50, 100	
Colonization Society	50
Destitute churches and schools in the valley of the Mississippi	150

We are gratified to behold the New Jersey delegation in Congress evincing the most perfect harmony on all important points—that we find nothing to regret in having, by a vote of 13 to 1, upon tea and coffee—against the creation of a Lieut. General, and against the extension of Slavery. We hail this unanimity as ominous of the speedy advent of that happy day when the entire North shall occupy the true democratic platform without division or dissension.—*Sussex Register.*

Singular Phenomenon.—A letter to the Cobourg U. C. Star, which that paper says is from a reliable source states that at Grafton harbor, on the North shore of Lake Ontario, on the 8th, while the lake was calm, like the wind from the N., suddenly the water receded in one moment was 350 feet, leaving the beach dry for that distance; it then returned 4 feet higher than usual. This was repeated 8 or 9 times, decreasing in violence till it finally subsided. A similar occurrence, the Star states, took place in Cobourg harbor, 1845; it supposes both to be the result of volcanic action.

Mesmerism.—The Columbia S. C. Chronicle says that "Scepticism in relation to the Phenomena of Mesmerism has taken flight from that place altogether." There are several cities from which this singular bird has not yet flown.—*Cour. & Enq.*

The Bomb Shell Enterprise.—Since the 16th of December 25,849 shells have been despatched from the Greenbush Depot, by Rail Road to N. Y. These shells, when they leave the Depot, have cost the Government $8.87½ each, making the round sum of $110,871 62. This is a mere "drop in the bucket" of the Mexican War expenses.—*Albany Eve. Jour.*

A Man of 100 Years Killed.—Henry Davult, a centenarian, was killed yesterday afternoon by the Germantown, Railroad stone car, on the descending grade, in Ninth street, Phila. The car by its own momentum overtook him as he was crossing the street; and the unfortunate man threfeafness did not hear it.

☞ Joseph Stackhouse, *Jr.* 19 years of age, was drowned in the creek a short distance above Mount Holly, on the 23d ult. while rescuing a small boy who had broken through the ice,—in which he succeeded—but was lost himself. A sad fate for so noble a fellow.

In Micanopy, Florida, Mr. Henry Floyd made 50,000 segars from the planting of one acre; and sold them for $500, that is $10 per thousand, though the Jacksonville News says they are worth $16, being equal to Cuba segars in flavor Florida sugar is also coming into use.

Trial of a Slave for Murder.—A slave named Richard was recently tried at Charleston for killing another slave named Maria. The slave was acquitted, on the ground that the blows were inflicted by direction of his mistress. The Court held that the slave was the mere instrument of his owners, and having no will of his own, could not be amenable to the punishment of the law. In all such cases the owner was the guilty party, and upon him the vindicatory part of the law must fall. The mistress is yet to be tried for killing Maria.

THE UNION.

Plainfield, February 2, 1847.

To the Public.

Distress in Ireland.—Twenty-one members of the Society of Friends, residing in Dublin, Ireland, have recently been appointed to act as a central committee in collecting and distributing aid for those who are now suffering for want of food in that country. To the committee, twenty-one *more friends* residing in various parts of Ireland, have been added, to hold correspondence with those in Dublin, and aid them in suitably applying such relief as may be confided to their care. Friends in various parts of America are raising funds to forward to the Dublin committee, some of whom are personally known here. The amount thus contributed is not to be dispensed to members of the Society; relief to their poor is a requirement of their discipline and the public are never asked for aid. The committee will therefore give what may be placed at their disposal to the suffering poor at large.

A medium is there offered by which the contributions of those who wish to do something toward relieving the distress in Ireland can be safely remitted and judiciously applied.

Friends composing the monthly meeting of Rahway and Plainfield are about making a remittance to the Dublin committee, and will receive and forward such amount as any are willing to contribute. Apply to

NATHAN VAIL, or
ZACHARIAH WEBSTER.

Plainfield, 1st mo. 28th, 1847.

The above communication sufficiently explains itself without a word of comment from us. The starving condition of millions in Ireland is abundantly confirmed by all the accounts from that ill-fated country, and loudly calls for the active benevolence of the whole Christian world, of whatever name or sect, to spare of their abundance to feed so many of their fellow-beings, actually starving to death by hundreds. The Society of Friends in Ireland, though few in number, have contributed from 10 to $20,000 for this object, and have appealed to their fellow-members in this country—who, we are glad to say, in accordance with their accustomed charity, are solely responding to the appeal, and thousands of dollars, will soon be forwarded to the Dublin committee.

The subscription in this place is fast filling up, and we hope to be able to state in our next that a good amount has been raised, here, and it rough out the bounds of this monthly meeting.

A large meeting in aid of the Irish was held in Newark on Thursday evening, and a committee of 16 appointed to collect subscriptions. At the close, a collection of $165 50 was taken up.

At a meeting in Patterson, on Wednesday, a committee of 15 was appointed to solicit subscriptions. The Newark Adv. adds:

The Society of Friends in England and Ireland have, by voluntary contributions, raised the noble sum of $32,000 for the relief of the starving Irish, and have sent several of their own members to superintend the distribution. They are still going on with collections, and will probably increase the sum very much.

The New Jersey State Temperance Society, held its annual meeting at Trenton last Wednesday, and was largely attended. Thomas B. Segur, presided, in the absence of the President, Hon. Daniel Haines. Mr. Segur was chosen President for the ensuing year. The form of the memorial recently presented to the Legislature was discussed, and the prevailing opinion was that temperance men should ask of the Legislature nothing save the reference of the whole question to the towns.

Anti-Renters Pardoned.—The Governor of the State of New York has pardoned 14 of the Anti-renters, out of prison, and restored them to the rights of citizenship. The other 4 are pardoned, but not restored to citizenship. Some say he owes his election to Anti-rent votes.

We are insebted to Hon. John Runk for valuable public documents.

Dentistry.—Dr. Arms will not be able to visit Plainfield according to previous notice; but will come on Monday, the 8th of Feb. and remain till Friday the 11th—at Laing's.

The splendid packet-ship Garrick, owned in New York, went ashore on the Jersey Coast last Tuesday night. Her 360 passengers were landed in New York by steamboat. They were in a state of great wretchedness and poverty. 12 died on the passage, and one young woman died in the steamboat. The Garrick was worth about $75,000—insured for about two-thirds. She left Liverpool Dec. 14th.

The Garrick was got off on Friday morning, with less injury than was anticipated, and taken to New York by two steamboats.

Business Prospects.—The influx of specie from Europe is giving an unusual impetus to all kinds of business, and the best feature of the movement is the solid foundation on which it rests.

Foreign.—The news by the Hibernia, the most important items of which we published last week, is of considerable importance. By means of the *Telegraph*, the intelligence, which arrived at Boston on Monday morning, was put in type by us on Monday evening, and published on Tuesday morning. We add this week a few other items of interest and importance.

American provisions met with a ready sale although the amount received was almost incredible. American flour, in any quantity, is ordered by European merchants, instead of cash. One house in the midland counties has ordered over 40,000 barrels, in lieu of cash due.

The advance in the price of cotton, wheat, &c. will make an aggregate increase in the value of our products of full $40,000,000.

The advance causing a rise here proves very profitable to the flour merchants, and to those who have recently shipped flour or grain. The steamer also brought out nearly a million and a half of specie, which, with the news, gave much animation to business in New York.

The all-absorbing topic of public interest in Great Britain is the alarming condition of the Irish peasantry. It is not a matter of want merely but of actual starvation—of life and death. The Irish papers contain long catalogues of misery and woe—deaths by starvation, excitements among the famishing the famishing poor, conflicts for bread and quarrels between the peasantry and the police or armed soldiery, with the bayonet and pistol guard the bakeries and storehouses. Government is affording great aid—expending a million of dollars a month, yet there is wide spread distress, and portions of the people are spending money freely for the purchase of firearms to protect themselves from the wretched and starving poor. Two millions of the inhabitants have been reduced to pauperism.

The freight of the Hibernia amounted to some $40,000, besides the mail, which must pay the owners well. The specie paid 1 per cent.

Congress.

Monday, Jan. 25.—In Senate, Mr. Benton, on leave, made a speech in vindication of the President for having proposed the creation of the office of Lieut. General of the army. The plan was his and not the President's. In Sept the President had offered him the mission to France, which he positively declined. In Nov he asked his opinion relative to the future conduct of the war. His (Mr. Benton's) plan required one head for the whole army, and that the war should be prosecuted vigorously—living on the enemy and levying contributions. Gen Taylor had claimed him, for the command of the army in 1836, in case of war with Mexico. In 1812 he (Mr. Benton) was the military superior of every general now in the service. He mentioned these things only to vindicate the President.

The Treasury Note Bill was then discussed.

In the House.—A long series of resolutions in favor of peace, withdrawing our troops, disowning the volunteers, and in favor of pressing the war by blockading the ex.can ports, levying duties on articles imported thereunto, and against a war of conquest. The House refused to receive them.

The bill to increase the pay of the army and to grant bounty lands, was further discussed.

Tuesday.—In Senate, the loan bill was taken up. An amendment, that no notes should be disposed of in any way for less than par and interest, was agreed to. Several amendments were rejected, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for third reading.

The House, in committee of the Whole, took up the bill to increase the pay and grant bounty lands to the army. It was amended so as to materially change the features of the bill.

Wednesday.—In Senate, The Treasury Note Bill was passed, 42 to 2. Mr. Cilley's resolution to withdraw the troops from Mexico was laid on the table, 44 to 0. The army bill was taken up.

In the House.—A resolution was passed, requesting the President to procure gold and silver medals for the officers and men of the French, Spanish, and English vessels of war, who aided in rescuing the seamen of the brig Somers.

The bill to increase the pay and grant bounty lands to the troops passed, 171 to 18.

Mr. Schenck moved to suspend the rules to introduce his resolution to withdraw our troops from Mexico. The motion was negatived, 58 to 150.

The two amendments of the Senate to the Senate to the Treasury Note Bill were agreed to.

The House then went into committee of the Whole on the Naval Appropriation Bill.

Thursday.—In Senate, a resolution from the Vermont Legislature against the Mexican war and the extension of Slavery, was presented.

Also a memorial from Pennsylvania for aid in forming a colony in Oregon, and offering to serve in the war with Mexico without pay.

The committee on Naval Affairs reported a bill to provide for the construction of four steamships of war.

A resolution was offered declaring it necessary to raise additional revenue of 5 or 10 millions to meet the expenses of the war, by increasing and imposing duties on imported articles.

The ten regiments bill was taken up and debated.

In the House, the Naval Appropriation Bill was under consideration till 10 o'clock, P. M.

Friday.—In Senate,—A memorial was presented from the editor of a daily Cincinnati paper, asking Congress to invest him with power to form a company to extend the magnetic telegraph across the Atlantic Ocean. Referred to the Post Office Committee.

The Committee on Printing reported against printing sundry memorials of Friends, praying a speedy termination of the war.

The Ten Regiment Bill was taken up and Mr. Benton spoke in opposition to the motion granting lands to the speculators and to increase them all. After a spirited debate, an amendment was adopted giving each soldier the option to receive six per cent. stock for $400 or 160 acres of land.

In the House, the Naval Appropriation Bill was further considered.

Saturday.—In Senate,—On leave a joint resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor and the officers and men under his command, for their gallant conduct at the seige of Monterey, was introduced.

The army bill was taken up, further amended and ordered to a third reading.

In the House, the rules were suspended, 136 to 20, and a resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor was received. An amendment declaring the war was forced upon us by Mexico, and not approving of the terms of the capitulation of Monterey, was adopted 110 to 70. The resolution as amended, passed, 103 to 62.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Monday afternoon, Jan. 25.—Business before the Legislature accumulates fast.

In Assembly, several petitions on the license question, from Essex, were presented and referred to the special committee.

Tuesday.—In Senate the act to incorporate Somerville Bank was read by sections, on 2d reading, and supported.

In Assembly, the bill to create the county of Union, from the six southern townships of Essex, was ordered 2d reading.

The special committee reported against the petitions to legalize 7 per cent. interest on special contracts.

Petitions to give the granting of licenses to the people.

Mr. Marsh, presented a petition from directors of Plainfield Mutual Insurance Company, for the repeal of the seventh section of their charter.

A petition was presented to authorize all persons to practice medicine in certain cases.

Another to secure to married women certain rights to property.

Mr. Chetwood, from the committee on Corporations, reported a bill to set off a part of the township of Westfield, Essex county, into a separate township, to be called Plainfield. Ordered 2nd reading.

The bill to extend the charter of the Middletown Bank, was passed, after debate, 42 to 7.

Wednesday.—In Senate, the bill to incorporate Somerville Bank, was ordered 3d reading.

The Joint Resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor and army, passed.

In Assembly.—Several petitions on the license question were presented.

The bill to prescribe the form of a basket for measuring lime, passed 47 to 7.

The act to incorporate American Mutual Insurance Company of Plainfield (increasing the number of directors to 13) passed 9, and providing that the assessment on each member shall in no case exceed the note or obligation given by them) was ordered a 3d reading.

Both Houses adjourned in the afternoon to attend the State Temperance Society.

Thursday.—In Senate, the Bill to extend the charter of the Middletown, passed.

The supplement to American Mutual Ins. Co. at Plainfield, was reported.

In Assembly, several petitions were presented to give the license question to the people.

One, for a modification of the law relating to the observance of the Sabbath.

The bill incorporating the Newark Savings Bank was taken, has been modified by a provision securing to married women their deposites—lost, on account of the provision, 22 to 39, most of the democrats voting in the negative.

The sup to the Am. Mutual Ins. Co. of Plainfield passed.

The joint resolution to employ a schoolmaster and moral instructor in the State Prison at a salary of $200 a year, was ordered 3d reading.

The bill to set off Plainfield from Westfield was advocated by Mr. Marsh and ordered to a 3d reading.

Joint Meeting.—Mr. Miller was re-elected U. S Senator for six years from the 4th of March.

S. A. Foxcroft, State Treasurer. Mr. Gaddis, Keeper of the State Prison. Also, all of the Inspectors of the Prison were re-elected.

Friday.—In Senate, the supplement to the Am. Mutual Ins. Co. of Plainfield, was passed.

In Assembly, a bill was reported to repeal the 7th section of the charter of the Plainfield Mutual Fire Ins. Co.

The bill to set off Scotch Plains Ward from Westfield township, into a new township to be called Plainfield, was passed without opposition, and will probably be equally successful in the Senate. Mr. Marsh stated the history of the township and its increase of population in so clear a manner as to convince all of the necessity of the separation.

A special committee was appointed by the Speaker on the petitions relative to the Seventh-Day Baptists.

Both Houses adjourned to Monday afternoon.

Late and Important from the Seat of War.

Gen. Quitman entered Victoria Jan. 9th, driving the Mexicans before him 30 or 40 miles before entering, they leaving the place as he entered it. Some 2000 Mexicans are between Saltillo and San Luis, to destroy the water tanks, in case the Americans should advance in force.

The Mexicans have near 50,000 troops in the field. At San Luis, Tula, and other places.

Jan. 1st, Col. May, with his dragoons came very near being captured by a large body of the enemy, but escaped with the loss of some of his men, taken prisoners.

Gen. Taylor and Patterson were at Victoria, with 6000 men, waiting for orders from Gen. Scott. Gen. Shields had left Tampico for Victoria with 650 men, and as 2000 Mexicans were between the two places, an engagement might take place. 950 men were left at Tampico.

At Saltillo we have 8,000 men.

It was rumored at Washington on Sunday evening that the Mexican Congress had accepted the United States' proposition of peace and authorized the appointment of peace commissioners to meet similar commissioners from our Government.

Two Ships with U S troops sailed from New York on Saturday morning for Mexico.

Col. Monroe Edwards, the great forger, died at the Sing Sing Prison, on Friday morning last.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and confers possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to inflict a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city:

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unlessigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

Cures of Chronic Costiveness of twenty years' standing.

Sir—This will certify that about twenty years I was afflicted with costiveness to such a degree that nothing would pass my bowels for a week at a time, and which ultimately caused partial insanity. I was sorely distressed both by night and by day. I had no quiet sleep some imes for weks together, my nervous condition was in so bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for me; all their remedies made me worse and worse. When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an advertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought from its style, that whoever wrote it, believed in what he wrote, and if so, he was no impostor. I had to suffer ridicule of my friends and neighbors My doctor told me, after I had used them some time, that he could make Pills just like Brandreth's; he gave me a prescription; I took it to the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more effect as physic than a piece of chip. Now so wish Brandreth's pills, they always act easily and freely. I have now taken them over two years, and they seem to have renewed the life within me; my intellect is clear and sound, and I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty five years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action of my bowels is now nearly restored to the healthy state of my youth. I bless God for what he done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Brandreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My case is known to hundreds in this country. Your agent, Mr. D Kendrich, suggested that I should send it. I remain yours, very gratefully,

Lebanon, N H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire whether the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is IS IT OR NO. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAUNIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir—Your Olosaunian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the diseases since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE. M. D.

Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

E. W. Carr, 440 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, is the duly authorized agent to obtain advertisements, or subscriptions, or to collect money, for the Plainfield Union, in that city.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Z. Webster, Esq. 92,00; E. Marsh, Esq. 2,00; John L. Shotwell, 2,00; Benj. Jennings, Esq. 91,75; Alfred Berry, 1,50; Elis. & Somer R R 1,00; Voorhees Randolph, 1,00; Richard Manning, 75.

New York Prices Current, Jan. 30, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,75 to 6,81
Rye Flour,	3,87 to 4,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to 5,00
Grain—Wheat,	1,45 to 1,85
Rye,	85 to 94
Corn,	1,03 to 1,05
Oats, Jersey,	49 to 50

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find its their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition!—*The Wild Cherry Tree is all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as among nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be of such great acquisition to those who are labouring under any of the dandreadful diseases of the Lungs so common to this climate. Such a preparation, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia.* Dr. Swayne of Philadelphia *has not, nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry but these sold at his office in Philadelphia by Widdiams & Co. and the same of Winter established in this city, and are sold as the genuine article in the West If you would get the genuine article the sole one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

Jan. 13th, James Polhemus, of Bridgwater, to Rachel Depuy, youngest daughter of Richard I. Field, Esq. of Piscataway.

Jan. 19th, Richard Ten Eyck to Rachel Urmson both of Somerset

Jan. 23d, in New Brunswick, Jonathan Kurble to Mary Shield, of Somerville, N. J.

Jan. 23d, Wm. Hewey, of Elizabethtown, to Rachel E. Van Brunt, of Rahway.

Jan 24th, James A. Van Duyn, of Boondbrook, to Mary, daughter of Cornelius Huff, N. Y.

Jan 21st, Gawin S. Compton to Cornelia A. Rickey, both of Basking Ridge.

DIED.

At Connecticut Farms, Jan. 22d, Julia, wife of Isaac S. Headley, in the 65th year of her age

---

Farm for Sale

THE subscriber will offer his Farm for sale at Public Auction, on the Premises in Piscataway township, Middlesex co. N. J. on Saturday, the 13th of February inst. at 12 o'clock, noon Sale Positive. Said Farm contains about 80 acres of Land, about 15 of which is a young and thrifty growth of wood. It is well watered by a stream of water running through it. Has a good Dwelling House, Barn and Wagon-House. Said Farm lies about 3 4 of a mile from the Elizabeth & Somerville R. R. half a mile from the village of Piscataway, and 4 miles from Plainfield, adjoining lands of Andrew Manning, John Mullison, and others, and is on the road from Samptown to the road between Plainfield and Boundbrook. Conditions made known at the day of sale.

Feb. 2d, 1847. RICHARD MANNING.

Among the Missing!

LOST on Sunday last, A GOLD CHAIN. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the store of J. R. FRAZEE.

Plainfield, Feb. 2, 1847.

The Universal Remedy for Burns, Chilblains & all Scrofulous diseases

THE World is challenged to produce a safer or expeditier remedy for the above diseases, than Dr. Lyons' Universal Remedy.

CERTIFICATES!

This may certify that I have been sorely afflicted with Chilblains for ten years, and have used Dr. Lyon's Universal Remedy, a speedy and sure cure.

Plainfield, Jan. 1847. ALPHEUS F. LAISE.

Having been sorely afflicted with Chilblains, Dect. Lyon's Universal Remedy has effected a speedy cure.

Waterloo, N. Y., Jan. 1846. B. YOUNG.

To every head of a family we would state that Lyon's Universal Remedy is an invaluable preparation, having used it for some time past in our families for burns sore throat &c. and think that no family after having tried would be without it

GARRY VAN RIPER.
THOS. HUBEYER.

Waterloo, Dec. 1845. SAMUEL SWARTWOUT.

We concur with the above, and do say that Dr. Lyons salve is the best remedy for sore throat that we ever have used.

N. TABELISSOR,
WM. SCHOOL.

Geneva, Dec. 1845.

Waterloo, Dec. 10, 1845.

I have used the Universal Remedy for burns, &c. made by Dr. R. Lyon, and find it a valuable remedy My little child having been badly scalded with water, I was much alarmed for fear he would lose his sight; but in three days it was all removed by the application of the Universal remedy. Also my wife's child had a bad burn on the forehead, eye and cheek, and learned that it was immediately removed by the Universal Remedy. I am now using it for Chilblains, and am so far have received immediate relief and I cannot but cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing that every family ought to have a box in their house at all times.

JOSEPH K. WAGNER.

For sale, at 25 cents a box, with several other certificates, and directions, by M. F. CUSHING.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any individual on my account, as I will pay no debts after this date contracted without my written order. GEORGE W. SKELLON.

Plainfield, Jan. 21, 1847.—3 3w*

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. Swayne, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale at this place, by

M. F. CUSHING. Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the throat Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my mouth, when for two years of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, lengthened my breath, strengthened my lungs, &c. I soon got rid of it; but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in checking colds, coughs, diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not be imposed upon with any spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives I freely offer this testimony for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS.

In 13th st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above cited, was a very severe one, and his residence in within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which are offered to the public as the best for Consumption, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which fasten themselves upon the lungs, none could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such astonishing cures; and has received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are not aware how much a cold has a trifling matter, and think it will wear off itself in a few days, and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, be careful of your colds,—do not tamper with your constitution, if you desire to retain your health, but use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character and tend to unite its meritorious properties and the high rank it holds in the medical world.

The Press, the Medical Faculty and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever introduced for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold if unattended to, often results in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the citadel of life, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, until it is too late to counter act its silent ravages, because no means are at hand to counteract it, which in most cases should always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time potent in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. The Certificates which have been discovered by Dr. Swayne's regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry is just the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the dangerous diseases of this climate. Information can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In fact in no age or country, since the days of Hippocrates there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption in the first stages, that the Proprietor considers himself fully warranted in calling the Sceptical to the many testimonials of this medicine which have been from time to time put once upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

☞ Letters addressed to Dr. Swayne Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,
All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,
While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;
Arise ye from the grave, from the margin of the grave.
'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom
Of Consumption's dread its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb:
But beware the base impostors who would desecrate this tree,
By their Sweegorie cures and rhyming ribaldry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;
Who sells Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.
Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The "Balsam of Wild Cherry;" Oh, beware of such a cheat.
If you would shun the venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Trust not the leeching parasite, to truth and justice sold
Who'd hover o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold:
That pretends to possess his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,
Who'd tie you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.
Learn well, these pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are
That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their souls with care
Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in the see any other compound, or one other than "Swayne's Wild Cherry," as some other dealers in medicine are trying several oth rs, such as Balsams, Candies, and so forth, trying to build on that already established, and in many instances succeeding, thereby leading your unsuspecting friends to purchase from them, if they did not know the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hush Consumptives down been spoken!
Art thou spotting life away?
In thy constitution broken,
Singing darkness o'er thy day?
Trembling at the fear of sudden death,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even to distant lands.

Remember all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada

Jan. 25th, 1846.—3y

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best tier As; I have never had. Call
June 30. PRUDEN'S.

---

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked skin, a neat skin powder; a new antidote for shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.

See Advertisement in another column.

Valentines, Valentimes!!

A SPLENDID Assortment, just received, and for sale at New York prices, from 6 cents to $1 each Jan. 12, 1846. by M. F. CUSHING.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great head must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling.—And He saw that unto man an angel was wanting to form and dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, fair as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. Adam, like unto all mankind, loved her, the woman saw and was tempted; the serpent triumphed, and these holy beings fell. From that hour the earth became peopled with sinful beings. Ages rolled on ages have flown by, and still no amelioration of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex until lately. But now, thanks be to God, a secret has at last been discovered, a secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Exterminator, Radway's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

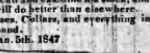
neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those annoyances which scolding are the cuticle; for a few applications of this valuable soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

Chapped Flesh, *Bleeding and Sore Lips, Rough, Cracked, and Discolored Skin*, will be quickly changed to their beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen: for SHAVING this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 12 1 2 cents a cake, at 91 Fulton st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.



JONATHAN R FRAZEE has taken the store opposite the Post Office, where he has opened a large assortment of new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has just purchased in New York, first rate articles, and of the latest style, which will be sold at the lowest rates for Cash. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, and he feels assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Repairing, Collars, and everything in his line constantly on hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 5th. 1847.

A. J. R. Frazee's you *will* find,
Saddles and harness of every kind.
Such as surcingles, pole straps and gig saddles,
Collars, traces and good bridles.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,
J. R. Frazee can suit you if she's a book.
Do not be back ward but buy and see,
If he can not suit your horse to a T.

He has good trunks and valises,
Second hand harness with some wear,
Hear the bells on straps, hear they jingle,
Good double-harness besides single.

Now Mr. coachy is your time,
And all you teamsters that use the line,
To J. R. Frazee's come with speed,
And get new harness for your noble steed.

And for wild horses get a bridle gag,
And for travelling buy a carpet-bag,
To please your fancy you will find,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two reasons you *will* see,
Choose between them where your trade shall be,
To encourage industry you *will* find,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you *will* take a trip,
Come to Frazee's and purchase a nice whip.
As cash is our motto and no trust can be,
And *all* enquiring friends we like to see.

SHAUNAY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms! At the same time it cleans the intestinal canal from the mucus or slimy matter which forms their food, and which is the cause of much of the disease of infants. This medicine may be safely taken even if the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial, as it puts the system in a healthy condition, under which not only favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This invaluable preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without fear.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the best Merrimack Prints, at 4 yard, just received by
March 7, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH

BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for 44 sheep by D. FULLMAN.
Dec. 7, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH Glass, for sale by the piece, or cut to order, by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

IRA PRUDEN.

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

CARPETS.—New Yorks Carpetings, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body—It will be noticed that it thick extends all over the head from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows with terrapidity when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick, till disease be sustained without it. Hips thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scriptures is "in the blood is the life." It is become impure it must be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when a blood is stagnant, or feverish is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores, and the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, Steams the patient, and then puts them in wet Blankets, the Homopathist deals out infinitesimals, the Allopathist bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, and I will give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhoek ascertained that five eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed off in the insensible way. A man who used drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other impurities that we receive into it. If any to check this therefore, is to retain in the system five eighths of all the virulant matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many diseases.

Let me ask no, every candid mind what course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, after they are closed—Would you give physic to STOP the pores? Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know of no physician who places any external application to the surface of the body for these purposes. I present to physicians and to all others McAlister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALE. It has power to restore perspiration to the feet on the hands, and to the head on the chest in short wherever diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous tumors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole contagion of corrupted diseased matter, and restores the entire system to healthy functions.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the system.

It is rightly termed all healing, for there is scarcely any external sore, or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, bowel ing troubles, and in every way, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying: "Mc'Alister, your Ointment is GOOD!"

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told it is incurable. I care not what is said, so long as I can reap the rewards of praise, so long will I

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured thousands of the Headache of 12 years standing and who had struggled every week, month and year with pain. Also Tic Doloureux and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the knee, and the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Bronchial Expectoration, Sore Throat, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quincy Sore Throat, Bronchitis Broken Lungs Sore Breast Piles, all the chest diseases, Sore Shins, Piles, Sore Legs, Fever Sores, Sore Feet, Chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world.

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Surface—In first action is to expel all humor; It will you cause a breaking out the first few days, but after that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out be the surface. In then heals. When there is nothing but a mere crumbling of the skin which begins to soften and harden until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If persons knew how fatal worms will cause were for children they would not be so slow to resort to them.—Especially "Verminage" pills &c. The pills is no one can tell invariably, when worms is with us always pills is the best to worms. Would DRIVE every stage of them away.

Thorn is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at cures so sure and so safe as the emptiness of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are so unlike to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up that is good, but have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

INFLAMATION.—Is experienced immediately the inflamation and swelling when the part of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually looked exactly like a mass of corruption, and would weep at twenty dollars. One man told me he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any benefit when he saw by the Salve he purchased it for 50 cts.

CORNS.—Occasional use of the Ointment will always keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as time treads the earth subject to all infirmities of the flesh—so long as disease and sin is seen and heard so long will the Salve and Ointment be in demand. When man ceases from all the earth, then the demand will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co., is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every box.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the respectable courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.

M. F. CUSHING, and PLATT DRAKE.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Bale de Laines a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles,

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Gingham a good assortment,

Prints, Merrimacs, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,

Diapers, linen and cotton,

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,

Nankeens, Gambroons and Cotonades,

Lacey Goods for the summer wear,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cuffs,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods.

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some cheap for cash.

Window Shades—a choice lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted, and the N. B. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes

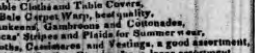
China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.



Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville, for New York, at 8 3-4 o'clock, A.M., and at 1 P.M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtland street, at 9, and 11 o'clock, A.M. and at 3 o'clock, 4 P.M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P.M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A.M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 10 o'clock, A.M. Persons sending their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 10 o'clock, A.M Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P.M. Boat, until the next day.

RATES

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat, 75 cents

Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2

From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R. 87 1-2

Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	68 3-4
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogshead of Liquor or Molasses,	$1 50
Barrels of Beef, Pork or Molasses,	50
Barrels of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.	25
Corn, Wheat, clover, Flaxseed, per bushel,	6
Oats,	4
Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs	15
Horses,	1 12
Cows,	1 00
Oxen and calves,	12
Calves,	25
Sheep,	12
Bags of Feed and Meal of 100 lbs	12
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight, from 25 cents to	1.00

Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agents.

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Captain of the Steamboat, or the agent of the N. J. Railroad, which ever way persons may order their goods, and no deduction made at Somerville from the prices forwarded in the Way bills.

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZER,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 28, 1845.—1y

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia,

Sept. 16, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the State, at their next sitting for an Act of Incorporation authorizing an assessment to be made on property within a certain district to be embodied in said act, within the vicinity of Plainfield, in the townships of Westfield and Warren, and to organize a Fire Department.

December 28, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacoes, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at FRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at

July 7, 1846. FRUDEN'S.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street, nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Boyd. No efforts have been scrapped, that could tend to render it commodious; it therefore are fully believed that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Mr. Farnum Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2 50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3 00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stenography, and Natural Philosophy, $4 00.

Surveying, both theoretical and practical, $5 00; we positively expect a good institution, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

French Lessons in Latin Grammar, $5 00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter

He is convinced, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS, hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and no complete has been at their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Chilton's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at no respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLEY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand where he will constantly keep on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Butter Crackers, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, are first to present the same, whose bats, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient they would like to have it; and will take in exchange for the same, corn, oats, wood or coals, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intendeto do a cash business, and no longer keep any accounts.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing. The only server as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dutcher, Stores and Tin Trades, in Main street, and by Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals. Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

The Depot No. 251 Broadway, Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Savannah, Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at FRUDEN'S.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sz.s by

July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces More oline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by

Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of Beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices. WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at FRUDEN'S.

CLOCKS, from $300 to $3 50, for sale at FRUDEN'S.

June 30.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzorines, Lawns, and Sarages,

Grenadine Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses,

Plain and Figured Lawns, Organdies, also silk and white de M' D'Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

Cashmeres and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,

Plain and figured Lustres, all colors, very rich,

Merinoes, French, English and German,

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities

Earleton Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian said Gro de Rhi ne, 37, 39 and 42 inches wide, (Bonnets,

Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for Suits, Purples and Yellow Flannels in New Bonnets,

Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,

Americas, French and English Prints in great variety,

Alpacas, Black and Figured, from 6d. to 1s. 6d. per yd.

Shooting and shirting Muslins single and double width

Bishop Lawns, Batistes, M'de Laine, Brochs, and Merino

Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful

Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do,

Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,

Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,

Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched

Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas,

Ladies' Long sleeves,

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English

Cassimeres, Plain and Fancy, from plaid and domestic,

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.

Settinets of every variety also Beaverettes & Kersey,

Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' wear,

Washington Stripes with a general variety of House Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

AT 8.50).

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 28, 1846.

NEW LAND OFFICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the Public that he has opened a Land Office in the City of Plainfield, at Plainfield, New Jersey, and having made arrangements to be in New York two days in each week, for the purpose of selling and exchanging property on commission, and from his general acquaintance and knowledge of the business, will make it a favorable opportunity for those who wish to dispose of their property, and will be advertised in one of the New York city papers, if requested.

He has on hand for sale Three Farms in Somerset county, one of 60 acres, one of 70 acres, one of 43 acres, with good buildings; also a small Farm near Scotch Plains, and several Houses and Lots in Plainfield. He has also for sale or exchange for property in New Jersey, a number of Lots of Land, situate in Otsego county, New York, on the Susquehannah; adjoining the village of Sidney Plains, in a high state of cultivation, with extensive buildings. Also a property which has been occupied as a Tavern and store, and is a good location for business. There have been raised on the same during the past season about 3000 bushels of Wheat and 300 tons of Hay cut, besides keeping the ordinary stock.

Also, a Farm of 500 acres in Lewis county, and a Lot of 230 acres of Timber, consisting of Pine, Spruce and hemlock. Also, a Farm of 200 acres with a extensive water power on the same, with a large new Saw mill in full operation, and is calculated for a run of custom work. For the above property he will be put in, and being very much needed at the place.

Also, a Farm containing 150 acres, with a new house built for a Tavern and store. This property is situated in Jefferson county, and several tracts of Timber Land.

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent.

Plainfield, Feb 16th, 1846.

ALLEBASI'S MEDICINES, viz.:

The Black or Allebasi's Salve, 25c.

Allebasi's Health Pills, 25 *cts.*

Allebasi's Tooth Ache Drops, 25 *cts*

Allebasi's Poor Man's Plaster, 12*c*

THESE Popular Medicines are traversing the world, and are effecting cures in a greater variety of complaints than any other medicines now before the public. It gives us pleasure to state that most every complaint may be cured by a proper use of these medicines, directions for which are given in the pamphlets surrounding them.

The SALVE is for curing old sores, swellings, inflammatory complaints, &c. &c. but astonishes even the Medical profession. There is no case described in the pamphlet that the Salve is not warranted to cure if the directions are followed.

The PILLS are curing up almost every complaint for which an inward application is needed. Old chronic complaints of 20 years' standing are relieved in a few days; constipation of the bowels, jaundice, general debility, coughs, colds fevers of va. rious kinds are all cured by these Pills. They act mildly yet thoroughly, and leave the bowels in a healthy and vigorous state.

The TOOTH-ACHE DROPS are the most popular in the world.

The PLAISTER is for curing sores when all other kinds prove useless. Their popularity is unequalled. Be sure to ask for *Allebasi's* Poor Man's Plaister.

A distinguished physician in Indiana, writes "it is astonishing how fast they (Allebasi's Medicines) go off now, within a few months a host of virtues have become known." A very cautious old gentleman from New Rochelle, N. Y. writes, "I have only time to say that your pills are very decidedly better. My daughter has had the scarlet fever three times, and is in a dangerous situation; we used the Pills thoroughly, and nearly two boxes of the Black Salve, which overcome the disease, and she now appears in a fair way to get well. She has been more critically sick than any one I ever saw afflicted with that disease. I am now satisfied that if the Salve and Pills are used thoroughly in the early stages of the scarlet fever throat, that the disease may be more readily cured than by any other means. WM. DURHAM."

Similar certificates and memorials might be given that would fill a dozen newspapers, but we prefer that every family should try for themselves.

They may be had of M. F. CUSHING, Plainfield, C. Barcalow, Somerville,

J. Bird and others, Elizabethtown,

A. C. Watsen and others, Rahway,

C. W. Badger and others, Newark.

And by all leading Hats throughout the State.

Principal Office, 43 Courtlandt street, New York.

LYMAN W. GILBERT, Agent.

Feb. 9, 1846.—1y

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at FRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he begs to give notice that he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and has paid strict and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a general assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham de.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet book and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton fringes, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bobbin; ladies' col'd and white skirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Lacey Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors, Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia tuck, coaze, padding, canvas, wiggin, wadding, cotton batts, Hats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Copperas, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans brown down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, sperm oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Salmatis, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, white wash lime and brushes scrubbing and shoe blacking, shoe brushes, blacking, hoof mixture, clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery.

Coffee and Tea setts plain and printed. Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Iron and Steel Pot Rakes, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, scissors, carry combs, horse cards, scythes and rifles, wire, nails from No 6 to 30, and strengths nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye by the bushel or bag.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise.—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw mill, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, I set new double harness, 1 set new brass mounted single harness, 1 family chaise very good, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good House.

Brooklyn, N J. July 7, 1846

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and on the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and Hardware and other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style.

Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the store, and can be had by the buyer at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1845.

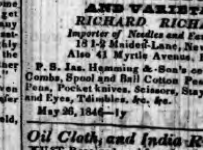
Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*

Just Opened by WEBSTER & MARSH.

June 14, 1845.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at FRUDEN'S.



Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending, Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,

And are ever ready in mending

All articles you choose to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various sets of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hard ware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

The Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,

18 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,

Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Rev. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles Combs, Spool and Reel Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Shoe Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at Aug. 18. FRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Sseeling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.

Also, Sseeling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Also Brandreth's, for sale at

Feb. 16, 1846. FRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,

THE GREAT AMERICAN

INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNDOUBTED AND TRIUMPHANT success which has attended from the use of this *Great Healing and Purifying* medicine, in the cure of *Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption,* warrants the assertion, that it is the most *infallible* remedy in the world, for any of the forms of complaint, and the worst and most *hopeless cases*

Many Physicians, say that the human lungs when once diseased cannot be cured; but if evidence, and the testimony of many credible persons, of high standing and character for veracity can be relied on, *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured *many desperate cases* after the disease had *reached the last stage,* such cases as were called *Consumption* by the most skilful Physicians, some of the most strongly marked and inveterate cases of ulcerated lungs—such diseases as many per sons die in consequence of, every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it curative virtues which so speedily and *entirely* remove diseases. It also possesses all the necessary properties for facilitating expectoration soothing and removing pain, and abating cough, that other cough medicines have. They are *healing* and *purifying virtues* (its absorbent, its qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, its healing cough and easing pain.) It heals and cures ulcers in the lungs, as infallibly as it never has failed to heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract.

is a preparation of this great *Pulmonary Remedy,* which is similar in medical virtue to the Pulmonary Balsam, and in its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam, in not containing the healing and nervine qualities which are contained in the Balsam. In Cough remedies and it is also a *Strongeze and more active* purifier of the blood, which, it will *certainly* purify without a shadow of a doubt, in every and all cases, where a fair trial is made. We assert and can prove that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses four times more *alterative and purifying virtues* than a like bottle of any preparation of Sarsaparilla that are offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA!

without fail in any instance: and also, many other chronic diseases, which are caused by derangement in the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore throat, Cancer and Tetter, Nursing Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Fever Sores, Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases* And all other diseases originating from vitiated or secondary diseases of the blood: It also by equalizing the circulation and secretions *has proved to be a specific* in curing all debility weakness and other derangements *incidental to females* in the *Spring and Summer months.*

This great *Remedy* is compounded and prepared *exclusively* from *vegetable substances,* and in its wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, is the result of *practical* Indian experience. *No injury has ever been known to any* of the many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many names of all known and respectable persons who have used this medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates and statements of its *superior virtues.* For full particulars of every case here named and others, we refer to and recommend the *pamphlets. Every Agent* has got these. Get one and read it, and you will be convinced by human testimony can convince you, that the above is all a *true Statement of facts.*

We refer, in the first place to persons who *are known throughout* the use of the Medicine of the several diseases mentioned in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. Cured of a most highly having seen his partner, Mr. Hopper, given over to die, and was induced, and having witnessed its good effects in having up other cases.

General John Dunning, Ballston Spa. N. Y. whowas for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mr. Gideon Wright, a farmer and wool merchant, Elba, Genesee Co., N. Y., Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. H. Turner, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Incipient Consumption.

Miss Potter, Piano Forte Teacher, 23 Herbert st., N. Y., Consumption of several years.

Mr. R. Lyon, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long & difficulty of Breathing.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Consumption.

Mr. E. M. Stimpson, Jobbing Merchant, 92 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Eyre Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y. Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow Ballston Spa. N. Y., Salt Rheum of 15 years, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following respectable persons who are known to us, and have stated that they have used with success the use of this medicine in its effecting cures of the above diseases, of such complaints and disease as are mentioned in connection with their name. We refer again to

Mr. J. S. Van Vechten, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for cures of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. N. J. Sheldon, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. R. Dunning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Ballston Spa, Saratoga Co. N. Y. Consumption Fever Sore and Scrofula.

Doct. Rossman. 132 Henry st. Brooklyn. N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Doct. Sherman, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Eruptions of the eyes, and Scrofulous Erysipelas in the legs.

Mr. Wm. T. Hart Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Eruptions and a case of Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Milo Heath, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Eruptions on long standing on his son.

Mr. John A. Strong, Merchant, Ballston Spa. N. Y. aggravated eruption on his child, which a celebrated Sarsaparilla could not cure.

Doct. Edwards Spencer, Druggist, Middletown, Conn Erysipelas of the Eyes.

Mr. Wm. B. Harris, Sheriff of Saratoga Co. N. Y. his wife cured of consumption.

Mr. John Veeis, Merchant, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Inflammation of the Lungs.

Mr. F. Chapman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption, after Erysipelas Sore throat and Fever sore mass, and also a lady, all of whom the best physicians had given up as incurable.

Messrs. J. Christopher, W. W. Howell, R. D. Howell, and *Jonathan Pine,* all of Plainfield, as well known as Rochester City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons who are respectable and can be relied on, from whom we have received certificates and statements; but if these be not sufficient to prove all we have said and recited the healing and purifying virtues of this Great Indian Remedy, hundreds of more references would be equally as unsuccessful.

For Sale by the following Agents:

Plainfield, Dunn, C. Case,

Scotch Plains, J. M. Cowen,

New-Market, Israel R. Cornell,

Metuchin, S. J. Clarkson,

Somerville, C. Barcalow,

Bridgewater, D. W. Dally,

Elizabethtown, J. R. Brinsc,

Rahway, A. C. Watsen,

Newark, Andrew Beasley,

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 1. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1847. Whole number 521.

MILTON E. CUSHING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—The Village Sabbath-ers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid within the year $2.50 will be charged. No subscription taken for less than six months.

To those who are served by Carriers, $2.50, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office of the publisher, $2.00 if paid within the year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding one inch in space, is a square, will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing taken for less than a quarter. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements sent without orders will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

AND

PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and merited celebrity which these two medicines have obtained in all parts of the country, renders it unnecessary to say much in their favor. Their sale is unbounded, and their virtues are known to almost every man, woman and child in the country. They are known by their quick and powerful action upon the system, in cleansing it of all impurities, and thereby restoring health and vigor to the body

Seventh Day Baptist Missions.—The ship Sonora, Capt. Palmer, which sailed from New York yesterday for Canton took out, besides the Rev. Mr. Lord and lady, two missionaries and their wives of the Seventh-Day Baptist Denomination, viz. Rev. S. Carpenter and lady, and Rev. N. Wardner and lady. These are the first missionaries ever sent out by that people. The society intends by despatching them to the field of labor which it has chosen in this country, on the evening of the 31st ult. The exercises of the evening were of a highly interesting character. The Rev. T. B. Brown, of New York, commenced by reading select portions of Scripture appropriate to the occasion, and then addressed the throne of grace with an earnest prayer in behalf of the object which had called them together. Rev. L. Crandall, an R. I. followed with prayer dedicating them to the work. Rev. G. B. Utter, of N. Y., gave the charge, admonishing their instructions; and the right hand of fellowship on behalf of the church was extended by Rev. Dr. Gillette, of New York City, and Rev. Mr. Dodge, of Brooklyn.

Sad Affair at N. Brunswick.—On Monday evening a well dressed female got out of the New York cars on their arrival at New Brunswick, and employed a colored man to carry her infant to the lower part of Church street. She accompanied the man and child a few steps and then turned away, saying that she would visit the child at Mr. Van Voorhees' store on Church street. The child according to the Times, was deposited according to directions, but the female has not yet made her appearance. The infant was well wrapped up and a quantity of new and excellent clothing was left with it at Mr. Voorhees's together with the following note:

"The interesting female infant which this note accompanies is one recently compelled me to part with, by its being an illegitimate offspring, and with the view to mitigate in a degree the pangs of a witch in the breast pocket of one of the minutes.

Tornado in Perth Amboy.—On Thursday *there was a Tornado at Perth Amboy.* A cele- tium, in appearance like smoke and about twenty feet in height and six broad, crossed the bay from the South, up-a ing small craft of every description. It struck a large sh and carried it about three hundred feet through the side of a frame building, and even through two substantial partitions. The direction of the tornado was then changed as if by magic, to the east, and passed to Staten Island. The coming schooner Dwight heavily ballasted for a Southern trip, and lying at anchor, was capsized and sunk immediately; and such was its force that chimneys were blown off and even men were prostrated.

Remarkable.—The contributions of the Irish laborers, male and female in the city of New York, to their suffering countrymen in Ireland, during the last year, amounted to $800,000 The self-sacrifice, the severe self denial through which alone such a sum as is here stated, $800,000, could arise in the midst of wretched *fines* their savings by the Irish at labor and at service, in and around one city are without a parallel in our day.

Mr. C. G. Green, a respectable citizen of Trenton, fell dead while engaged in his counting room on Thursday, as an inquest found. Mr. G was one of the firm of Fish, Green & Co., Lumber merchants, and one of the most respected business men of Trenton.

A huge water melon, weighing twenty five pounds, was brought to Mr. Holt's House in our city last week having been raised by Mr. Stacy Hays, in this neighborhood. The melon was taken from the vine on the 1st of September, and was kept in good condition by being placed on the carpet under the bed. It *was* as hard as a August, and perfectly sound.—*Burlington Gaz.*

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«Now I ax you, fellers, who's the best citizen—him as supports government or him as doesn't? Why him as does, in course. We support government, we fellers—every mother's child supports government, that in of he lickers at a boosed house Every blessed drop of licker he swallers there is taxed to pay the salary of them ere great big gone. Spose we was to quit drinkin—why government must fall; it couldn't help it no how. That's the worry of it. Government don't like grog—I mortally hates it. If I totlared my own inclination, I'd rather drink buttermilk, ginger pop or soda water. But I lickers on the good of my country, to set an example to the rest' general us, of patriotism, virtue and self denial."

There is no trait in mankind so potential for weal or woe as firmness of purpose. It is indicted to see what miracles a resolute and unyielding spirit will achieve. Before its irresistible energy the most formidable obstacles become as cobweb barriers in its path. Difficulties, the terror at which causes the pampered sons of of luxury to shrink back with dismay proceed from the man of lofty determination only a smile. The whole history our race—all nature, indeed bears witness to its example to such what resolve may be accomplished by resolute perseverance and patient toil.

The loss of time is most acutely felt by those who know how to employ their hours, and wish to have no idle moments.

The Methodistical Journal, the oldest weekly paper in the State is offered for sale. The proprietor, Rev. Mr. Smith, is about to engage in the publication of a monthly periodical, and finds it impossible to attend to the duties of both papers. The Journal is a good establishment, and the office is well supplied with all the necessary materials for doing all kinds of jobbing is done of the office To an active, practical printer, its cares would be greatly diminished, while its income would be doubtless increased. Letters (post paid) addressed to Mr. Hale will receive all due attention.

The sale of spirituous liquors has been positively interdicted by the U. S. Commissioner at Corpus Christi. Good.

The only appropriation for New Jersey in the Harbor bill before Congress are $8,000 (instead of $15,000 as we should have stated) for Newark, and $50,000 for the Delaware Breakwater.

Large Ox.—Mr. Charles I. Dupont, of Wilmington, Del., has received an order from Governor Briggs for sixty thousand yards of blue cloth for the army.

Fire.—On the evening of the 31st inst. the carpenter shop of C. & Smith Roff, in the lower part of this city, was destroyed by fire. Some fiend in human shape, entered the building, passed up the stairs, and find the door locked, broke out a pane of glass, and set fire to the shavings. He was seen to come from the building, by the person who first discovered the fire, though we regret to say, that he was not arrested. Mr Roff's loss, we understand, is from two to three hundred dollars. No insurance.—*New Brunswick Fair.*

Sheep for Mr. Clay.—Mr Clay has imported a lot of eight Leicester sheep, the original cost of which was 20 guineas per head, and which are represented to be so heavy that during 12 days of the voyage they did not use a single meal, and though the voyage was rough they landed in splendid order.

A Strange Shot.—A bullet which was fired at a mark last week, by a young man in Lee, Mass., passed through the large fully one-inch house a quarter of a mile distant and lodged in a watch in the breast pocket of one of the inmates

Remarkable Escape.—Mr. Thursby, of Ohio, while crossing the Ohio river on the ice, broke through, and was carried down by the current under the ice, a distance of about 200 feet, when he succeeded in getting his head above the water in a small space between the ice and the shore, and was thus enabled to breathe until he was taken out.

Sheep-Stealing.—Two persons were arrested on Thursday last, in Hunterdon county, for stealing sheep. They were taken before Justice Hoff, and committed to jail in default of bail in the sum of $500 each.

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Tornado in Perth Amboy.—On Thursday *there was a Tornado at Perth Amboy.* A cele- tium, in appearance like smoke and about twenty feet in height and six broad, crossed the bay from the South, up-a ing small craft of every description. It struck a large sh and carried it about three hundred feet through the side of a frame building, and even through two substantial partitions. The direction of the tornado was then changed as if by magic, to the east, and passed to Staten Island. The coming schooner Dwight heavily ballasted for a Southern trip, and lying at anchor, was capsized and sunk immediately; and such was its force that chimneys were blown off and even men were prostrated.

Remarkable.—The contributions of the Irish laborers, male and female in the city of New York, to their suffering countrymen in Ireland, during the last year, amounted to $800,000 The self-sacrifice, the severe self denial through which alone such a sum as is here stated, $800,000, could arise in the midst of wretched *fines* their savings by the Irish at labor and at service, in and around one city are without a parallel in our day.

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Fish and Superstition from the Sea of Wit.

Arrival at [illegible]

Wool's [illegible]

Gathering [illegible]

there to establish a depot, and keep supplies belonging to the Mexican government. They had already taken a large quantity of flour, wheat and corn.

Gen. Taylor left Monterey for Victoria on the 15th. Gens. Worth left Saltillo with 1500 men. They [illegible] for Victoria on the 20th. Gen. Patterson was to leave on the 22d for Tampico, via Victoria.

The Mexicans are making powerful exertions *to raise troops in all the small towns near the Rio Grande.* Capt. Blake, with 70 men, joined 300 Texans at Reynosa on the 20th inst. Gen. Canales, Capt. Chevallier and Gen. Cos were captured —also a mounted rifle company, with letters of instruction from Arista and Ampudia, also a quantity of blankets and ammunition. Caution was impressed at Camargo. A Mexican was caught entering the magazine at Camargo, supposed with the intent to blow it up.

From Tampico.—Col. Gates, the Commandant at Tampico proclaimed the place to be under martial law Dec. 10. On the 28th, arms were distributed to all the American citizens in the place, numbering 1,200 able bodied men. Col. Gates discovered on the 29th stands of arms, and a quantity of ammunition; about 300 buckets were loaded.

Important if True.—The N. O. La Patria says" —According to information given us by a friend in this city, who has seen a letter from San Luis de Potosi, written by an officer of the Mexican army, "Gen. Santa Anna has administered an oath to all the officers of his troops not to take the life of American soldiers who may fall into their power, but to make them prisoners for the purpose to the interior, where a depot for prisoners is now under preparation."

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of the world, when God looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, as all pronounced all that was best performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that the world wanted beauty to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling.—And He gave unto men an angel, in a woman's form to be with him, to bless, protect and cherish, life as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered, it was a creature adapted to insinuate himself into the hearts of these holy beings first. From that hour the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty brought forth thistles and noxious weeds, and man

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…ve then came up on the adop-
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…adjourned.

Tale from the Army—Battle Expected.

From Mr. Fowler, a gentleman of this city, who came passenger in the steam propeller Virginia, and who left Saltillo on the 17th ult. we have subsequently learned, that previous to his leaving, Gen. Worth's spies had come into camp and reported that Santa Anna was within 3 or 4 days march of Saltillo, and rapidly advancing at the head of about 15 000 men. Gen Worth immediately sent an express to Gen. Taylor, which reached him at Victory, at 11 o'clock, p. m on the 12th; and at 8 a. m. the next day, Gen. Taylor despatched two regiments, the Kentucky and Tennessee volunteers, to reinforce Gen. Worth at Saltillo, in ending to follow himself, as soon as possible, with all his disposable force. Gen. Taylor left confident of being able to reach Saltillo before Santa Anna. The whole force of Gen. Taylor would then amount to 10,000 men, which he considered sufficient to cope with any force that Santa Anna could bring against him.—*N. O. Delta, 2d inst.*

The Mexican Congress is said to have declared that it will not think of treat of peace until a very hostile foot has cleared Mexican soil, and every vessel that lines the coast is withdrawn.

New Writing School.—Mr. Isaac Newning proposes opening a Writing School, on Monday evening next, in the School House on the other side of the bridge, in Warren township, where he will give 12 lessons of one hour each, in this beautiful and necessary art, for the very moderate sum of 75 cents for the course. We believe Mr. Newning to be well qualified for the business he has undertaken, having seen many specimens of his bold writing, which are a perior to those of most teachers, and his very modera e charges must, we should suppose, speedily fill h s school room. All our young men we would ad vise all of our young men to embrace this opportunity of improving themselves in this great acquisition of mod ssful art, and benefit themselves for a life time.—so favorable an opportunity is not likely to occur again soon, and at such extreme low rates. Specimens of his penmanship can be seen at his office. School commences at half past 6 o'clock.

Great Freshet in Ohio.—The destruction by the recent floods in Ohio is immense. Hundreds of cattle, miles of fence, millions of bushels of grain, mills, houses, roads, canal embankments, &c. have been swept away.

Read the most Remarkable cure ever Recorded.

Mr. Waldeboro', Me, July 30, 1845.

Dear Sir;

Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me. Possessed of a strong constitution naturally, I had enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Sometime in July I was violently attacked with a cough, which continued to fail; then I was confined to the house eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours; daily I raised large quantities of disagreeable matter accompanied with blood. Sometimes I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to restore me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me; I must die; it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment, when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill friends despaired of my life, my own hope of recovery at an end, I resorted to

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

When I had taken one and a half bottles these severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued taking the Balsam until spring 1844, when I ceased to labor in the fields. My health and strength improved so that I left the house, but was not able to work for a year. Now my health is good. I am able to do a day's work every day on my farm. JAMES COMERY.

Witness, THOMAS BENNER

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

Costiveness—its Cure.

Many well informed persons suppose costiveness cannot be cured except by diet, exercise, &c. Now, the fact is not capable of being permanently removed by the greatest attention to diet and exercise. No question but diet and exercise are import, as well as cold bathing, upon getting out of bed in the morning, to aid in cure, but they will be all of no avail to cure without medicine as thousands know very well. Again, it is said medicines whose action is upon the bowels, only tend to make the case worse I admit that all purgative medicines have the Pills known as Brandreth's, have that tendency. But it is not so with Brandreth's Pills—the longer they are used the less ordinarily will be required to produce a stool. Long standing cases are not cured in a day or with one dose. The Brandreth Pills do not cure on "the magic"—

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New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Seasonable Dry Goods, which he invites the attention of Purchasers to, as he is determined to sell at the lowest prices.

Among the assortment will be found Super Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Linsey Woolseys, Flannels, Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, Prints, Ginghams, a great variety of Ladies' Dress Goods, Silks, Merinos, Bombazines, Full Dress Cambrics, &c. &c.

Also—Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Parasols, Looking Glasses, Window Curtains and Shades, Table Cloths and Table Covers.

1 Bale Cotton Wadding, assorted colors.

Hankerchiefs, Embroidered Collars, Sleeves and Setts, Lawns and Jaconets, Pearl Buttons, Thread Laces, Edgings and Insertings, Pins, Needles, Tapes, Combs, Hair Oil, Perfumery, Soaps, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Gentlemen's Cravats and Stocks, Linen Bosoms, Collars and Wristbands, Gingerbread, Sugar, Coffee and all Staples.

Looking Glasses, Prints, Fancies, and other low priced goods, Carpeting—A good low-priced, all qualities and patterns, entirely new designs.

Oil Cloths, cut to any size, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find my stock large and well assorted, and as I am a New York market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which will be sold as cheap as the times admit of possibly.

ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, of choice and elegant set, of all sizes—Chairs, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware;

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers, Boots and Shoes, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.

TEAS, TEAS.—Fresh Supply of Green Tea, Just Received, by the Subscriber. Call and see it. June 20. PRUDEN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale by PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of DRY GOODS, Groceries, and Hardwares, which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 20, 1845.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; all the symptoms of the existence of worms and how the insects or worms matter which forms their nests or beds, and with it which the worms cannot exist. The applicant may be sure that the internal and external diseases of the child should not be occasioned by worms, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only breed worms, but are the cause of many serious diseases.

Sold at Wholesale by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, and retail by the following agents, who obtain their supplies at wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 2d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

FOR SALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GILDING, for only 2 shillings, for sale by May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A CARD,

TO AMATEUR MUSICIANS.

Mr. S. KITCHELL respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity that he has taken up his residence in this place for the ensuing year, and would be pleased to wait upon all who need his services as a teacher of Instrumental Music. Terms made known on application to the above.

Also, on hand and for sale, an assortment of instruments, selected by Prof. J. Marsh, Violin bridges, &c. &c.

Aug 4, 1846.—3m.

Come away to the Establishment

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, where and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1845.—1y

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just receiv'd and for sale by Sept. 13, 1845. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Ultimate School.

THE Second Session of the Ultimate School will commence on the first Monday in May next, and continue twenty weeks. It will be conducted on the principles of the Associative Union, and the Subscriber believes that it will be conducted in accordance with those principles. Our motto is, "If anything is worth teaching at all, it is worth teaching well."

Terms per Quarter, or 10 Weeks.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Use of Globes, Geography and Algebra are studied, $2 50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3 00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy, $4 00.

Book-keeping, each theory and practice, $2 00 per session.

Book-keeping, by single entry, $1 00 per session.

Any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

Four Lessons in Linear Drawing, $1 00.

Common and ordinary Penmanship, 50 cents per quarter.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every session.

The Institute will be furnished with Fuel and Lights for None but Pay.

TRUMBULL T. SUM.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE ESUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EXACT and has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess power to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS; hitherto removed in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Dr. Chilton, Randolph, Hemingway, and others, this supposition, for the most part, proved to be groundless.

Sole—New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co, Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, erected with the red print.

The genuine may also be bought with labels at Dr. Gnion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—ly

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues to the above business at the old stand—where he is constantly on hand and for sale Bread, Rolls, Large Biscuit, Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Plain Biscuit, Sugar Crackers, Cookies of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and if not found so he will be much obliged to the purchaser to call and let him know the reason why.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, painting, shoeing, horse shoeing, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or fencing, or for rent of lots or houses, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him for keeping will not have their horses or cattle any way to pasture, nor shaving or horse shoeing done, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in exchange, corn, oats, wood or cash, or anything else which they have to spare. Jobbing will be done at the shortest notice for those who intend to do it on cash business, and nothing else in any way.

N. B. Persons who are not to trust him without his knowledge or consent.

Dec. 25, 1843.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Camphene or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used the same as for common oil, requiring but little decrease and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps are finished with a recipe for making the above Fluid. For sale by Messrs. Dunn's Store and Tin Depository, in Main street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Also, for sale by Edward Westbolt.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, New York, and Franklin Institute Fairs Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

Agencies—Philadelphia; 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 56 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va.; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut sts, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 31 each, for sale by July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mousseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of Brown and Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to which the latest New York patterns. WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $2,50 for sale by PRUDEN'S.

James Sutton, Esq., Mayor of the city of New York, and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be given.

Dyer's Indian Expectorant is a medicine of extraordinary power in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Breast. It is warranted Consumption by the use of only a few bottles, in some of the most severely marked and hopeless cases. Also, in Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach, it is unrivalled.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND SUBDUING

qualities of this best of all remedies for the cure of Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Ears, Fingers, Toes, &c. &c. are well known to persons in all the country. Its power of subduing pain is truly astonishing. Its effects in healing the lungs, as also in the stomach, bowels, or in heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the face, neck or any other part of the body.

Dyer's Vegetable Purifying Extract

is a preparation of this great Indian remedy, which is similar in medical virtues to the Pulmonary Balsam, in all its purifying properties, but, is different from the Balsam in its combination, containing and extracting such properties, which, not only essentially purify the blood, but also remedies and it is also a STRENGTHENING and MEDICINE, after the use of which, it will certainly purify without a shadow of a doubt, every impure humor in the body, where a fair trial is made. We are proud to say that a bottle of this preparation possesses more virtues more diseases than any other medicine in the world. Many of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA

without failure in any instance; but also many other chronic diseases, which arise from impure blood, or from the corrosions and impurity of the blood, like *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Dropsy, Nervous Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Tetter, Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases.* And as it purifies and renovates the blood secondary diseases are of short duration. It also by equalizing the circulation and secretions has proved to be a specific in curing all Fevers whatever, and other derangements incidental to Females. This great Indian remedy is compounded and prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, and its wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and of a purifier of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience and observation. Its virtues have been shown to many who have used it, either consumptively or Scrofulously.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many testimonials of well known and respectable persons, who have used this medicine, and, who have voluntarily given us the free and unsolicited permission to publish them, for the benefit of every one, that they are convinced it human testimony can convince a man, that the above statements are true matters of facts.

We refer, in the first place to persons who have been themselves cured by the use of the Medicine of the several diseases mentioned in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

Mr. Matthew Hepper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, recommends it highly. Having given its purifying and beneficial effects in a case of fever and ulcer, and having witnessed its good effects in some

Mr. Cornell Deaning, Ballston Spa N. Y. who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mrs. Deborah Deaning, farmer and wool merchant, Elba, Genesee Co., N. Y., Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. Townsend, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Miss Potter, Piano Forte Teacher, 23 Herkimer st., N. Y., Consumption of several years.

Mr. Corpenter, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long difficulty of breathing.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms., Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. R. M. Simpson, Jobbing Merchant, 92 Willis st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Ezra Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y. Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knee to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow, Ballston Spa, N. Y., Salt Rheum of 15 years, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer to the several persons to the following respectable persons who are known to, and have given us permission to use their names in connection with the use of these medicines as a sufficient guarantee to persons, of such complaints and diseases, as may be interested in connection with their cases. We refer again to the following persons, viz:

Mr. J. S. Van Voohies, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for Asthmatic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. W. J. Shilton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. R. Dawning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Adams Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption. For over Seven and a half years.

Dock. Rousseau, 134 Henry st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Deacon Solomon Skinner, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas of the eyes, and Scrofulous Erysipelas in the face.

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Mr. M. Cannon, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption—Cure of Consumption in almost every case, and also a lady all of whom the best physicians of Fivers gave up as incurable.

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We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, from whom we have received similar testimonials, but for the reasons we are desirous to prove all we have said, and in sending the healing and purifying virtues of the Great Indian Remedy, these thousands of unsolicited testimonials would be equally to the point.

For Sale by the following Agents:

Plainfield, Doct. L. C. Case, 1

Plainfield, Doct. J. S. Edwards, 2

New Market, Israel E. Bodine, 3

Metuchin, T. J. Clarkson, 4

Bonhamtown, Joseph Reed, 5

Bonhamtown, Joseph Ross, 6

Piscataway, J. S. Runyon, 7

Piscataway, A. C. Watson, 8

Bridgeton, Andrew Dunlap, 9

New Spring and Summer Goods.

For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

HAVE now received a general assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, which they have purchased since the opening of the season in the following variety:

Balzarines, Lawns and Jaconets.

Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Checks and Ginghams.

Super Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Linsey Woolseys, Flannels, Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, Prints, Ginghams, a great variety of Ladies' Dress Goods, Silks, Merinos, Bombazines, Full Dress Cambrics, &c. &c.

Also—Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Parasols, Looking Glasses, Window Curtains and Shades, Table Cloths and Table Covers.

Hankerchiefs, Embroidered Collars, Sleeves and Setts, Lawns and Jaconets, Pearl Buttons, Thread Laces, Edgings and Insertings, Pins, Needles, Tapes, Combs, Hair Oil, Perfumery, Soaps, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Gentlemen's Cravats and Stocks, Linen Bosoms, Collars and Wristbands, Gingerbread, Sugar, Coffee and all Staples.

Looking Glasses, Prints, Fancies, and other low priced goods, Carpeting—A good low-priced, all qualities and patterns, entirely new designs.

Oil Cloths, cut to any size, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find my stock large and well assorted, and as I am a New York market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which will be sold as cheap as the times admit of possibly.

ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, of choice and elegant set, of all sizes—Chairs, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware;

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers, Boots and Shoes, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.

TEAS, TEAS.—Fresh Supply of Green Tea, Just Received, by the Subscriber. Call and see it. June 20. PRUDEN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale by PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of DRY GOODS, Groceries, and Hardwares, which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 20, 1845.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; all the symptoms of the existence of worms and how the insects or worms matter which forms their nests or beds, and with it which the worms cannot exist. The applicant may be sure that the internal and external diseases of the child should not be occasioned by worms, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only breed worms, but are the cause of many serious diseases.

Sold at Wholesale by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, and retail by the following agents, who obtain their supplies at wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 2d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

FOR SALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GILDING, for only 2 shillings, for sale by May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A CARD,

TO AMATEUR MUSICIANS.

Mr. S. KITCHELL respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity that he has taken up his residence in this place for the ensuing year, and would be pleased to wait upon all who need his services as a teacher of Instrumental Music. Terms made known on application to the above.

Also, on hand and for sale, an assortment of instruments, selected by Prof. J. Marsh, Violin bridges, &c. &c.

Aug 4, 1846.—3m.

Come away to the Establishment

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, where and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1845.—1y

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just receiv'd and for sale by Sept. 13, 1845. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Ultimate School.

THE Second Session of the Ultimate School will commence on the first Monday in May next, and continue twenty weeks. It will be conducted on the principles of the Associative Union, and the Subscriber believes that it will be conducted in accordance with those principles. Our motto is, "If anything is worth teaching at all, it is worth teaching well."

Terms per Quarter, or 10 Weeks.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Use of Globes, Geography and Algebra are studied, $2 50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3 00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy, $4 00.

Book-keeping, each theory and practice, $2 00 per session.

Book-keeping, by single entry, $1 00 per session.

Any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

Four Lessons in Linear Drawing, $1 00.

Common and ordinary Penmanship, 50 cents per quarter.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every session.

The Institute will be furnished with Fuel and Lights for None but Pay.

TRUMBULL T. SUM.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE ESUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EXACT and has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess power to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS; hitherto removed in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Dr. Chilton, Randolph, Hemingway, and others, this supposition, for the most part, proved to be groundless.

Sole—New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co, Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, erected with the red print.

The genuine may also be bought with labels at Dr. Gnion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—ly

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues to the above business at the old stand—where he is constantly on hand and for sale Bread, Rolls, Large Biscuit, Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Plain Biscuit, Sugar Crackers, Cookies of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and if not found so he will be much obliged to the purchaser to call and let him know the reason why.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, painting, shoeing, horse shoeing, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or fencing, or for rent of lots or houses, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him for keeping will not have their horses or cattle any way to pasture, nor shaving or horse shoeing done, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in exchange, corn, oats, wood or cash, or anything else which they have to spare. Jobbing will be done at the shortest notice for those who intend to do it on cash business, and nothing else in any way.

N. B. Persons who are not to trust him without his knowledge or consent.

Dec. 25, 1843.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Camphene or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used the same as for common oil, requiring but little decrease and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps are finished with a recipe for making the above Fluid. For sale by Messrs. Dunn's Store and Tin Depository, in Main street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Also, for sale by Edward Westbolt.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, New York, and Franklin Institute Fairs Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

Agencies—Philadelphia; 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 56 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va.; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut sts, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 31 each, for sale by July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mousseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of Brown and Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to which the latest New York patterns. WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $2,50 for sale by PRUDEN'S.

James Sutton, Esq., Mayor of the city of New York, and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be given.

Dyer's Indian Expectorant is a medicine of extraordinary power in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Breast. It is warranted Consumption by the use of only a few bottles, in some of the most severely marked and hopeless cases. Also, in Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach, it is unrivalled.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND SUBDUING

qualities of this best of all remedies for the cure of Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Ears, Fingers, Toes, &c. &c. are well known to persons in all the country. Its power of subduing pain is truly astonishing. Its effects in healing the lungs, as also in the stomach, bowels, or in heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the face, neck or any other part of the body.

Dyer's Vegetable Purifying Extract

is a preparation of this great Indian remedy, which is similar in medical virtues to the Pulmonary Balsam, in all its purifying properties, but, is different from the Balsam in its combination, containing and extracting such properties, which, not only essentially purify the blood, but also remedies and it is also a STRENGTHENING and MEDICINE, after the use of which, it will certainly purify without a shadow of a doubt, every impure humor in the body, where a fair trial is made. We are proud to say that a bottle of this preparation possesses more virtues more diseases than any other medicine in the world. Many of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA

without failure in any instance; but also many other chronic diseases, which arise from impure blood, or from the corrosions and impurity of the blood, like *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Dropsy, Nervous Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Tetter, Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases.* And as it purifies and renovates the blood secondary diseases are of short duration. It also by equalizing the circulation and secretions has proved to be a specific in curing all Fevers whatever, and other derangements incidental to Females. This great Indian remedy is compounded and prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, and its wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and of a purifier of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience and observation. Its virtues have been shown to many who have used it, either consumptively or Scrofulously.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many testimonials of well known and respectable persons, who have used this medicine, and, who have voluntarily given us the free and unsolicited permission to publish them, for the benefit of every one, that they are convinced it human testimony can convince a man, that the above statements are true matters of facts.

We refer, in the first place to persons who have been themselves cured by the use of the Medicine of the several diseases mentioned in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

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Piscataway, A. C. Watson, 8

Bridgeton, Andrew Dunlap, 9

Well about Now

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn

New Goods on hand are constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN informs Customers & Dealers in Dry Goods, that he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and that he is determined to sell Goods as cheap as any other house in the city every week and by a quick sale and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of public patronage. He has on hand and is receiving the very newest goods and a choice and well assorted stock of Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzarines, Delaines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, towelling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, brown and bleached sheetings and shirtings, Ticks, Denims, Checks and Stripes, Canton flannels, Linseys, Kentucky jeans, gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and needle cottons; Jaconet and cambric muslins; a splendid assortment of ribbons, worsted silk, silk twist, silk and cotton tapes, hooks, black and col'd thread, black and colored wadin, silk and cotton shoelaces, ladies' col'd and white shirts; Ladies' and Gents' Cravats and Stocks, Paisley shades, stripes; gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimere coatings, woods, jeans, flannels, baize, sacking, padding, canvas, wiggin, wadding, cotton bats, Hats and caps, carpet bags, umbrellas, parasols, looking glasses, &c. &c.

Medicines, & General Assortment.

Also, Lee wood, Fusic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea, old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and loaf sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or unground, cinnamon, cloves, nutmegs, cassia, mace, pickles, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Salmonia, tobacco, snuff and segars.

Also, with a fine and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, shaving do. hair do. tooth do. nail do. clothes lines, matting and sewing needles, broom, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles too numerous to mention, in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARDWARE, Pad and Padlocks, Hinges, shovels spades, forks, scrapes, hoes, padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, plates, scissors, carv'g knives, horse cards, scythes and snaths, Nos. 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 and 5 and 6 and 7 and 8 and 9 and 10 nails, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing

Plainfield Union.

VOL. XI.—No. 2. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1847. Whole number 522.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.50; and if not paid till the close of the year, $3.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.50, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, $2.00 if paid at the office of publication, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing inserted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify and will also show them the estimation in which the medical profession is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain and finally cure wounds of any kind. Bruises, old or corded sores, felons, inflamed sore eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum or Tetterin, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals Bites, Carbuncles, and Yaws, Piles, Ringworm Tic Doloreux or Milk Leg, Inflammation of joints, weakness of pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, cough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Sore throat, Quinsy, Croup, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and weakness of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptish as of our assistant Physicians, and using many patent remedis and the like without any benefit to her, she finally consented to try a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon regained. We therefore think nothing affected relief could we applied direct, as named plaster which has gained a reputation which by the exercise that of any other article of the kind is notorious where the Genuine Vey Coon Extractor is thoroughly known. I would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to DR. C. G. RADWAY, 21 Ann street, New York.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and varied celebrity which these pre-eminent medicines have obtained in the treatment and cure of the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the introduction of any thing like a detailed list of them needless. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they invite not by the fulsome praise of the credulous.

IN ASTHMA, ASTHMATIC OPPRESSION, INFLAMMATION, AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—In the early stages of these diseases, when attended with violent headache, flushed features, and ardent, with more than usual heat of skin, the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters will be found a safe and speedy remedy.

BILIOUS CHOLIC, and SEROUS Looseness, MILES, SORE THROAT, COLDS & COUGHS, CELIAC AFFECTION, Rheumatism, Gout, Chronic Affections, SCARVY HUMORS, DROPSIES.

DYSPEPSIA, or INDIGESTION.—In connection with the above diseases, it would delay and weaken the patient unnecessarily.

DECEPTIONS of the Most DESPICABLE KIND PRACTICED.

FEVERS AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the west and south these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of disease, but these leave the system in a healthy condition.—

WHY THEN, BE SATISFIED AND BE CURED.

FOULNESS & CONFUSION OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEARTBURN, GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of every kind, DISTURBED SLEEP, DISTRESSING DREAMS, LOSS OF APPETITE, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, EVILS of APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, LEPROSY, LEUCORRHŒA, SCROFULOUS DISEASES.—These fatal maladies are frequently the effects of Mercury taken into the system under the name of Sarsaparilla, Panacea, Syphilitic Syrup, &c. &c. &c. DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY AND BLADDER, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, DISEASES of the SKIN, ERYSIPELAS, SORE EYES, PILES.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs, are the general symptoms of the above diseases, and the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters will be sure to relieve by the first application.

FLUSH OF BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURVY, SALTRHEUM, SWELLINGS.

SCROFULA, or KING'S EVIL, is to be found in the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.

WORMS, of all kinds, are effectually routed by these Medicines. Persons will be astonished to find what numbers of worms are carried off by these medicines.

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS PURIFY THE BLOOD,

And thus remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will prove the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS beyond the reach of competition as the most powerful of vegetable remedies.

The genuine of these medicines can now be got up in which the counterfeiting of the Proprietary Medicines of the day is so shamefully practiced upon the public. The wrapper and Inscriptions are copyrighted, and any person counterfeiting the same will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. The public will do well to observe that the genuine medicines have the name of DR. WILLIAM MOFFAT, 335 Strand, London, engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each box.

Dr. WILLIAM MOFFAT,

Late Physician of Addiscombe Place, East India College, Surrey.

Sole Agent for the United States, 250 Broadway, New York.

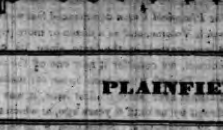
N. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for this vicinity.

March 24, 1846.—1y

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. C. A. BEDELL has taken offices there professionally, at intervals, during the present winter. Where not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Newark, 300 Market st. over the Daguerreotype Rooms, and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by direct application at either of his offices, or by a line left at the Post Office in Plainfield, stating the time they will call—or address may be left with the Dr. Craig and will receive attention at all times.

Dec. 15, 1846.—3m



CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Pain in the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important discovery has been made in the Balsam of Wild Cherry a very powerful influence, in that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from this disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies used when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this balsam has restored the liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases as above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only commands from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is natury sweeter, than any other, either to clean it in manner, or to receive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of facts, leaving the community themself to judge. Its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption can not exist, or CAN BE CURED, if this medicine be resorted to; in time,

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. During every year, and every year, the insidious monster carries to the tomb of the cold and silent tomb, fresh added victims to his cold repast. No walk of life is spared from its blighting influence. Nought is warning of its deadly approach. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike are fixed for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of usefulness has rendered him against imperfections, and the stalwart man, in whose prime deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life's calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon their vitals and saying him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the disease which bears in its train so many horrible scenes? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to credit, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "seventh sion aid" of a long train of certificates to recommend it to merit. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence, of the public, and

"Wait on fame"

the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 26, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for years past, and many bottles of my knowledge have been used by my patients all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought a confirmed Consumption had taken place the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine can be relied upon.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing success of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY in all the diseases for which it is recommended during many years past has called forth the usual practice of unprincipled men who, seeing the great demand for it, have put forth base counterfeits, purporting to be genuine and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, prepared only by SETH W. FOWLE. Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits. Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
120 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crane.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the country.

Oct. 20, 1846.—6y

The Southern Balm.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

*Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Daley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial, Graves' Compound for the Piles, Hunt's Pills, and Sherman's Cordial, Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair, Lescaut's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills, Hay's Balm, for restoring Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, &c. Sands's Dyspepsia Cure, Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Jayne's Expectorant, Jayne's Alterative, Jayne's Tonic Pills, Jayne's Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essence of Jamaica Ginger, Jaynes's Hair Tonic, Jayne's Aromatic Oil, Jayne's Vermifuge—Dr. Jayne's Balsam of Cherry

Selected for the Union, From the Tribune.

Rev. Dr. Chaney on the Mexican War—An Extract from a Sermon.

It is wonderful to see this war side cause pearing when considering cautious action on society, how men otherwise in their sober senses, admire it, justify it, call upon you to pull away all dykes that might check or turn it, call you traitors if you have its full sway, till it conquers peace by consuming all materials of resistance. It is wonderful to see how much suffering of earth men, while wear their own profession of piety before God and men. War has been the habit of the nations, in utter disregard of the laws of God and God's love; and because other nations in their ag. coming mists of rage and madness have retaliated and avenged, and exacted pitiful mortgages of money, and trading frauds, and insults, by rivers of blood, by thousand households desolated, families wretched, villages burned, and whole communities swept from existence, others are now rushing to the equality in their own nation the accumulated groans of revenge and retaliation! ... There is nothing but Christianity that will ever put a stop to this. Christianity heads nations by the same law of love that it does individuals. If it does not allow a man to go and take his brother by the throat saying, Pay me that thou owe me, and to stab him, if he does not pay. Our Lord and Saviour says there we were placed first in war; and we had perhaps as good an opportunity as God ever gave to a people to show the superiority of Christian forbearance and patience over selfishness and the spirit of Cain; but we have thrown it away, and now you find men justifying our country in war, because other countries have been in the habit of going to war for just such reasons! The example of other nations for justifying us, and causes us, and condemning the light in which we stand, is that in which God in His Providence has made peace with all nations our policy, and the boundless prosperity with which he has blessed us, (so that we could easily have given millions, if we pleased to set any poor nation up in the world,) and taking our stand upon the principles of the Gospel, in all probability the war in which we are now engaged is one of the most iniquitous that ever disgraced the face of the earth.

In injustice is scarcely paralleled by its impolicy, but that according to the principles of God's Word is prodigious. Had the money expended in this war been applied in any of the ways in which Christianity is to turn men's energies to the world's amelioration, what blessings might it not have accomplished, to go no further? We have thought ourselves too poor to think of establishing a railroad across the Rocky Mountains to the shores of the Pacific, to the accumulation of hundreds of millions of dollars in our own country, and thereby to the accumulation of human wealth and misery in this one war would have built this whole of Mr. Whitney's monster railroad. The money spent in impoverishing and maiming all intervening nations and miserable a nation already the object of pity would have constructed a railroad from Washington to the mouth of the Columbia river!

And what would it not have done for Mexico by kindness, by the spirit of kindness and forgiveness! ... It would have settled all our difficulties peacefully, and without any loss of honor. It would have purchased for us all the territory we might have needed. It would have built and endowed a thousand Churches, a thousand Colleges, a thousand Common Schools. It would have sent a thousand peaceful Missionary and School Teachers among the people, to have the privilege of spreading the Word of God and the teaching of the Gospel far and wide, in every nation.

Nothing but the prevailing spirit of the Christian Religion will secure a policy of benevolence instead of selfishness between the nations; nothing but this will put a stop to war. Until we have Christian rulers we may have selfishness, Satanic and impiety in the Government even though the great majority of the people may be as far as any given nation entirely opposed to such a policy. We may have party strife, and gambling out of the interests of the nation for individual power; and we may have War, the whole iniquity of which may rest not upon the People but upon the selfishness and iniquity of the Rulers; so that nearly the whole responsibility and the whole vast retribution for unjust War may be heaped by a God of justice upon the heads of the comparatively few persons who in stations of authority, have concocted such measures and plunged the nations into them. Nor can there be conceived any retribution in the eternal world so vast and terrible as that which is to be suffered by such men. They had better have been in the most suffering and miserable condition on earth all their life time, than to daily touch with a finger of fire and pain. For they who produce a War upon earth stand, as it were, at the very fountain of perdition, and pour its streams through the nations. Christian men could never do this; wars would cease forever if the men at the head of the nations were true Christians. And when Governments are truly Christian, they will be striving to bless one another instead of cursing; to conquer one another by deeds of love, instead of murdering innocent human beings under each other's sway, and battering down cities, whose streets were changed into canals of rapidly running water, and the country for the width of a mile was inundated. All the inhabitants of West Indianapolis and its vicinity, with a single exception, were obliged to evacuate their houses, and in most instances before they had time to receive their effects. It is supposed that not less than twelve inches of water on a level, fell during the space of forty eight hours.

The damage occasioned by the recent freshet in the Scioto, Miami and Mad rivers (O.) is set down at about two millions of dollars. Over one million of bushels of corn have been swept from the Scioto Valley alone. The whole country were inundated.

A young man, son of Asly McCollar, Cashier of the Camden Bank, fell yesterday from the bars of the gymnastic exercise yard, at his father's residence, by which his neck was broken. He died instantly.

It is the true spirit of politeness so to regulate our conversation and manners as to make our company at ease, both with themselves and with us

Correspondence of the Newark Daily Advertiser.

The Governor's Message.

The Governor's message was read in the Senate and House of Assembly this morning, and is a document of considerable length. It is a plain, business like paper, and is free from all attempts at display. It is evidently the production of a man who has the interests of the State at heart, and who has given the subject of which he treats much thought and attention. The message is as follows:

To the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

Gentlemen of the Senate and General Assembly:

It appears that the balance in the Treasury on the 4th instant was $6,772 91. The current year has been one of unusual expenditure. The erection of the Lunatic Asylum, the improvements to the State House, and the Revision of the Laws—which last work protracted the session of the last Legislature several weeks beyond the time necessary for ordinary business—and, besides, the expenses of the Commissioners through several months' labor in preparing the laws, will, it is supposed, absorb the whole of the Lunatic Asylum loan fund, and more than the ordinary receipts of the State during the year last past.

The School Fund has increased $10,502 36, making the whole amount of the fund $264,822 37. The attention to the subject of education, &c. &c. will deserving the attention of the Legislature.

The condition of the State Prison has improved—the debt of the State during the year last past $1,267 54, exclusive of or beyond the earnings of convicts and its actual expense to the State has been diminished. The prisoners now confined number 165.

The President's requisition upon the State for 6 volunteer Regiments is referred to. The uniform companies responded to the call, but not one of them had the requisite number of rank and file, and they were not accepted. The call for the 6 regiments is owing to the present state of politics. The militia system, and encouragement to volunteer companies is recommended. If the call had been made to repel invasion, it is justly remarked, we would not have been found equally unprepared.

New Writing School.—Mr. Isaac Newring proposes opening a Writing School, on Monday evening next, in the School House on the other side of the bridge, in Warren township, where he will give 12 lessons of one hour each, in this beautiful and necessary art, for the very moderate sum of 75 cents for the course. We believe Mr. Newring to be well qualified for the business he has undertaken, having seen many specimens of his hand writing, which are superior to those of most teachers, and this very moderate charges must, we should suppose, speedily fill his school room. All our young men we would advise all of our young men to embrace this opportunity of improving themselves in the great accomplishment and most useful art, and benefit themselves for a life time,—as favorable an opportunity is not likely to occur again soon, and at such extreme low rates. Specimens of his penmanship can be seen at this office. School commences at half past 6 o'clock.

Plainfield, Jan. 12, 1847.

Sudden Death.—The Somerville Whig mentions that Mr. Peter V. Paulsen, of Martinsville, a man 50 years of age, who has been connected with some of the mining operations, suddenly expired at the village on Tuesday last. He appeared to be in his usual health and was engaged in his ordinary occupations until the moment when he fell. The cause of his death is supposed by some to have been dropsy in the chest.

Another old Jersey Blue has been gathered to his fathers. John Van Middlesworth, a soldier of Revolution, died at Raritan, near Somerville on the 10th in the 90th year of his age. He was at the battle of Monmouth; and for more than half a century he has been a member of the Ref. Dutch Church.

Army Deserters—It would seem almost incredible that there should be constant and numerous desertions from the American army in Mexico. Yet such is the fact. The wonder ceases, however, when it is known that every deserter is a foreigner and a Catholic. It is next to impossible that either a native or a Protestant, should prove a traitor, in a war with Mexico.

Chas. Ryad was arrested in New York yesterday on complaint of Maria T. Landon, who charges him with bigamy, in having on the 16th Nov. last married her at the Willet street church while he had a wife still living at Somerville, Her former marriage was consummated at Elizabethtown in June, 1839.

A fire broke out in New Brunswick last evening in a building owned by Mr. Abraham Provost and occupied as a grocery store. By the active exertions of the efficient fire department it was fortunately got under without doing much damage.

M.

The P. M. General, it is said, has refused to sanction the action of the Directors of the New-Jersey Railroads in suspending the Sunday morning mail line between New York and Philadelphia. So the mail must be continued.

Stanford's Essential Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now recommended to the public as the IMPARTIAL LIBERAL REMEDY for Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Soreness, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throats and Quinsies, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aches in the Joints, Feet and Face, Tooth Ache, Ear Ache, Headache, Sick Stomach, Sores, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Surface Diseases.

THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most WONDERFUL MEDICINE in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, has induced HIGH EXPECTATIONS that have been necessary to be realized, and it is now introduced, given out boldly to call on the AFFLICTED to test it as the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.

☞ The Faculty wish to be understood by the celebrated External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment!

The following letter from the highly esteemed Physician of Bridgeton, is most conclusive to all Patent Physicians and State Prisons for sweeny cheats, in the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Bridgeton, December 26, 1845.

Mr Dear Stanford—Seeing your advertisement, asking me to examine your LIVER LINIMENT, as prepared by Mr. George S. Stanford. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can from what I have used it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, for the purposes you name to use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Cross Street.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. R. BELSHER.

Yorktown, January 14, 1846.

Sir—In reply to your request, I will say that I have used your Liver Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I do not know of the best External Remedy for the cure of the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

SEML. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. S. Stanford, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugs that are poured forth at the present day upon the credulous public, it is truly refreshing to find a real practical article, educating simple, speedy, and effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from the loathsome filthy and powerful nature of powerful medicines. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George S. Stanford, of Bridgeton, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already acquired a most extensive sale, and is highly recommended by influential citizens, and our most eminent physicians. All acknowledge it to be a most valuable remedy for all the ills that flesh is heir to, ranging the wide catalogue of diseases from the top of the head to the sole of the foot, and by its powerful stimulating influence, banishes disease from the system.

Mr. Stanford is the discoverer and manufacturer of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my self, and found it to be all that could be desired. I have advertised and it is now unnecessary for me to speak of its wonderful healing properties. My child is in its seventh year of age, is cured in a few days if necessary.

Yours, &c.,

DEBORAH BLANCHARD.

Deer Glen, Tuscarora, Pennsa.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the persons named above, and that the statement would be said to be saying that her own statement itself.

JAS. W. DYEMAN.

Bridgeton, N. J., 1845.

Mr. Jeremy Post, Master.

P. S. I would further state that I have used a number of remedies subject to the purchase of the Liniment, which in many instances proved of no avail according to my knowledge. I was at the commencement of the Liniment, and I found it to be a most valuable remedy for the disease. In cases of bruises, spraining, and many the most severe cases, it has in the majority proved a certain remedy. In rheumatism only in one case it failed, and in that case it gave me a fair trial.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHILLIPS & CO. 122. Water Street.

EGHTON & CO. 126 Broadway.

R. L. & J. STEVENS, 26 Wall Street.

ASPINWALL, 96 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Bay Side P. O. will be attended to.

GEORGE S. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Somerville—E. Van Benthuysen, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville—C. R. Brower.

Bridgeville—Elijah Bates, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, Samuel W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Brinckerhoff.

Newark—Jesse Cole.

Railway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. B. Pierson.

Scotch Plains, Joseph H. Osborn

Millville, James Jones.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—R. and A. Halsted

Belleville—N. N. Jorolaman & Son

Bloomfield—Frane, Pierson & Conger, Crane, Sanford & White

C. D. Harrison, Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846.—1w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Rail Road.

A. MURDY & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the Public that they have just opened at the above stand, a new and extensive assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which they offer to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Our assortment consists of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged.

Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes.

Do Fine shoes and slippers.

Do Coarse Pegged Over shoes.

Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.

Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots—Morocco Buskins, and Leather shoes of all kinds, Patent French and common Kid Slippers, Misses and Children's Shoes.

For misses and children a variety of styles and prices, warranted to suit—all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash.

Repairing done to order. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves; we feel assured they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Dec. 1st, 1846.—tm.

Dr. Sayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, consisting of Sayne's Expectorant, 1.00—Alterative, 1.00—Universal Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 25—Sanative Pills, Do—Female Pamphlets, &c.

Also, for sale at Sayne's Female Pharmacy, Hawkins's Orris Tooth Paste, 25.

Meadow Sanative.

M. F. CUSHING.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the enclosure of the subscriber on the 6th day of November last, a Red Cow, with a slit in the right ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

THOMAS HANNAH, dec'r.

Jan. 5th, 1847. South Plain.

THE UNION

Wednesday, January 20, 1847.

The Plainfield Union commenced last week its Eleventh Volume, and as a dozen or more papers have been started in the same time in this county, we consider it now one of the older papers. Though it has been under our management about eleven years, it was not purchased by us until 6 years ago, at which time it had 22 proprietors. Since then 9 have been numbered with the dead, viz. Wm. F. Shotwell, John Wilson, Samuel L. Powell, Noah Drake, Lang Webster, Edmund Webster, Lydia Thorn, Jr. and Martin Kimpton; two have removed, viz. Isaac D. Titsworth and Wm. Wade, though the former still takes the paper, the other 23 are yet among us, and nearly all of them continue, as they always have been, among our best patrons and customers, viz. C. Bates, Jacob Manning, John W. Craig, Lewis Craig, Z. Whitney, Robert Anderson, John Layton, Elston Marsh, E. Kirkpatrick, James Leonard, J. H. C. ward, Ludlow Sayre, Jacob Dean, Randolph Dunham, Wm. P. Williamson, H. A. Clay, Nathan Wall, Barry & Dunham, Job Squier, J. B. Ayres, Jefferson Dunn, and George Thorn. These 22 proprietors paid each $20, and some of them more, for printing materials in New York, and other necessary expenses in starting a paper here, in 1836, and in 1839, relinquished their ownership to the present proprietor, at a discount of 60 or 66 per cent. This whole statement speaks volumes in favor of the public spirit of our citizens.

We have known cases where party men combined to start a party paper,—but the "Union" is the only paper we know of, established by a village, for their own accommodation, with no party purposes, and by an union of both parties,—hence its name—and to the reason our success is almost attributed to neutrality or independence in politics. As might have been expected from its origin, the subscribers to the "Union," though not numerous, are very prompt in payment—one pay paying a year, and some even a year and a half in advance.

Congress Printing.—The Printing of Congress—we are glad to learn—is to be done at reasonable rates, hereafter. By a law of the last Congress, proposals were advertised for the printing of both Houses. Those proposals were opened at Washington, on the 6th inst. Edwin Croswell, of the Albany Argus was the successful candidate. The terms on which he agrees to execute it, is 70 per cent. less than were allowed Messrs. Ritchie & Heiss under their printing contract for the printing of the House—the Senate allowing them still more extravagant prices. No one entertains a doubt of the printing being done as well and as promptly as heretofore, by Mr. Croswell. His contract embraces the whole of the next Congress.

The Revised Statutes of this State, have just been published, under the authority of the Legislature, in one large handsome octavo volume, of 1155 pages. The revision was made by Messrs Peter D. Vroom, Henry W. Green, Wm. L. Dayton, and Stacy G. Potts, Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, and it received the sanction of the last Legislature. It was published under the superintendence of Mr. Potts, who has prepared a copious index, with much labor, and admirably arranged the whole work. His arduous duties have been performed to the satisfaction of every one who has seen the work. 2000 copies were published, according to the law, and the paper, printing and binding are very good.

Several teachers in this vicinity, have been recently presented (by its author A. Ackerman) with a most excellent new class Book entitled "First Book of Natural History." They exceedingly next manner in which the work is got up, combined with its decided literary claims so far as style, matter, and arrangement are concerned will, we have not the least doubt, secure for this work a permanent position among the best school books of our country. Mr. Ackerman is not content to follow in the beaten track of compilations of the majority of school books, but pursues a course entirely his own, and original. His style is peculiarly his own, and his method of arranging his matter, and presenting it to the pupil, is entirely original. We fully concur with the above, from the Rahway Republican, as to the excellence of the new School Book.—It contains much very interesting matter, and important information—and will answer equally well for a reading book, or for recitation.

"The Federal Calculator," is another new School Book which is highly recommended as a good and cheap Arithmetic. It contains a large number of examples, more extensively on the principle of Federal Money, than usual. In this book the whole course can be purchased for 25 cents, while Emerson's three books cost $1,10 and Smith's Hap costs 50 cents.

All for sale at our bookstore.

Congress.

Monday, Jan. 11—In the Senate, Mr. Atchison called the Senate to order, and read a letter from the Vice President, declining Mr. A. to preside during his absence. Of the vacancies at this by Mr. Clayton, and on the motion the Senate proceeded to elect a President pro tem. for the session. Mr Atchison was elected 47 to 2. The committee on Mr Isaac Allen reported a bill to authorize the appointment of a Lieutenant Colonel, also to provide for a temporary increase of the military force. Both bills were made the special order for Thursday.

In the House, the bill to increase the regular army by ten regiments, was passed, 165 to 48.

The House then went into committee of the Whole, and took up the bill to establish a territorial Government in Oregon.

The Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, as it came from the Senate, was reported by the committee of ways and means.

Tuesday—In Senate, Mr Archer presented the petition of the citizens of Hanover, Hunt. County, Va. &c. Senator from Virginia. The usual resolutions were adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House, the Oregon territorial bill was again taken up. An amendment was adopted to prohibit banking in the territory.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing the death of Senator Pennybacker, of Virginia. Both Houses adjourned.

Wednesday—In Senate, Mr. Benton, from the Military Committee, reported the ten regiment bill from the House, in lieu of the army, with an amendment. Mr. Crittenden offered an amendment to grant bounty land to the officers and soldiers of the Mexican war, in proportion to the number of land. A lengthy and spirited debate ensued, and the bill was postponed.

The Senate then went into executive session.

In the House, after several unsuccessful votes, the Oregon Territorial Bill was defeated. The Missouri Compromise and Slavery formed the most prominent subject of debate.

Friday—In the Senate, Mr. Benton reported a bill granting lands to regulars and volunteers engaged in the Mexican war. Mr. Crittenden opposed the bill fearing it would kill the amendment to the bill providing for the addition of ten regiments to the army. The bill was finally made the order of the day. Up to half-past 4 in the evening the effort of Messrs. Crittenden and others to get the bill, which was laughed to by crowded galleries, and which he concluded Mr. Mangum moved, as a test question, to lay the bill on the table, which was carried, 28 to 24—Calhoun, Butler and Yulee voting with the Whigs against it.

Mr. Niles reported to fill place of Mr. Atchison, the Senate then adjourned.

The Army bill was then taken up and occupied the Senate till adjournment. Several amendments were proposed during the discussion.

The House was occupied the entire day in Committee of the Whole on the Oregon Bill—the debate being upon Mr. Botts' amendment, inserting a clause recognizing a fine for the Missouri Compromise which was finally rejected. The bill was then laid aside to allow Mr. Jobst to call up his bill to grant to the Legislature of Illinois the right of way for a railroad through the public lands. The bill was reported to the House, but was not acted upon further in consequence of the want of time.

Saturday—In the Senate, a bill was reported to extend the National Road to Illinois.

The army bill was then taken up and passed. The ten regiment bill, with the amendments, several amendments were proposed during the discussion.

The House was occupied the entire day in Committee of the Whole on the Oregon Bill—the debate being upon Mr. Botts' amendment, inserting a clause recognizing a fine for the Missouri Compromise which was finally rejected. The bill was then laid aside to allow Mr. Jobst to call up his bill to grant to the Legislature of Illinois the right of way for a railroad through the public lands. The bill was reported to the House, but was not acted upon further in consequence of the want of time.

Saturday—In the Senate, a bill was reported to extend the National Road to Illinois.

The army bill was taken up, and after debate, was represented, with instructions to report a section granting 160 acres of land to all soldiers now serving in Mexico.

In the House, the debate on the Oregon Territorial Bill was continued, and the bill finally passed, 135 to 35.

I. O. O. F.—We learn from the Newark Daily Advertiser, that a new lodge was instituted last week in Orange, by three from Lodge, 13, and 12 from Lodge, 7. The funds now on hand, of all regular lodges in the State, are $7,448 per cent. Amount of benefits paid last year for deaths, $6,705 50; paid out in 372 members. 3,000 members were added last year, in all the Lodges in the State.

Assistant Assessors wanted.—See Mr. Tyndall Abell. However, the overplus is sold to be in a short time.

Late and Important from the Seat of War.

The last accounts from the seat of war announce the immediate [illegible]. The Mexicans were exaggerations, as the force at Santa Anna's disposal was only a foraging party. Gen. Taylor on hearing this, had [illegible] and Victoria. The Rifle at Saltillo had been reinforced. Gen. Scott left Matamoras on the 20th ult for Camargo, Monterey and Gen Taylor's head quarters.

A despatch from Santa Anna announces that the American soldiers were rapidly deserting, and that 12 Irish and Germans had come in on one day; they were taken into the Mexican service.

Laguna, a town of considerable note, 60 miles from Tobasco, was taken by Com. Perry, Dec 20, without opposition. 900 lbs of powder were taken, 15 cannon were destroyed, and 50 soldiers disarmed.

The Congress had chosen Santa Anna President, till the regular period for electing one arrives. The Message of President Salas to Congress gives a history of the war to that date, and anticipates another battle will be fought at San Luis, which he says will not be decisive or the last. He gives no hope of peace, and says they must fight until every invader is expelled.

Santa Anna has 15 or 20,000 men under him, at San Luis, though not fully armed, and the troops at Mexico are also without arms.

The fortifications at Alvarado and Tobasco have been repaired, at the former place were 4000 troops, at the latter 3000; it was believed that Com Conner would attack both.

Only 11 of the crew of the Somers drifted ashore, and are prisoners of war, well-treated at Vera Cruz.

The California Expedition, which left New York a few months ago, under Col. Stevenson, has arrived safely at Rio Janeiro. Good order, discipline and health prevailed

Later from Europe—By an arrival at N Y, 2 days later news has been received from Liverpool but it is not important.

Grain and flour were firm, and the last cotton market fully sustained previous rates.

Accounts from Ireland present deplorable picture of the famishing poor

A Tremendous Gale passed through the lower portion of Troy on Saturday evening, blowing down 50 feet of the west wall of the Clinton foundery killing three of the workmen and badly injuring others. The wall was 50 feet long and 1 foot thick.

Virginia Senator—R M T Hunter was chosen U S Senator by the Virginia Legislature on Friday, on the 5th ballot. Most of the Whigs with 23 Democrats, voted for Mr Hunter, and 68 Democrats voted for Mr Jones

Dentistry.—Dr Aron will visit Plainfield on Monday, the 25th Jan. and remain until Thursday, Jan 28th. All who desire Dental operations are requested to make known their wishes as early as practicable. He will stop at Laing's.

Hudson, Jan. 16, 1847.

Another Anti-Rent Outrage.—Job D. Farmer and a party of some six went to a sale that was advertised of Gead Fankley's property, yesterday, and instead of a sale, there was a shooting match fed on oat, and when they arrived on the ground, they were attacked by the Fankleys and other anti-renters Some were badly hurt and driven off the premises No rent will be paid in the spring.—*Express.*

Hon. Caleb Cushing is Colonel of the Massachusetts Regiment of Volunteers—having been elected by the regiment on Friday He is now in the Legislature.

Boston Munificence.—The Milwaukie Sentinel says that with a view of founding a Literary Institution in Wisconsin, Mr. Amos A. Lawrence of Boston, has offered to give the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars, in money, provided a like amount in lands or money, be contributed there. The necessary amount will doubtless be immediately raised and the Institution will be called "The Lawrence Institute."

All men have their frailties; whoever looks for a friend without imperfections will never find what he seeks; we are not always equally satisfied with ourselves—how should we be so with our friends? We love ourselves, nevertheless, with all faults, and we ought to love our friends in like manner.

When Sir Walter Scott was urged not to prop the failing credit of his acquaintance, he replied, "The man was my friend when my friends were very few, and I will be his now that his enemies are many."

Better Couples.—In Graham's Magazine there's the following epigram on a windy parson, "Preaching of foolishness" he made The text of his oration; And all confessed that he displayed A perfect demonstration.

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in the city:

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence, to all who are afflicted with Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with marked advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has proved highly successful indeed. See advertisement.

Editor's Lawyer, and [illegible] Dr Jayne's Expectorant Medicine, and [illegible] Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is crowded up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crane.

Cures of Chronic Costiveness of twenty years' standing.

Sir—This will certify that about twenty years I was afflicted with costiveness to such a degree that nothing would pass my bowels for a week at a time, and which ultimately caused partial insanity. I was sorely distressed both by night and by day; I had no rest. I had recourse to many remedies together, my nervous condition was in so bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for me; all their remedies made me worse and worse. When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an advertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought from its style that whoever wrote it, believed what he wrote, and if so, he was an imposter. I went to another relation of my friends and neighbors My doctor told me, after I had used them a few times, that he could make Pills just like Brandreth's; he gave me a prescription; I took it to the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more effect as physic than a piece of chip. Not so with Brandreth's pills, they always act easily and freely. I have now taken them over two years, and they seem to have renewed the life within me; my intellect is clear and serene, and I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty-five years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action of my bowels is now nearly restored to the healthy state of my youth. I blest God for what he done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Brandreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My case is known to hundreds in this county. Your agent, Mr. D. Kendrick, suggested that I should send it. I remain yours, very gratefully,

Lebanon, N. H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire whether the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tennyth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A.C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your Olosaonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-Law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. After the second bottle was used there has been no recurrence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to end in Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D. Dentist, 261 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, Jan. 16, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	5,50 to 5,62
Rye Flour,	3,87 to 4,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	3,75 to 3,87
Grain—Wheat,	1,00 to 1,15
Rye,	88 to 90
Corn,	72 to 80
Oats, Jersey,	43 to 44

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Jackson Pound, $4,00; James T. Dunn, 2,37 Mrs Susan Webster, 1,50; C M Allyn, 1,31; Richard Elliott, 1,25; Mr Ward, 1,00; Stelle R. Randolph, 1,12; D W Ayres, 1,00; Richard Manning, 1,00; Theo Vail, ,94; Silas Cole, ,81; Joseph Webster, ,75; Peter Brokaw, ,75; C. Boice, Esq. ,75; M P Dessing, ,75; H A Cory, 2,63; Jotham Townsend, ,50.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in Rodenbeck's Almanac of this paper headed CONSUMPTION.

MARRIED.

At Basbenridge, Dec. 31, Freeman Ayres, of Plainfield, to Mary Boylan, of the former place.

On the 9th inst. Ralph Lansing Read, to Mary Ann, daughter of Andrew Brokaw, all of Somerville.

At Philadelphia, Dec. 29, James Edmunds, of New Brunswick, to Mary E. Brown, of Philada.

At the First Baptist Church in Piscataway, Dec. 28, Bishely Hall to Susanna F. daughter of George D. Smith, all of Metuchin, N. J.

On the 7th inst. Abel Cole, Esq. to Miss E. Miller to Ann Martin, only daughter of Henry Baker, jr.

On the 1st inst. Franklin Seward, of Baltimore Md. to Amelia, daughter of the late Isaac S. Jessup, of Woodbridge, N. J.

On the 10th inst. George W. Flain, of Baltimore, to Rachel Ann, daughter of the late Daniel Creghmore, of Somerville.

On the 30th inst. by the Rev. C. Cookman, of Penn Valley, to Emma B. Pinckney, formerly of Morris. Jan. 1st, Mr. Wesley, of Jamestown, Pa. to Catherine Lindsley, of Perth Amboy.

Jan. 3d. Mr. Randolph to Mrs. Lucy Hoagland. Jan. 6th, William Beeson to Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. C. Forbes, all of Perth Amboy.

Jan. 6th, Mr. Adams, of Mendenville, Pa. to Louisa Johnson, of Perth Amboy.

On the 14th inst, Col J. D Edwards to Mrs. Elizabeth P. Elliot, of Elizabethtown.

DIED.

In Piscataway, on Saturday the 2d inst., Mr. Wm. B. Manning aged 65 years.

At Westfield, 5th inst. S. Crane, widow of the late Revd. D. Crane aged 79 years.

At Westfield, 5th inst. Mary Jane, eldest child of Lewis Ayres, aged 16.

In Rahway, 13th inst. very suddenly, Harriet, wife of Charles Tooker, aged about 47.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon His works, and pronounced them good. Man He created in his own image, and gave him the power to subdue the earth. Almighty Wisdom framed a woman for man, a great bond was to be formed to unite over her and He created woman upon earth by a lovely process of reasoning. Adam was created, he was lonely, he was without a helpmate, and God caused a deep sleep to fall upon him to dwell with him. She was beautiful, pure and beautiful, on the morning light, pleasing in the sight, and resembling the Queen of Heaven. And the serpent was the cause of Paradise lost. Another serpent has been found, the Mexican army and was trampled; the serpent poisoned, plant, and these baby beings fell. From that hour the woman was changed. Sickness and misery declared with all their bitterness brought forth children with pain and sorrow. The skin and complexion of man and of woman became subject to all the imaginations which the serpent's poison could inflict upon them. Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Rash, Boils, Rheums, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, appeared upon them, which caused them to lose their beauty. Again upon man have fixed by, and still he remedies of our sufferings and consequences of the fall and guide are until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the all-wise Creator, we have found that Sherman's Bible Remedy and Blemish Exterminator, Radway's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

which retains new women, and fear the appearance of any of these consequences which entail so much misery for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure of pimples, blotches and blemishes.

Cancers, Tetter, Shaving and Sore Lips, Rough, Cracked, and Disordered Skin, will be quickly exchanged to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen; for SHAVING this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and leaves the skin smooth and delightful.

Price 12½ cents a cake, of 25 Hud on st. N. Y.

Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, Plainfield N. J. Jan. 1st, 1847.

Rev. Fred. Bassi	Patrick Hogan
Miss Mary Boylan, 2,	Rebecca Heaton
Deborah M. Bedell	William Hall
Henry Baker	Ann Eliza Harris
Reuse Bishop	A. H. Harris
Lucian Burleigh	Asa Lane
Joseph Brown	Benjamin Moore
John Bishop	William Moore
Sarah H. Bates	Mary Ann Miller
Jacob Cansalus	Elizabeth Parker
Jonathan H. Curtis	J. Price
Daniel Cory	Miss Rhoda Runyon
Michael Carney	Elizabeth Rogers
Mary Conroy	Hannah M. Haynes
Mr. Caventon	Enos Reff
Margaret Chandler	Jane Runyon
Margaret Parlow	William Sansom
Henry C. Clagg	Silas Inman
Miss Fisher	Mary M. Smith
Walter Gillette	Alexander Vermeule
David S. Gifford	Joseph Wylie

; When letters are called for, please say they are advertised. ELIAS KIRKPATRICK, P. M.

Valentines! Valentines!!

A SPLENDID Assortment, just received, and for sale at New York prices, by M. F. CUSHING.

Jan. 12, 1846.

ACKERMA'S Natural History, also Smith's New Geographies large and small, together with all the school books in common use for sale by

Jan. 12, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or disordered Skin, a real skin purifier; also excellent for shaving, only 12½ a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment

See Advertisement in another column.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Runyon's, which he is willing to dispose of on reasonable terms. If not sold soon it will be to Let.

Jan. 5, 1847. Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has just arriving direct from Boston, Country Merchants will please call and buy for themselves

RICHARD M CRANE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 139 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Steamboat.

THE New Iron Steam Propeller ALBERARA will run hereafter between Elizabeth Port and New York city carrying freight at low rates. All freight sent by Railroad to this line must be delivered at the Elizabeth depot, care of P. B. Lowe, who will attend to the same, or to take charge of any consignment which will be forwarded without delay.

Dec. 25, 1846. PETER B. LOWE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature at the next session in January, 1847, for an Act to limit the quantity of Land that any individual may hereafter acquire in this State, to 100 acres; and to exempt the homestead of each family, not to exceed 160 acres, from alienations for any future debt or liability, or in any manner except by joint contract of husband and wife, or testamentary may exist.

ELIAS SMALLEY.

Warren township, Dec. 28, 1846.

THE undersigned desires to give notice that for the convenience of the family, he will be accustomed about a week each month, and that for the present, he will be found at the residence of Mr. Jonathan Frazee, where he can be found at any time, and especially when we are in health, and desirous of improving any of the diseases of which we are subject to. Life cannot be prolonged, but it is in the power of many to add years to their lives. The language of the Scriptures is, in the absence of the Lord, "Let us go to the Physician." These are not, although it is common for the Lord to appoint, or indicated to open the person, and it relieves the Physician of the responsibility of medicine, except in cases where the person is not able to do it himself. There are the Physicians of the Lord, and they are the Physicians of the Lord, and they are the Physicians of the Lord, and they

The Village School.

THE above school is now entirely located on School street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been accepted, that conscience to render the school worthy the patronage of those that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

MISS DAVIS and MISS ANN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and its organs, it is for a more any ordinary one; and the following subjects are taught and studies to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, of Writing, the Elements of Geography and Grammar are used, $2,50.

If English Grammer, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3 00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, and Natural Philosophy, $4,00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5,00; we pay strict attention to Penmanship, that we will qualify our ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4,00.

Compositions and Declamations every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges for Wood and Coal.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practices of medicine; and so completely has been their triumph over all other medicines that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Beach, Hodgdon, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphl ts to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian Squaw, crowned with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Dec. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale 6y P. P. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues to carry on the business at his old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand, Fresh Bread, Rusks, Pound Cakes, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and may be relied on for all orders.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, printing, shoeing hats, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, rent, or any other article whatever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him for his books will oblige him by calling and settling their accounts; but whoever owes a cent he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else that he can use in his business, and whoever refuses to owe will ask him for trust; and whoever does not owe him, and wishes to owe him, will please to say why.

N. B. P. forbids, any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the most portable and Economical Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are adapted to all Burning Fluids, and will not leave a bad smell or odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the Fluid, may be had at Mrs. Gibbs' Millinery Store and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jacob Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, Four Highest Honors; at the National, the American Institute, New York; and the Mechanics' Institute, Boston, respectively, for the most splendid Collection of Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

The Patentee has an exquisite style, without regard to weather, &c.

Instruction given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices

New York, 251 Broadway; 251 Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 76 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va.; Mr. Harris' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut; and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augers &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 81 each, for sale by July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 6 Pieces Mouseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by Sept. 20, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices. Also to be cheaper than the above stores. Try us and be convinced.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1846.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

CLOCKS, from $300 to $3,50 for sale at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now in store, and are daily receiving additions to their present large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. Of these consist part of the following articles, viz:

Balzarines, Lawns and Jaconets, Organdy Muslins, Gingham Lawns and Jaconets, Bishop Lawns, Swiss and Jaconet Muslins, Cambrics in all colors and styles, Mourning Cambrics, Black and White Silk Warp Poplins, Plain, Striped and Figured.

Cashmeres and Paris Tissues, of the latest styles, Alpaccas, Black and Colored, very low.

Merinos, Plain, English and German, Striped and Bombazines, black and other shades of various qualities

Lustres, Gingham, Dark Plaid and Striped.

Silks, Italian and Gros de Rhine, 20 and 22 inches wide.

Gros de Naples most width, and a few fancy Silks for Red, White and Yellow Flannels, of all qualities.

Bleached and Colored Canton Flannels.

Diapers, Toweling, Nankins and Table Covers.

American, French and English Prints in great variety.

Cloth Drabbets, of various Grades, for Men's wear.

Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width.

Shawls, Balzarine, Bareges, Lenetine, Grenadine, and Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and elegant.

Kid Gloves of the best quality and remnants colors, also Silk and Cotton do.

Hosiery and Gloves of all kinds.

Jaconet Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins, Cambric Linen Edging, plain, figured and hemstitched Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Handkerchiefs and Capes.

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c.

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Dress Cloths, American, French, German and English Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys and Flannels, Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Wooden Velvets, &c. Satinets of every variety, also Beaverettes & kersey, Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' wear.

Washington Steipes with a general variety of Locust Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 26, 1846.

NEW LAND OFFICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the Public that he has opened a Land Office at the Rail Road Hotel, at Plainfield, New Jersey, and having valuable documents to assist New York two days in each week, for the purpose of selling and exchanging property on commission. From his general acquaintance and knowledge of the business, will make it a favorable opportunity for those who wish to dispose of their property, which will be advertised in one of the New York papers, if requested.

He has on hand for sale Three Farms in Somerset county, one of 100 acres, one of 65 acres, and one of 45 acres, adjoining Millstone and Plainfield, one near Scotch Plains, and several Houses and Lots at Plainfield. Be has also for sale or exchange for property in New Jersey, a Farm containing 450 acres located in Otsego county, New York. Also for sale or rent, adjoining the village of Sidney Plains, in a high state of cultivation, with extensive buildings, in good repair, a Farm containing 150 acres. Persons wishing to purchase, will find this a good location for business. There have been raised on the same during the past season about 2000 bushels of Wheat, and 2000 tons of Hay; besides keeping from 40 to 50 cows.

Also, a Farm of 500 acres in Lee is county, and a Lot of 250 acres of Timber, consisting of Pine, Spruce and hemlock, with a Lot of four acres, having an extensive Saw Mill on the same, in Lee, Mass. The Saw mill in full operation, and is calculated for a run of stone which are on the spot ready to be put in, and being very much needed at the place.

Also, a Farm containing 100 acres, with a new house built for a Tavern and store. This property offers a great opportunity for an enterprising man as the company is about to establish a new extensive manufactory at the same place. Also, a Farm of 100 acres, improved Farm in Jefferson county, and several tracts of Timber Land.

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent.

Plainfield, Feb 15th, 1846.

ALLEBASI'S MEDICINES, viz.:

The Black or Allebasi's Salve, 25c.
Allebasi's Health Pills, 25 cts.
Alleba's Tooth Ache Drops, 25 cts
Allebasi's Poor Man's Plaster, 12½c

THESE Popular Medicines are traversing the world, and are effecting as many cures in every city of consumption than any other medicines now before the public. It gives us pleasure to state that all that purchase these medicines are sure to be benefited by the use of them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with recipe for making the Fluid may be had at Mrs. Gibbs' Millinery Store and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jacob Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS.

The SALVE is coming in as sure swellings, inflammations, &c. &c. The Pills are working wonders in the Medical profession. There is no case described in the pamphlets that the Salve is not warranted to cure if the directions are followed.

The TOOTH ACHE DROPS are curing on almost every complaint for which an instrument or application is needed. Old Chronic difficulties of 10 or 20 years' standing are relieved in a few days; consumption of the bowels, bleeding, general debility, scrofula, and fevers of various kinds are all cured by these Pills. They act mildly yet thoroughly, and leave the whole in a healthy and vigorous state.

The CHOLERA DROPS are the most popular in the world.

The PLASTERS are not cures when all other kinds prove useless. Their popularity is unequalled. Be sure to ask for *Allebasi's Poor Man's Plaster.*

Physicians and physicians in Indiana, writes "it is astonishing how many Calomel & Medicines I get off now, within a short time since their virtues have become known." A very cautious old gentleman from Connecticut writes, "I have only time to say that my family are now decidedly healthy. My daughter has had the scarlet sore throat, and was in a dangerous situation; we used the Salve thoroughly, and nearly to a bushel of the Black Salve, which overcame the disease, and she now appears in a fair way to get well. She has been more critically situated than any one we have effected with that disease. I am now satisfied that if she had used the Pills and Drops thoroughly in the early stages of the scarlet sore throat, the disease would be more readily cured than by any other means." WM. DUSENBURY.

Similar certificates and memorials might be given that would fill half a dozen newspapers, but we prefer that every family should try for themselves.

They may be had of P. P. CUSHING, Plainfield, C. F. SMITH, Somerville, and

J. Bird and others, Elizabethtown.
A. C. Watson and others, Rahway.
C. W. Pierson and others, Newark.
And by all Druggists throughout the State.
Principal Office, 46 Courtlandt street, New York.

LYMAN W. GILBERT, Agent.

Feb. 9, 1846.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpetings, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand as it constantly receiving at

Duren's New Store.

JAMES T. DUREN returns his thanks to a generous Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is now receiving the only Stock of Goods ever opened in that section of the country, and is determined to conduct a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and constantly on hand a large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzarines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calicoes, Muslins, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Doeskins, Satinets, Cassinets, Flannels and English Prints, Silks and Satins, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Shawls, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Sun Shades, Bonnets, Caps, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Carpet bags, Umbrellas, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Hearth Rugs, Mats, Crockery, Glass and Queensware, Looking Glasses, Cutlery, Hardware, Tinware, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Soaps, Fancy Articles, Stationery, Books, Groceries, Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Molasses, Syrups, Rice, Flour, Meal, Feed, Salt, Fish, Pickles, Sauces, Candies, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Fruits, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Hams, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Tongues, Sausages, Pork, Lard, Oils, Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Wines, Brandies, Gins, Rums, Whiskies, Cordials, Ales, Porter, Cider, Vinegar, Soda, Saleratus, Cream Tartar, Starch, Blacking, Brushes, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Baskets, Mats, Rope, Twine, Cordage, Sheathing Paper, Nails, Spikes, Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Turpentine, Camphene, Lamps, Burning Fluid, Candles, Soap, Starch, Blacking

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 3. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1847. Whole Number 523.

MILTON P. CUMMING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, payable quarterly, by the carrier, 25 cents per month, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will be thereafter charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $1.87½ quarterly, if paid within the first month in the year by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid except at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square (16 lines or less), will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and a square does not less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. No communications will be inserted that are not paid for, unless they are of a character to be considered as advertisements, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the different cases may require, and will be found to be all that is in the language of a celebrated physician, the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and heal up all kinds of wounds, sores, &c. It will cure recent sores, Burns, Scalds, inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Felons, Whitlows, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Piles, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Blotches on the face, Boils, Carbuncles, Scurvy sores, Scrofula, inflamation of the joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, soreness of the chest, cough arising from irritation of Throat, or lungs, Pain between the shoulders, Pain or soreness in the breast, palpitation of the heart, and wounds of any kind, &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above, read the appended certificate :

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pain in the back, and side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attending physicians, and numerous quack nostrums, without any benefit to her health, we procured from a friend a plaster of Coons' Magnetic Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her general health was restored. Since that time she has frequently used the same plaster, and has always found relief from its application. We have also used it in the case of a child with much success in curing a bad sore throat. We have also used it in the case of a child with much success in curing a bad sore throat. We have also used it in the case of a child with much success in curing a bad sore throat.

The Genuine Coons German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by H. A. MARSH.

Also sold by the principal booksellers in Newark, Elizabethtown, and by J. & R. G. RADWAY, 91 Fulton street, New York.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

The unprecedented success which has attended these Medicines have induced for their invaluable efficacy in all the diseases to which they profess to cure, the credulity of the public to be imposed upon by the use of worthless nostrums by designing persons, who put forth their own base compounds in the form of Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.

IN CASES OF ACUTE AND CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the STOMACH and KIDNEYS, BILIOUS FEVERS, DISEASES of the SKIN, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS COLIC, and NERVOUS DISEASES, MUSCULAR CONTRACTION, Cold with great success in the Consumption, CORRUPT HUMORS, DROPSY, &c.

DYSENTERY, and other diseases of the Abdominal Viscera, SUPPRESSION of the Menses, EXCESSIVE MENSTRUATION, DEBILITY, &c.

PURIFIES the BLOOD, REGULATES the DIGESTIVE FUNCTIONS, and RESTORES HEALTH.

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION.

This distressing complaint is the result of a disordered state of the Stomach, and is generally attended with a loss of appetite, nausea, heartburn, flatulency, pain in the stomach, sick headache, costiveness, &c. Persons afflicted with this complaint should not delay using the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, as they will be found a certain remedy for the above distressing complaint.

GENERAL DEBILITY.

Those who are suffering from general debility, nervousness, shattered nerves, low spirits, loss of appetite, dizziness, headache, &c., should use the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, as they will restore the system to its natural tone and vigor.

FEVER AND AGUE.

The Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters are a safe and certain remedy for the cure of Fever and Ague, and all Intermittent Fevers, Bilious Fevers, &c.

FEMALES.

The Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters are unrivalled by any medicine now before the public, for the cure of all complaints incident to females, and should be used by them in preference to any other medicine.

RIVER COMPLAINTS, LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUS COMPLAINT, SCROFULA, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, BLOTCHES, BOILS, TUMORS, ULCERS, PIMPLES, FRECKLES, NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS HEADACHE, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S COLIC, PILES, PAINS in the BACK, SIDE, HEAD, JOINTS, LIMBS, &c., RHEUMATISM, &c.

Directions for the use of the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, will be found with the Life Medicines.

Purchasers will please observe that the genuine Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters have the name of JOHN MOFFAT, Physician and Surgeon, 155 Nassau street, New York, blown in the bottle, and the name of the Life Medicines, with the name of the Agent, engraved on the Government Stamp, pasted on the outside wrapper of each box of Pills, without which none are genuine.

Prepared and sold by JOHN MOFFAT, Physician and Surgeon, 155 Nassau street, New York.

Price of the Life Pills, 25 cents per box.

Price of the Phœnix Bitters, $1 per bottle.

For sale by M. L. CUMMING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

March 24, 1846.—1y

DENTISTRY.

The Subscriber, late of Philadelphia, having permanently located himself in Plainfield, for the purpose of practising the above profession, would respectfully inform the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that he will be in Plainfield on the first Thursday and Friday of each month, and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Monday. Those who desire to engage his professional services, may do so by addressing him at Rahway, or leaving their names at the office of the Plainfield Union, and they will be left at the office of the Rahway Advocate, at the same time.

WM. TERRY, M. D.

Rahway, Dec. 15, 1846.—3m

CONSUMPTION.

And the last remedy for Consumption, is Ontario Balsam, or Wild Cherry and Tar. Ontario Balsam is a sure remedy for the Cure of Asthma, Whooping Cough, Hard Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, Soreness of breath, pain and weakness in the Lungs, Soreness of breath, pain and weakness, and all other diseases of the Lungs.

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very simple but effective article of which this "Balsam excells in a very powerful influence, to that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

in this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more effectual than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances, where persons have been afflicted long and severe suffering from the diseases, and not receiving the least benefit from various remedies and Physicians, have been restored to health by the use of this Balsam has restored to health by a few bottles, and in many instances effected a

PERMANENT CURE,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in DYSPEPSIA, a complaint in which it has been experienced by many of the Clergy, Editors, Physicians, and others of this city, for years of standing.

It has daily examples from a regular Physician, but from a Clergyman of good character, to all those complaints, for which it is recommended. It is purely vegetable, does not injure to check it in Infancy or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues, or in the common practice of Quacks and Nostrum Venders, by a brief statement of its usefulness and many cures, that its superior efficacy is owing to no such quack or mystic preparation as is usually resorted to, but to a simple and effectual remedy, the most credulous that Consumption was and Cancer, Cured. If the following certificates do not convince the most skeptical of its merits, they will be considered incredible.

There is perhaps no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fearful disease of the human race, Consumption. Day after day, year after year, does the insidious fiend destroy its victims to the ravages of the cold and silent tomb with added victims to its cold cast. No wonder it is a subject of such absorbing interest. Scarce is there an exception from its death dealing influence. Scarce is the middle aged and the young, old alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white, haired veteran, and the blooming youth, have received the same system impressions on the mandate of other fiat, and wrung from deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of eternity, or left to linger out in protracted and agonizing misery. Such consumption fastening its fangs upon its victim, leaving no hope, and but a ray of light to mingle which look complacently on the

DARK SPECTRE.

It then behoves for the afflicted to be prevented of the dangers which beset him on every hand, and seek a cure. We think there may be. And if the suggestions of those who were at least entitled to verse credit, be believed, there is a

CERTAIN AND SAFE

remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to the suffering public. Its ingredients are the most valuable qualities of a long series of fortunate experiments given it anteriorly. It is regular and certain in its effects sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public and

Well can it be known

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistars Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for 40 years past, and among hundreds in my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results, in two cases where it was thought that Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician of Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures are facts, in this medicine, are entirely respected.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing effects of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for all the diseases for which it is recommended curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was away ineffectual, has created a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has occasioned many unprincipled persons and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of poisonous ingredients, in bottles similar in size and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S WILD CHERRY BALSAM OF LIFE. Prepared only by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Proprietor and General Agents, 138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. J. C. Crane.

All published statements of cures are facts, in this medicine, are entirely respected.

Sold by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the country.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Muffs, Muffs, Muffs.

Made of the finest of stuff.

For which, cheap and easy,

To accommodate a lady,

Or gentleman either, or both,

Can be had of us very well pat.

At Bullman's store in Front street.

Dec. 29, 1846.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged as the IDEAL REMEDY for RHEUMATISM, Chronic or Acute, Contractions of the Muscles, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back, and Chest, Sores on the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Burns, Salt Rheum, Bites of Dogs, Cuts, Scalds, Felons, &c.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the use of this Liniment in the cure of RHEUMATISM in curing the most severe cases of the dreadful Disease above named, and the HIGH ENCOMIUMS that have ever been bestowed upon it, where ever it has been introduced, has induced many unprincipled persons to attempt to resort stamps to the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.

BE IT.—The Facts upon its recommending the celebrated Liniment of Comet Hunt's Liniment.

The following letter from the highly esteemed Physicians whose names are attached, to Comet Stanton, State Prison for many years, is deserving of the attention of all suffering humanity.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your note of yesterday, requesting me to give you my opinion of the efficacy of the Liniment, prepared by Mr. Comet Stanton. Knowing its great value, and his true frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a valuable remedy. Yours, &c.

Stanton's Liniment is now in use—

Very truly, and respectfully,

HOFFMAN.

Comet Stanton, Comet Mills.

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1845.

Dear Sir—I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. E. DELAFIELD.

Comet Stanton, Sing Sing.

Sir—In reply to your request for my opinion of the value of your celebrated HUNT'S LINIMENT, in my practice I have frequently used it, and in the most severe cases of Rheumatism, and in no instance have I known it to fail. I have also used it in cases of Sore Throat, and have found it a most excellent remedy. I have no hesitation in recommending it to the public as a valuable remedy.

Yours, respectfully,

BENJ. D. SILLIMAN, M. D.

Comet Stanton, Sing Sing.

From the New York Sun.

Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugs that are daily quacked forth at the expense of so much credulity, it is refreshing to find a few that are of real practical utility, combining simplicity, speedy and effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from the nauseous drugs and poisons that are the powerful remedies. Stanton's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already established itself in the confidence of many of the most influential citizens, but our most eminent physicians. All persons who are in the habit of using it, speak highly of its wonderful healing properties. We have used it ourself with gratifying success in a case of Rheumatism, and we believe it to be a valuable remedy for that disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try it. I called on my physician, and he prescribed it. I have used it, and found it to be a most excellent remedy. I am willing to give it my testimony to its wonderful healing properties. My child who is now with you is in a fair way to recovery.

Yours, &c. DEMMON C. NICKERSON.

Post Office, Towanda, Pa.

I personally acquainted with the above named gentleman, and can fully endorse the statement as being true in every particular.

JAS. W. DYKMAN.

Sing Sing Post Office.

Not Above 3 years old. Sing Sing, Aug. 1, 1845.

Dear Sir—I would take pleasure in saying a number of years, subject to frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business, I was induced to try your Liniment. I found it to relieve me in a few days, and in a short time entirely removed all affections of the kind. To those of kindred nature, who are in necessitous circumstances, I would say, that I have no objection to mention, that in this vicinity I procured a certain remedy for Rheumatism, to be obtained by those who are desirous of it a fair trial.

Yours, &c. JOHN MOORE.

The Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

WHALEY, PHELPS & CO. 143 Maiden Lane.

ROBERTSON & CO. 110 Broadway.

R. E. D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William, JASPER HALL, 96 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing, N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County

Plainfield—M. P. Cumming, Dr. Lewis Craig, Smalley & Wyckoff, Dr. Lewis Craig, Smalley & Wyckoff.

Newark—E. West Bostwick, Aaron C. Lobegeier, Campbell, N. Campbell.

Elizabethtown—Wm. Terry, M. D. Woodruff, Springfield—Edwin Slater, A. Stiles, Wm. Cooper.

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wainwright.

Elizabethtown—Wm. Wyland, Dr. J. E. Price, Rahway—C. Hiller, B. D. Barnum, A. C. Wheeler, Westfield—Charles Cory, W. S. Pierson, Isaac Smith, Benjamin Joseph M. Smith, Joseph Smith, Scotch Plains, Samuel Runyon.

Cherry Village—H. S. Stone.

Quibbletown—J. Pierson, Jr. & Son.

Smith Orange—C. J. Pierson & Son.

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Conger, Crane, Van Orden & Ayres.

Belleville—N. N. Jorsalemon & Son.

Nov. 17, 1846.—3m

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Sherrerd's and Stone's Store.

The Subscribers have just opened the above stand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which they have just opened at

Young Guard,' rough weary and travel worn, burst with loud cheers on the chief redoubt—which, after flowing in blood had been wrested from the French—and swept it like a tornado.

These six successive columns, thinned and reduced through, recoiled before the fierce onset, like the waves when they meet a rock, and slowly surged back from the walls. In the meantime dark and heavy clouds began to roll up the mountain heaven, and the distant roll of thunder mingled with the roll of artillery. Men had turned this day August afternoon into a battle storm, and now the elements were to add it with a fight of their own. In the midst of the deepening gloom, the allies now for the first time saw that the Emperor was in the city two or three days, for, through the rain came there as if the clouds were falling, thundering the living and dead around. Yet Napoleon, heedless of the storm, and knowing what great results depended on next day's action was seen hurrying on foot through the streets to the bridge over which he expected the corps of Marmont and Victor to arrive. With anxious heart he stood and he stood and listened till the heavy tread of these advancing columns through the dark near echoed his approach. Then as they began to pour over the bridge he hastened back and traversing the city, passed out at the other side and visited the centre lines that were formed without the walls. The bivouac fires shed a lurid light over the field and he came at every step upon the heads of corpses while groans and lamentations issued from the gloom in every direction; for those made of the wounded uncovered and unhoused by the rain and the storm, dragging out the night on

...n Europe.—The steamer Hibernia ...rrived, yesterday, bringing nearly a ...l, news, and one million of dollars.

...e of Corn had advanced—the best to ...bushel. Flour has advanced also, the ...ly to $6,00 a barrel.

...non Market has been animated. ...ican Lard, Beef and Pork was in good ...d.

...o President's Message, as regards the Tariff gives the English much satisfaction; but in regard to the Mexican war, it was strongly assailed—no Message ever more so.

In Ireland, the distress continues to increase. Famine is doing the work of death. Immense numbers of Irish are begging in England.

The suffering population in the Highlands and islands of Scotland is estimated at 100,000.

Rome has been visited by terrible inundations. the distress is great, the amount of property destroyed is serious. The new Pope has mitigated their hardships by his purse & personal exertions.

Later from Santa Anna.—An express from Santa Anna to the City of Mexico states that the American army was pressing rapidly upon him, and he must have $8,000,000 for the army, in some way. It is said, it can be raised only by robbing the church. Congress was deliberating on the message. The clergy threaten to excommunicate every member of Congress, officer o government and soldier, if this wholesale spoliation is resorted to.

We are insebted to Hon. John Rank for valuable public documents.

A Daguerreotype of the Moon! has been made by an amateur operator with the Daguerreotype in New York; who has, by means of an accurate and costly lens, manufactured in France, expressly to his order, and we learn by the *Globe* this morning, "succeeded in getting a magnificent photographic *representation of the moon*, which, on being subjected to the action of a powerful microscope, has disclosed the most astonishing and beautiful phenomena in relation to that planet."

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city:

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every other class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to she found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

Cures of Chronic Costiveness of twenty years' standing.

Sir—This will certify that about twenty years I was afflicted with costiveness to such a degree that nothing would pass my bowels for a week at a time, and which ultimately caused partial insanity. I was sorely distressed both by night and by day. I had no quiet sleep some times for week together; my nervous condition was in so bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for me; all their remedies made me worse and worse. When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an advertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought from its style that whoever wrote it, believed what he wrote, and if so, he was no imposter. I had to suffer ridicule of my friends and neighbors My doctor told me, after I had used them sometime, that he could make Pills just like Brandreth's; he gave me a prescription; I took it to the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more effect as physic than a piece of chip. Not so with Brandreth's pills, they always act easily and freely. I have now taken them over two years, and they seem to have renewed the life within me; my intellect is clear and serene, and I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty-five years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action of my bowels is now nearly restored to the healthy state of my youth. I bless God for what he done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Brandreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My case is known to hundreds in this county. Your agent, *Mr.* D. Kendrick, suggested that I should send it. I remain yours very gratefully,

Lebanon, N. H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire whether the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tilworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from *Dr. A. C. Castle* an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir,—Your Olosaonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no reoccurence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of pain in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.

Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

E. W. CASE, 440 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, is the duly authorized agent to obtain advertisements, or subscriptions, or to collect money, for the PlainSeld Union, in that city.

New York Prices Current, Jan. 23, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	5,5	to 5,69
Rye Flour,	3,87	to 4,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	3,75	to 3,87
Grain—Wheat,	1,06	to 1,15
Rye,	85	to 86
Corn,	72	to 80
Oats, Jersey,	45	to 46

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

H A Cory, $1,63; C M Allyn, 1,00; Amos Thompson, 1,00; B. Kitchell, 1,00; Mrs. Dimmit, 1,00; G W Skellorn, 1,00.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any *impure diseases of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUPTTIVES Beware of Imposition!—The Wild Cherry Tree is all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized and savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. Thus, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the experience of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be a valuable acquisition to those who are laboring under any of the dandreous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, reported by himself as his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not nor ever has had anything to do with the preparation of Wild Cherry but there now one got up in Philadelphia by Wilkins & Co. and the name of Wistar attached but the right of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. The genuine can be procured at the last only prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

Jan 21st, by Rev. L. R. Dunn, Mr. James Ammerman to Miss Margaret Angleman, both of Mine Mount.

On the 3d inst. Wm F. Huntoon, formerly of New Brunswick, to Mary B. Smith, of Providence, R. I

On the 10th inst. John Teunan of Providence, R. I. to Mary Sheppard, of New Brunswick, N. J.

On the 13th inst Archibald Woodruff, to Julia T. eldest daughter of the late Elphalet Johnson, Esq. dec'd, all of Newark.

At Somerville, N. J. 12th inst. Jacob L. Garthwait, of Westfield, to Jane Walsh, of New Brunswick, formerly of Philadelphia.

DIED.

At the Township Farm of North Brunswick, on the 16th inst. Mr. James Bowne, a soldier of the Revolution, in the 92d year of his age, late of Monmouth county.

In Elizabethtown, 17th inst. Mrs. Mahala Simmons, in the 40th year of her age.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any individual on my account, as I will pay no debts after this date contracted without my written order.

GEORGE W. SKELLORN.

Plainfield, Jan. 21, 1847.—3 3w*

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been a perfect rage almost all over the coundry, is now for a le in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitutions, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the thorest, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever offered to the public for any of the above diseases,

is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, a process of wreach, loss of appetite, and a general trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed powerfully from my throat and the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended me the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and invigorated my whole system, and restored me to health now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labors. I think it all important in recommending to coughs, colds, and consumptive complaints, and should be known to all afflicted. For sale by purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not impose with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are sent out to the public, based upon the reputation of yours. It will be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. EZEKIEL TOWNSEND.

In 13th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Wilbur.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his recovery is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, no medicine has ever been offered to the public, as the Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of incurable diseases of the human nature, not one remedy could be named which bears so short a space of time such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much indorsement from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves very little heed. But by so doing we would say, be careful of your colds,—"it can impair with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, use every means to prevent a cold, and if you cannot cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invention, by medicinal virtues of this preparator is daily increasing in the most gratifying character and tend to know its wonderful properties and the high rank it holds as pulmo antidotion.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, will concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever offered for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the citadel of life, and the sufferer does not realize his danger, until it is too late to conquer, as its silent invasions, locates the employment of the means requires the ease which cannot always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which will relieve the victim of all fears, and all the dangers in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne a regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry has, in numerous cases, where all other means had failed, relieved suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Vine streets, and the proprietary of the Remedy has created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that it deserves to be imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a remedy discovered which has obtained so wonderful a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. Its unbounded success in curing and so completely has it established itself in the estimation of its special object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded this (to them unpalatable) fact, but have generally used it in their own families and in their practice, and that to a degree that is ever progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine, which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, be sure and ask for the article as prepared by Dr. Swayne, and see that the signature of Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

☞ LETTERS ADDRESSED to DR. SWAYNE PHILA., (if all hail) ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,
While there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry
Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.
Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom
Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;
But beware the base imposters who would deceive
By their Paregoric cures and rhyming ribaldry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health,
Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.
Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!
If you would shun the venal cant, be healthy and be blest,
Trust not the leeching parasite to touch and justice call
Who'd bovver o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold:
That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill he says,
Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.
Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are:
That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their scheme is with Zac;
Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in the or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came out, up sprung a host of pretenders, each calling it as—or a Syrup, trying to build on their already exalted name, so that even persons might be deceived, (and it is wonderful how easily some are led upon them.) If they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
And death's dark sleep nigh?
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day?
Towering high o'er institutions,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even in old Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada. Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Skin, a real skin purifier; also excellent for shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment

See Advertisement in another column.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Sangeree, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

If not sold soon it will be to Let.

Jan. 5, 1847. Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now on hand, which he offers for sale. Country Merchants will please call and examine for themselves. DOUGLAS M. CRANE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 329 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of the present century, the peasantry of Europe, were remarkable for their beautiful forms, and fine complexions. Hardly a female could be found possessed of a skin that was not clear and transparent as that of the purest alabaster. Almighty Wisdom formed a pair—He saw that a helpmate was necessary for the comfort of man. He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling over it. And He gave unto man an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was lovely, pure and beautiful, free from deformity, light, pleasing to look upon, an inhabitant of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered, the woman saw and was tempted; the serpent insinuated, and the woman believed. Indulged, and from that moment the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and beauty was no more complete. The skin and complexion of Eve, the mother of mankind became changed, and such a scene what is the serpent's poisonous fangs could better A dark, sallow and disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Ringworm, Tetters, Rash, Sore, Blemm, and in fact, disfigurance of the skin, assumed the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have flown by, and still no remembrance of the suffering and unhappiness of the fair and gentle sex, until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blood Purifier, Exterminator, Sherry's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those disfiguring causes which so disfigure the earth's fair face, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

Shaving, Shaving Soap, Shaving Cream, Rough, Chapped, and Discolored Skin will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen, for SHAVING this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, at 91 Nassau st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.

JONATHAN R. FRAZEE has taken the store opposite Dr. Craig's Office, where he has opened an entire new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has just purchased in New York, first of the articles, and of the latest style, which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the stock, and he feels assured they will do better than elsewhere.

A 1,2 B. Frazee's you will find,
Saddles and harness of every kind.
Such as martingale, pads and straps, and gig saddles,
Collars, traces and good bridles.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,
J. R. Frazee can suit you like a book,
He not be back ward but buy and see,
If he can not suit your horse to a T.

He has good trunks and good valises,
Second hand carriages, and harness for sale cheap,
Hear the bells on sleighs how they jingle,
Good double-harness bridles single.

Now Mr. coachy is your time,
And all you teamsters that use the line,
To J. R. Frazee's come with a call,
And get new harness for your noble steed.

And for wild horses get a bridle rod,
And for travelling buy a carpet-bag,
To please your fancy you will find,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two Frazees you will see,
Choose between them where your trade shall be.
To encourage industry you will find,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you will take a trip,
Come to see him always ready to crack a whip.
As cash is our motto and no good can be,
And all enquiring friends we like to see.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of this State at their next sitting for an Act of Incorporation authorizing an assessment to be levied upon property within a certain district to be designated in said act within the vicinity of Plainfield, in the township of Westfield and Warren, and to organize a Fire Department.

December 30, 1846.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville, for New York, at 3 4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. Passengers leaving Somerville at 3, and 11 o'clock, A. M. will arrive at 3 o'clock, 4 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York at 10 o'clock, A. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will report by the 10 o'clock A. M. Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogshead of Rum or Molasses,	$1	50
Barrels of Beef, Pork or Molasses,		30
Barrel of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.		25
Corn, Wheat, clover, Flaxseed, per bushel,		10
Beef, Pork, and all common Articles, per 100 lbs.		15
Horses,	1	12
Cows,	1	12
Cows and calves,	1	12
Calves,		50
Sheep,		19
Barrel of Tea and Meal of 100 lbs.		19
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight, from 25 cents to	1	00

Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agents.

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Agents of the Steamboat and Rail Road.

CAUTION to Boatmen, which every way persons may arrive these goods, and we cautioned them at Bonds for the same prosecuted to the Way Bills.

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

THE preceding figures given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the inspection of the body, and will be noticed like a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface which indicates that this perspiration flows sublimely through the pores of the body, but only when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. Retardment of from the blood and other juices of the body, and disorders by this means of society that we call impurities within us. The language of the Scriptures is "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it must be treated directly to the stoppage of the insensible Perspiration. This we accomplish in all the cases where the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Every one knows that cooling applications upon the outside of medicine except to open the pores, and to cool the blood. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All sensations however direct their efforts to restore the insensible Perspiration. To do this in performance, I prime the Hydropathist strongly on the wet blankets, the Homopathist desiccant in the shape of the Allopathist bleeds and nurses with mercury, and the Indian by smoke generally, and the Thomsonian by steaming.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lettsom has ascertained that in twenty-four hours we perspire through the stomach, passed of by this means. In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is the reason why we have to renew our body and induce juices giving place to new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five eighths of all the virulent matter that subsequently will lead to bodily ills.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and disease is soon begun to develope itself. Hence a stoppage of the flow of the Liver, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask do every candid mind what reason seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, if in fact are closed. Would you give physic? Would you STOP? Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging accidentally is? Answer; know of no physician who prescribes internal physic for this purpose. Dr. Lettsom recommends, I presume, physicians and so all other. Mr. Allister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the BALSAM OF LIFE, is the only preparation in existence to the feet, on the head around the nostrils, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that a sweeps of the whole system of cutaneous diseases, and restores the entire texture to this healthy functions.

It is a remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious doses of physic, so commonly.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and recovered in every instance, both in beast and man, that not one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession, have had ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench, Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and standing in society to write me a letter to the effect, way, and I have this been but one voice—one united, several pages—saying "Mc'Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I head say and that it is among persons of Consumption continually although we see sold it is foolishness. I care not what it is said, so long as I can cure a person that personal y can.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing and who had it regularly every week, by the distressing often took place.

Deafness and Ear Aches are helped with a few cases.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, nose and other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system we have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat, Bronchitis Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chief diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, Sore Side, Lips, Chapped Hands, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Ringworm, Cutaneous Eruptions and of the Nose there is probably no medicine now known as good—and as far Burns has not in use in the world.

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Green Sore faces—its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease debeing till the face infects from any manner of humor. It will not cease to be applied, but will be breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but greasiness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as soft as the world.

WORMS.—If [illegible] know how fatal most worms cases were to [illegible] instantly they begin to show by their restlessness, especially at night. The truth is no one can tell invariably when worms will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every species of worm away.

The Salve will cure Ringworm on the face of the earth at once no care and no suffer to the expulsion of worms.

OLD SORES.—That [illegible] sores are of [illegible] to the system of the system is [illegible] and [illegible] through the system [illegible] tion. Such sores are [illegible] have some other [illegible] This will always [illegible] RHEUMATISM [illegible] inflammation and swelling [illegible] cause.

CALD HEAD.—When [illegible] dently destroyed every [illegible] as well as [illegible] of [illegible] ton or two [illegible] Cure. One box [illegible] to [illegible] cases of Caldness. Be it children or old, [illegible] benefit when a few boxes of [illegible] Salve.

CORNS—[illegible] Salve [illegible] days [illegible] keep Corn [illegible] Corn [illegible] Corn [illegible]

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases in Europe and Eastern City Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his extensive stock of Goods:

Striped Silks very rich, also black.
Rep De'Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.
Barege and Grenadine Robes.
Gingham, Lawns and Jaconets.
Prints, Muslins, Cambrics, Lace Goods, &c. new styles, consisting of Collars, Capes, Canezous, Dingers, Sleeves and Cuffs.
Table Cloths and Table Covers.
3 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality.
Negro Cloths and Cassimeres.
Lucas' Striped and Plaids for Summer wear.
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment.
Ticking, Muslins, Drillings, Crash, Crape assortment.
Socks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats.
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins.
Laces, Gloves, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods.
Large Stock, comprising most of all qualities and Carpetings, and a good assortment of
Rugs, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—a choice for cheap, purchasers are requested to call before buying.
Hosiery, 1,500 doz. of the best selling qualities.

N. B. The above is but a few of all lines and one stock large to be enumerated. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which will low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Stock, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades—a choice for cheap, purchasers are requested to call before buying.

Hosiery, 1,500 doz. of the best selling qualities.

N. B. The above is but a few of all lines and one stock large to be enumerated. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which will low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 12 1846.

TEAS, TEAS.

—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s 4 have ever had. Call
June 20. PRUDEN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys', Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at
PRUDEN'S.
July 7, 1845.

IRA PRUDEN,

Is constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware, which he will sell wholesale or for sale or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 20, 1846.

SHANAW'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of WORMS, at the same time it invigorates the intestines and form the most powerful tonic which forms them to resume health, and without which the WORMS cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even if the disease of the child almost not be discovered by worms and does not appear to be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only fatten the generation of worms, but are conducive to regenerate the disease.

The Powerful powder does not contain no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by infant, the feeble at age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. P. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it, or wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c. &c.
Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by
D. BULLMAN.
June, 20, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. P. CUSHING.

A CARD,

TO AMATEUR MUSICIANS.

Mr. B. RITCHELL respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity that he has taken up his residence in this place for the coming year, and would be pleased to assist all who need his services as a teacher of Instrumental Music. Terms made known at the store of the above.

Also, on hand and for sale, an assortment of instruments, selected by Prof. J. Marsh, violin bridges, &c. &c.
April 4, 1846.—3m.

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

In Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned, that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, as quick and cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try me gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.
Nov. 15, 1845.—1y

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Colicoes, just received from Philadelphia, for sale by WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on one of the most pleasant portions of the residence of the subscriber, Mr. Bond. Its efforts have been crowned, that contributed to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following January, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough; will endeavor to implant in the mind and to secure it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach, and those gentlemen who desire any thing worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Reading, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $3.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $3.00.

If English Grammar, Discussion, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Biography, and Natural Philosophy, $5.00; we prescribedly assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, to assert any tract of land, (circular) in Arithmetic.

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless every box has on it the written signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN HARTSHORN, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural channels of the system—viz: the LUNGS, the SKIN, KIDNEYS, BRIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will please notice that the top label on engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red pencil.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand Street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 12, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. P. CUSHING.

The long established Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary, JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he has taken the above business in his old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Cheese, and all kinds of Cake, &c. &c. Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, will please present the same for settlement, and those indebted to him are requested to call and settle the same without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to call on them, and will take it in money, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do cash business, and will sell goods low for cash.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.
Dec. 25, 1845.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Combustion Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common Oil and will leave no dirt or grease when accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring no trimming, and no skill in trimming is necessary, as in the case as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dutcher, Stores and Tin Peddlers, in Metuchen; Jack son Pound's Bakery.
JOHN S. EDWARDS,
Agent for the township of Westfield.
Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING WAREHOUSE,

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 363 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Second and Walnut sts.; 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mous eline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap, by
Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by
D. BULLMAN.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at
PRUDEN'S.

CLOCKS, from $3.00 to $3.50 for sale at
June 20. PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of these recently purchased, they would invite attention to the following variety:

Ginghams, Lawns, and Barages.
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also silk and white do
Mull Muslins, plain, Plaid, Striped and Spotted
Cashmerette in Paris Reps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warp do.
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bonnet Silks, French and English blue black do—various qualities
Fashion Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gre de Rhi ns, 27, 29 and 33 inches wide,
Gros de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
Cambrics, French and English Prints in great variety,
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 6c. 6d. to 8s. 9d.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width
Damask Saloreins, Silk Fringes, Gimps, Bindings,
Ladies' Cloaks and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Drills, plain, figured and striped
Remnants of every article for trimming Mantillas and Long shawls,
[for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c.
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Negro Cloths of every variety, also Beaverteens and Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' suits.
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Linen Goods,

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Stair and rag, Ingrain and Venetian, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provisions at which they will sell at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.
April 28, 1846.

NEW LAND OFFICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the Public that he has opened a Land Office at the Rail Road House at Plainfield, New Jersey, and having made arrangements in the New York Offices to attend to such work, for the purpose of selling and exchanging property on commission, and from his general acquaintance and knowledge of the business, will make it a favorable place for those who wish to dispose of or purchase their property, which will be advertised in one of the New York city papers, if requested.

He has those Three Farms in Somerset county, one of 100 acres, one of 65 acres, and one of 43 acres, with good buildings; also a small Farm near Scotch Plains, and several Houses and Lots in Plainfield. He has also for sale or exchange, a Farm lying in New Jersey, a Farm containing 450 acres located in Otsego county, New York, on the Susquehannah, belonging to the estate of Philip Phaire, in high state cultivation, with extensive buildings in good repair, which has been occupied as a Tavern and store, and is a good location for business. There have been sold on the land during the past season about 2000 bushels of Wheat, and 200 tons of Hay cut, besides keeping the ordinary stock.

Also, a Farm of 500 acres in Lewis county, and a Farm in Clinton county, Township Champlain, of Spruce and hemlock, with a lot of four acres, having a good extensive water power on the same, with a large new Saw mill in full operation, and is calculated for a run of custom work, and is in the most ready to be put in, and being very much needed at the place.

Also, a Farm containing 150 acres, with a new house built for a Tavern and store. This property with a great quantity of Spruce timber on it, and a company is about to establish an extensive leon manufactory at the same place. Also, a number of improved Farms in Jefferson county, and several acres of Timber Land.

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent.
Plainfield, Feb 16th, 1846.

ALLEBASI'S MEDICINES, viz.:
The Black or Allebasi's Salve, 25c.
Allebasi's Health Pills, 25 cts.
Allebasi's Tooth Ache Drops, 25 cts
Allebasi's Poor Man's Plaster, 12½c

THESE Popular Medicines are traversing the world, and are effecting cures in a greater variety of complaints than any other medicines now before the public. Their virtues are pleasant to taste, and most every complaint may be cured by a proper use of these medicines, directions for which are given in the pamphlets accompanying them.

The SALVE is curing old sores, swellings, inflammatory complaints, &c. &c., that astonishes even the Medical profession. There is no one described who has used the Salve, that the Salve is not warranted to cure if the directions are followed.

The PILLS are curing up almost every complaint for which as a general application is needed. Old chronic difficulties of 10 or 20 years' standing are relieved in a few days; constipation of the bowels, jaundice, general debility, coughs, colds, fevers of various kinds are all cured by these Pills. They act upon the stomach, liver, and leave the bowels in a healthy and vigorous state.

The TOOTH-ACHE DROPS are the most popular in the world.

The PLASTERS effect cures when all other means have proved unavailing, and are unequalled. Be sure to ask for *Allebasi's Poor Man's Plaster*.

A distinguished physician in Indiana, writes, "its astonishing how fast they (Allebasi's Medicines) go off here, within a short time since their virtues have become known." A very generous old gentleman from New Rochelle, N. Y. writes, "I have only time to say that my family are now decidedly better. My daughter has had her acute disease, and is now in a dangerous situation; we used the Pills there freely, and nearly two boxes of the Black Salve, which overcome the disease, and she now appears in a fair way to get well, which has been more critically attended than any fever saw afflicted with that disease. I am satisfied that if the Salve and Pills are used thoroughly in the early stages of the scarlet sore throat, that the disease may be nearly always buried from any other means.

W. m. DURAND.

Similar certificates and memorials might be given (but would fill half a dozen newspapers, but we prefer that every body should try for themselves.

They may be had of M. P. CUSHING, Plainfield, C. Barcalow, Somerville,
J. Bird and others, Elizabethtown,
S. G. Whitehead and others, Rahway,
C. W. Gudger and others, Newark.

And by all Drug Stairs throughout the State.
Principal Office, 60 Courtlandt street, New York.
LYMAN W. GILBERT, Agent.
Feb. 9, 1846.—1y

CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by
D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—100 Yards Carpetting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he opened his store in Brooklyn, and begs to assure that the advantage to possessors of the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to merit a further share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Ballorine, Delaines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Cullico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, Prints, Cassimeres, Sattinets, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings, bonnet lawn and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton braids; ladies' collars and white ties.

Also, Washington stripe, Linen Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimeres, vestings, drillings, linen and white linen, padding, paper, virgin, wadding, cotton lines, flats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hyperzic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Powchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses, Java, Laguira and Rio coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—Pepper, Ginger, Spices of every whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and cream crackers, Sal Eratus, Saleratus, and Sal soda.

Also, white wash line and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, wheelbarrows, tubs, pails, wood and willow ware, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Liliar Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, pedlocks, door latches, chis, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, slates, scissors, saws, compasses, rules, hammers, bridles, wire, nails from No 4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.
Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings rye flour, mixed yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Liberies.—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing the Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with linens, for sale. Apply as above. Just how brass mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure do. 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.
Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

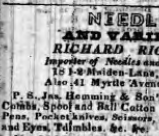
THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the shortest notice, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and the like, together with articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A good Assortment of Groceries, Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.
TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.
April 28, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for
Ladies' Skirts,
Just Opened by
June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles and cheap, for sale at
PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*



TERHUNE & BUTCHER
Would inform the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that
They continue manufacturing
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in supplying
Whatever you chance to want in.

They keep on hand and supplied for sale on the terms of Stoves—disc, a general assortment of Hardware, Rapid Heaters, and Stove Ware of Every description.

Located on opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.
Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.
Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS.

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
18 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S.—Jos. Henming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Tray Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tuimbles, &c. &c.
May 26, 1846.—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth.

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18 PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

A LSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.
Also, Steeling's Worm Medicine—All just received and for sale by
M. P. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, for sale at Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY DR. BENJAMIN BALZAM'S
THE GREAT AMERICAN
INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNBOUNDED AND TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has resulted from the use of this Great and Unrivalled Pectoral Remedy, in the cure of Consumption, Pulmonary Complaints, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, warrants the proprietor in declaring that it is the most infallible remedy in the world, in whatever form or stage of Consumption—the worst and most hopeless cases not excepted.

Many Physicians, say that the human lungs when once ulcerated never can be cured; but if experience, and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character, who have recently cured cases of the most desperate character, with Dr. Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam, and who have also cured cases of ulcerated and diseased lungs, such cases as were called Consumption by the most skilful Physicians, and given up, leaves no room for doubt, and indicates cases of ulcerated lungs, such diseases as were pronounced one in consequence of, every day.

The infallibility and most wonderful

HEALING AND CURATIVE

qualities of this best of all remedies, gives it an unrivalled virtues which no other Cough remedy possesses. It at once possesses all the necessary qualities for facilitating and promoting expectoration, allaying the tickling, soothing cough, and healing pain. It heals the ulcers in the lungs, as certainly as it never has failed to heal and cure ulcers of Scrofula, in the legs or arms, or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract

is a preparation of the great *Indian healing remedy*, which is similar in many respects to the Balsam, but contains in addition all its *purifying* properties, but, differs from the Balsam in not possessing expectorating and soothing qualities, which are only essentially necessary in Coughs and Consumption, but it is a more powerful and more active *purifier* of the blood, which, it will cure more speedily without a shadow of a doubt, in every and all cases, where it is faithfully and properly used. We warrant and guarantee that a bottle of this purifying extract, will cure three times more *alterative* and *purifying virtues* than a like bottle of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And from its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA

without fail in any instance; and also, many other chronic diseases, which proceed and have their origin from impurities of the blood, such as *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore mouth and Throat, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Blotches, Pains, Boils, Blotches, Tetter, Scrofula, Mercurial Disease, and Liver Complaint*, and any every case of confirmed or secondary diseases of the blood. It also by equalizing the circulation and producing a healthy action, cures all diseases of the kidneys, and other derangements of debility, weakness and other derangements, and is a perfect *Panacea* to families.

The great *Indian remedies* compounded and prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, and its wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, as the result of a long and extensive experience. *No injury* has ever been known to any one of many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many names of well known persons, whose testimonials are now in our possession, and who have *voluntarily* made the statements and statements of important cures. For full particulars see pamphlets furnished and other testimonials of cures, which will be sent gratis to any one who will call for them. We request you to read the following testimonials, and you will be convinced of its virtues. No injury can continue you, but the above is all a true statement of facts.

We refer, in the first place to persons in this county *who have been cured* by the use of the Balsam, of the most dreadful diseases mentioned in connection with their names.

We likewise refer to the following persons:

Mr. Wm. Mayhew, Merchant, N. E. Jamaica Plain, L. N. J. recommends it highly, having taken a bottle and found healing effects in a case of sickness and others, and has also witnessed its good effects in many other cases.

General John Dunning, Ballston Spa N. Y., who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, gives a certificate of cure.

Mr. Duncan Dickey, a farmer that was given up by Elihu Goosane Co., N. Y., Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. Forrest Merchant, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y., Incipient Consumption.

Miss Patten, Piano Forte Teacher, 23 Herbert st., N. Y., was given up by several years.

Mr. S. Cannon, Merchant, Middlebury, Ct., long difficulty of breathing.

Mr. John E. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Mass., Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. R. N. Simpson, Jobbing Merchant, 92 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. D. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co., N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Ezra Knapp, 57 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Ulcerations, in both legs from the knee to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow Ballston Spa. N. Y., Sale Rheum of 15 years; in the face and eyes.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following persons whom we are personally acquainted, have stated that after having tried in vain, the use of this medicine in its effecting cures in the following cases, of such complaints and diseases, as are mentioned therefore, for such proof, is

Mr. John Kay Fiester, Merchant, Chicago, Ill., Wonderful cures of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Mr. Jacob Phelps, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn., for Consumption.

Rev. R. Downing Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Consumption.

Mr. Thomas Bassett, Merchant, Cortland, N. Y. Consumption.

Dea. Erastus, 152 Henry st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Mr. Peter Cornell, Merchant, Cortland, N. Y. Consumption.

Mr. Robert Kidd, Merchant, Cortlandville, N. Y. Consumption.

*Mr. Wm. Hunt

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 5. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1847. Whole number 525.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines to a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing out of bed less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegatable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a pain killer, as the following certificates will testify. And will also show that [in the language of a celebrated physician] the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally heal wounds of any kind, Bruises, old ulcerated sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Felons, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Piles, Pilgrams the Daleus or Milk leg, lameness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, cough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Throat bitten by Canada, Inflammation or agne in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years, afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attendant Physician, and using many patent medicines of the day without any benefit, we at length decided upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon regained. It is therefore, think nothing afflicted if she will use the above named plaster which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any other article of the kind in vicinities where the Coons Vegetable Pain Ext. is universally known. I would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to J. R. & G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and merited celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered it unnecessary for the proprietor to puff and extol the virtues of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works bear testimony to them, and they are justly entitled to the confidence

THEY ARE A CERTAIN CURE

OF ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS, BILIOUS DISORDERS and OBSTRUCTIONS.

—In short in most cases where diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Plasters, Sprains, and Bruises, are soon cured. Headache will cease whenever used. In short the *BILIOUS CHOLIC, and REBOUR Lassitude, BILES, SCORTIVENESS, COLDS & COUGHS, CHOLIC, CONSUMPTION.* Used with great success in this disease.

COUR HUT HUMOR, & ERUPTIONS of the Skin, FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the western country these medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease, these by their alterative properties eradicate it.

THEY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

FOUNTAIN OF CONSUMPTION

GENERAL DEBILITY &

GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL HEADACHES, of every kind, INWARD EVILS, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, & LEPROSY, LOATHSOME,

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Never fails to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury left under another treatment the most powerful preparations of Mercury.

NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, OPPRESSION, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S COLIC,

PILES. The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of Piles of 30 years standing by the use of these Life Medicines alone.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.

RHEUMATISM. These afflicted with this terrible disease, will be sure of relief by the use of these Pills.

RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURVY, SALTRHEUM, SWELLINGS,

SCROFULA, or KING'S EVIL, in its worst forms. *ULCERS, of every description.*

WORMS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by these Medicines and the will be found to administer them wherever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

And these remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will prove the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS to be beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, bearing the name of "MOFFAT, sole "Medical Good Samaritan," containing the fac simile of the same, on which is a drawing of Providence. Wall street to our Office, by which strangers visiting the city can very easily find us. The signatures and directions are necessary, therefore those who procure them with white wrappers can be assured that they are genuine. Be careful, and do not buy medicines with other wrappers but if you do, be satisfied that they come direct from us, as does which them.

☞ Prepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT.

335 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York.

For Sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for this vicinity.

March 24, 1846.—1 y.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the spring season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note in time at Elizabethtown, a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

CONSUMPTION,

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more effectual than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only eminates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a fair statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy, the most credulous, that Consumption now and "Can BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time,

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurryes to the portals of the cold and silent tomb, fresh added victims to its con quest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriach, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life, sinks in evening's shade consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and rearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our chargeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its reputation has by ourselves made sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public and

"Wall on to fame"

he names of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wister's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by persons all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended in curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large ans increasing demand for it This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious imitations of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig, Also by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Muffs, Muffs, Muffs

Made of the finest of stuffs,
Furs rich, costly and rare,
To warm and adorn the Fair,
At prices reduced you will meet,
At Bullman's store in Front street.

Dec. 22, 1846.

Seabury's Oleaginous COD LIVER OIL,

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Runyon's, which he is willing to dispose of on reasonable terms. If not sold soon it will be to Let.

Jan. 5, 1847. Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

RICHARD M CRANE,

Jan. 5, 1847. 138 Harkstet near Broad, Newark.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Crup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has accompanied the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different Disease above named—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON,*

☞ The Farmer unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy Hunt's Liniment:

The following letter from the highly eminent Physicians who have been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your request yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as prepared by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing it composition, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

Fully concur in the above opinion.

W. N. BELCHER.

Yorktown, N. Y. January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used your External Remedy, called *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I believe it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbug that are presented forth at the present day upon the country, it is really refreshing to find as nothing of real practical utility, something simple, speedy, and effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from those injurious effects which generally attend powerful, remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already obtained the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and influential citizens, but our most eminent physicians all acknowledge to be a sovereign balm for many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my son, who had been crippled with a lame back from an infant; and it is with gratitude that I bear testimony to its wonderful healing properties. My child who is now five years of age, is now in fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DUMOUR C. NICHOLSON.

Post Office, Towners, Putnam co.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and think the father would be safe in saying that his son is a most child.

JAS. W. DYKMAN,

Deputy Post Master.

November 5, 1845.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years troubled with frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business. Two or three applications of the Liniment invariably remove all affections of the kind. I consent invariably remove all affections of the kind. I consent to the use of my name, and some too numerous to mention, it has in this vicinity proved a certain remedy. its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants through out the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 149. Water Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark,—Dr. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Stiles, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Scotch Plains—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Briscoe, James Crane.

Rahway—J. D. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Potter.

Orange Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Baller

Belleville—Jacob Lozier, Jr. Lozman & Son

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Congar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison, Co'dwell.

Nov. 17, 1846.—1w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Rail Road.

A. MUNDY & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the Public that they have just opened at the above stand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which they offer on sell at greatly reduced prices. Their assortment consists of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,

Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes,

Do. Pump shoes and slippers,

Do India Rubber Over shoes

Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.

Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Buskins, and Ladies' shoes of all kinds, Patent French and common Rubber Shoes trimmed an furred in variety.

For misses and children a variety of the best and cheapest kinds will be sold at the most reasonable rates, for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves; we feel assured they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Dec. 1st, 1846.—4m.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

From the National Era.

Randolph of roanoke.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Oh, Mother earth! upon thy lap
Thy weary ones receiving
And o'er them, silent as a dream,
Thy grassy mantle weaving!
Fold softly in thy long embrace
That heart so worn and broken,
And cool its pulse of fire beneath
Thy shadows old and oaken.

Shut out from him the bitter word
And serpent hiss of scorning;
Nor let the storms of yesterday
Disturb his quiet morning.
Breathe over him forgetfulness
Of all save deeds of kindness,
And, save to smiles of grateful eyes,
Press down his lids in blindness.

There, where with living ear and eye
He heard Potomac's flowing,
And, through his tall ancestral trees,
Saw Autumn's sunset glowing,
He sleeps—still looking to the West,
Beneath the dark wood shadow,
As if he still would see the sun
Sink down on wave and meadow.

Bard, Sage, and Tribune!—in himself
All moods of mind contrasting—
The tenderest trait of human life,
The scorn like lightning blasting;
The pathos which from rival eyes
Unwilling tears could summon,
The stinging taunt, the fiery burst
Of hatred scarcely human!

Mirth, sparkling like a diamond, showed,
From lips of his long sadness,
Clear picturings of majestic thought
Upon a ground of madness;
And over all Romance and Song
A classic beauty throwing,
And laurel ed Clio at his side
Her storied pages showing.

All parties feared him; each in turn
Beheld its schemes disjointed,
As right or left his fatal glance
And spectral finger pointed.
Sworn foe of Cant, he smote it down
With trenchant wit unsparing,
And mocking, rent with ruthless hand
The robe Pretense was wearing.

Too honest or too proud to feign
A love he never cherished,
Beyond Virginia's border line
His patriotism perished.
While others hailed in distant skies
Our Eagle's dusky pinion,
He only saw the mountain bird
Sweep o'er the Old Dominion!

Still thro' each change of fortune strange,
Racked nerves, and brain all burning,
His loving faith in Mother-land
Knew never shade of turning;
By Britain's lakes, by Nova's wave,
Whatever sky was o'er him,
He heard her rivers' rushing sound,
Her blue peaks gone before him.

He held his slaves; yet made withal
No false and vain pretences,
Nor paid a lying priest to seek
For scriptural defences.
His harshest words of proud rebuke,
His bitterest taunt and scorning,
Fell fire-like on the Northern brow
That bent to him in fawning.

He held his slaves; yet kept the while
His reverence for the Human;
In the dark vassals of his will
He saw but Man and Woman!
No hunter of God's outraged poor
His Roanoke valley entered;
No trader in the souls of men
Across his threshold ventured.

And when the old and wearied man
Laid down for his last sleeping,
And at his side, a slave no more,
His brother man stood weeping,
His latest word, his latest breath,
"To Freedom's duty giving,
With failing tongue and trembling hand
The dying blest the living.

Oh! never bore his anxious heart
A truer son or braver!
None trampling with a calmer scorn
On foreign hate or favor.
He knew her faults, yet never stooped
His proud and manly feeling
To pour excuses of the wrong
Or meanness of concealing.

But none beheld with clearer eye
The plague spot o'er her spreading,
None heard more sure the steps of Doom
Along her future treading.
For her as for himself he spake,
When, his gaunt form upbracing,
He traced with dying hand "*Remorse!*"
And perished in the tracing.

As from the grave where Henry sleeps,
From Vernon's weeping willow,
And from the grassy pall which hides
The sage of Monticello,
So, from the leaf-grown burial-stone,
Of Joseph's lowly dwelling,
Virginia! to'er thy land of slaves
A warning voice is swelling!

And hark! from thy deserted fields
Are sadder warnings spoken,
From quenched hearths, where thy exiled sons
Their household gods have broken.
The Curse is on thee—wolves for men,
And briars for corn-sheaves giving!
Oh! more than all thy dead renown
Were now one hero living!

* Randolph had a hearty hatred of slave traders, and it is said treated some of them quite roughly who ventured to cheapen his "chattels personal."

† See the remarkable statement of Dr. Parish, his medical attendant.

The Test of Faith.—Do you fetch your joys from earth or heaven? From things seen or unseen? Things future or present? Things hoped for or things possessed? What garden yieldeth you your sweetest flowers? Whence is the food that your hopes and comforts live upon? Whence are the cordials that revive you, when a frowning world doth cast you into a swoon? Where is it that you repose your soul for rest, when sin and sufferings have made you weary? Deal truly, is it in heaven or earth? Which world do you take for your pleasings, and which for your home? Is do not ask where you are, but where you dwell? Not where are your persons, but where are your hearts? In a word, are you in good earnest when you say you believe in a heaven and hell? And do you speak and think, and pray and live as those that do indeed believe these things? Do you spend your time, and choose your condition of life, and dispose of your affairs, as a man that is serious in his belief? Speak out: do you live of faith on things unseen, or the life of sense on the things you behold? Deal truly, for your endless joy or sorrow doth much depend upon it. The life of faith is the certain passage to the life of glory; the life of sense on things here seen, is the certain way to endless misery.—*Baxter.*

Causes of Failure in Business.—An excellent writer in Hunt's Magazine enumerates the following causes of failure among business men:

1. The leading cause is an ambition to be rich—by grasping too much, it defeats itself.
2. Another cause is aversion to labor.
3. The third cause is an impatient desire to enjoy the luxuries of life before the right to them has been acquired in any way.

4. Another cause arises from the want of some deeper principle for distinguishing between right and wrong, than a reference merely to what is established as honorable in the society in which one happens to live.

Early Rising.—The regular hours observed by persons in agricultural occupations, is probably a leading reason why farmers as a class are healthy and long lived. It is an old and almost universal opinion, that external air is much more salubrious during the day than the night; and this opinion which was drawn from observation, is confirmed by chemical experiments, which tend to show that the air exhaled by vegetables, while the sun is above the horizon, is much more pure and fit for respiration than when it ceases from the absence of the sun.

The ill effects produced by the latter are probably best avoided by seeking a state of repose and insensibility.

The morning air, on the contrary, so celebrated by poets and philosophers, for its benign and cheerful influence on the body and mind, is enjoyed in high perfection by persons devoted to an agricultural life—and the advantages they derive from this habit, in point of health, are doubtless very great.

It is stated on good authority that a person who was very desirous to protract his existence in this world as long as he was able, made every possible inquiry concerning the regimen and manner of life of those persons who had arrived at a great age, but found no circumstance common to them all save that they had all observed great regularity in point of hours both rising early and going early to rest.

An eminent and successful agriculturist when asked what made a good farmer, replied *a mind little things.*

When we visit a neighbor who is remarkable for good management, we are struck with effect by the great beauty of his arrangements; although perhaps at first we can hardly tell why.

But when we come to analyze, we discover it is the result of attention to little things, providing places for things and keeping them in their places.

If when we enter a house, we see scraps of papers, rags and pieces of thread scattered over the floor—if the dress of the children have been thrown upon beds without care and perhaps soiled and torn, if her children are disorderly, uncombed and uncleanly, does it not affect us as one pleasantly?

And accustomed to better management, do we not turn from it with disgust? Are we not apt to determine that indolence is the cause of all this?

Can we doubt if the housewife had properly attended to little things—was an early riser, and made the best use of her time—that her room, her dress and the children would have been entirely the reverse, and, instead of an offensive, would have presented an inviting appearance? For what is so becoming as a neatly dressed woman?

More delightfully interesting than a family of clean and orderly children!

Where there's a will there's a way," as the woman said when she wiped the dishes with the door mat.

Walnuts.—It has been ascertained that the shag bark walnut may be successfully engrafted, and that the engrafted trees are much the surest bearers. It is probable that the hickory, or shell bark, would do well, engrafted on the pig-nut. If so should, the quantity raised might be greatly increased, and the quality much improved. The Madeira nut, which is usually sold at the shops under the name of the English walnut, at 12½ to 16 cents per pound, may be cultivated here without difficulty, and is very productive. In the vicinity of New York, there is a tree which has produced in a single year as many as sold in the market for $200. We have no doubt that it might be engrafted on the butternut or on the walnut, with perfect success.

Evidence of Christianity.—The Boston Chronotype says:" But when we look into the beautiful, simple, natural gospels—sparkling with Heaven's own dew, and see the radiant face of the Redeemer as he says, 'do and sin no more,' to the trembling woman taken in adultery, and when we look again into the world and see that humble Washingtonian dividing his last loaf with a fallen brother, saying, 'cheer up now, put your name in with ours, and we'll bury up all the past, and you shall be a man again,' or when we see, as I think God we often do, the rich and learned man devoting himself to daily and nightly toil to heal and comfort the sick or relieve the poor, or when we see a minister of the gospel laying down his life as he does prisons, 'that they may be free,' we rejoice in Christianity as an achieved fact, which no depravity of man or devils can destroy."

Alarming Spread of Conscience.—An architect of this city who was applied to for the designs, &c., of a new church, refused to undertake the business, because the building was likely to be consecrated to Unitarian religion, to which he was conscientiously opposed. This beats those tender hearted abolitionists who refuse to eat sugar because it is the product of slave labor. But we have a friend who one nurse refuses to wash the baby of mornings, inasmuch as she is convinced that the Bible does not sanction the principle of infant baptism. The man who broke Lord Ross's telescope, on the ground that it was wicked to pry into the secret things of Heaven, had a fellow, a merchant we are acquainted with, a furious Protestant, who discharged a carman for the reason that his cart was marked 666—the number of the beast in Revelations.—*N. Y. Yankee Doodle.*

A Boot with a Big Foot in it.—Reading the Knickerbocker's article on "Boot Jacks," and big feet, reminded me of a little occurrence which took place at one of the North River landings some little time since. The Albany boat had just arrived, and the landing was, as usual crowded with cadmen, porters, loafers, etc. When the passengers commenced landing, a portly stepped up to a country looking chap saying:

"Carry your baggage, Sir!"

"No! I rather guess not," was the reply.

"Shan't carry your baggage?"

"No! darn ye!—I hain't got any baggage."

The porter looked at him a minute; then very coolly stooped down, and taking hold of one of his said with an air of solemnisment—

"Why, massa, that's one of your feet—ain't it? I'm blamed if I didn't think it was a leather trunk?"

A Crooked River.—A Matamoras correspondent of an Indiana paper, in giving a description of the Rio Grande river, says:

Imagine four of the crookedest things in the world, then imagine four more twice as crooked, and then fancy to yourself a large river three times as crooked as all these put together, and you have a faint idea of the crooked disposition of this almighty crooked river. There is no drift in it, from the time it is so crooked that no timber can't find its way far enough down to lodge two sticks together—but few snakes, because it is not strait enough to swim in, and the fish are all in the whirlpools in the bends because they can't find their way out. Birds frequently attempt to fly across the river, and light on the same side they start from, being deceived by the different curves in it. Indeed, you may be deceived when you think you see across it, and some of the b'oys say it is so darned twisting there isn't but one side to it."

Mental Training of Children.—There is no doubt that forcing the intellect of children occasions great mischief to their health, although it be done in the gentlest manner. This remark has particular reference to scrofulous and rickety children, whose brains are also largely developed and much disposed to mental activity, which fact embodies the weak condition of the other organs of the body, and, instead of being checked by parents, is fostered in every possible way, to the exclusion of all those means which have an invigorating influence upon the frame, and thus creates a premature decay. Education should not be commenced before the 4th or 5th year and then only of that nature sufficient to call forth the slightest mental efforts. They should be permitted to run under the guidance of a person possessing good plain sense. The child would thereescape the impure atmosphere of the crowded classroom and the restrains generally imposed there, which sometimes occasion distortions and undermine weakly constitutions.—*Hastings.*

Important to the Ladies.—The London Gazette suggests that when a lady would compose her mouth to a bland and serene character, she should, just before entering the room, say *Beans*, and keep the expression into which the mouth subsides until the desired effect upon the company is evident. If, on the other hand, she wishes to assume a distinguished and somewhat noble bearing, not suggestive of sweetness, she should say *Brass*, the result of which is infallible. If she would make her mouth look small and pretty, she must say *Fitz*, but if the mouth be already too small, and need enlarging, she must say *Cabbage*. If she wishes to look mournful she must say *Chemistry*. If resigned she must forcibly ejaculate *Scat*. Ladies when having their daguerreotypes taken may observe these rules with some advantage.

Casualties.—We learn that two children of Edward Plunkett, near Millstone, a boy and girl of the ages of 10 and 12, were drowned in the Delaware and Raritan canal on Thursday of last week. One of them in crossing the canal on the ice slipped into an air-hole and the other in attempting to afford assistance shared the same fate. Those who know any thing of the warmth of an Irish heart, will deeply sympathize with the afflicted parents.

A child, aged about six months, connected with a respectable family at Mine Brook in this county, was found dead in the bed with his mother on the 20th ult.—supposed to have been accidentally smothered.—*Somerset Whig.*

From the New Brunswick Times.

Death of a Revolutionary Patriot.—Died, at his residence in Piscataway, on the 30th of Jan. James T. Dunn, Esq. at the advanced age of 87 years.

Mr. Dunn was one of the few survivors of our revolutionary struggle, in which trying and important period, he was found with his fellow patriots, contending for the rights and independence of his country. He was unassuming and courteous in his deportment. For several years he was selected by his constituents of Middlesex county, to serve in the Council and General Assembly of New Jersey, and their confidence in his sound judgment and integrity was not misplaced, for he done the relations, as husband, father and friend, he was truly exemplary and endearing, and his example worthy of imitation and deference. He was a firm believer in the doctrines of Christianity, and what is better, practiced its heavenly and divine truths, which afforded him consolation in the hour of sickness and death. His funeral was attended on last Sabbath by his numerous relatives and friends at the Baptist Church of Piscataway, of which he was a member, where an impressive and appropriate discourse was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Lewis, from the words of St. John: "But we know that when he shall appear, we shall be like him; for we shall see him as he is."—*Com.*

Dreadful Steamboat Explosion.—On the 21st ult. at the head of the Southwest Pass, in the Mississippi river, the steam tow boat Phœnix exploded all six of her boilers, killing and wounding a number of persons. She had in tow, at the time of the accident, three vessels—the barque Leontine and ship Manchester alongside, and the ship Ironsides astern. On board the Phœnix there were 80 persons killed; on the Leontine, 9; and on the Manchester, 2; besides others seriously injured. The Leontine had 126 German emigrants on board, and was almost wrecked by the explosion. The Manchester was also considerably damaged.

Later from the Sandwich Islands.—The Polynesian, of Aug. 1, devotes three columns to the publication of a sermon preached June 23 h, before Rev. Mr. Armstrong's congregation, by Commodore Robert F. Stockton, of the U. S. Navy: Rev. Mr. Armstrong interpreted the gallant Commodore's talk to the Natives as delivered.

At Tahiti, there had been a number of fights between the French and Natives, with much loss of life, but no decided success on either side; and both parties adhered obstinately to their original purpose, the object of the French being the enforcement subjugation of the island and the natives at first maintaining the fastnesses of the interior, but suffering greatly from the destruction of their bread fruit trees and the desolation of their planted grounds.

Mining in New Jersey.—Glowing statements of the copper mines at Flemington, New Jersey, have been recently given:

"From all that we can learn, the copper mines of Hunterdon county, are certain to be mines of wealth to the possessor. We understand that over seventy tons of the rich ore have been mined within the last three days. A specimen of the ore has been sent us by Mr. Whittaker, of this city, who received it from Gen. Hunt, one of the leading capitalists in the company. It contains 50 per cent of copper, is worth $150 per ton at he mines. Mr. Whittaker tells us that the mining is done by contract at the rate of $3 per ton. Besides this richest quality of ore there is a kind which has a large admixture of rock, and which affords only 20 per cent. of pure copper. Large quantities of this quality are also mined, and the prospects of the company are certainly flattering in the extreme."—*Trenton News.*

A Wood Sawyer's Advice to his Son.—"Ven you arrives to the dignity of sawing wood, Larkins, you vill find you is entitled to that ere latter appellation the week condition of the other organs of the body, and, instead of being checked by parents, is fostered in every possible way, to the exclusion of all those means which have an invigorating influence upon the frame, and thus creates a premature decay. Education should not be commenced before the 4th or 5th year and then only of that nature sufficient to call forth the slightest mental efforts. They should be permitted to run under the guidance of a person possessing good plain sense. The child would thereescape the impure atmosphere of the crowded classroom and the restrains generally imposed there, which sometimes occasion distortions and undermine weakly constitutions.—*Hastings.*

Important to the Ladies.—The London Gazette suggests that when a lady would compose her mouth to a bland and serene character, she should, just before entering the room, say *Beans*, and keep the expression into which the mouth subsides until the desired effect upon the company is evident. If, on the other hand, she wishes to assume a distinguished and somewhat noble bearing, not suggestive of sweetness, she should say *Brass*, the result of which is infallible. If she would make her mouth look small and pretty, she must say *Fitz*, but if the mouth be already too small, and need enlarging, she must say *Cabbage*. If she wishes to look mournful she must say *Chemistry*. If resigned she must forcibly ejaculate *Scat*. Ladies when having their daguerreotypes taken may observe these rules with some advantage.

The Le Verrier Planet.—It appears by late discoveries that this planet occasionally approaching the earth. When first discovered, it was with difficulty seen with the most powerful telescopes; but it is now nearly visible to the naked eye. It is said to travel at the rate of a million and a half miles in 24 hours, and as it is believed by some to partake of the nature of a comet, some philosophers apprehend serious results from its approach. The most learned astronomers in England and France are anxiously endeavoring to solve the mysterious problem.

A Sight of Land.—Moses G. Leonard, the N. Y. Alms House Commissioner, in his report, after stating the great increase of expenditure in his department, says, "a public ray of relief, however, becomes cheering to the Department in the news from abroad—Isaac D'Arnstadt is nearly depopulated."

The annual appropriation bill, before Congress for the army, navy, and Indian service, contemplates a sum upwards of $30,000,000.

An Extensive Robbery was perpetrated in Boston on Sunday night, the jewelry store of Carrier & Troft having been entered and robbed of all its valuable contents, to the amount of $15,000, and so coolly did the robbers go to work that they took a luncheon with them and eat it in the store.

Fire in Trenton.—English's Rising Sun Hotel, the largest in that city, was burnt from the roof down to the 2d story, on Tuesday night last, it having caught from the chimney. Insured for $5,000. Much of the furniture was saved, still Mr. English's loss is very heavy. Many members of the Legislature boarded at the hotel, and with some difficulty obtained boarding houses.

The New Orleans papers state that the volunteers who have reached that city from Mississippi, Pennsylvania and other States, are compelled to encamp in the open field, where they are constantly exposed to the inclemency of the weather. Three or four have died, solely in consequence of this exposure, and a large number of others are sick. The state of things is thoroughly disgraceful to those who have charge of the matter.

McLaughlin, one of the Keepers on Blackwell's Island, who brought over the prisoners to vote at the last election in New York was convicted and sentenced to a fine of $150 and 30 days imprisonment in the City Prison last Wednesday.

Coal.—Lyell, the Geologist, asserts that there is more coal in the state of Illinois than in all Europe.

Eleven appointments just made for the Army and Land Offices, are all of Virginia and states south of it.

License Law.—Seventeen indictments for selling intoxicating liquors contrary to law, were found by the Grand Jury at the late term of the Recorder's Court in this city. The parties with one exception, plead guilty, and fines ranging from $10 to $75 were imposed, amounting in all to $495.—*Utica Gaz.*

Newburyport Post Office.—Postmaster. "Well, my lad, what will you have?"

Boy. "Here's a letter, and she wants to have it go along on last arrival, 'cause there's a feller there feller what isn't here, and she's engaged to another feller what isn't here, and she wants to know whether he's going to have her or not."

Having delivered his message with great emphasis, the boy departed, leaving the Postmaster convulsed with laughter.

If Mr. Polk's doctrine that tardiness in paying debts is just cause of war, was carried out, what a time there would be. Massachusetts might declare war against the Genera. Government, and those repudiating States, Illinois, Mississippi and Arkansas, would be involved in war forthwith.

Eight-tenths of the emigrants from Great Britain come to the United States.

Poland is said to be the greatest honey-producing country in the world.

A Very Good Reason.—Prince Albert was blaming a little boy at Eton for not having learnt more at his age. "It's not my fault, sir," replied the young dunce, "for we have a holiday every time a new prince is born."

During the last fourteen years 2257 bulls and 2945 horses have been killed in bull fights at Madrid.

A Word to Young Men.—Wishing, and sighing, and imagining, and dreaming of greatness, said William Wirt, will never make a great man. But cannot a young man command his energies, Read Foster on decision of character. That book will tell you what is in your power to accomplish. You must gird up your loins and go to work with all the indomitable energy of Hannibal scaling the Alps. It is your duty to make the most of your talents, time and opportunities.

The True Manure.—Science in its patient pilgrimage is every day bringing to light some fact or hitherto undeveloped principle of value to the farmer. A Parisian Journal—the "Pinalange," says that recent experiments have abundantly demonstrated that no manure is so beneficial to a plant as its own leaves. It further remarks that the "vine dressers in that country who have mingled the leaves and twigs of the vine with the earth about the roots, have thus produced the most hardy and prolific grape vines known."

Hon. J. C. Gray, of Boston, last week gave a ball, the getung up of which is said to have cost over $5000—and the wines alone more than $500—the side walk was carpeted for the company to alight on, and so on.

A lady of Cincinnati, on Christmas-eve, had one of her eyes put out by a knitting needle, which was thrust into the ball, in an attempt to get it back from a gentleman who had playfully taken it from her.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have in use an engine of 25 tons, which with the aid of a new constructed snow plough, that cost only fifty dollars carries a heavy train up a steep ascent, through snow drifts 8 and 9 feet deep.

Alfred, king of England, though he performed more business than any of his subjects, found time to study.

THE UNION

Plainfield, February 9, 1847.

Extension of Slave Territory.—The Legislatures of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, New Hampshire, and we believe several other States, have passed resolutions, by large majorities, utterly opposed to any further extension of slave territory, and to the admission of any more slave states into the Union under any circumstances whatever. Such is the language of all the free states—such is the fixed determination of the freemen of the North and West. In the language of the N. Y. Eve. Mirror, "It is time indeed to speak out, when we are called upon to carry on a war for the subversion of Freedom and the establishment of Slavery.

Paterson has responded promptly and liberally to the call for aid to Ireland. The committee transmitted by the steamer on Tuesday $575, to be distributed by Father Matthew, to whom the money was sent. The collection will goes on.

The Friends of this place, with some assistance from other denominations have collected about $70, which is or will soon be forwarded to Philadelphia. We have not learned the amount raised in Rahway, the other part of this Monthly Meeting.

Supplying Europe with Food.—Agricultural Resources of the United States.—The present great scarcity of food in Europe owes upon the Agricultural resources of this country in a wonderful degree, and taxes our means of conveyance to their utmost extent. The business of our flour, grain, and provision merchants, ships and railroads, is indeed immense—almost incredible. The United States, with its immense and fertile territory, is fully capable of supplying the mighty population of Europe with food, and to us they must look now and in future, to make up any deficiencies in their own supplies. This is indeed already acknowledged by the French and English papers.

At one time last week, 67 of our largest ships were loading in New York, with provisions for the European market, and on the 20 h of January, 72 vessels were loading at New Orleans with similar cargoes; and this is but a specimen of what is doing at all our sea-ports. To meet this great demand at the sea-ports, the railroad trains, steamboats and every means of conveyance from the interior, are crowded with freight, and find it impossible to take it in fast enough. All the depots on our Railroad are much more than filled, though 5 or 6 trains go through daily. Four acres of Indian meal were lying at Elizabethport last week. On Friday, about 300 teams loaded with Indian meal, averaging 40 bushels to the load passed through Boundbrook on the way to New Brunswick. The Housatonic Rail Road is fairly buried under its freight, and much of it from Albany to New York goes by the way of Boston.

This large export causes a large inflex of specie, greater perhaps than ever before known, which, it is said, must make business extremely active this Spring.

A Tariff Paper at the South.—"The Southerner," a cheap newspaper, has recently been commenced at Richmond, Va. devoted to the encouragement of American industry, in all its branches—advocating the Tariff policy in opposition to the free-trade theories and extensive planting system which so materially retard the growth and prosperity of a large portion of the Southern States. $1 a year.

Congress.

Monday, Feb 1—In Senate, the House Bill establishing post routes in Texas, was passed.

The Army Bill finally passed: 39 to 3.

A communication was received from the Treasury Department, recommending an increase of 10 per cent on the duties on iron, coal, clothe and castmetals, 20 per cent on sugar, an increased duty on some other articles, and a diminished duty of 5 per cent on other wines—also a duty of 15 per cent on tea and coffee.

In the House, a resolut on calling for correspondence with Gen. Taylor was adopted, 101 to 63. Another resolution calling for information relative to army movements was adopted.

A communication from the President giving the names of the members of Congress serving in Mexico, was ordered to be printed.

Tuesday.—In Senate, a communication from the Sec. of War, with a return of the military of the several states.

The resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor, from the House, was laid over.

The Senate then took up the three million appropriation Bill, and after a brief debate, adj.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, and the tax on tea and coffee was debated.

The West Point Bill was passed.

Wednesday—In Senate, the House resolutions of thanks to Gen. Taylor, his officers and men, were debated all day. It was moved to strike out the proviso non-approving the capitulation at Monterey, which after a very spirited debate was carried, 35 to 15

Mr Webster desired that not one word of comment respecting the war should be embraced in the resolutions, or one word more or less than was appropriate to the occasion proposed to be celebrated—merely extending the thanks of Congress to Gen. Taylor, &c. which was adopted.

In the House, the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was under consideration. Mr. Davis of Ky. made a vigorous defence of Gen. Taylor, and strongly condemned the entire management of the war, on the part of the Administration

Thursday—The Senate was engaged all day on private bills.

In the House, the debate on the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill was continued, and Mr. Ashmun, of Mass. spoke of the war and the extension of Slavery.

Friday—In Senate—A bill was reported to pay for vessels and supplies furnished the late Republic of Texas.

A committee of conference was ordered on the disagreements between the two Houses, on the 10 Regiment Bill.

The Three Million Bill was taken up and Mr. Berrien, of Ga. spoke at length on the Mexican war, and in opposition to the Administration.

In the House, the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was passed, 174 to 3

Several private bills were considered, and before 3 the House adjourned.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Monday afternoon, Feb. 1.—In Senate, the Assembly Bill to set off part of Westfield township in Essex county, into a new township to be called Plainfield, was reported, without amendment.

In Assembly, a concurrent resolution relative to an additional wing to the State Prison, was adopted.

Also, one calling for a report of the amount expended on the State House, and the probable amount required to finish it.

Tuesday.—In Senate, petitions for a bank at Somerville were presented.

An Act to establish the township of Plainfield in Essex county, was ordered 3d reading.

Notice was given of a bill to incorporate Easton and Somerville Rail Road Company.

In Assembly, a petition was presented by Mr. Meeks from Essex, in favor of appropriate revenues of Canal and Railroads to Common Schools.

A remonstrance was presented from the Morris and Essex R R Company against the extension of the Elis & Som R R to Morristown.

Also, a petition from Morris in favor of the extension.

A Joint Resolution was offered, to present swords to the officers from this State, who were in the late battles in Mexico. Referred to a Select Committee.

The Bill to repeal the 7th section of the Plainfield Iss Co charter, was ordered to a 3d reading.

Wednesday—In Senate, the bill dividing the township of westfield was passed, and Plainfield now stands by herself, a separate, independent township. The dividing line, in the words of the bill is as follows:

"Beginning in the middle of Green Brook, near Elijah Shotwell's dwelling, and in the range of the centre of the Terrill road; thence to run a south east course and in the middle of said road to its junction with the road leading from Plainfield to Rahway, near the two bridges; thence to run southeast to the line dividing the township of Rahway from the township of Westfield."

There seems to have been no opposition to the bill in either House the former extent of Westfield, the late alteration of the election law, and the great increase of our population, all making this alteration necessary.

A bill was reported, organizing the State Lunatic Asylum, by appointing ten managers, among whom are Stacy G. Potts, Daniel Haines and J. S. Darcy,—two to go out each year, and the Supreme Court to name their successors. Ordered 2d reading.

In Assembly, the supplement to the Plainfield Mutual Fire Insurance Co passed.

The resolutions, relative to presenting swords to officers in Mexico, were reported.

Thursday—In Senate, several petitions were presented for new county of Union, in Essex.

A bill was introduced to incorporate the Somerville and Easton Railroad.

In Assembly, Mr. Chetwood, from Corporation Committee, reported adversely to granting a charter to individuals in Piscataway for the suppression of horse thieves.

He also introduced a bill to authorize the making of a road over the Elizabethtown Meadow from Great Island to Oyster Creek. Ordered 2d reading.

In both Houses resolutions were adopted to investigate the affairs of the Plainfield Bank, and committees were appointed with power to send for and examine the officers and papers of the institution, and all other persons in oressed, with a view of ex ubishing or refuting the reports of its unsolidity which have so long prevailed in the adjacent community. The results soon were officially given by Mr. McLean, of Rahway, and were passed five minutes—the committees appointed and entered upon their duties immediately, being in Plainfield on Friday and Saturday. The Joint Committee consists of Messrs. Olden and Fort, of the Senate, and McLean, Bates and McFarlan, of the House.

Several petitions were presented from the Seventh Day Baptists, to permit them to pursue their usual business on the 1st day or Sabbath, deeming it unconstitutional to establish by law one form of religious belief in preference to another.

Friday—In Senate, A bill was reported from the Corporation Committee to create the county of Union.

Also, a bill to repeal the 7th section of the Plainfield Mutual Ins. Co. charter.

The bill to authorize the building of an additional wing to the State Prison, was ordered 2d reading.

In Assembly—A petition from Somerset for compensation to Grand Jurors, was presented by Dr. Martin.

Also to extend the Springfield Railroad to Morristown.

A resolution was offered by Dr. Goble, of Newark, forever prohibiting Slavery from the territory to be acquired from Mexico.

Both Houses adjourned to Monday afternoon.

It is stated that in Peru there are now sixteen mines of silver and fifty-two of copper, being worked most of them by American and English companies.

The Legislative News this week is particularly interesting. Plainfield has been cut off into a township by itself—our new Inc. Co. has obtained the desired alteration of its charter; and the coughing or alteration in the charter of the old Co. had passed one House, and progressing in the other. The Committee appointed to investigate the affairs of our Bank are still performing the duties of their appointment, and seem determined to make thorough work. We shall probably have their report within the week.

The Washington Union says that of the ten regiments of volunteers, recently called out, the two from Pennsylvania, one from New York, one from South Carolina, one from Mississippi, and one from Louisiana are hastening to the field.

Much the largest portion of the Virginia regiment are on their way.

The other regiments are nearly organized and will probably proceed to their place of destination in two weeks.

Dentistry.—Dr. Arms will not be able to visit Plainfield according to previous notice; but will come on Monday, the 8th of Feb. and remain till Friday the 12th—at Laing's.

The storm on the 3d inst. near Union Mills, Md. did a great deal of damage to orchards, houses, &c. Several poor families had their houses blown down.

The storm also did considerable damage in N. Y. city, and in other places as far south as Baltimore.

A Cincinnati paper states that a firm in that city made $75,000 in one day, by the advance in flour occasioned by the news by the Hibernia.

Time is a file that wears and makes no noise. Where honor ceases, knowledge decreases. Vows made in storms are forgotten in calms.

NOTICE.

Mr. Van Amringe, of Pittsburg, Pa. will lecture on Thursday Evening, 11th inst. at 7 o'clock at J. Ayers' Railroad Hotel, on the Freedom of the Public Lands, the inalienable homestead, and the Land Limitation

N. B. Objections will be answered.

The Public are invited to attend.

Feb. 8th, 1847.—1w

Dr. Culless' Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

From the Boston Evening Traveller.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

It is perhaps not an act of justice to the proprietor of this Balsam of Wild Cherry for us to say, that our personal experience in the use of it has been unimpeached its most favorable. One of the proprietors of the Traveller was entirely cured of a severe cough of four months' continuance, by the use of this Balsam; and several of our friends and acquaintance, who have tried the article, have found it of great service in relieving them of severe coughs and shortness of breathing, with which they had been afflicted. Mr. Seth W. Fowle, No. 138 Washington st. is the general agent.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unessigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crane.

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the humoral acrimony by hardening the valves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased speed, and is still increased by the friction of the globules, or particles which compose the mass of fluids. Then it is that the excessive heat and chills is experienced throughout the whole system and accompanied with great thirst, pain in the head, back, kidneys, and in fact a complete prostration of all the faculties of the mind as well as body.

On the first attack of fever, or any disease, immediately take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep up a power ul effect upon the bowels until the fever or pain has entirely ceased. Six or eight will in most cases be sufficient as a first dose, and one dose of this kind is not improbable, may prevent months of sickness, perhaps death.

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, are indeed a universally approved medicine, which by its peculiar action, cleanse the blood of all impurities, removes every Pain and Weakness, and finally Restores the Constitution to perfect Health and Vigor.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase others inquire whether the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S CLOSAGONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir—Your Closagonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that he contracted, lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and appreciated by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, Feb. 6, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6.50 to 7,00
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 4,75
Indian Meal, Jersey,	3,00 to 3,25
Grain—Wheat,	1,35 to 1.60
Rye,	85 to 94
Corn,	1,95 to .99
Oats, Jersey,	49 to 50

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Jacob Manning, $2,38; Wm. Laing, 2,00; Randolp Manning, Esq, Detroit, Mich. 1,50; Clark Holton, 1,07; Fred. Dell, 1,00; Theo. Vail, 38; H. A. Cory, 75.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any improper disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations, is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, and in its early acquaintance to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate, is the preparation of Dr. Sawyne's celebrated Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not any one has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but the genuine is put up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the flight of which was sold out to some merchants in the West is one would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see the signatures of Dr. Sawyne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

Jan. 27, Jonathan S. Crane to Ann M. daughter of the late Stephen Crane, of Elizabethtown.

Jan. 31, Robert Lindsey to Emeline Mason, both of Elizabeth Port.

Jan. 27th, Leonard L. P. Appleby, of New York city, to Harriet A, daughter of John Appleby of Spottswood, N J

On the 21st ult. at St. Paul's Church, Rahway, Thomas Denne, Esq to Sarah L. West, both of Baltimore.

DIED.

At Connecticut Farms, Jan. 25, Martha, daughter of Edward Faitoute, *aged 23 years*.

On the 27th ult. of consumption, in Upper Rahway, Henry Miller, a stranger, from Ohio, aged about 30.

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, is dissolved this day by mutual consent. AZARIAH MUNDY.
GEORGE S COON.

Plainfield, Feb. 8th, 1847.—3w

The business will be continued at the same store, recently occupied by A. Mundy & Co. by
Feb. 8, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Randolph Dunham vs. Recompense S. Potter and Richard S. Martin.
Borough of Elizabeth, Common Pleas, Fi. Fa. de bonis ac boris.

By virtue of the above stated Writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue, at Jacob Drake's Inn, in Scotch Plains, on the 3d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M. all the lot of Land and premises, situate lying and being in the township of Westfield in the county of Essex, and state of New Jersey—Beginning at a stone in the road being Conrad Neal's corner and running with his line North thirty-eight degrees west two chains and thirty links to a stone on the northwestern bank of the millrace of Randolph dec'd Estate; thence with the line in the west bank of the race, north forty six degrees east ninety-eight links to a stone, and corner of Ira Randolph dec'd Estate; thence with the line in the west bank of the race, north forty six degrees east thirty-eight degrees east two chains and twenty-seven links to a stone in the aforesaid road, then a direct course along said road ninety-eight links to the place of beginning, containing twenty-two hundredths of an acre of Land which the defendant purchased of Zachariah Webster and Elston Marsh as per deed dated Jan. 15th, A. D. 1847.

NOAH WOODRUFF, late Sheriff.
Union, January 5th, A. D. 1847.

Farm for Sale

THE subscriber will offer his Farm for sale at Public Auction, on the Premises in Piscataway township, Middlesex Co. N. J. on Thursday, the 11th of February inst. at 10 o'clock, noon. Sale Positive. Said Farm contains about 70 acres of Land, about 30 of which are in young and thrifty growth of wood, it is well watered by a stream of water running through it; has a good Dwelling House, Barn and Wagon-House. Said Farm lies about 3 4 of a mile from the Dutch & Somerville Plank road between the village of Samptown, 2 mile from Plainfield, adjoining lands of Andrew Manning, John Mullison, and others, and is on the road from Samptown to the road between Plainfield and Boundbrook. Conditions made known on the day of sale.
Feb. 2d, 1847. RICHARD MANNING.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mou sline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by
Sept. 29, 1846. D. BULLMAN.

The Universal Remedy for Burns, Chilblains & all Scrofulous diseases!

THE World is challenged to produce a safer or speedier remedy for the above diseases, than Dr. Lyons' Universal Remedy.

CERTIFICATE:

This may certify that I have been sorely afflicted with Chilblains for ten years, and have found in Dr. Lyon's Universal Remedy, a speedy and sure cure.
Plainfield, Jan. 1847. ALFRED F. LUND.

I have been sorely afflicted with Chilblains, Dect. Lyon's Universal Remedy has effected a perfect cure.
Waterloo, N. Y., Jan 1846. S. YOUNG

To every head of a family we would state that Lyon's Universal Remedy is an invaluable preparation, having used it for some time past in our family for burns, sore throat, &c. and think that no family after having tried would be without it GEARY VAN RIPER.
TEAL HARRIS.

Waterloo, Dec. 1845. SAMUEL WAGNER.

We concur with the above, and do say that Dr. Lyon's salve is the best remedy for sore throat that we have ever used. M. TAPPENDEN.
Geneva, Dec. 1845. WM. HOPES.

Waterloo, Dec. 10, 1845.

I have used the Universal Remedy for burns, &c. on my child's eye, and find it a valuable remedy. My little boy burnt his eye very badly indeed, and I was much alarmed for fear he would lose his sight; but in three days it was all removed by the application of the Universal Remedy. I have seen Mr. G. Cooley's child that was burned on the forehead, eye and cheek, and learned that it was immediately removed by the Universal Remedy. I am now using it on Cloth-sore, and find I have received immediate relief and hope, not but cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing that every family ought to have a box in their house at all times. JOSEPH K. WARD.

For sale, at 25 cents a box, with several other certificates, and directions, by M. F. CUSHING.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any individual on my account, as I will pay no debts other this date contracted without my written order. GEORGE W. SKELLORN.
Plainfield, Jan. 21, 1847.—3 3w*

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 4 3-4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, and 11 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 o'clock, P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York by Steamboat, at 3 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 10 o'clock, A. M. Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 Ex o'clock, P. M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat, 75 cents

"	Boundbrook,	62 1-2
"	Plainfield,	50
"	Westfield,	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
"	Boundbrook to Jersey City,	62 1-2
"	Plainfield,	50 1-4
"	Westfield,	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogsheads of Liquor or Molasses,	$1 50
Barrels of Beef, Liquor or Molasses,	30
Barrel of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.	25
Cars, Wheat, clover, Flaxseed, per bushel,	6
Oats,	4
Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs.	15
Horses,	1 12
Cattle,	1 00
Cows and calves,	1 12
Calves,	25
Sheep,	12
Sacks of Feed and Meal of 100 lbs.	12
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight.	
from 25 cents to	1 00

Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agents.

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Captain of the Steamboat, or the Agent of the N. J. Railroad, which ever may persons may order their goods, and no deduction made at Somerville from the prices forwarded in the Way bills.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will burn neither gum or smoke, if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dexter, Stove and Tin Shops, in Market street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,
Agent for the township of Westfield.
Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Among the Missing!

LOST, on Sunday last, A GOLD CHAIN. The finder will be suitably rewarded, on leaving it at the store of J. R. FRAZEE.
Plainfield, Feb. 2, 1847.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of quality and prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, difficulty of lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended in bills of the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough at length threw a blood vessel profusely from my mouth, when the parent, seeing my danger came upon me instead, my whole system was convulsed, and I thought I was dying. I was so scared near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which I procured and took, and found relief, comfort and ease the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all. Persons would not purchase the original and genuine article, but guaranteed by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the public, under the name of yours, by means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. Yours, &c. EZEKIEL FISHER.

In 13th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his recovery is within the reach of all, so no one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day and they are a great variety, which promise to be of great value to the human family, there is none which has attained the popularity of Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of Consumption, there is none which can for a moment compare with it, for it is the only one which has ever been found which has in so short a time, received the confidence of such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received its unchallenged praise from the faculty and others, as it justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think they will go away of itself in a few days, and they give themselves no trouble about it. But be not deceived, we would say, be careful of your colds,—for as sure as your life, as sure as your constitutions, if you desire to live in a good old age, use such remedies as will give you a speedy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this Invaluable medicine, which are in the possession of the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character and tend to show its sanative properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used it, have given Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry the preference in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever invented for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of Dr. Swayne's remedies:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Everyone knows that a cold must indeed, to any result in all the horrors of Consumption, and that the first and earliest approaches to the dread of life, that the sufferer does not think of, and neglects until it is too late to counteract its silent incursions, become the employment of the means requires the time which cannot be spared from the pursuits of business, or pleasure, which is necessary to all at all times, and at the same time potent in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. In this light we have long considered the preparation of a regular physician. His Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is just the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine is the result of the long and extensive experience of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created an agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

In truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, there is the large Hippocratian Oath, the Dispensatories of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy have created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

In truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, there is the large Hippocratian Oath, the Dispensatories of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy have created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Dr. Swayne, one of the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded this Syrup the most unbounded faith but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To Sages of the Profession the combinations of the medicine which have been from time to time poured upon the public as genuine, are excuse all who wish to see the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is for sale by all druggists throughout the United States.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,
All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death.

Where there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;
Arise and be! Arise ye from the margin of the grave.
Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom
Of Consumption, and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb!

Let beware the base impostors who would desecrate this name,
By their Pharisaic curses and rhyming ribaldry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health!

Who sells Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,
Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The Balsam of Wild Cherry! Oh, beware of such a cheat.

If you would shun the venal cheat, be healthy and be blest,
Trust not the bleeding parasite, in truth and justice cold
Who'd hover o'er your latest breath to catch a glance of gold;

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous powers to sell
Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn ye the pale-consumptive, who these reckless wretches are
That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their scheme with Tar;

Learn ye to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayn's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in the or any other country, or any other this celebrated remedy came into use, several other such as Balsams, Cherry, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that certain persons might be deceived, and to sell their worthless stuff off on them, if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hark Consumption's doom been spoken!
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Turning bright eyes dim and broken
Into orbs of lustre gray?
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day?
Turning bright eyes dim and broken
Into orbs of lustre gray?
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even in sunny Switzerland.

Remember all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada. Jan. 20th, 1846.—1y

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call
June 20. PRUDEN'S.

CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Skin, a real skin purifier; also excellent for shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by
M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.
Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.

See Advertisement in another column.

Valentines, Valentines!!

A SPLENDID Assortment, just received, and for sale at the New-York prices, by
Jan. 12, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this fair earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure on all His glorious works, and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but so good Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great head must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—And He gave unto man as angel, in a woman a form so divinely fair, so full of light, pure and beautiful, like as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, of a goddess of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered, the woman saw and was tempted; the serpent triumphed, and then the curse fell on the earth, and the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and beauty no longer existed. Sickness, pain and consumption of man and woman became subject to all the misery, misery with the serpent's poisonous fangs could inflict. A black eye, a disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ringworm, Tetter, Rose Rash, Itch in short, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assumed its place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have rolled away, and the same harbingers of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the Almighty, we have found out that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Extirminator, it is Dr. Swayne's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

under man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those many disfigurements so disgusting to the sight, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

Call and get Dr. Swayne's Chinese Medicated Soap, for Lips, Hands, Cracked, and Discolored Skin, and will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen: for SHAVING this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

A child can use it. Prices 25 cents a cake, at 241 Hudson st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.

JONATHAN S. FRAZEE has taken the store opposite Dr. Craig's Office, where he has opened an entire new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has just purchased in New York, from rate articles, and of the latest style, which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves, and he feels assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Trunks, Valises, Collars, and everything in his line constantly on hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 8th, 1847.

All J. R. Frazee's can sell you,
Saddles and harness of every kind.
Such as surcingles, polo straps and gig saddles,
Collars, traces and good bridles.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,
All J. R. Frazee's goods are in a book.
Do not be back ward but buy and see,
If they can not suit your horse to a T.

He has good trunks and good valises,
Second-hand harness with new traces,
Here also you'll find whips, bow pins, buggy lingle,
Good double-harness besides single.

Now Mr crotchy is your time,
And ask you teamsters that use the line,
To J. R. Frazee's come with speed,
And get your harness of the best you can need.

And for wild horses get a bridle gag,
And left traveling buy a carpet-bag.
To please your fancy you will find,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two Frazees you will see,
Choose between them where your trade shall be,
To encourage industry you will find,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you will take a trip,
Compare the cheap emporium and buy a whip.
As cash or goods are in return be,
And all enquiring friends we like to see.

SEAMAN'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and removing from the system every variety of worms at the same time of assisting in the removal from the mucous or alimentary matter which forms their abode in food, and with it which the worm cannot exist. This medicine is particularly adapted to the complaints of the child should not be occasioned by worms and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial; as the effect of worms is to produce corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are consequently active to various other diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other dangerous ingredient, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tender age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the first Merrimack Prints, cheap by the yard. Just received by
March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

1 BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for sale cheap by D BULLMAN.
Dec. 7, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames, WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 20, 1845.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street, nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Boud. No efforts have been scrupled, that contributed to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe its merits will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to train it for almost any necessary vocation. The corps, it is for almost any necessary vocation. The corps, it is for almost any necessary vocation. The following sciences are unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Table, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2,50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3,00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Sieography, and Natural Philosophy, $4,00.

Surveying, Geometry and Trigonometry, $5,00; we positively will not without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Grammar, $4,00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

DR. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open all the natural drains of the system—viz: the **LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS**—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine: and so complete have been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents' gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues to carry on the business at the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. at wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, printing, shoes, hats, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also taxers, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands of any nature, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business in the future in any way.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

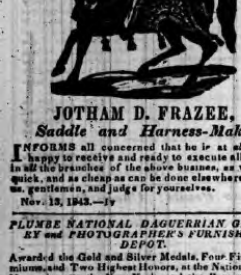
Dec. 26, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the establishment

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry sts. Plainfield, N. J.

And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st; Boston, 75 Court, and 26 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Pittsburgh, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 107 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS. From $200 to $3,50, for sale at Less Prices. PRUDEN'S.

GOODS. Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S,

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Purchased recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzorines, Lawns, and Berages,
Grenadine Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do.
Mull Muslins, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmere and Fancy Prints, in the latest styles.
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warp do.
Mousseline, French, English and Germen,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Gingham Ginghams, Dark blue and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhi se, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide, [Bonnets.
Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for
Bird, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
Bleached and Unbleached English Thread, great variety
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 2s. 6d. to 8s. yd
Sheeting and shirting. a Muslins single and double width
Shawls, Balzorine, Mc'de Laine, Broche, and Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton Hosiery,
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace, (the real article) for trimming Mantillas and Long shawls, [for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, &c. &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woollen Velvets, &c.
Flannels, Linsey, Kentucky Jeans, Beaverettes & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' suits.
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Lucse Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, hollows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 28, 1846.

NEW LAND OFFICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the Public that he has opened a Land Office at the Rail Road Hotel at Plainfield, New Jersey, and that he will be there in person two days in each week, for the purpose of selling and exchanging property on commission, and from his general acquaintance and knowledge of the business, will make it a favorable opportunity for those who wish to dispose of their property, which will be advertised in one of the New York city papers, if requested.

He has on hand for Sale Three Farms in Somerset county, one of 100 acres, one of 65 acres, and one of 43 acres, with good buildings; also a small Farm near Plainfield, with buildings, and one Lot in Plainfield. He has also for sale or exchange for property in New Jersey, a Farm containing 450 acres located in Otsego county, New York, on the Susquehannah, known as the village of Side Cut Plain, in a high state cultivation, with extensive buildings in good repair, which has been occupied as a Tavern and store, and is a good location for business. Teams have been raised on the same during the past season about 2000 bushels of Wheat, and 200 tons of Hay out, besides keeping the ordinary stock.

Also, a Farm of 500 acres in Lewis county, and 5 Lots of 250 acres of Timber, consisting of Pine, Spruce and hemlock, with a Lot of four acres, having an extensive water power on the same, with a large new Saw-mill in full operation. There have been 2 acres of stone which are on the spot ready to be put in, and being very much needed at the place.

Also, a Farm containing 160 acres, with a new House built for a Tavern and store. This property offers a great opportunity for an enterprising man as a company is about to establish an extensive Iron manufactory in the vicinity of the Farmer of improved Farms in Jefferson county, and several tracts of Timber Land.

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent.

Plainfield, Feb 16th, 1846.

New Goods for the Spring Trade,

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.
Rep de Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.
Barege Shawls, striped and plaid
Ginghams, a good assortment.
Prints, new style and fast color, not now be surpassed,
Diapers, linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,
Wanlskeens and Cassinetts of Cottonades,
Lucas' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,
Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,
Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,
Carpetting, a good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—a cheap lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and for Sale,
Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes,
China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware,
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes,
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 12 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c. Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

THE preceding figures given to represent the Pernicious Effects of the DISSIPATION for the impurities of the body.—It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which represents that this person's body is corrupted with when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disease by the absence of nearly all the impurities within us! The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it must be transferred from the stomach of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary when the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its own blood purifier is sufficient without the aid of parts of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All persons know or ought to know that to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Hydropathist abrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist dealt in infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and dosses us with nauseous, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration which is thrown off from the body, Lavenhock ascertained that five-eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed of by this means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five pounds of the vitalest matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins. Most of the diseases of the day, are the effects of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask no, every candid mind what causes a person to take cold? Pursue to unstop the pores, and they are closed.—Would you give physic to STOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? Then, by the flow of the juices, which makes any external application to effect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others, a remedy called ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around old sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severe. Try it.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, and heal them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle to its healthy functions.

It is a remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last four years in the treatment of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven that I have not found one single case that it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians learned in the profession have had ministers of the Gospel and Judge and Church Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of disease, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying "Mr. Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing periods of Consumption continually. Dr. Parker of Troy told it is foolishness. I dare not what is said, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—Also has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing and who had it regularly every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Aches are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint, Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchits Broken or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chronic diseases such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, Chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine that is more so good—and so for Burns has not its equal in the world!

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Stiffness, and Dryness of the skin is an expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face suffers from an inward that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is a scrofulous humour or dull eruptive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

TO WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. The truth is no one can tell invariably, when worms will destroy a child but what it has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the excision of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are no outlet to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the skill of doctors or twenty doctors. One man told us he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any help when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Corns will soften and come out with ease, keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens, so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of flesh—so long as disease and sickness is known—just so long will the good Ointment be used and esteemed. When man ceases from off the earth, then the demand will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAllister, or James McAllister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the constituted courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.

M. F. CUSHING, and PIATT DRAKE.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of living in the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, De Laines, Ginghams, Alpacca, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, Cambrics and Shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet boos and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; worsted, silk and cotton do; sewing silk and cotton, purses, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bindin; ladies' col'd and white skirts.

Also, Negro cloths, cassimeres, satinets, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, tinted padding, canvass, wiggin, wadding, cotton bats, flats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Alpersil, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea of Byers, Peuchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole, cinnamon, cloves, mace, spices, candles lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Salaratus, tobacco, snuff and segars.

Also, with his usual assortment of wooden ware, blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pan and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, schrews, hinges, knives and forks, slates, scissors, carry combs, horse cards, screws and rifles, with locks from No 4 to 20, and troughs and *Cedar Ware.*—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Notice.—A few Cash, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing the Grist mill, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, at usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, I set new double harness, I set new horse mounted single harness, a handsome light, second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in Allen's Village lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store.

Fall and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style.

Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c.

Wheat will be found at the store, and will be delivered at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 29, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*

Just Opened by WEBSTER & MARSH.

June 14, 1845.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin Establishment.

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving vast me pat terns of Stoves—also, a general assort ment of Hard ware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson House, Plainfield.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,

13 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York.

Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tetimbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth.

JUST Received, and for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Aug. 18.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.

Also, Steeling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. Also Brandreth's, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

Feb. 16, 1846.

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,

THE GREAT AMERICAN

INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNDERSIGNED AND TRUSTWORTHY persons which has received from the use of this Great *Healing and Purifying* medicine, in the cure of Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption, warrants the assertions, that in this most distressing disease, it is the most safe, in form or stage of Consumption—the worst and most hopeless cases

Many Physicians, say that the human lungs when once tubercled cannot be cured: but if the symptoms and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be relied on, *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam has cured many desperate cases of ulcerated tubercles of the lungs*, as well as were called *Consumption* by the most skilful Physicians, some of the most strongly marked and indicated cases of ulcerated lungs—and the disease ceased as many perfect cure in instantaneous as every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it over-ride virtue of all other kinds of medicines, and it also possesses all the necessary qualities for facilitating expectoration soothing and removing pain, and subduing cough, that other cough medicines have. It has been by the scientific discovery of its inventor, its absorbent power of regulating the circulation and restoring its qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, so necessary in the healing of ulcers in the lungs. It heals and cures ulcers in the lungs, *as certainly as it does* when applied to heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Purifying Extract,

is a preparation of this great *Indian remedy*, in which is similar in medical virtue to the Pulmonary Balsam, in all its purifying properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not containing the healing and nervine qualities, which, are only essentially necessary in the cough remedies and it is also a Syrup, and more active powers to purify the blood. It will *certainly purify* without a shadow of a doubt, in every case it cures, where a fair trial is made. We *certainly and guarantee* that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses four times more purifying power and properties than a like bottle of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IS SCROFULA!

without fail in any instance of its cure, many other chronic diseases, which are cased by impurities in the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore mouth and throat, Nursing Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Ulcer, Chronic Mercurial, will all other Skin diseases.* And all other cases arising from secondary diseases of the blood. It also by equalizing the circulation and *secretions had proved to be a specific* in curing all debility, weaknessand utter derangements, *and is beneficial to females* in all cases of debility, and *is composed and prepared exclusively from vegetable substances*, and is a powerful efficacy in all poisonous complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience. *No Quack Nostrum* is ever used or sold by the many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many names of well known and respectable persons who have used this medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates and statements of its virtues. For full particulars of every case here named and other names of cures read the *pamphlets. Every Agent has got them.* Get one and peruse them with care, and be convinced if human testimony can convince you, that the above is all *a true statement of facts.*

We refer, in the first place to persons who *have been themselves cured* by the use of the Medicine of the several diseases mentioned in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. Disease, Scrofula in highest, having seen its purifying and healing effects in a number of cases and nicer, and having witnessed its good effects in several other cases.

Mrs. Sarah Downing, Ballston Spa N. Y., who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mr. Gilbert Dickey, a farmer and wool merchant, Fibs. Genesee Co., N. Y. Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. J. Townsend, Merchant, Cvid. Seneca Co., N. Y. Inflammation of the Lungs.

Miss Potter, Piano Forte Teacher, 33 Herbert st., N. Y., Consumption of several years.

Mr. H. Seymour, Merchant, Middletown, Vt. long difficulty of Scrofula.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. M. T. Simpson, Jobbing Merchant, 92 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Rens. Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow Ballston Spa. N. Y., Salt Rheum of 13 years, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following respectable persons who are known to, and have stated that they have seen the happy results of the use of this medicine in its effecting cures similar persons, of such complaints and diseases as mentioned in connection with their name. We refer again therefore, for such proof, to

Mr. M. Van Valkenburg, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for cures of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. W. J. Shelton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. A. Deming, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Adams Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption.

Mr. Jacob Ferguson, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding of the lungs, which terminated in Consumption—Cure of *Consumption* in another man, and also a lady, *all of whom* the best physicians had given up as incurable.

Messrs. J. Christopher, W. W. Hewell, R. D. Hewell, and *Wm. Mc Laughlin*, Gentlemen well known at Rochester City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, from whom we have received certificates and statements; but it would be only a repetition of the same facts, respecting the healing and, purifying virtues of this Great *Indian Remedy*, then thousands of our references would be equally as unsuccessful.

For Sale by the following Agents;

Plainfield, Dect. L. Crane,
Scotch Plains, J. M. Osborn,
New-Market, Isaac E. Coriell,
Middlebush, C. Voorhees,
Boundbrook, Joseph Rose,
Bridgewater, D. W. Doty,
Millstone, Peter Schenck,
Rahway, A. C. Wooten,
Millington, Andrew Spalding.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 6. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1849. Whole number 526.

SELTON E. CUSHING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars per Annum, if paid in advance; if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, 12½ cents per quarter in advance. No paper will be sent less than a quarter. No discontinuance will be allowed except at the option of the publisher, and no paper will be discontinued, until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square (18 lines in a column,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion. And nothing counted less than a quarter. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. And remonthly advertisements will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,
and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a liniment, in the following cases, all will testify, and will also show that for the language of a celebrated physician, the assertion would be challenged to produce an article that would positively relieve in so many cases as will be found in the following. Bruises, old ulcerated sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Tetter or Tetterin, Sore feet or any other pensonous animals Bite, Sore throat, Sore breast, Sore nipples, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, Inflammation of the Bowels or Colic, Incipience of fevers, Sore lips, Pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of the lungs, cough arising from a cold, Asthma or difficult breathing, Pain in the Kidneys, Cramp, Inflammation or ugor in the breast, application of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificates.

PAIN AND SICKNESS CURED.

This may certify, that my wife has been for years afflicted with sickness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attendant Physician, and having other patent medicines administered without any relief, I purchased about one dollar's worth of Coon's Vegetable Pain Extractor, which in our surprise soon relieved the pain and her stomach so that she could retain food. Two bottles completed the cure, and we applied the above named preparation with a good conscience in submitting for the use of any other person of the kind, believing from the testimony of Dr. Gregory, Dr. Ketchum, and others, it is thoroughly known. I do believe it would be to few in short it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & CO. Sole Agents.

All orders for Agencies must be addressed, post paid, to J. & R. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st. New York.

Dec. 15, 1848. 1y

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
MOFFAT'S
VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS
AND
PHOENIX BITTERS

The high moral and medical character which these preparations of Medicine have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases for which they are recommended, renders the usual promises of puffing and self-commendation, but superfluous. They are known by their fruits; their good works are their best advertisement, and the public are their best recommendation.

DYSPEPSIA, SOURS and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS.

These complaints are the offspring of IMPURITY of the BLOOD, and must, when these diseases prevail, they will be found to exhibit some of the following symptoms, viz: HEADACHE, GIDDINESS, SICKNESS at the STOMACH, LOSS of APPETITE, BILIOUS COLIC, with SEVERE PAIN, COSTIVENESS, or LOOSENESS, PALPITATION of the HEART, SHORTNESS of BREATH, FLATULENCY, DIZZINESS of the HEAD, NOISES in the EARS, DIMNESS of SIGHT, PAIN in the SIDE, BACK, and LIMBS, SUDDEN FLUSHES of HEAT over the BODY, with occasional CHILLINESS, DISTURBED SLEEP, FRIGHTFUL DREAMS, and a DISINCLINATION to EXERTION of BODY or MIND, DEBILITY, LOWNESS of SPIRITS, or GREAT NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, and DEFICIENCY of PERSPIRATION, YELLOWNESS of the SKIN and EYES, PAIN in the SHOULDERS, COUGHS, with many of the symptoms of CONSUMPTION, which fatal disease these Pills and Bitters will speedily cure. Or, if the system be suffering from the effects of MERCURY, these Pills and Bitters will soon drive it from the system, and restore the patient to sound health.

FEVER and AGUE. For the purpose of this we have never found medicines equal to these Pills, speedily and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease, but these Pills entirely eradicate it from the system, so that no return can take place.

FOR FEMALES they are invaluable, as a few doses will correct any irregularity, and restore the health and beauty of the complexion.

GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS of APPETITE, &c. For this complaint, of every kind, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, LIVER COMPLAINTS, &c. &c. they are a never failing remedy.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, DYSENTERY, &c.

MERCURIAL DISEASES. Those who have injured their constitutions by the use of Mercury, will find in these Pills a safe and certain remedy for all diseases arising from the use of that dangerous mineral.

NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S COLIC, &c. &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

BILIOUS COLIC, with SEVERE PAIN, SICKNESS, &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

CONSUMPTION. Those who are afflicted with this fatal disease will find relief by the use of these Pills and Bitters, and in many cases a perfect cure will be effected.

BILIOUS COLIC, with SEVERE PAIN, SICKNESS, &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

BALTIMORE, SYPHILITIC, &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS of the GLANDS, &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

THE SKIN, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, &c. These complaints will be found to yield to the use of these Pills, and in a short time the patient will be restored to health and vigor.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

And these consequential diseases from the system.

A single trial will prove the LIFE PILLS and PHOENIX BITTERS beyond the reach of compensation to the commendation of every patient.

The system of these medicines is now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, entitled "Moffat's Guide to Health," containing full directions for the use of the medicines, a few days' observations from which will speak to every one who reads them with either sickness or pain, and will be found worthy the attention of every family.

The Pills and Bitters are sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,
No. 335 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York.
For Sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for this vicinity.
March 14, 1848. 1y

DENTISTRY

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. L. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. Where he may be found at the house of Mr. Cushing, in Elizabethtown on Tuesday to Wednesday, and Saturday—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. up Monday, and Friday. Those of his friends in Elizabethtown, No. 1 Cherry st. Middletown, who desire to engage his professional services, may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, and punctual attention to the same will be given. Orders may be left with the Drs. Congdon, and will receive attention in due time.

CONSUMPTION,

And The last vestige of hope is the worst for the Cure of Asthma, of strong Hope, Lung Complaints, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, back, and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more beneficial than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances where the disease has been long and severe suffering from the disease without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and physicians, it has been restored to health, the use of this Balsam has restore the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desirable result.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find its very effectual remedy in

DYSPEPSIA,

a complaint in which it has been considered beyond the reach of medicine, even by the faculty of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but from one who has been afflicted with the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not an invention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by extracting its virtues; on the contrary it is the result of many years of faithful attention of the sufferer and myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as cannot fail to satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption and Coughs can be cured. If this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps of annually so many victims as that of the destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insidious monster marches to the portals of the cold and silent tomb, fresh added victims to its conquests. No wall of defence will withstand its approach. No human arm is strong enough to turn it back from its fearful course. Its victims are found in the lofty dwelling and the lowly cottage, the old, the middle aged and the young, all alike are food for the insatiate destroyer. The white haired, patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life's calm even tide, is found bowing down to the grave. The lungs upon his vitals, and tearing his frame as a wolf, ever bent in mind which look complacently on the youthful maiden, and the blooming boy, in manhood, and

"Wait on to fame"

because of its inventor, has been the cause of its success.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my practice Tarr & Wister's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles in my family, and have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases of Consumption confirmed. Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

I have also used it in cases of Whooping Cough, and in all cases it has given satisfaction.

JOSEPH BOARDMAN, M. D.

Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, positively, TRUE.

BEWARE OF WORTHLESS AND IMITATIONS.

The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended during two years past, after the skill of the best physicians had failed, is convincing, has created a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to publish spurious notices, with names and appearance, to the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of SETH W. FOWLE, and others on the Counterfeit. Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington street, Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crei, And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 23, 1848.—1y

Muffs, Muffs, Muffs!

Made of the finest of stuffs,
Of every description and color,
To warm and adorn the fair sex,
At prices reduced you will meet,
At Bellamer's store in Front street.
Dec. 22, 1848.

Seabury's Oleaginous OTOXELDOU.

An effectual and quick Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sores, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Felons, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Sore Scalds and Chilblains, &c.

HORSE LINIMENT.

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by

F. CUSHING.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Runyon's, which he is willing to dispose of on reasonable terms. If sold soon it will be to his advantage.

Jan. 5, 1847.—tf. Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has Gaiters and Pegging Awls for sale. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

RICHARD M. CRANE.
Jan. 5, 1847. 12m Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Stanton's Eternal Remedy;
HUNT'S LINIMENT.

It is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE SECRET for the speedy cure of the following Constractions of the Muscles, Sore Throats and Quinsies, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues and Fevers, Rheumatism, Felons, Burns, Scalds, Salt Rheum, Bunyon, Corns, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The ENGLISH STAFF OF SUCCESS attends the introduction of this most WONDERFUL MEDICINE in curing the most severe cases of the different Diseases above named. HIGH ENCOMIUMS have been passed upon it by some of the most eminent Physicians, who have used it in their practice, and have introduced it into their families. IT HAS NEVER FAILED TO EFFECT as much as the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending its effectual and Essential virtues in their Private Practice.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physicians who have been attached to the Albany Pharmacy, is the best evidence of the high character of the value of the celebrated Liniment.

Albany, Sing. December 26, 1845.

Mr. Hunt, Sir,—I received your note of the 19th inst. asking my opinion of HUNT'S LINIMENT. I do not proceed to Mr. George B. Stanton." Knowing Hunt's Liniment, and having purchased a quantity of it, I can recommend it to the public as a valuable External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

ALEX. SHOFFMAN, M. D.

Cold, Feet, Sore Throat, Coughs, Bruises.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. D. BELCHER, M. D.

Yorktown, January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used your External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I consider it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully, ELI SELLECK, M. D.

Geo. B. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugging nostrums, put forth for the public gulling, the following is worthy of special notice. It is really refreshing to find so worthless a medicine of real, practical utility, something simple, speedy and efficient in its operation, and at the same time, free from the poisonous effects of the generality of those powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George B. Stanton of Sing Sing, about 35 miles above this city, is a medicine before the public which we can recommend in the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and influential citizens, but our most common physicians. All acknowledge it to be a most valuable remedy for the diseases for which it is recommended, and we have no doubt, on testing the matter, that by its genuine stimulating properties, pain is banished from the system.

Mr. Stanton, Sing Sing, has made a fortune out of Hunt's Liniment, and indeed it is worth it. Hunt himself is a poor man, who has been crippled with a false back from an infant; and it is with gratitude that he acknowledges the benefit he has received from the use of it, after five years of age, a pain in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DEMON C. NICKERSON.

Post Office, Tompkins, Putnam co.

Feverish and restless nights are the bane of the whole home circle, and when the fashionable woman would be asked to sing that his son is almost dead.

JAMES TYLEMAN.

November 5, 1845. Dentist Post Master.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years subject to frequent attacks of the disease termed, what in many places is called, the Ague in the Face, sometimes. Two or three applications of the Liniment invariably relieved me. Some of the worst cases of Sciatica, spinal, and others, I understood to be relieved by the use of it. Many of my patients who value can only be estimated by those who have seen it in fair trial.

The Liniment is sold at 50 and 80 cents per bottle, by all the best Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York:

BOWLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142 Water Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Pulton and William.

ARSPINWALL & CO. 161 Water street.

Orders addressed to the at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Crei, and S. Wynkoop.

Netwark—R. & A. Smith, Aaron C. Johnson.

Rahway—Dr. Crawford, Dr. Bonnell.

Middleville—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Stites, A. Stites, W. S. Doop.

Elizabethtown—Dr. Mc Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Bain and James Cross.

Rahway—T. C. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Wilson.

Woodbridge—Harris Clark, W. H. Pierce.

Scotch Plains—Joseph M. Osborn.

Millville, Jasper Smith.

Cherry Valley—H. B. Smith.

Somerville—Dr. Blew Smith & Son.

Orange—Dr. L. Freeman & Co. Chegary Crane, Sandford & Wilde

Cedar—Benjamin Caldwell.

Nov. 27, 1848.—1y

ARAVAS ANTELMINTIC.
OR VERMIFUGE.

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms that infest the human body, whether in the child or adult, from the mucous or slimy master which forms their nests or beds, and with of which the worms caused existence. This medicine is entirely free from any mineral. No child should ever be subjected to worms and in many cases will be found to prove themselves, as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which are the cause of their existence, and by its gentle, but effective operation, it will not prove injurious to the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Philadelphia, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, and by every agent throughout the country. Price 25 cents a box.

TEAS, TEAS.—Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call
June 20, 1848. SNODEN'S.

BALE CARPET WARE of the best quality, for Sale cheap by P. SULLIVAN.
Dec. 7, 1848.

Death of a Mother.

In yonder dismal room
And every form that sits within
Is sorrow, with gloom.

What means the silence, why this gloom?
And why these tearful eyes?
What mean those deep convulsive sobs,
And melancholy sighs?

Bend down upon your lonely couch,
A dying mother lies;
Death steals the rose-tints from her cheek,
And leaves them her eyes.

Ah! is it death?—that monster fell—
Who chose to rob so sweet?—
From whom he age, no prayers, no tears—
Nor tiles can protect?

Indeed, 'tis death!—he has appeared
Among that happy group,
And the fond mother in her prime,
Is destined first to stoop.

This is the cause of all the woe,
Which there you see portrayed—
He laid on her his icy hand,
And she began to fade.

Her cheek has lost its crimson hue,
Her eye has lost its light,
Her brow is as the marble cold,
And as the lily white.

She casts a farewell look around
Upon each mourning friend,
And bids them all a long adieu—
Her race is at an end.

See now, the spirit as it groans,
And struggles to be free;
The ghastly corse it leaves behind,
To clay returns.

They wrapped her in the mournful shroud,
And laid her down to rest—
Beneath the cold and silent clods,
In her pastoral garments dressed.

E. P.

A Story and About a Tea-kettle.

On a particularly dark, damp, dull drizzly and disagreeable day in the latter part of November, A. D. 1842, a tall, gaunt, poor-looking customer, dressed in a blue coat, with metal buttons, a brimstone colored vest and plaid pantaloons, with calf-skin terminations, was, "solitary and alone," in a little room situated in a certain little village in the City of Philadelphia. Poor him was a little round table, on whose mahogany top was a hot-article packer of smoking punch, screaming hot, and a wine glass. The solitary individual was "York," ostnin else, dear child, and that was the second pitcher full, devilishly good his second pitcher empty. One minute after, and you couldn't have squeezed a drop out of either pitcher or glass, by a forty two power hydraulic press.

York rang the bell. The waiter popped his head in at the door.

Ring, sa—

O! course, I did. Is it cleaning or?

No, sa—damp sa—fog so thick, sa, you could tackle 'tout with a spoon, sa. Have anything, sa?

More punch, and strong, sa.

Yes, sa—second pitcher, sa.

The waiter withdrew, and in a few minutes the third pitcher of punch stood before our hero, who attacked it zealously.—York" had just drained the glass full from the pitcher, and was again going to feel good and glorious when he raised his eyes he saw his own figure in a large pier glass directly opposite. The sad vision seemed to mock him. He rubbed his eyes, winked, coughed, stared, winked and rubbed the eyes again.

Why! said he, "there's some fellow sitting right before me. This is a private room, sir." I have engaged the room, sir, for my sole accommodation, sir." He waited a moment, expecting an answer, but the reflection merely stared at him, and held its peace. "I was saying, sir, that this is my private room—mine, sir"—cried "York" feeling his voice become more higher than before. No answer was heard and he rang the bell furiously. The waiter made his appearance again.

Ring, sa?

Yes, I did ring. Didn't look for a private room?

Yes, sa—this is a private room, sa.

The deuce it is! why there's a fellow sitting right before me, and on the other side of the table, and he has impudence!

Table, sa—fellow—sa?

Yes there is—well—never mind. Bring me some more punch and no glasses.

Yes, sa—understand quite, sa.

In a very short time the fourth pitcher, with the two glasses, made its appearance.

"York" filled up one of the glasses and observed the stranger do the same. "Well, drink, sir," said he, addressing the figure in the glass. "Shan't you answer, sir?" said "York" in a rage. "Why, I can see a fellow, sir, as well as you, sir. Better drink, old fellow," continued he, "than liquor a cooling cold, and you look as if you needed some of the thing." No answer being returned, "York" smashed the pitcher and rang the bell again. In answer to the summons a man appeared. "Is this a private room, sa?" "Yes, sa, it is a private room, sa." "Didn't you hear the fellow and I ring, sa?" "No, sa, I did not, sa." "Much of a private room this is, sa, with a fellow sitting opposite me that would take a quart of punch when it's offered him, and not say a word, mind you, that is. Oh, well—never mind—I'll drink the punch—and so I do, sir, every bit of it. About five minutes elapsed, and the pitcher was "York" rang the bell again furiously. The waiter came again.

Ring, sa?

Why, certainly! Who, sh ouldn't, sir? Where's the—man—who keeps this—place, sir? Where's the—waiter, sir?

Shortly after there came a quiet looking gentleman, with a mottled calico patterned face, and a shining bald head, made his appearance.

What's to pay? demanded "York," rising and assuming an air of dignity.

Five punches—five levies sir.

There's the money, sir, said "York," forking over the cash. And now, I want to know why when I call for a glass of punch, you don't put one—three—with—as somebody else—

There is nobody here, but you and I.

Nobody! Do you s'a supposed can't see? Do you think I'm d-d drunk? There—look there. Two of 'em, by jingo!

Well sir, I must confess I can't see any two but you.

You can't, can't you? said "York," as he handled to the table. Look there! pointing as he, turning to the glass. That look's the rascal, now! One of 'em, enough like you to be your brother, and the other the Devil—the vilest, meanest looking white liver I ever saw!"

From the Maine Farmer.

The Sun-Flower and its Uses.

Those who have never experimented on the valuation of this plant are sensible that, with a proper crop and proper cultivation, this roots produce more than wheat or corn. The seeds are considered gaseous also those of the flax plant, and contain the qualities for table use of the best edible oil; for farming, of the best sperm, without the smell; and for printing, it is said, by operatives who have used it, to be superior to linseed oil, being more rapid in its drying, equally free from smelling, and with as little formation of dust.

Prepared and eaten as artichokes are, the cups of the plant are very excellent and nutritious to the palate; the stalks are an excellent substitute for lamp oil flax, and for fine purposes, it is equal to any plant, yielding, in some instances, an abundance of the best paper material. A writer in the Genesee Farmer, on agriculture, as cheapest, says that on an acre, with proper cultivation, it will yield 30 to 40 bushels; from 80 to 100 bushels to the acre. From 5 to 7 quarts of oil are calculated on per bushel. If this is not over estimating its productiveness, and it can be raised as cheap as Indian corn per wheel, ordinarily considered the most expensive crop cultivated, it is the best weed to raise for profit, as a profitable production. We have had opportunities, cultivated it on a small scale, usually in vacant spots by the fences and in places for the cultivation of other vegetables was not given, and so far as our experience goes, it responds to the above assertions. We find that the flower leaves are very excellent fodder for cows, especially when the heat is not powerful, and the seeds are excellent for fowls, and dropped in the hill will commence plucking them at July. Making the lower leaves first, and feeding them to the cows, is the scarcity of feed is great, in the latter part of July, before the corn is ripe, and the seeds before the corn is ripe. We have sometimes given them corn-toppings and the leaves of the sun flower at the same time, and have found that the latter is invariably preferred. The seed of the sun flower is also excellent food for poultry, and we should recommend their cultivation, especially where they are not raised, notwithstanding the necessity of setting fences.

Well Answered.—A person who suspected that a neighbor of his acquaintance had cut down a favorite shade tree, went to him and said:

Sir, I am told that you cut down the handsome tree which stood before my door.

I am sorry you should be displeased, replied the other, at the perseverance of the lumber-man's customers.

But that is not a satisfactory answer, sir. Do you think that a child or tree can fall very low, and yet be restored?

He replied, "I think it will be very difficult to make the experiment."

A Pinny was one day discussing with his precocious boy of his superior excellence as a speaker or of mine. "I can cut more than you can," said little son, "from a door key to a house, and I've never brought on the business yet." "Can you?" said a friend, "I'll bet you a penny you can't." "Done with you," said the boy, and down upon the table he laid a penny piece. "Why, I can cut a dollar, if you like."

Sunday Mail Report.

By Richard M. Johnson.

In Congress, 8th March, 1829.

The Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, to whom the memorials were referred for prohibiting the transportation of Mails and the opening of Post Offices, on Sunday, report—

That the memorialists regard the first day of the week as a day set apart by the Creator for religious exercises; and consider the transportation of the mail and the opening of the post offices on that day a violation of religious duty, and call for a suppression of the practice. Others, by counter memorials, are known to entertain different considerations, believing that no one day in the week is holier than another. Others, holding the universality and immutability of the Jewish Sabbath, believe in the sanctity of the 7th day of the week as a day of religious devotion; and by their memorial now before the committee, they also request that it may be set apart for religious purposes. Each has hitherto been left to the exercise of his own opinion; and it has been regarded as the proper business of government to protect all, and determine for none. But the attempt is now made to bring about a greater uniformity, at least in practice; and as a argument has failed, the government has been called upon to interpose its authority to settle the controversy.

Cause as acts under a Constitution of delegated and limited powers. The Committee look in vain to that instrument for a delegation of power authorizing this body to inquire and determine what part of time, or whether any, has been set apart by the Almighty for religious exercises. On the contrary, among the few prohibitions which it contains, is one which prohibits a religious test; and another, which declares that Congress shall pass no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof. The Committee might here rest the argument, upon the ground that the question referred to them, does not come within the cognizance of Congress; but the perseverance and zeal with which the memorialists pursue their object, seems to require a further notice at the hands of the committee. And as the opposers of Sunday mails disclaim all intention to unite church and state, the committee do not feel disposed to impugn their motives; and whatever may be advanced in opposition to the measure, will arise from the force exercised of its fatal tendency to the peace and happiness of the nation. The catastrophe of other nations, furnished the framers of the Constitution a beacon of awful warning, and they have seized the occasion to point the care or guarding against the universal.

The law as it now exists, makes it no distinction as to the days of the week, but is imperative that the post masters shall attend at all reasonable hours, in every day, to perform the duties of their offices; and the Postmaster General has given his instructions to all postmasters, that, at post offices, where the mail arrives on Sunday, the office is to be kept open one hour, or more, after the arrival and assorting the mail; but in case that would interfere with the hours of public worship, the office is to be kept open for one hour after the usual time of dissolving the meeting. This liberal construction of the law does not satisfy the memorialists. But the committee believe that there is not just cause of complaint, unless it be conceded that they have a controlling power over the consciences of others. If Congress shall by the authority of the law, sanction the measure recommended, it would constitute a legislative decision of religious controversy, on which even Christians themselves disagree. However united such a decision may be to an ecclesiastical council, it is incompatible with a republican legislature, which is purely for political, and not for religious purposes.

In our individual character, we entertain opinions, and pursue a corresponding practice on the subject of religion. However diversified these may be, it is a common right which we all enjoy, and is willing that the other shall enjoy the same liberty which he claims for himself. But in our representative character, our individual character is lost. The individual acts for himself—the representative for his constituents. He is chosen to represent their political, and not their religious views—to guard the rights of man, not to restrict the rights of conscience. To open any regard their subjects as their property, and usurp the divine prerogative of prescribing their religious faith. But the history of the world furnishes the melancholy demonstration, that the disposition of one man to coerce the religious opinions of another, springs from an unchecked ambition rather than a sincere devotion to any religion. The principles of our government do not recognize in the majority, any authority over the minority, except in matters which regard the conduct of man in his intercourse with man. A sound church, by grasping the holy censer, lost both his sceptre and his freedom; a destiny as little to be envied may be the lot of the American people, who hold the sovereignty of power, if they, in the person of their representatives shall attempt to unite, in the remotest degree, church and state.

The equality of rights acquired by the Constitution, may be defined a mere political [illegible] rants; but the rules of sanctity too often glisten to deceive. The Constitution regards the conscience of the Jew as sacred as that of the Christian, and gives no more authority to adopt a measure affecting the conscience of a solitary individual, than that of a whole community. The representative who would violate this principle, would lose his delegated character, and forfeit the confidence of his constituents. If Congress shall declare the first day of the week holy, it will not convert the Jew nor the Sabbatarian. It will manifestly both; consequently convert neither. Human power may extort with sacrifices; but Deity alone can command the affections of the heart. It must be recollected, that, in the early settlement of this country, the spirit of persecution which drove the pilgrims from their native land, was brought with them to their new habitations; and that some Christians were scourged, and others were put to death, for no other crime than dissenting from the dogmas of their rulers.—With these facts before us, it seem to a subject of deep regret, that a question should be brought before Congress, which involves the dearest privileges of the Constitution, and even by those who enjoy its choicest blessings. We should all recollect that Catalina, a profound patriot, was a traitor to Rome; Arnold, a great General, was a traitor to America; and Judas, one of the Apostles, was a traitor to his God. While we are [illegible] 600,000,000 of rational beings, is in religious bondage; and in reviewing the sea as of persecution which history every where presents, not one of us can believe that the cause of the persecutors could be sanctified by the name of [illegible] Jesus, by whom he is consumed, bear to heaven a grateful incense, the conclusion is inevitable, that the line cannot be too strongly drawn between church and state. If a solemn act of legislation shall, in one point, define the law of God, or point out to the citizen how religious duty, it may with equal propriety define every part of divine revelation, and enforce every religious obligation, with the whole force and terrors of civil government. Subversive of the church, and the support of the clergy.

It was with a kiss that Judas betrayed his Divine Master, and we should all be admonished, no matter what our faith may be, that the rights of conscience cannot be so successfully assailed as under the pretext of holiness. The Christian religion made its way into the world in opposition to all human governments. Banishment, horrors, and death, were inflicts in vain to stop its progress. But many of its professors, as soon as clothed with political power, lost the meek spirit which their creed inculcated, and began to inflict on other religions, and on dissenting sects of their own religion, persecutions more aggravated than those which their own apostles had endured. The ten persecutions of pagan emperors were exceeded in atrocity by the inquisition and by the more perpetrated by Christian lands; and in vain shall we examine the records of imperial tyranny for an engine of cruelty equal to the Holy Inquisition. Every religious sect, however meek its origin, commenced the work of persecution as soon as it acquired political power. The framers of the Constitution recognized the eternal principle, that man's relation with his God is exempt from human legislation, and his rights of conscience inherent and inalienable. And in vain is it to attempt to establish this truth; we are conscious of it in our own bosoms. It is this consciousness which in defiance of human laws has sustained so many martyrs in tortures and in flames. They felt that their duty to God was superior to human enactments, and that man could exercise no authority over their consciences; it is an inborn principle which nothing can overthrow.

The Committee do not wish to be understood, they love sight of it—but strip him of his authority to prescribe a faith to him which his conscience rejects; threaten him in turn with the dungeon and the faggot; and the spirit which God has implanted in him, rises up in rebellion and defies you. Did the primitive Christians at that government should recognize and observe their religious institutions? All they asked was toleration; and they completed with their persecutors in the end the Protestants of Germany, or the Huguenots of France, ask of their Catholic superiors? Toleration. What do the persecuted Catholics of Ireland ask of their oppressors? Toleration.

Do not all men in the country every religious right which martyrs and saints ever asked? Whence, then, the voice of complaint? Who is it, that, in the full enjoyment of every principle which human laws can secure, wishes to wrest a portion of these principles from his neighbor? Do the petitioners pledge themselves that they conscientiously participate in the profits of mail contract and post offices, because the mail is carried on Sunday? If they be their motive, then it is worldly gain which stimulates to action, and not virtue of religion. Do they complain that men, less conscientious in regard to the Sabbath, obtain advantages over them, by reserving their labors and attending to their concerns? If this be their view, it is worldly and selfish. But if their motive be to induce Congress to enforce by law their religious opinions and observances, then those efforts are to be resisted, as to their tendency fatal both to religious and political freedom. Why have the petitioners confined their prayers to the mails? Why have they not requested that the Government be required to suspend all its executive functions on that day? Why have they not required us to enact that our ships shall not sail—that our armies shall not march—that officers of justice shall not seize the accused, or guard the convict? They seem to forget that government is as necessary on Sunday as on any other day of the week. The spirit of evil does not rest on that day. It is the government, ever active in its functions, which enables us all, even the petitioners themselves, to worship in our own way. Our government furnishes very few blessings like our mails.

Corn Trade in the City.—The last was the busiest and most exciting week ever experienced amongst the Produce men in the city. The quantity of corn purchased was much greater than at any previous period. The farmers from every direction for 30 to 40 miles were here, and it was the press for three or four days, and then it was difficult, and at times impracticable, to pass through the street along the river with a vehicle of any kind. On Saturday a number of teams were obliged to leave town unloaded, and seek another market, or remain over until Monday. Most of the store houses have been filled to their utmost capacity, and every other place that could be had will answer has been put in requisition. The navigation is now closed for the season, and will be speedily relieved of their burthen and ready to receive as much more. The quantity taken in during the week was about 60,000 bushels; and that now on hand about 100,000. The price during the week ranged from 80 to 90 cents per bushel—closing at 88 cents; and up to this present time that price has been sustained.—*New Brunswick Fredonian.*

A Horrible Massacre.—The British Government has lately received information from one of their agents on the western coast of Africa of a frightful occurrence, which, however, is not so novel in the annals of slavery. A negro chief having 2000 slaves upon his hands and being unable to dispose of them, had them all killed before his own eyes. The French Government had also been made acquainted with the horrible massacre.

THE UNION

Wednesday Morning, 26, 1843

Plainfield Bank.

The Charter of the Plainfield Bank was repealed last week, and resolutes appointed to wind up its concerns, and on their arrival here on Wednesday evening, the Bank, for the first time since it first went into operation, ceased to redeem its notes. The Investigating Committee, although they came upon the Bank altogether unaware, found much more than a sufficiency of funds on hand to redeem all its notes—its assets being over $200,000 and its circulation none $115,000—but its repeal was brought about by Mr. McLean, of Rahway, on the ground that its organization and management had been and were illegal. M. T. Beach & Sons, of New York, the principal or sole stockholders of the Bank, strenuously complain of the haste and injustice, as they term it, of the repeal, and assure the public that every dollar of its notes shall be redeemed. We subjoin the action of the Legislature in regard to it:—

In Assembly, on Wednesday, Mr. McLean, from the committee to whom was referred the investigation into the affairs of the Plainfield Bank, reported that from the evidence obtained by the committee they consider it doubtful whether or no Bank was organized, and went into operation in conformity with the provisions of its charter—That the administration of the affairs of the bank, they consider in every respect illegal. They recommended therefore a repeal of the charter of the bank, and the appointment of Receivers at once, to proceed that night to Plainfield, to see into the affairs of the Bank. The redemption of the $150,000 of its notes depended on their haste.

Mr. McFarlan proposed the names of Joseph C. Hornblower, John S. Darcey and Daniel Dodd, Jr. as receivers to wind up the concerns of the Bank.

Mr. Marsh thought the proceedings were rather summary. He would not to the least, question the honesty of the gentlemen composing the committee. But he saw no hing tangible in their report—nothing which would justify these summary proceedings. The facts may be as they have stated them, and if the testimony accompanying the report confirm their statements, he would not object to the repeal of the charter of the bank. The matter was too suddenly sprung upon them, and he considered, also that there was a timorist in corporations? All they asked was toleration; and they completed with their persecutors in the end the Protestants of Germany, or the Huguenots of France, ask of their Catholic superiors? Toleration. What do the persecuted Catholics of Ireland ask of their oppressors? Toleration.

Do not all men in the country every religious right which martyrs and saints ever asked? Whence, then, the voice of complaint? Who is it, that, in the full enjoyment of every principle which human laws can secure, wishes to wrest a portion of these principles from his neighbor? Do the petitioners pledge themselves that they conscientiously participate in the profits of mail contract and post offices, because the mail is carried on Sunday? If they be their motive, then it is worldly gain which stimulates to action, and not virtue of religion. Do they complain that men, less conscientious in regard to the Sabbath, obtain advantages over them, by reserving their labors and attending to their concerns? If this be their view, it is worldly and selfish. But if their motive be to induce Congress to enforce by law their religious opinions and observances, then those efforts are to be resisted, as to their tendency fatal both to religious and political freedom. Why have the petitioners confined their prayers to the mails? Why have they not requested that the Government be required to suspend all its executive functions on that day? Why have they not required us to enact that our ships shall not sail—that our armies shall not march—that officers of justice shall not seize the accused, or guard the convict? They seem to forget that government is as necessary on Sunday as on any other day of the week. The spirit of evil does not rest on that day. It is the government, ever active in its functions, which enables us all, even the petitioners themselves, to worship in our own way. Our government furnishes very few blessings like our mails.

Corn Trade in the City.—The last was the busiest and most exciting week ever experienced amongst the Produce men in the city. The quantity of corn purchased was much greater than at any previous period. The farmers from every direction for 30 to 40 miles were here, and it was the press for three or four days, and then it was difficult, and at times impracticable, to pass through the street along the river with a vehicle of any kind. On Saturday a number of teams were obliged to leave town unloaded, and seek another market, or remain over until Monday. Most of the store houses have been filled to their utmost capacity, and every other place that could be had will answer has been put in requisition. The navigation is now closed for the season, and will be speedily relieved of their burthen and ready to receive as much more. The quantity taken in during the week was about 60,000 bushels; and that now on hand about 100,000. The price during the week ranged from 80 to 90 cents per bushel—closing at 88 cents; and up to this present time that price has been sustained.—*New Brunswick Fredonian.*

A Horrible Massacre.—The British Government has lately received information from one of their agents on the western coast of Africa of a frightful occurrence, which, however, is not so novel in the annals of slavery. A negro chief having 2000 slaves upon his hands and being unable to dispose of them, had them all killed before his own eyes. The French Government had also been made acquainted with the horrible massacre.

Plainfield Bank.

The Charter of the Plainfield Bank was repealed last week, and resolutes appointed to wind up its concerns, and on their arrival here on Wednesday evening, the Bank, for the first time since it first went into operation, ceased to redeem its notes. The Investigating Committee, although they came upon the Bank altogether unaware, found much more than a sufficiency of funds on hand to redeem all its notes—its assets being over $200,000 and its circulation none $115,000—but its repeal was brought about by Mr. McLean, of Rahway, on the ground that its organization and management had been and were illegal. M. T. Beach & Sons, of New York, the principal or sole stockholders of the Bank, strenuously complain of the haste and injustice, as they term it, of the repeal, and assure the public that every dollar of its notes shall be redeemed. We subjoin the action of the Legislature in regard to it:—

In Assembly, on Wednesday, Mr. McLean, from the committee to whom was referred the investigation into the affairs of the Plainfield Bank, reported that from the evidence obtained by the committee they consider it doubtful whether or no the

...t inhabitant died at Akron, Ohio, on ... His name was John Sheppard, aged ... Years, 9 months and 22 days. He fought ... battles of Brandywine and Germantown ... Pa., and was wounded at the former. He never received a pension. An ungrateful Congress owing him that honor, because he left the army before 30 days, his papers in a fire which consumed his dwelling. The children provided for him comfortably in his old age.

A Letter from an American at Camargo says that there are more deaths among the Mexicans than among our people, for like our Indians, they are in their only physician. This is a high commendment to science.

Pittsburgh sends $8,200 to Ireland for the suffering.

Key West.—In one year, 24 vessels have been wrecked among the various Keys on the Bahama Banks, the value of which is estimated at $1,414,000. Only treble that sum for a single year would cut a ship canal across the Isthmus of Florida, shorten the distance from New Orleans, and avoid all the dangers of the Bahama Banks. Why is not this valuable project urged by all those engaged in trade and commerce?

Dr. Collens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made up of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

From the Boston Evening Traveller.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

It is perhaps, but an act of justice to the proprietors of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for us to say, that our personal experience in the use of this article has impressed us most favorably. One of the proprietors of the Traveller was entirely cured of a severe cough of four months' continuance, by the use of this Balsam; and several of our friends and acquaintance, who have tried the article, have found it of great service in relieving them of severe coughs and shortness of breathing, with which they had been afflicted. Mr. Seth W. Fowle, No. 138 Washing on st. is the general agent.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless the L. Bates, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crane.

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the humoral acrosity by hardening the valves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased speed, and is still increased by the friction of the globules, or particles which compose the inner of fluids. Then it is that the excessive heat and chills is experienced throughout the whole system, and accompanied with great thirst, pain in the head, back, kidneys, and in fact a complete prostration of all the faculties of the mind as well as body.

On the first attack of fever, or any disease, immediately take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep up a power ul effect upon the bowels until the fever or pain has entirely ceased. Six or eight will in most cases be sufficient for a first dose, and one dose of this kind it is not improbable, may prevent months of sickness, perhaps death.

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, are indeed a universally approved medicine, which by as peculiar action, cleanse the blood of all impurities, removes every Pain and Weakness, and finally Restores the Constitution to perfect Health and Vigor.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire who is her the person whom the sell knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical Instrument makers and Manufacturers of Trusses.—57 Chatham street,

Dear Sir.—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have in reduced to public notice, under the name of OLOSAONIAN, or ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effect in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a Cough, its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended. Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.

WM R. GOULDING, 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Boerman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, Feb. 6, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,62 to 7,37
Rye Flour,	4,62 as 5,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	5,00 to 5,25
Grain—Wheat,	1,35 to 1,75
Rye,	85 ,, ,90
Corn,	,80 to 1,00
Oats, Jersey,	42 to 50

A tailor, while travelling on the lakes, was asked by a Yankee whom he hired, and what his business was. "I am a tailor by trade," replied he, "lived in Tolland, and that his profession was cutting out the smooth side of poverty, and jerking out the cords of affection."

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Jackson Pound, $6.14; Jonathan R. Frazee, 3.00; Wm. Stine, 2.50; P. H. Runyon, 2.25; Rev. Wm. Whittaker, 6.00; John Lollard, 1.25; W. W. Davison, 1.15; Jeptha L. Runyon, New Market, 1.00; John Laing, .50; J. C. Ayres, .75; James Leonard, .75; M. Cole, New Providence, .75; C. Bates, .50.

☞ *To those it may concern*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of imposition.—The true Cherry Tree is all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as among barbarous tribes, has justly been celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician of long experience, and of the highest standing in the profession of surgery is greater still. It must be to the advantage of the Consumptive to know that when laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs he cannot do better than to resort to Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not now ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, that has ever been put in the market by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the right of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. See you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that it has the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst. John G. Hovey, of Worcester, Mass to Sarah E. Oakley of New Providence, N. J.

On the 2d inst. Edward P. Winans, of Elizabethtown, to Mary H. Potter, of Connecticut Farms.

At Connecticut Farms, Jan. 27th, Susan, wife of Stephen Parker, aged 69 years.

Dec. 20th, John Hickman to Jane Maria Van Arsdalen. Jan. 1st, Geo. Willis to Mrs. Mary Tomson. Feb. 4th, Pe er Menfortal to Sarah Elizabeth Su ton. All of New Brunswick.

On the 4 h inst. Rulff V Cornelyus, of Lamington, to Catharine S. Stevens, of Bedminster.

On the 4th inst. by J. Bowers, of New Yorkcity, to Harriet B. Wilson, of New Brunswick.

On the 20th ult. Wm. S Meeker, to Margaret M. daughter of John Van Zandt, both of Piscataway.

At Middleville Jan 24th, David Babbit, of Morris co. to Mary E Baldwin, of Essex.

On the 5th inst. John P. Lowe, to Eliza Jane, daughter of Stephen Voorhees, Esq. all of Bounds brook.

DIED.

At the residence of R. B. Duychinck, Esq near Somerville, on the 5th inst. Wm. Berry, of Litchfield, England, aged 67 years.

In New Brunswick, on the 3d inst. James Fulkerson, aged about 50 years.

On the 5th inst. Jane Ann, wife of John C. Tunison, of Somerville, aged 27 years.

At Rahway on the 2d inst. Rachel, wife of Isaac C. Marsh, aged 31 years

In Rahway on 5th inst. last Mr. Burlew aged about 50 years.

On the 6th inst. near Willow Grove, Mr. Enoch Brokaw, aged 48 years.

Rooms to Let—Inquire of STEPHEN B. DEEDS. Feb. 16, 1847.—tf

To Let, A Blacksmith's Shop, With TOOLS, a first rate stand for business, near the centre of Plainfield. Inquire of Feb. 16th, 1847.—tf WILLIAM SMALLEY.

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, is dissolved this day by mutual consent. AZARIAH MUNDY.
GEORGE S COON.

Plainfield, Feb. 8th, 1847 —3w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Railroad.

GEORGE S. COON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public that he has now on hand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Consisting in part of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,
Mens coarse sewed Boots and shoes,
Do Fine shoes and slip, ers,
Do Fine and Coarse Over ers,
Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse,
Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Bushins, and
Leather shoes of all kinds, Patent French and common Rubber Shoes trimmed an furred in variety.

For misses and children a variety of styles and sizes warranted to suit—all of which will be sold at the most reasonable rates, for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves; we feel assured they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Feb. 8th, 1847 —3m.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by D. BULLMAN.
July 7, 1845.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

JUST OPENED, 5 Pieces Mousline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap. by D. BULLMAN.
Sept. 29, 1845.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Auction Notice.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, February 25th, 1847, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the premises a valuable Farm, recently the property of Rock Drake, deceased, situated in Warren township, Somerset county, N. J. (being within 2 miles of Plainfield.)

On the premises are a large and convenient Dwelling House, a large Barn, Cow House, Wagon House, Store House, &c. all in good repair.

The land (60 acres) is of the best quality, in a high state of cultivation, and is well watered.

The location is an excellent one for a farmer, also, for the accommodation of those, there being no other under mill within several miles.

ALSO, will be sold at the same time, a House and lot of land adjoining the above described Farm. The Dwelling House is convenient, two stories high, and nearly new.

☞ Persons desiring further particulars before the day of sale can apply to Piat Drake, on the premises; to James S. Drake, near the Railroad Depot, Elizabethtown; or to the subscriber, at Somerville. ESRA DRAKE Agent.

February 16, 1847.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the most Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by
March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Universal Remedy for Burns, Chilblains & all Scrofulous diseases

THE World is challenged to produce a safer or speedier remedy for the above diseases, than Dr. Lyons' Universal Remedy.

CERTIFICATES!

This may certify that I have been severely afflicted with Chilblains for ten years, and have found in Dr. Lyon's Universal Remedy, a speedy and sure cure.
Plainfield, Jan. 1-47. ALFRED F. LAING.

Having been severly afflicted with Chilblains, Dr. Lyon's Universal Remedy has effected a speedy cure.
Waterloo, N. Y. Jan 1846. D. TOMAS.

To every head of a family we would state that Lyon's Universal Remedy is an invaluable preparation, having used it for some time past in our family for Burns and Scalds, &c. and think that no family after having tried would be without it
GILBERT VAN RIPER.
THOS. HOVEY.
Waterloo, Dec. 1845. SAMUEL WARDEN.

We concur w th the above, and do say that Dr. Lyon's salve is the best remedy for sore throat that we ever have used.
N. TABOLTSONS.
Geneva, Dec. 1845. D. ROBINSON.
Waterloo, Dec. 16, 1845.

I have used the Universal Remedy for burns, &c. made by Dr. R. Lyon, and find it a valuable remedy ily little boy burnt his eye very badly on much so, that I was afraid he would lose it for four days, but by using it three days it was all removed by the application of the Universal remedy. I also used Mr. D. Cook's child who was badly burnt on the forehead, and learned that it was immediately removed by the Universal Remedy. I am now using it for Chilblains, and so far have received immediate relief. I shall continue to use it, and recommend all who are troubled with chilblains, to give every family ought to have a pot in their house at all times.
GEORGE K. WARDEN.

For sale, at 25 cents a box, with several recommendations, and directions; by M. F. CUSHING.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 8 o'clock, A. M. and at 4 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, and 11 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 o'clock, 4 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville, for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 10 o'clock, M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 10 o'clock, A. M Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat, 75 cents		
Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	75
Plainfield,	"	56 1-2
Westfield,	"	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogshead of Liquor or Molasses,	$1 50
Barrels of Beef, Liquor or Molasses,	20
Barrels of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.	25
Corn, Wheat, clover, Flaxseed, per bushel,	6
Oats,	3
Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs.	15
Horses,	1 12
Cows,	1 00
Sheep and calves,	1 00
Calves,	25
Sheep,	12
Bags of Feed and Meal of 100 lbs.	19
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight.	
from 25 cents to	1 00

Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agents.

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Captain of the Steamboat, or the agent of the N. J. Railroad, which ever may receive any order their goods, and no deduction made at Somerville from the prices forwarded in the Way bills.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

It has come!!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1836 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, more Thrust, Neuralgia, Debility, Whooping Cough, or of the throat Bronchial

SEARCH THIS OUT!

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry is to be had of the following Agents:

D. BULLMAN, Plainfield, Union Co. N. J.
17 Broad and Tompkins Philadelphia, May 4, 1846.

D. R. SWAYNE:

Dear Sir—I have been selling your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry for a very long time, and have always found it to give entire satisfaction to those who have used it. Many persons have purchased it for Consumptions, and have found relief from its use, and I feel confident that many more would find relief, if they would but make use of it. At this time there is a number of my customers using it for Consumptions, and I have no doubt but they will find relief from its use. Many persons have purchased it for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, &c. and have found relief from its use. I have been selling your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry for a long time, and have always found it to give entire satisfaction to those who have used it. I have been selling your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry for a long time, and have always found it to give entire satisfaction to those who have used it. I have been selling your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry for a long time, and have always found it to give entire satisfaction to those who have used it.

Yours, &c. D. BULLMAN.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great many, which profess to be of great value in the human family, there is none that possesses the merits of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as one of the most valuable preparations of medicine ever offered to the afflicted. Many of the diseases of which it has been recommended for, are of such unbounded magnitude, that we have hesitated to put forth such extraordinary terms; and have waited and watched, and so much confirmation from the family and others, as to justify us in doing so.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think it will go away of itself in a few days, and they give themselves no trouble about it. But in such cases, they are frequently mistaken, to the great injury of your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and speedy cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has effected more Colds than any medicine ever put before the public. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to confirm the above proposition and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry all concur in pronouncing it the best and safest remedy ever used for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of Dr. Swayne's

A FAILURE IN MEDICINE.—"Very few issues that a day must end to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fact alone is sufficiently appreciates the friends of life, that no effort does not short, effectual, and safe, should be left untried. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is one of the means that the afflicted should use, for the compounder of the means requires the first attention of a regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry is a powerful remedy, and has been used in many cases of suffering from colds and the dangerous consumption. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Vine streets, and the proprietary of the Remedy he owns and operates the only one of either, known and principal villages in the United States.

*Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is the sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of one days full charm. In the annals of medical science, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a united preparation which obtained so boundless a confidence in the public mind. Its unparalleled success in the attainment of the noble object—the cure of Consumption—is the sufficient guarantee to the afflicted,

The Three School...

...Book... will be found... Grammar... Geography... Arithmetic... Book... will... to... of the... Book... of the... by the... of the following... the... of...

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

...Arithmetic... Algebra... Geometry... Surveying... Navigation... Astronomy... Philosophy... Arithmetic... Book-keeping... and Arithmetical Tables... of the... Arithmetic... Algebra... Geometry... Surveying... Navigation... Astronomy... Philosophy

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 7. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1847. Whole Number 527.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUMMINS,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Terms of Subscription.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum; if paid during the first three months, $1.75; if paid in six months, $2.25, and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.50, payable quarterly. To those who reside out of the limits of Plainfield, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

Any person procuring us a square (16 lines or it a square) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer or less inscription, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a penetrating oil, following directions will speedily, and will also show that in the language of a celebrated physician in the medical world is challenged to produce its equal for the following complaints, viz: quickly and finally cure Wounds of any kind, Bruises, old ulcers, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Felons, Whitlows, Fever Sores, Tetter, Salt Rheum or Milk leg, Lameness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of lungs, which is often given for Consumption, Throat or Lung, Croup, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attending Physicians and the use of Medicine, all to no purpose whatever which she took no benefit, we decided upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which in our surprise soon relieved the pain, and her strength increased wonderfully, therefore think nothing afforded relief until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any other medicine that has been known since the German Vey, Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. We would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 50 cents a box, by JAMES G. SMITH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to

J. & E. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y. New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFA'S

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

AND

PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and varied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have obtained, is a sufficient guarantee to all the diseases which they profess to cure, but rendered the usual practice of puffing unnecessary, but unjust to they of them. They are known by their fruits: their good works testify that they have been used by the afflicted, and the evidence

CURE OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

Of EMMA ACKLEY and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the LIVER and KIDNEYS.

BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.

In the south and western States, where the diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Planters, farmers, and others, who seek health in the country, should not be without them.

BILIOUS, COLDS, and SEVERE Lowness, HEAD-ACHE, DIZZINESS, &c. &c. DISEASES in the STOMACH, CONSUMPTION, Cured with BOSANQUET'S LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS in the shortest time.

DYSENTERY.

Be honest with the distressed, and they should safely carry them to the grave. Let the Sufferer from

DEBILITY and DISORDERED LIVER, PLATULENCY, and the many SINISTER SYMPTOMS of

WANT OF THE HOME BOWEL,

Try them and HOME, for the wonders of the new and unrivalled Coon medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and effectual remedy. Offices of agents to leave the system subject to a return of the disease, and the patient to suffer.

TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

FOR THE CURE OF GOOD HEALTH.

GENERAL DEBILITY,

SICKLY, GIDDINESS, PAIN in the HEAD, LOSS of APPETITE, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of SLEEP, &c.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

ERUPTIONS of the SKIN, MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Where this is attributed, especially to the effects of Mercury taken into the system, in the treatment of Fevers, Agues, Liver Complaints, &c. &c. *SCURVY, SCROFULA, SCROFULOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S COLIC, &c. &c.*

These Pills are composed entirely of Vegetable matter, and may be taken at all times of the year without any change in the diet, or any exposure to cold, being purely vegetable.

PHŒNIX BITTERS are the most powerful purifier of the BLOOD in the HEAD, SCURVY, BALTIMORE, SWELLINGS, SCROFULOUS, ERYSIPELAS, and all ULCERS of every description.

These Bitters are also universally excelled by those Medicines. Parents will find them invaluable when their children are troubled with Worms. Relief will be obtained.

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

And thus remove all DISEASE from the system.

Full directions will accompany the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS beyond the reach of counterfeiters in the extension of every patient.

The proprietors have thought it wise to put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, called "Bosanquet's Medicine Chest," which contains the whole of the Medicines, with a description of Bosanquet's from White street to one address, by which means curing the city can very easily obtain them. Be careful to ask for Bosanquet's Medicines, and therefore those the genuine those with white wrappers and labels, and those with yellow wrappers, but if you do, be satisfied that they contain the genuine Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,

No. 335 Broadway, corner of White street, New York.

For Sale by

M. P. CUMMINS, Sole Agent for this vicinity.

March 24, 1846.—1y.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. E. HARNS will visit their village, for the purpose of practising his profession. He will be in Plainfield, he may be found at his office at Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at his office in Newark, 140 Market street. Will not

Congress.

Saturday, Feb. 13.—In the House, the Committee of the whole resumed the consideration of the three-million bill, and several speeches were made.

The venerable John Quincy Adams appeared and was received with much respect. He was congratulated on his ability to resume his duties in the House, and replied appropriately, expressing high gratification at the manifestations of respect and esteem from members of all parties, when were crowding around to welcome his return.

A message was received from the President, in the following words:

To the House of Representatives:

I transmit a report from the Secretary of the Treasury, to be laid before the committee of ways and means, which will yield $3,500,000 by the imposition of a duty of twenty per cent. upon the articles enumerated in the schedule, which will yield a duty of ten per cent. upon others. It also recommends that provision be made for the appointment of Brigadier and Major Generals, and power to authorize the services of the twelve months' volunteers, when their term of service shall expire.

On Monday.—In Senate, the bill to provide for the construction of four steam frigates was passed. The three million bill was then taken up.

In the House, the Three Million Bill was taken up.

Tuesday.—In Senate, Mr. Benton, from the Military Committee, reported a bill to organize the ten regiments, and with other provisions as recommended in the President's Message of Saturday. The naval appropriation for Navy Docks at Pittsburg, Philadelphia, and Pensacola were passed. The Three Million Bill was taken up.

In the House.—The bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union was passed.

The amendment of the Senate to the Joint resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor was agreed to, and it was further amended by directing that gold medals be presented also to all the other Generals serving in the war.

Wednesday.—In Senate, the Three Million bill was further debated. Nothing further of importance.

In the House, several bills of minor importance were passed. The Senate bill authorizing the construction of four additional steam war ships was read twice and referred. The bill to establish a new territorial government in Minnesota was considered in committee of the whole.

Thursday.—In Senate, the debate on the Three Million bill was resumed, and Mr. Butler made a highly interesting speech, principally in reference to the slavery question. The Private Calendar was then taken up and several bills were passed.

In the House, nothing worthy of note.

Friday.—In Senate, Mr. Calhoun, in the debate on the Three Million Bill, offered and defended a series of resolutions, that it was unconstitutional for Congress to prohibit the introduction of Slavery into any new territory to be acquired by the United States.

Mr. Benton replied with much feeling and excitement. He denounced the resolutions as existing forth nothing but mere abstractions & should not be allowed to occupy the attention of the Senate. He Mr. B had left his seat room to attend to the legitimate business of Congress, and he hoped that the time of the Senate would be but for occupied, than to discussing abstractions.

Mr. Calhoun replied that he should have found the Senator from Missouri acting with the South on the question involved in his resolutions. If they proposed abstractions, the Constitution then was an abstraction, the Government was an abstraction, and Congress and the rights and the rights of the States and the people an abstraction.

Mr. Benton defended the Administration, and censured Calhoun in taking Texas, we took her war with Mexico.

The Navy Appropriation Bill was passed.

In the House, several private bills were passed.

Odd-Fellowship.—

The Grand Lodge of New Jersey, at their late session, granted 12 charters for subordinate Lodges, 8 of which had been in operation some time, but by dispensation. The charter of New Jersey, No. 1, which had been surrendered for several years, was restored, and New Jersey presents an unbroken chain of Lodges, from No. 1 to 55. The Lodges throughout the State are said to be in the most prosperous condition, as are also the Encampments.

The Mexican Privateer enterprise in England appears to have been denounced by the press as a species of piracy, and the person who had advertised that "the decrees granting letters of marque, &c" could be seen at his house, one "Frederick Barnes, gun maker, Tower Hill, London," has been compelled to submit to public opinion, and in a letter to the Times of the 13th inst. he declares that he merely procured the decrees for the benefit of owners and captains of vessels.

Surplus Corn in New Jersey.—

The surplus product of corn of New Jersey, according to the State Gazette, is about one million and a half of bushels. Freights on the railroad are difficult to be obtained, notwithstanding that the New Jersey Railroad Company are running many extra trains both day and night.

Farmers are said to be turning their attention to corn and relinquishing other grain. A farmer of this state says he used five dollars worth of Guano to each acre, and found a good account in copious crops of corn.

Mr. Calhoun avows his concurrence in the opinion of Gen. Taylor, that we should push our invasion of Mexico no further, but plant ourselves upon a line capable of being easily defended, and act entirely upon the defensive.

Correspondence of the Newark Daily Advertiser.

Trenton, Feb. 17, 1847.

Report of the Chancellor Bank.

The Committee appointed by the Legislature to examine into the affairs of the Bank of Chancellor, have made their report to day accompanied by the evidence of the witnesses examined in the performance of their duty. It appears that they found the books were not only in a confused state, but that the amount and liabilities of the Bank was that a great portion of what the officers alleged to be notes did not appear on the books.

The assets and liabilities of the bank which were laid before them by the Cashier and Assistant Cashier were as follows:

ASSETS:—Specie,	$4,641 82
Prior to 1840 on N. Y. Mer Bk,	3,000 00
Notes of other Banks,	1,300 00
Checks on do	245 00
Bills discounted, bill and promissory notes,	21,658 03
do renewed,	2,267 01
do do by N Y agent,	63,421 00
Deposited in N Y banks,	100,000 00
Do M & M Bank, Trenton,	1,500 00
Do Farmers' Bank, Rahway,	1,232 46
Real Estate,	6,327 46
Over drafts,	20 00
Expense account,	847 50
Total Assets,	$214,785 28
LIABILITIES:—Capital Stock,	$100,000 00
Circulation,	131 901 00
Due depositors,	1,519 23
Interest received since Dec. '46,	360 35
Total Liabilities,	$233,719 57

Excess of Liabilities, $16,933 90.

The books did not show that the specie was owned by the bank, nor was any account kept to show what amount it had in cash. Entries were made of the amounts taken from the safe in the morning, of the receipts and payments made during the day, and these were balanced in the evening, by returning what was left to the safe, and so on with the notes.

The notes discounted in New York were all discounted by M. Y. Beach & Sons. There was no entry on the books respecting them, neither did the President, Assistant Cashier nor any of the Directors examined, recognize these notes as the property of the Bank. The Cashier presented them as part of the assets, and this with his statement as a witness constituted the only evidence that they belonged to the bank.

The item of $100,000 "deposited in other banks," on the common account was identified was correct. It was a simple Ledger entry, without date, and the President knew nothing of it except what he was told by the Cashier.

It was testified that $50,000 of the capital was paid in when the bank went into operation, and $50,000 since.

The amount of Plainfield notes issued by the Cashier and in circulation was $15,256; and that 16,645 had been sent to Beach, Aiken & Co, in Ohio and others to be put in circulation and would be charged to the circulation account when advices should be received that they had actually been issued.

The remainder of the assets, amounting to $34 547 80 were found regularly entered upon the books.

Among the bills discounted, there were six notes called the Williams and Ormiston notes, amounting to $100,000, drawn by one of those persons, and endorsed by one of the same two persons, and guaranteed by M. Y. Beach & Sons. They are payable with interest, and dated a long time ago. Whether the drawers and endorsers are responsible the committee could not learn, but they have considered them a kind of notes not proper to be discounted by banks. The cashier stated that they were given by the agent at New York as security for the $100,000 before referred to.

The Cashier also produced stocks of different kinds worth, he said, at a cash valuation, $90,000, which were also given as collateral security for the same $100,000. The other officers knew nothing of these stocks, and nothing of them appears of them on the books. The other officers also understood that the Williams and Ormiston notes were held as security for the money of the bank in the hands of the agent in New York.

The manner of declaring and disposing of the dividends the committee consider ab-urd. They were kept a the profit and loss account, and were made annually, instead of semi-annually, as required by law.

At a very early period M. Y. Beach was put in possession of four-fifths of the capital to be used in discounting in New York.

The Bank was in charge of several directors elected in May, 1846, although the charter requires the election to be held annually in April. Of those that elected the committee could ascertain only Mr. Beach, who presided at the meeting, and Mr. Noble, who had been sworn as an elector, against Beach, who was appointed to fill a vacancy by the death of Aiken although they were themselves not qualified to act, and not one of them a bona fide stockholder. The book of minutes contains the record of only 14 meetings since Sept. 21, 1843, and of only 4 since Sept. 11, 1845.

The President appeared to know very little of the business. The Cashier resides in New York and the Assistant has the whole management of the business. The Cashier when elected in 1845 gave a bond, but very little was known of the securities; he has not been re-elected and has given no bond since, though the charter expressly requires it.

The testimony of the Cashier as to the manner in which the assets of the bank are ascertained differs from the testimony on this point of all the other persons. He states that sometimes the notes left by the N. Y. agent as security, are included in the assets, and sometimes the notes due noted by him; which latter to the amount of $63,461, were presented by him to the Committee as part of the assets. The Directors say the letter are never considered the property of the bank.

The stock is divided by the charter into 2000 shares. Moses Y. Beach has 1995 shares and 10 other persons 110 shares, making a mistake of 5 shares.

The report concludes by acknowledging the assistance afforded them by the Assistant Cashier, Mr. Robert Anderson, and expresses the confidence of the committee in his honesty and integrity.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Friday afternoon, Feb. 19.—In Senate, the Joint Resolutions from Assembly, to exclude Slavery from new territory to be acquired by the U S was passed with only one dissenting voice.

Tuesday.—In Senate, the Somerville Rail Road was proposed to the next Legislature.

Several petitions were received to give licenses to sell by the gallon, &c.

In Assembly.—The bill to repeal the recovery of the Trenton Water Power Co. up the Delaware, passed, 39 to 27.

The Military Bill was reported a supplement to the Militia Law, under which officers not to exceed 21, and 15 not attached to a military company, to form a year, quakers excluded.—Passed 3d reading.

The State Superintendent of Common Schools made his report.

The bill to give the question of licenses to the people was taken up on 2d reading, and debated at length. A motion to strike out the provision that no liquor shall be sold on the Sabbath, was lost—yeas 21, nays 35, but

Law and Equity of this State. The Court is to be opened at Newark on Saturday, 24th inst. We have time and room this morning for only the principal items.

The receipts nearly $10,000,000 in specie.

The Ports have been opened free for food, and all restrictions have been suspended.

Interest is becoming general in Southern Indiana, and numerous deaths by intoxication.

Scotland, Germany, France and Belgium.

The price of grain in the British market had declined that the amount of duty abolished.

Cotton has slightly declined.

Great relief measures for Ireland by the Government were in progress—a project for expending $20,000,000 sterling there for permanent improvement. Lands to be taken from landlords and sold to the tenantry.

Money was scarce—rate of interest rapidly advancing.

NOTICE

The *Annual Meeting* of the Plainfield Mutual Assurance Fire Company, will be held at John W. Laing's Tavern in Plainfield, on the eighth day of March next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. And a resolution of the Directors of said company passed February 22d, 1847, recommending the meeting to adopt a resolution to divide the accumulated interest on hand among the members, after running two years' interest—and to admit new members, will be submitted to their consideration

The Poll for the election of Fifteen Directors, will open at 1 o'clock, and close at 3 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the Directors,

Feb 22, 1847. C. BOZEC, Sec'y

In Your Liver Discovered,

You may find relief if you will but try in time. Our Agent has just received the following:

New Jersey, Bordentown, Oct. 25 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle.

Dear Sir: I am well aware that persons of every age, sex, and condition in life, in every part of the country, have used, and been benefited by Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. My own life has been saved with it. My father's and mother's family were both consumptive. My father, mother and a sister died with that fatal disease. For some years I have been predisposed to it myself. About one year ago I was quite sick for a number of weeks, confined to my bed when the pain in my side would allow me to lay. My physician pronounced my disease Liver Complaint; my liver was very much enlarged; I raised blood several times; the pain in my side was so severe that the cars passing in the streets by the door affected me. I was stupid, blind, and had various other remedies applied but all to no purpose; I got no relief: at last my physician said he could not cure me. I expected to die soon, but providentially I heard of, and obtained a bottle of your Balsam, which relieved me at once. I was encouraged to persevere in using it until I took four or five bottles, which saved my life and cured me. My health is now good. For Liver Complaints I believe it is a most certain cure.

Signed. MARTHA A. BECHTEL.

I am acquainted with Mrs. Bechtel, her statement is true. Signed by

WHITALL STOKES, Druggist.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

Each genuine, unless signed I. Bunn, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRANE.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific. is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations — in short, it is what we mean indeed as a specific for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical Instrument makers and Manufacturer of Trusses,—57 Chatham street.

Dear Sir,—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have in reduced to public notice, under the name of OLOSONIAN, or ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effect in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a Cough, its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended. Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.

WM R GOULDING, 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tetter Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the lessened activity by hardening the velves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased, and is still increased by the fixation of the globules, or particles which compose the mass of fluids. Then in it then the excessive heat and chills is experienced throughout the whole system, and sometimes ended with great thirst, pain at the head, back, kidneys, and in fact a complete prostration of all the faculties of the mind as well as body.

On the first attack of fever, or any disease, immediately take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep them in use until all these symptoms have left the system, and you are well. Do not wait until you are sick before you take them, but take them occasionally, and you will in most cases be sufficient as a first dose, take one dose of this kind it is not immediate, may prevent months of sickness, perhaps death.

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, are offered as universally approved medicine, which by its peculiar action, cleanse the blood of all impurities, removes every Pain and Disease from the system, and restores the Constitution to perfect Health and Vigor.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tilworth, Dunn & Co.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Wm. B. Hall, 1,19; Martin Giles, 1,00; Isaac Newsing, ,75; Jos. M. Osborn, ,75; Eph L. Runyon, 1,00; Josiah Vail, ,87.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any Impure Diseases of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations is celebrated for its healing virtues for its wonderful medicinal properties. The combined virtues of its valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of the first physicians of society is exactly as it ought to be. Such a preparation is Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not ever ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, for there is none got up in Philadelphia by Wistar's name, but the above, of Wistar attached, the light of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a physician, see that you have the signature of Dr. Sanford, Philadelphia, to each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column

MARRIED.

On the 30th of Jan. by Rev. Mr Barker, Mr. Theodore Drake, of Plainfield, to Mary Louise Blue, of New Market.

On the 20th ult. at Pine Ridge, Mississippi, Rev. Benj. H. Willams, formerly of Elizabethtown, N. J. to Miss Elizabeth S. Boland, of the former place.

On the 10th inst. Michael Vanderveer, Esq of Somerset, to Miss Ellen Eliza Anderson, of South Trenton.

On the 9th inst. Wm. Maloy to Rebecca Hart well, all of New Brunswick.

In Washington, 14th inst. Geo. F. Read, to West Stockbridge, Mass. to Jane C. Thorp, eldest daughter of the late Robert A. Thorp, to Perth Amboy, N. J.

DIED.

In this place, on the 10th inst. Mr. Morris Webster, in the 70 h year of his age.

Very suddenly in Bellville, Upper Canada Jan 24 d; Samuel Lyon, in the 50th year of his age, formerly a resident of Elizabethtown, N J.

In New York, 9th inst Mrs. Anna Halsted, aged 79 years, formerly of Elizabethtown, N J.

In New York, 14th inst. of consumption, Capt. John Heath, in the 56th year of his age, formerly of Basking Ridge, N J

In Upper Rahway, 6th inst. of consumption. Levi Ballou, aged about 65 years.

At New Brunswick, 14th inst John Rodman, formerly of N. York, in the 73d year of his age.

VENDUE

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Monday, March 8, 1847, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at New Market Depot, N. J. a great variety of Store Goods, consisting of Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Earthen Ware, Hardware, Garden Tools, Tin Ware, Shoes, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Spades, Rakes, Brooms, and other articles too numerous to mention. Also, a House, single Harness, Saddle, Bridle, Rubber Wagon, Pleasure Wagon, Sleigh, Buffalo Skin, one great Bells. Measure, Wheelbarrow, empty bags, wood, coal, stoves, cots, bedsteds, chairs, and a variety of Household Furniture, beds and shoes papers, pencils, &c. &c. &c. Terms, a liberal time in consequence of the subscriber having sold the Depot. Should the weather prove stormy or cloudy day, it will take place the next fair day, and continue from day to day until sold.

Also, a meadow lot adjoining Andrew McLaren's Land, will be sold.

Conditions made known on the day of sale. Eggs will be taken as cash at the market price in payment for cash bills. Credit will be given for bills over a certain amount with approved endorsers. For further particulars on or before the sale, apply to

S. BRANTINGHAM.

New-Market Depot, N. J. Feb. 23, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street: 7 Doors Beekman

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of Imperial Rural Landscapes, scenes, a choice selection of Shade cords; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at 50 per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings at manufacturers' prices. Shop, Fixtures and interior decorations furnished, and put to be carpenters.*

BISTOL & ORMSBEE,

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 22. 1847 —6m

Rooms to Let—Inquire of

Feb. 16, 1847.—tf STEPHEN S. DEEDS.

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, as dispatchers, doing business at Comstock.

AZARIAH MUNDY.
GEORGE S COON.

Plainfield, Feb. 9th, 1847 —3w

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at FRAZER'S Cheap Cash Store

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the new Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces New ging de Laine Chintz Patterns and very cheap by Sept. 20, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of open lines and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

Auction Notice.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, February 18th, inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises, a valuable Farm, recently the property of Noah Drake, deceased, situated in Warren township, Somerset county, N. J. being within 1 mile of Plainfield.

On the premises are a large and convenient Dwelling House, a large Barn, Corn House, Wagon House, Store House, &c. all in good repair.

The land (80 acres) is of the best quality, in a high state of cultivation, and is well watered.

The location is an excellent one for a Store, also, for a business man of other, there being no other trade within a mile and a half.

ALSO, will be sold at the same time, a House and lot of land adjoining the above deserved Farm. The Dwelling House is convenient, two stories high, and nearly new.

☞ Persons desiring further particulars before the day of sale can apply to Platt Drake, on the premises; to James S. Drake, near the Railroad Depot, Elizabethtown; or to the subscriber, at Scotch Plains.

EBRA DRAKE Agent.

February 16, 1847.

☞ The above sale is adjourned to Thursday next, 25th inst. same place and hour when the sale will be positive. Feb. 23d, 1847.

The Universal Remedy for Burns, Chilblains & all Scrofulous diseases

WHEREVER is challenged to produce a safer or more efficacious remedy for the above diseases, than Dr. Lyon's Universal Ointment.

CERTIFICATES:

This may certify that I have been sorely afflicted with Chilblains for ten years, and have found in Dr. Lyon's Universal Remedy, a speedy and sure cure.

Plainfield, Dec. 1845. ELIZA SMITH.

Having been sorely afflicted with Chilblains, Dost. Lyon's Universal Remedy has effected a speedy cure.

Waterloo, N. Y., Jan 1846. E. Young

To every head of a family we would state that Lyon's Universal Remedy is an invaluable preparation, having used it for more than four months in case of burns, sore throat, &c. and think that no family after having tried would be without it. GARRET VAN ELTEN,

TUNIS HUYSTEN,

Waterloo, Dec. 1845. SAMUEL WARNER.

We concur with the above, and do say that Dr. Lyon's salve is the best remedy for sore throat that we ever have used. Jacob Lake saw Mr. G. Cook's child that was burned on the forehead, eye and cheek, and learned that it was immediately removed by the Universal Remedy. If not now using it for Chilblains or burns, after having received immediate relief and I can not cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing that every family ought to have a box in them ready at all times. Jeremiah K. Watson.

Persons, at 25 cents a box, with several other certificates, and directions, by M. F. CUSHING

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce. Plainfield, June 26, 1845.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangement.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York at 6 o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, and 11 o clock, A. M. and at 3 o'clock, 4 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 10 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 10 o'clock, A. M Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Bonnellsville,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	37 1-2
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogshead of Liquor or Molasses,	$1 50
Barrel of Liquor or Molasses,	75
Barrel of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.	25
Corn, Wheat, clover, Flaxseed, per bushel,	8
Oats,	6
Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs.	15
Horses,	1 12
Cows,	1 00
Calves and calves,	50
Sheep,	25
Bags of Feed and Meal of 100 lbs	12
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight, from 25 cents to	1 00
Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the rate of 12 cents per cubic foot.	

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Captain of the Steamboat, or the agent of the N. J. Railroad, which ever way persons may choose to send their goods, and no goods will be delivered from the prison forwarded in the Way bills.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so long and so general an open demand, is now for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1826 by Authority of

THE GENUINE SIGNATURE OF

Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Pulpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Barrenness, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual remedy known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

Read the Testimony.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Having had a number of cases afflicted with a very violent cough, with a tight pain and breast, soreness of the lungs, &c. &c. I was induced to make use of your valuable preparation of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but generally gave me no relief. The last bottle I bought was from Mr. Ash, the blood vessels ruptured profusely from my mouth, and then commenced coughing more upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the best of my departure was hourly expected. At this time I procured and the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, and restored me to my health, after having been confined to my bed for the space of 11 days, and was given up by my friends and physicians. I think I can truthfully say that I was restored to health by the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would be more cautious and get genuine articles, as prepared by you, and not imposed upon with the many worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the republicans of yours, it may be the means of saving many a valuable life. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

ELIZABETH THOMAS,

No 13 Shot. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above mentioned is a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family no remedy can be more so than Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, for the cure of diseases of the throat and lungs, &c. &c. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy could be found which is in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the people, or performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so many eulogiums from the faculty and others, as the justly celebrated

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such an unwise thing, be careful of your colds, or most assuredly your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, take such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine of the present day in the country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its unrivalled properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it the best, safest and most reliable remedy ever discovered for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A FALLACY IN MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cool unset aded is, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fact disease so insidiously approaches the system of life, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, until it is too late, to commence the necessary remedies, the employment of the means requires the time which cannot always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy which will cure a cold in a few days, or at most time protect in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry has been used for three years, and thousands of people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Vine streets, and in the possession of the Remedy has created a demand for it in the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

We truly entertaining success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that the proprietor is not a quack, but a regular physician, or a proprietor of some quack-ful character. In the annals of practice, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a more successful remedy discovered for the relief of countless a complaint, or one that has conferred upon mankind more real benefit than is a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. No unbiassable are its merits and so completely has it established the confidence of its friends, that the proprietors of the Medicine in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily increasing, are of the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have sprung from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, are evidence of the high estimation in which it is held, particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry

☞ LETTERS ADDRESSED to DR. SWAYNE PHILA., All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blast.

All hail! ye wrinkled mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye sick! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;

Let none of this be base imposture who would deceive you thus,

by their Pharisaic cures and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.

Who vends a Panacea, and then calls it, thro' deceit, The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!

For you should shun the vocal cheat, to healthy and be blest,

Trust not the lurking panacea, as truth and justice said Who'd barter o'er your latest breath to catch a glorious end?

Who'd sell you for your gold to the land of death, and leave you to your grave.

Leave well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretchers are

That would filch your name from Dr. Swayne, and blast their existence with Tar;

Learn well to shun this vocal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry is the only one that is sold at the public, in the city or any other country. If you value the health of yourself and family, be cautious and not be imposed upon, by any spurious article that may be offered you, for sale, as there is none but the genuine Wild Cherry prepared by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Mark Countenance's dollar note system!

Are these spurious bills wrong?

Is this counterfeiting?

Is the counterfeiting detected at the right day?

Is the counterfeiting detected?

Are these bills counterfeit?

Are these bills counterfeit?

*Are these bills counterfeit

Notice.

THE Subscriber, late Principal of the Academy formerly occupied by the late Rev. Mr. Mc'Clelland, respectfully informs the public that he has re-opened said Academy, and that he is fully prepared to render those entrusted to his care, all the assistance that it will most justly merit. In the course of the present week, he will be joined by Mr. Wolverton, who kindly consented to assist him, under the superintendence of the Principal.

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLEN.

Our mode of teaching is decidedly systematic and thorough, calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following schools will be conducted by the Principal, who can confidently refer to the public for his principles.

Our motto is, if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Reading, Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $5.00.

Reading, Writing and Arithmetical Tables, $6.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Use of Globes are used, $8.00.

If Philosophy, Chemistry, Euclid, Geography and Astronomy are studied with those that have been mentioned, $12.00.

Those studying Algebra, Geometry, Stereography, and Natural Philosophy, $15.00.

Surveying, both theoretical and practical, $15.00 per quarter.

Boarding, including washing and lodging, $1.25 per week.

Those wishing to learn Grammar, $4.00.

Those studying Latin, Greek or any other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood that there will be no extra charges.

The School Year.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless every box has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and on completing this has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Rand, Hodgdon, and others, this supposition is found to be entirely groundless.

Sold in New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure dressed with fine red paint.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and 316 Hays, 139 Fulton street, Brooklyn, and at reputable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by R. P. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at his old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand a full supply of large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. as Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for Cake vending, printing, shoemaking, mending, &c. &c. for eye, tar, day cash, or trade, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, wood or cash, or any article of use which they have to spare. He hopes here after sons will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business; and nothing else in any way.

N. B. All forbid any one to trust him without his written order.

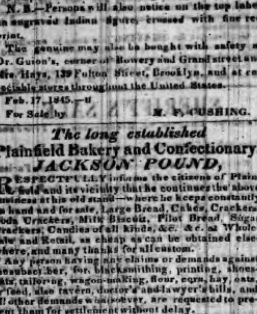
Dec. 26, 1846.—3m

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield, N. J.

And encourage Home Industry



TOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well as quick, and as cheap as can be done anywhere. Try us gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 19, 1845.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the unparalleled Colored Daguerreotypes and their Appearance ever exhibited.

Publish taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

Rooms, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 79 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 206 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Vine sts.; and 170 Main st., Saratoga; Albany, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.00 for sale at Cost by PRUDEN'S.

WATCH, Tea Kettles, Griddles, Grid-irons, Andirons, Chains, Call at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now in hand a general assortment of Staple and Fashionable Goods. Of these, all of which they would invite attention to the following:

Delaines, Lawns, and Jaconets.

Gingham Lawns in great variety, also Linen Drapery.

Mouslin De Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

Cashmeres and Paris Beiges, of the latest styles.

Alpacas, Black and Colored, very low.

Mohairs, plain, English and German.

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities.

Gordon Gingham, Dark Plaid and Striped.

Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 37, 39 and 44 inches wide.

Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks.

Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also Red Bordered and Checked Flannels.

Diapers, Toweling, Nankins and Table Covers.

Domestic, Prench and English Prints in great variety.

Irish Linens, of various grades, Bleached and Brown.

Bleaching and shirting Muslins and Sheetings.

Shawls, Balmorals, Blanketing and Merino.

Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and new.

Ladies' Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do.

Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings.

Cambric, Jaconet, Swiss, Bobbin and Mull Muslins.

Canton Linen Holds, plain, figured and bordered.

Linen Diaper, Damask and Huckaback Towels.

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings, tassels, &c.

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, Americas, Prench, German and English Cassimeres of the best quality, Tweeds and Doeskins.

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Velvets, Woolen Velvets, in Cassimeres of every variety, also Seersuckers & luster.

Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' wear.

Washington Stripes with a general variety of Linen Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provisions all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 25, 1846.

NEW LAND OFFICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the Public that he has opened a Land Office at the Rail Road House at Plainfield, New Jersey, and having made arrangements to be in New York two days in each week, for the purpose of selling and exchanging property on commission and from the general acquaintance and knowledge of the business, will make it a favorable opportunity for those selling what he disposes of advantageously, and for those wishing to invest in New York city papers, if requested.

He has on hand for sale Three Farms in Somerset county, one of 100 acres, one of 80 acres, and one of 54 acres, with good buildings; also a small Farm near Scotch Plains, and several Town and Lots in Plainfield. He has also for sale or exchange for property in New Jersey, a Farm of 200 acres, situated in Otsego county, New York, on the Susquehannah, adjoining the village of Sidney Plains, in a high state of cultivation, with orchard of 1000 trees, and a good house, which has been occupied as a Tavern and store, and is a good location for business. There have been raised on the same during the past season 2000 bushels of corn, and about 800 tons of Hay cut, besides keeping the ordinary stock.

Also, a Farm of 500 acres in Lewis county, and a Lot of 250 acres of Timber, consisting of Pine, Spruce and Hemlock, which will pay for the cutting, if an extensive water power on the same, with a large saw Mill in full operation, and is calculated for a run of stone which he offers for sale on easy terms, or will exchange for property suited at the place.

Also, a Farm containing 160 acres, with a new house built for a Tavern and store. Also property offers a great opportunity for enterprising men as a company is about to establish an extensive iron manufactory at the same place. Also, a number of improved Farms in Jefferson county, and several tracts of Timber land.

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent.

Plainfield, Feb 16th, 1846.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following enumerations is a part of his stock:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Burege Shawls, striped and plaid

Ginghams, a good assortment,

Prints, Merrimack, Fall River, Cochecs, &c. new styles, our stock of prints can not be surpassed.

Dimpers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers

3 Bale Carpeting, Ingrain, Dutch,

Nankeens, Nankeenas and Cottonades,

Lucas' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,

Clothes, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Ticking, Checks in large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Lace Edgings, Insertings, and Trimmings for goods,

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades—a whole lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying elsewhere.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, to be sold with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as cheap and as low as can be found elsewhere.

Also, a new hand and Fur Sale.

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes.

Chairs, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware.

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 8d. per Yard.

Also

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c. Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Goss Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 15, 1844.

HAMS, Shoulders and Dried Beef, just Received and for sale by PRUDEN'S.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the Indian Sensation. Health VARIATION from the standard of health will be evinced by a thick cloudy appearance from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows more copiously, and is more offensive than in a healthy state. Life cannot be sustained for a length of time by means of the blood and other juices of the body, and disorder by the means of impurity of the blood, which is the basis of life, is the cause of all the diseases that afflict mankind. Whatever medicine is used for the purpose of purifying the blood, should be tested directly to the strength of the Sensation Perspiration. Then we can tell just to a certainty what medicine is required to cure the disease, and it relieves the from all impurities instantly. Its use is mild, and agreeable to the most delicate constitution. It is composed entirely of vegetable matter, and is perfectly harmless. All persons are liable to be afflicted with Scrofula, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Piles, Fevers, Ague, Fever and Ague, Dropsy, Nervousness, Headache, Female Complaints, Erysipelas, Scurvy, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Chapped Hands, Tumors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Neuralgia, Gout, Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Spasms, Hysterics, Fits, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Sciatica, Rheumatism

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 8. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1847. Whole number 320.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegatable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show that [in the language of a celebrated physician] the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally cure wounds of any kind, Bruises, old sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Piles, Carbuncles, and Corns. Piles. Pregnant Daleus or Milk leg; lameness in the joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, rough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Tetter bites limbs, Croup, Inflammation or sore in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEARNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Sides so that no common prescriptions of our attendant Physician and using many parent remedies of the day without any sensible benefit, we decided to try a Plaster of Coon's Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon regained. We therefore think nothing offered relief until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation when by for exceeds that of any other article of the kind in vicinities where the German Veg. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. We would advise the afflicted to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to G. RADWAY, 91 Fulton st.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and varied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for the unparalleled success in all the disorders which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing them unnecessary, but upon the faith of those who have honestly made their trials; their good works testify for them, and they invite not by the faith of the credulous.

IN ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the LIVER, and in all cases of BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—

No person who has once used these Medicines, they will be found invaluable. Phisicians, farmers and others, who wish to have a Medicine always at hand, will most effectually do so by keeping a few BOXES OF MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, CONSTIVENESS, COLDS & COUGHS, CHOLIC, Costiveness or Costive habit, Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

CONSUMPT HUMORS. DROPSIES.

DYSENTERY, No person with this disease on the coast, should be without these Medicines.

ERUPTIONS of the Skin, ERYSIPELAS, FLATULENCY.

FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the western country, these Medicines have a never failing and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease, these Medicines purify the blood and system so that they remain free from disease.

FOUL BREATH, GENERAL DEBILITY, GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of many kind, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, & LEPROSY, LOOSENESS.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Where this is undesirable entirely all the effects of Mercury, such as SORE MOUTH, SWOLLEN GLANDS, SHORT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PAIN in the side, back, and limbs, PALPITATION of the heart.

PILES. The original discoverer of these medicines was cured of Piles of 30 years standing by the use of these Life Pills alone.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and stomach, RHEUMATISM of all kinds, SALT RHEUM, with this terrible disease, will be sure of relief by the Life Medicines.

RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURFY, SALTRHEUM, SWELLINGS.

SCROFULA, or KING'S EVIL, in its worst forms, ULCERS of all kinds.

WORMS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by these Medicines. Persons will do well to administer them when any one considers it necessary. Relief will be realized, and they cause no injury, as other medicines do.

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS PURIFY THE BLOOD,

And thus remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will prove the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS to pos the much of recommendation they claim. Sold by Hollister & Co. Plainfield.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, called the "Life Medicines," containing the directions for use, on which the drawing of Benedict from Wall street to our Office, is drawn and engraved on wood, and a fac simile of the seal of the Proprietor and Signatures are copyrighted according to law, and any person counterfeiting the same will be punished that they can possibly be. Be careful, and do not buy these medicines unless the above mark is on the wrapper, and the name blown in the bottle, or they are not genuine.

☞ Prepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,

335 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York.

For Sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for this vicinity.

March 24, 1846.—1 y.

DENTISTRY.

The Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed, that Dr. E. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Saturdays. Those who may engage his professional services may be at his boarding place in Elizabethtown a few days to advantage, stating the time they will call—a notice may be left with the Rev. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma, of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Wasting of the Lungs, sickness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which the "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances which patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from the remedies used when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected a

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to think it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its medicines and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and can BE CURED." if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster thirsts to the pursuit of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its con pleat. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. Nonge is exempt from its death dealing dart. The cold, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of disease, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life, calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look unpleasantly on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the disease which fastens its fangs upon the fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Winter's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "advertising skill" of a long string of certificates to give it sincerity. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public and

"Well on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Winter's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and from my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, and can be verified.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astounding efficacy of Dr. Winter's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended caring many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has created a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused many unprincipled venders of quack nostrums to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be sure and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always has the written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits. Address all orders to

ISAIAH W. POWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

128 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Muffs, Muffs, Muffs!

Made of the finest of stuffs,
Furs rich, costly and rare,
To warm and adorn the Fair.
At prices reduced you will meet,
At Hollister's store in Front street.

Dec. 22, 1845.

Sculley's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp in the Stomach, Sprains, Bruises, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by

M. F. CUSHING.

House and Lot for sale.

THE Subscriber has a House and Lot situated on Second street, adjoining Peter Runyon's, which he is willing to dispose of on reasonable terms. If the same is not sold before the 1st of April next it will be to let.

Apply to E. KIRKPATRICK.

Jan. 5, 1847.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, at low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases just arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

RICHARD M. CRANE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 123 Market, near Broad, Newark.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sores, Tetter and Cankers, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aged Sores in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most WONDERFUL MEDICINE in curing the most severe cases of the different Diseases above named,—and the HIGH ENCOMIUMS that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the AFFLICTED to resort at once to the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment:—

The following letter from the highly esteemed Physicians who have been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion of HUNT'S LINIMENT, as prepared by M. Gregg & E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. E. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. N. BELCHER.

Yorktown, January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used Hunt's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I believe it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugs that are poured forth at the present day upon the country, it is really refreshing to find something of real and substantial value. Something which is beneficial in its operation, and at the same time free from those injurious effects which generally succeed powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already obtained the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and influential citizens, but our most distinguished Physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm for many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine strengthening influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my son, who had been crippled from a severe fall when an infant; and it is with gratitude that I bear testimony to its wonderful healing properties. My child who is now five years of age, is now in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DEARBORN G. SWAYNE.

Post Office, Tiverton, Putnam co.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and think the father would be safe in saying that his son is indebted to

JAS. W. DYRMAN.

November 5, 1845. Deputy Post Master.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number years subject to frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business. Two or three applications of the Liniment entirely removed all difficulty at the time. In cases of bruises, sprains, and sores too numerous to mention, it has in this vicinity proved a certain remedy, its value can only be estimated by those who have got the use of limbs.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 122 Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 116 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 96 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield.—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—E. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown.—I. K. Crawford.

Elizabethtown.—N. K. Sayres.

Princeton.—Dr. Clegg Stevens, A. Stites, W. S. Cooper.

Union.—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade.

Elizabethtown.—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. S. Schenck, Jr.

Cherry Valley.—H. S. Smith.

Smith Orange.—I. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Nichols.

Belleville.—Mr. Jerdaman & Son

Bloomfield.—Frame, Pierson & Congar, Crane, Bonnell & Wilde

C. D. Bigelow.—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846.—1y

BRAMAN'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling all kinds of worms; it operates effectually without at the same time debilitating the patient; and from the means or silent manner which forms their action, worms are seldom aware the worm-cake is taken, but they soon begin to feel its effects. The worms may be known by the offensive odor of the child's breath not occasioned by worms, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial; as it purifies the system from the unnatural humors which are only the consequence of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

The beautiful purgative action combined so happily in this medicine renders it unnecessary to administer any other cathartic, as it operates sufficiently of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING, and by agents throughout the country. Price 25 cents per cake—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

5 YEARS, TEA.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for sale. I have now for Call

June 20. PRUDENT.

SALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. DULLRAM.

Dec. 7, 1846.

Home, sweet home.

Where burns the loved hearth brightest,
Cheering the social breast!
Where beats the fond heart lightest,
Its humble hopes possessed!
Where is the smile of sadness,
Of most—eyed sorrow born?
Where wish mirth's bright chaos is lorn.
Pleasure is marked by fleetness,
To those who ever roam;
While grief itself has sweetness,
At home, dear home!

There blend the ties that strengthen
Our hearts in hours of grief;
The silver links that lengthen,
Joys visits when most brief;
There eyes in all their splendor,
Are vocal to the heart;
And glances gay or tender,
Prest eloquence impart.
There hallowed be for pleasure!
Oh! do not wickly roam;
But seek that hidden treasure
At home, dear home!

Does pure religion charm thee,
Far more than ought below?
Wouldst thou that she should arm thee
Against the hour of wo?
Think not she dwelleth only
In temples built for prayer:
For home itself is lonely,
Unless her smiles be there.
The devotee may falter,
The bigot blindly roam,
If worshipless he alter
At home, dear home!

Love over it presideth,
With meek and watchful awe;
Its daily service giveth,
And showeth its perfect law.
If there thy faith shall fail thee,
If there no shrine be found,
What can thy prayers avail thee,
With kneeling crowds around?
Go, leave thy gilts unoffered,
Beneath Religion's dome;
And be her first dues proffered,
At home, dear home!

The Yankee Pedlar.

By Prof. Mayland.

In the fall of 18—, on my way from New York to Washington, I stopped for a couple of days in the pleasant city of New Brunswick. On the afternoon of my arrival, sit or eight of the townsmen were congregated in the Post Office. Among them was the character and animadversions upon the habits of one of their citizens, a Mr. D——, who was notorious for his cunning at a bargain, and close fisedness in money matters.

As the conversation was carried on in a pretty loud key, I may as well let the source speak for themselves.

"Close did you say," remarked one, "why you might as well say, to lose a dollar out of the ocean, as get fifty cents out of him in a bargain."

"A perfect skin flint!" uttered a little dumpified looking fellow. "I know him when he was'nt worth a dollar, and now he counts thousands where I do hundreds, and all made by taking advantage of the necessities of others.—Oh he's a sharper!"

"True," said another, "he's the keenest fellow I ever knew. Look how he's located in the best part of the town, and pockets the rents of the whole row as a bargain either. A man should run away to trade with South, I can tell you!"

"There's no mistake about D——," being a sharper!" added a third.

"He would out yankee yankeedom, and lose half try," put in a plethoric individual, who seemed determined to add his testimony.

"I would give ten dollars to have him locked up in a cage," said one of the party.

"So would I," replied two or three.

During this conversation, I had observed an individual with a strongly marked Yankee face, who was paying strict attention to the speakers. He was a tin pedlar, and had three wagons loaded with tin lanterns, then in the tavern yard. When they began to talk of giving money to have their neighbor encaged, he arose, and pushing on the Yankee pretty smartly, said,

"Gentlemen, I don't know but you are talking about whom you are speaking—I my I don't know him—but if you're a mind to subscribe a little grain of consarning, just to pay the rentes like, why I would'nt mind it. I calculate it might be done. I've been a-one with people afore, and I don't know but what it might be done. I've come a-try in the trade' line, and it's all in the way of trade with me—I say it's all in the way of trade. I don't like to be considered a gentleman of the party, "this is the ticket for me."

"You're in the trading line, are you?" enquired another.

"Yes, gentlemen—trading is my occupation. I'm close from Bangor, way down near the state of Maine. I can do a little of most any thing in the summer I may to hum and help the old folks; in the fall and winter I peddle my wares, pretty largely."

"You don't sell lanterns?" said the plethoric gentleman, interrogatively.

"Let there be one if I have got them thousand of them in my wagon in the yard!"

"Oh! you have, eh! Well you're the very man we want."

"Yes sir," said the yankee.

"We will make up a purse of twenty dollars for you, if you will bamboozle our friend Dean. I should'nt wonder if I could strike a trade with him."

"What will you do it?"

"I calculate it can be done to marrow."

"Very well—if you succeed, the money is yours."

"Sartin sure!" said the Yankee.

The twenty dollars were immediately collected and given to the landlord, as an earnest of their earnestness, and the party broke up to meet in the evening. On the following morning, as I was passing in haste, who was a shrewd, intelligent fellow, put on a genteel suit, and after having made a good many inquiries respecting the habits manners, appearance and residence of Mr D——, mounted a horse and took it round a about course for his house, with the intention of stopping there on his return, as if just from Philadelphia. As good luck would have it, old D—— was standing in his front door as the Yankee approached.

"Sir," said the latter, "will you be good enough to inform me how far I am from Brunswick?"

"Two miles, sir," replied D——.

"And how far is it to New York?"

"About forty miles, I suppose, by stage."

"Are there any tin-smiths in New Brunswick?" continued the Yankee.

"Why, yes, there are two or three small" affairs."

"I am sorry they are small—I was in hopes of being able to fill an order there which our house has received for lanterns."

"Lanterns!" said the fellow quickly, eagerly taking the bait, for he had seen the three wagons loaded with them only the day before.

"Yes," added the other carelessly, "we have a tender order, and I was told that the article could be had in New Brunswick."

"You are from Philadelphia, then?"

"Yes, we do business there. You have probably heard of our firm—Hops, Cock, & Co."

"I can't say that I've heard of that firm, but there appears to be a good many of you!"

"Oh! yes, it's a large house!"

"How many lanterns do you want?" inquired the old Dean.

"Three hundred will do."

The Yankee stated the sum considerably above the marketable value of the article.

"Do you wish them delivered in Philadelphia?"

"No I will attend to that."

"Add another dollar a hundred, and I will furnish them for you," said the greedy chapman.

"Agreed!" replied the Yankee, "I'll come when you require them."

"In two days."

"All right. I must go on some ten miles further; and I will pay you for them on my return."

After some other conversation about the cost, make, and quality of the article, all which served to impress old D—— with the legitimacy of the transaction, the Yankee returned to the tavern to his old cronies and gave a full account of his operations, as that day was fully prepared to superintend the sale of his own lanterns when the old skinflint arrived. In due time D—— reached the tavern, and after much screwing and jewing, the bargain was struck—money paid down, and the wagons delivered.

A grand game of satisfaction might have been observed at the time in the faces of some of the sought bystanders, but nothing was said. The Yankee got his fifty prize for his lanterns, pocketed his twenty dollars, and that night stayed indoors.

Old D—— waited all the next day, and the following one, and two more, but the Philadelphia merchant came not. At length the landlord began to grow hateful in the old man's sight, and with a demon toned smile reflected upon the pugnacious countenance in question. The wagons were unloaded, and upon every body in the town knew of it, and from that day forth the miser was branded by the cognomen of "Old Lantern." Many years afterwards the old man died, and the following bill was unravelled the sale of his effects contained the following note tenor:

Also—At the same time and place,

Three Hundred Lanterns!! Almost as good as new, which will be sold at a bargain.

The Prospect Ahead.—A Western emigrant was moving with his family and heavy baggage, and his mare being rather weak, he walked most of the way. One day, near evening, he brought his horse to a stand, and made this enquiry of a sage looking fellow, who was sitting on the driver's seat:

"I say, friend, covered with mud, and clothes like you, and shall now stop for the night, the prospect ahead?"

"Bad enough," said the old woman; "we are going to stop for the night."

"My dear," said the traveller, "the old fellow is in a swamp, clear up, and we are just on the edge of a lake."

Accident.—A man yesterday while hurrying to meet speed to oil a car, accidentally got his left hand caught between the cog wheels of the following kind of [illegible] tumbled down the side with [illegible] square, 17 old leaves, several [illegible] which one of which he fell 25. One end [illegible] 4 inches at bottom and 3 feet, square and [illegible] to the of [illegible] 2 square, a pair of pinions, a pair of steel wheels, a number of the Boston Notion, slats of the Boston Junction, head of pins of one 2 pair of trousers dirty shirts, one pair and a Harrison song book. The owner, very much [illegible] have been nearly all together.

Slavery to be Abolished in Delaware.—We are indebted to an esteemed friend in Wilmington Del. for the following valuable and gratifying information.—*U S Gazette.*

WILMINGTON, Feb. 20

The House of Representatives of this State, on Friday passed an act for the gradual abolition of slavery in the State, by a vote of 12 yeas to 9 nays.

This result is truly gratifying to the views of the people of Delaware. Slavery is and has been the great drawback which has weighed us down beneath that spirit of enterprise to which we so justly entitled; but the decisive vote foretells that our Legislature have at heart the true interests of the agriculturists not only of Newcastle and Kent, but of Sussex county.

I hope and trust that the Senate may prove here-after in the same spirit of the constituency. He who dares the door of emancipation will be open, and ere long, the people of the adjoining States will follow her noble example.

A Bull about a Bull.—A little volume lately published in London entitled "Irish Diamonds, containing the answers you'd expect—a really delicious anecdote, and as good as any thing in Joe Miller:

"A merry evening party, in an English country town, was commenced by Teddy the Irishman, about his countrymen being so famous for bulls.

"By faith," said Teddy, "you needn't talk about that same in this place; you're are as fond of bulls as any people in all the world, so you are."

"Nonsense!" some of the party replied; "how do you make that out?"

"Why, sure, it's very easy, it is; for in this parish by of a town you've got more public houses nor I ever seen with the sign of the bull over the door, so you have."

"Nay, Teddy, very few of these; but there's some of 'em you know on every town."

"Yes," said Teddy, obstinately sticking to his text, for he had laid a trap for his friends, "but you've more nor your share, barring that you're so fond of bulls, as I say; I'm sure I can count half a dozen of 'em."

"Pooh, nonsense!" cried the party; "that will never do what'll you bet on that, Teddy? You're out there, my boy, depend upon it; we know the town as well as you, and what will you bet?"

"Indeed, my brave boys, I'd not bet at all; I'm no better, I assure ye,—I should be worse if I was." This sally touched a companions, and he proceeded. "But I'll be bound to name and count the six."

"Well, do, do," said several voices

"Now, let me see: there's the Black Bull."

"Very right's one."

"Then there's the Red Bull."

"That's two."

"And the White Bull,"

"Come, that's three."

"And the Pied Bull."

"Sothers is; you'll not go much further."

"And then there's—there's—there's—the Golden Bull, is'—that's it street ?"

"Well done, Teddy; that's five, sure enough; but you don't count her."

"Aye," said a little letter-carrier, who sat smoking in the corner," and he will be right, for there is'nt one more I know."

"And then, remember," continued Teddy, carefully pursuing his enumeration, "there's the Duke Cow."

At this, a burst of laughter fairly shook the room, and Tony hands kept the tables and glasses—awaiting the tumultuous cries of" A bull! a bull! Teddy's making serious it all around, Teddy deliberately asked—

"Do you call that a bull?"

"To be sure it's a bull!" exclaimed several voices at once.

"Then," said Teddy," that's the truth!"

Here an unavoidable defeat in the direct was converted into a victory in the antipodean, by this cleverly obtained admission of the vanquished party themselves.

Signs.—When will signs and wonders cease? —Not till the destroying angel shall clip short the thread of time, and the heavens be rolled together as a scroll. Not a day passes but we see good and bad signs, as the following will show:

It is good sign to see a man enter your sanctum with a friendly greeting. "Here's 2 dollars to pay for my paper."

It is bad sign to hear a man say he's too poor to take a paper—ten to one he carries home a jug of "white-eye" that costs him half a dollar.

It is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows.

It is a bad sign to hear him boasting of it.

It is a good sign to see the color of health on a man's face.

It is a bad sign to see it all concentrated in his nose.

It's a good sign to see an honest man wearing hisself clothes.

It is a bad sign to see them filling the holes in his windows.

It is a good sign to see a man wiping the perspiration from his face.

It is bad sign to see him wipe his chops as he comes out of a cellar.

It's a good sign to see a woman dressed with taste and neatness.

It's a bad sign to see her husband sued for her finery.

It's a good sign for man to advertise in the paper.

It is a bad sign for the Sheriff to advertise for him.

It is a good sign to see a man sending his children at school.

It's a bad sign to see them educated at evening schools, on the public squares, &c., etc. and so forth. Goshen. Dem.

The Bank Closed.—The Lehigh County Bank was closed on Monday noon, the 15th inst. The authorized Agent informed a note holder that the hall was burned. Several boxes were removed on Sunday morning previous. Since then the banking house has remained closed, and no business transacted. Numerous calls have been made by note holders, who of course want their Pictures, minus their accompaniment.—Lehigh Register (Allentown) Feb. 22.

Remarkable Prophecy of Cobbett, respecting Ireland and the failure of the Potato.

[From the London Correspondent of the Boston Courier.]

Ireland.

county, Galway, who related the following conversation he had with that extraordinary man Cobbett in 1826. While speaking of Ireland Cobbett said, that the only way of finding the true cause would be the state of Ireland. "How so!" replied Dr. Smith, "what must the people do without it; they live upon it, and have done so in cultivation 125 years."—Cobbett answered, "they must go back to the same food they were accustomed to live upon previously to the general cultivation of the only world; and that is to say, to wheat, oats, &c. &c. and have no idea of acres of underground potatoes. The ground must be drained and brought into cultivation, and you must again grow wheat, oats, rye &c. &c. The potato will not last more than twenty years, when it will work itself out, and then you will see to what a state Ireland will be reduced. You must return to grain crops; and Ireland, instead of being the most degraded, will become one of the finest countries in the world." You may live to see my words prove true, but I never shall."

Doctor Smith made a note of the above in 1826, and the same opinion and prophecy concerning the potato occurs in one of Cobbett's books, Cottage Economy, or Cottage Comforts. I forget which.

Shot Tower in St. Louis.—Mr. Kennett, of St. Louis, has just built a Tower, in that city 175 feet high which is calculated to manufacture 10,000 pounds of shot per day.

Sad Accident.—On Saturday last, a ball about 14 years of age, named Wm. W. C. Carson, of this city, employed in Mr. Day's Cotton Factory, had the misfortune to come in contact with some of the machinery and had his right arm so dreadfully mangled as to make it necessary to amputate it about the elbow. The operation was performed on Sunday morning by Dr. A. D. Newell, and the patient is doing well.—*New Brunswick Fred.*

Hon. Reverdy Johnson of Maryland, in his speech on the three million bill on Saturday last uttered the following langtnge while declaiming against the unrighteousness of the Mexican war. It deserves to be written in letters of gold:

"Public virtue has given us great prosperity. Let that virtue fail us—neglect the lust of dominion and ambition as there is a God who rewards virtue and punishes vice, the curse of his judgment will be upon us."

Brutal Outrage and Robbery.—On Saturday night last, a man was found in a state of insensibility, a mile and a half from this city, on the road leading from the Old Bridge road to Mr. Thomas Hobarts.

On examination, it was discovered that it was a young man by the name of Whinkery, who has taught School in the brick School house, near where he was found. His skull was broken in two places, and also his jaw bone. A watch, which he usually carried, is gone, and his pockets were empty, though it is not known whether he had any money with him or not. He yet remains insensible, and we learn that there is but little hope of his recovery. A man was arrested on Monday, on suspicion of robbery, but nothing was elicited on his examination, to warrant his commitment.—*New Brunswick Times.*

The Philadelphia Spirit of the Times gives the following specimen of "stenography"—Was knat b ard must b neard.

Sudden Death in Trenton.—Dr. James F. Clark an eminent physician of Trenton, was taken down with apoplexy on Saturday morning, and expired about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He was recovering from a severe attack of gout, and fell in his chamber while giving directions for his breakfast.

Valentines.—We learn that 2832 Valentines passed through the Post Office of this city during the time allotted for those missives.—*Bridgeport Farmer.*

☞ *Distressing Circumstance.*—One of two sleighs which were racing on the road to Eliza. bethtown yesterday afternoon, near the Ist. Alms House run over a little son of Mr. Lott, the Keeper, about 12 years old, and killed him instantly. The occupants of the sleighs drove on, regardless or ignorant of the consequences of their very culpable recklessness.—*Newark Adv. Feb. 24th.*

☞ Last night was the coldest experienced for some years—the minimum temperature registered, by a spirit thermometer, being in the neighborhood of zero.—*Ib.* Feb. 24.

☞ A farmer of Warren Co. in this State has just taken to the N. Y. Market 3 five year old calves, all born at one birth, which weigh about 5000 lbs! They are said to be remarkable handsome creatures.

They weigh together 4,625 lbs. and there is no difference in weight, color or marks that the closest inspection can detect.

Eight vessels with 30,000 barrels of Breadstuffs have sailed from Baltimore for Europe this week.

The N. Y. Sub. Treasurer has sent a million and a half of gold to Philadelphia to be coined

Geo. Washington Dixon has been again consigned to the New Orleans calaboose for creating a disturbance in the streets.

A letter in the Liberty (Me.) Tribune mentions as curiosities to be seen on the plains, springs of soda, and says:—"The Independence rock is about 150 feet high, and covers something over six acres of ground. There are engraved upon this rock between two and three thousand names. I left my name on it, July 3d, 1846. If I were to tell you that we crossed lakes of alcerator, you would scarcely believe me, but it is true; we traveled over them with our teams, and used it in our bread, and it is so good, if not better than you buy in the States."

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Friday, Feb. 26.

In Assembly—The bill to repeal the charter of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Co. was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 37 to 23.

The bill to repeal the charter of the Morris and Essex Railroad Co. was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 36 to 24.

In Hillsborough, Feb. 14th, Benjamin Carle, the youngest son of Charles Carle, Esq. aged 15 years.

Tuesday—In Senate, for and against the new county, and for a law to prohibit persons from holding over 100 acres of land, were presented.

In Assembly, the bill to organize the State Lunatic Asylum, was passed, 39 to 18.

The bill to give Sussex to the people was taken up.

Mr. Martin said as the bill was now on its final passage he would be exceedingly gratified to see it sustained by a full vote of the members of the House. During the several weeks of our session we have had but few questions before us of general interest, upon which we have not agreed with entire unanimity. A question had arisen during the present session of the Assembly, considering our deliberations harmonious and agreeable. I hope, Sir, this feeling may still prevail. We have certainly had no question under consideration which possessed stronger claims to your united support. We had been appealed to by thousands of our constituents without reference either to political or sectional distinctions. Petitions upon this subject have reached from every part of the State and I may say, sir, from every class of society. Why is it that we are called upon to act? Why simply that we allow the people to exercise those powers which properly belong to them. If in a certain neighborhood they wish a licensed house, by their own vote they will be permitted to have it. If in another vicinity they prefer to do without one they also be accommodated.—Surely this is in keeping with our Republican institutions. It may be doubted by some whether this power will not be abused? A great deal in some instances may, but that will in no fault to cure. The whole responsibility must rest on those who perpetrate the wrong. I have an expectation that the evil complained of will be removed by this law. It is too much, Sir, to expect. But I confidently believe it will accomplish much good. It will extend to many neighborhoods the means of getting rid entirely of licensed houses. Under our present system it frequently happens that a small minority will control a whole community in this matter, and those interested in a different nuisance in their midst. I say, sir, a perfect nuisance, for such, Mr. Speaker, is unhappily the character of too many of our public houses. I know there are honorable exceptions. I do not use this language indiscriminately, nor will the people can the power without discrimination. I am perfectly satisfied to trust them with it. I would willingly have granted the people much more than the bill I fear it would result in the destruct of the entire bill. The committee in charge of the bill have returned it in this form, and I am willing to submit to their judgment. They have labored with great zeal and faithfulness, and are entitled to the confidence and warmest approbation of the friends of temperance.

The vote was then taken as follows:—

Ayes—24 whigs and 2 democrats—26.

Nays—11 democrats—11.

7 whigs and 4 democrats did not vote.

Wednesday—In Senate, the bill to charter the Easton and Somerville Railroad passed.

In Assembly—The bill to repeal the charter of the Delaware Bank at Paterson was passed, 41 to 4.

Also, the Joint Resolution to appropriate $10,000 of the revenue from the R R and Canal Cos. to the School Fund, 55 to 15.

Thursday—In Senate, the bill to create the new County of Union was postponed to the next session.

A resolution was adopted rescinding the resolution to adjourn on the 26th, sine die.

The bill to repeal the charter of the Mechanics' Bank at Paterson, was passed unanimously.

A resolution was adopted to hold Joint Meeting on Tuesday afternoon.

Friday—In Assembly—The bill to charter the Easton and Somerville Railroad Co. passed, 45 to 0. Also, to charter the Martinvil e Mining Co. Also, to authorize the Freeholders of Essex, to convert part of the Jail into a work house.

The $40 000 tax was debated—a motion to tax personal property was lost.

Both Houses adjourned to Monday afternoon.

Congress.

Monday, Feb. 22—The bill to organize the 10 regiments was taken up in the Senate, and the section authorizing the President to fill vacancies of regiment or company officers of volunteers stricken out, 27 to 17. An amendment was adopted authorizing the President to bestow as second Lieutenants, non-commissioned officers who distinguish themselves.

Mr. Soule, of La. on the Three Million Bill, ably defended the Administration.

In the House, the bill appropriating about $30,000,000 for the army and volunteers for the year ending June 30, 1848, was under consideration the whole day in committee of the Whole.

Tuesday—In Senate, the bill for transporting a mail to Oregon was passed.

The bill organizing ten regiments was amended and ordered to be engrossed for a 3d reading.

The Three Million Bill was taken up. Mr. Evans made a strong speech against the war,—Mr. Evans followed in support of the war and the administration.

In the House, the army appropriation bill was amended and passed, 152 to 28.

A resolution was adopted to meet hereafter at 10 in the forenoon.

Wednesday—In Senate, the debate on the Three Million Bill was resumed. Mr. Benton spoke against Mr. Calhoun, and in vindication of the President. Mr. Calhoun replied with some severity.

In the House, a number of private bills were passed. The bill appropriating $30,000,000 for the army was passed, 142 to 57.

Thursday—In Senate, the bill appropriating $30,000,000 for the army was passed, 42 to 4.

Mr. Davis spoke at length on the Three Million bill.

In the House, the Post Office Appropriation—the Indian Appropriation, and other Appropriation bills were passed.

Friday—In Senate—A bill was introduced to appoint $500,000 for the relief of the starving poor in Ireland and Scotland, and to transport the same in a national vessel.

The Three Million Bill was taken up and Mr. Hannegan spoke in favor of it, while Mr. Wilcox was opposed.

In the House—Mr. Slidell from the committee on ways and means reported a bill to authorize the issue of treasury notes to the amount of $23,000,000 to meet the appropriations of the present session. Mr. Adams moved to amend the bill by striking out the whole of the bill and inserting a resolution declaring the war unjust and unconstitutional. Mr. Adams's motion was rejected by a vote of 174 to 9. The bill was then passed by a vote of 173 to 9.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In Chancery of New Jersey.

William Hand Comptroller, and Oliver Hand and Joseph Hand, Executors of Thomas Hand deceased vs. Thomas Hand and others.

BY Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue at Laing's Tavern in Freehold, on the 15th day of March next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. all that messuage or tenement and tract of land and premises situate in the township of Freehold aforesaid, containing 70 acres more or less, adjoining to the lands of Wm. Hall on the west, of Joseph Hand on the south, of Wm. Hall on the east, and of Newman Creek, Benjamin Hand and others on the north, and being the same premises which were conveyed by Thomas Hand to Thomas Meeker's daughter Hannah, by deed bearing date the 8 day of August 1835, and recorded in Book Y. 11 folio 444 and 70 links to a corner in the line of Land formerly of Abraham Hand, thence (2) N. 45 min. W. 15 chains and 70 links to a corner in the line of Wm. Hall, thence (3) N. 45 deg. W. 11 chains to a corner in the middle of the road leading from Freehold to Hall's Mill, thence (4) N. 45 deg. E. 16 chains and 50 links to the beginning corner; And also, another lot of Land and premises, situate in the township aforesaid, adjoining said lands of Thomas Meeker's daughter Hannah, and being near the Dog Tavern in the township aforesaid and more particularly bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone standing in the middle of the road leading from Freehold to Hall's Mill, and in the line of Land formerly of Abraham Hand, and from said beginning corner runs (1) N. 44 deg. 45 min. W. 2 chains and 40 links to a stone in the middle of the road leading from Freehold to Hall's Mill, thence (2) N. 45 deg. W. 11 chains and 40 links to a stone in the middle of the road leading from Middletown corner, thence (3) N. 45 deg. E. 2 chains and 40 links to a stone in said road leading from Middletown corner, and 43 links to a stone in said road being a corner of Lot number four on Sarah Tantum's lot, thence with her line N. 44 deg. E. 12 chains and 80 links to the road that leads from Freehold to Hall's Mill, thence (4) S. 45 deg. E. 2 chains and 40 links to a stone in the middle of the road, N. 44 deg. 45 min. W. 2 chains and 40 links to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of WILLIAM PEARE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newark, Feb. 22, 1847.—6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE Subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Lydia Webster, dec'd, will sell at Public Vendue, on Tuesday March 30, 1847, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at John Ayres' Inn

12 Valuable Building Lots,

Situated in the Village of Freehold, Essex county, as follows:—1 Lot on the street leading out coming to Alex. Snydam, and in Lot No. 10, on map, containing 6,813 square feet.

1 Lot on the same, formerly belonging to Zachariah Webster, and in Lot No. 24, on Alex. Snydams map, containing 7,540 square feet.

4 Lots fronting on the road leading to James Wilson, Esq and laying off by him on Fourth street, adjoining land of E. Webster, Esq. Benj. Wells, the estate of Lydia Webster, dec'd and in No. 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter acre and 20 square links each.

5 Lots in the upper part of the village, formerly belonging to Lydia Webster and laying off by her, and in No. 46, 47, 51, 52, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter of an acre each. Said Lots are bounded, partly located, and very desirable for persons wishing to build. Also on the same day will be sold a Lot of Land by calling on Isaac Webster, or Elisha Rogers, Esq. where maps of the above property can be seen.

ISAAC WEBSTER, Administrator.

March 24, 1847.—5w

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Monday, March 8, 1847, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at New Market Depot, a large assortment of Dry Goods, consisting of Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Earthen Ware, Hardware, Garden Tools, Tin Ware, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, brooms, and other articles too numerous to mention. Also, a Horse, Harness, Horse Saddle, Bridles, Robes, Wagons, Pleasure Wagon, Sleigh, Buffalo Skins, one scrap Bells, Mower, Wheelbarrow, empty bags, wood, and a variety of other articles. Also a quantity of Household Furniture, boots and shoes, ropes, chains, &c. &c. &c. The sale will take place in the store of the subscriber having sold the Depot. Should any person not be present at the time of sale, it will take place the next fair day, and continue from day to day until all is sold.

Also, I am about to appoint Andrew McLaren's Land, will be sold.

Conditions made known on the day of sale. Eggs will be taken as cash at the market price in payment for cash bills. Credit will be given for sums over ten dollars on approved endorsers. For further particulars call on or before the sale, apply to

E. BRANTINGHAM.

New-Market Depot, N. J. Feb. 23, 1847.

Chinese Medicated Soap.

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Skin, and all skin purifier; also excellent for shaving, only 25 cts. a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment

See Advertisement at in another column.

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superiorto Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will burn neither grease or white or colored clothes. Any person can make it. The lamps now used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little and no trimming or cleaning, as it will work only better by age. The Lamp and Fluid, with directions for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Bodine, Stowe and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jack son Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH Glass, for only 2 shillings, for sale by

May 13, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Best Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by

March 31, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

THE UNION.

Plainfield, March 3, 1847.

Meeting for Ireland.

The undersigned respectfully invite the people of Plainfield and its vicinity, to meet with them on Friday, the 5th day of March inst, in the Basement of the 2d Presbyterian church, for the purpose of deliberating upon and taking measures for the relief of the famishing people of Ireland. It is deemed unnecessary to add a word to encourage the object of the meeting. The simple mention of the frightful suffering of the starving poor, as told in the various Journals of the day is at once sufficient to awaken the utmost sympathies of every individual in the community. It is believed that the people of Plainfield and its vicinity will respond with alacrity to the call now made upon them, set forward by a charming people.

The Meeting will be organized at 7 o'clock, P. M.

Jos. Dunn,
Jacob A. Ward, *Silas Rogers,*
Jos Prentice, *Wendell Bonham,*
E Kirkpatrick *Rich Armstrong,*
M F Cushing, *Richbell Webster.*

Plainfield, March 1st, 1847

We suppose a large portion of our citizens would have signed the above call had there been time to procure it before publication.

Late and Important from the Seat of War.

Two days dates of the 6th of Feb bring intelligence of the loss of the ship Chalkaka, about 20 miles south of Tampico, having on board the valuable amount of 2d Dr Ravey.

A report had been received at Tampico by a commercial house, of a force consisting of 2000 Mexicans between Mexicans and a portion of Kearny's command, supposed to be the Missouri under Col. Price. Many are supposed to have been killed on both sides, but the Americans were victorious and took possession of the city of Chihuahua.

Later.—Tampico dates to Feb. 9, bring the following and accounts:

A detachment composed of 80 Kentucky and Alabama cavalry was cut off some 80 miles between Saltillo by Gen Minon. They formed an ambuscade and made surprise and taken prisoners in their command. Maj Borland, Lieut M. Clay, and Roger Gaines were captured The capture of Lieut Rector and the Druggoon, with despatches from Gen Scott to Gen Taylor, is confirmed. One account says they were cut off between Monterey and Saltillo, and others say it is between Saltillo and Chihuahua. We continue to receive the whole plan of our operations. Another account says that ten dragoons had rescued Lieut Rector safely, but there is no doubt of the death of Lieut. Hughes. Young Rector was headed and dragged through a corn-field.

Another of the Ohio Regiment, supposed to be Lieut. Miller, had been murdered by Guerillas, when and actually murdered by the Mexicans.

Gen. Taylor's force at Monterey was his destination to Lobos, 75 miles from Vera Cruz, and soon an attack by sea and land was to be made to prevent that force, with all our forces.

News in regard to the volunteers we heard the Orleans is less favorable than was anticipated. A detachment sent to their assistance, is said to have been made prisoners; and all the volunteers of Cap. Magruder's forces had started for the wreck, and the whole brigade were expected to be reached. Of the number of volunteers who were wrecked, had certainly not reached Tampico; and at last accounts from shore, were engaged in conflict with a body of Mexicans far superior in numbers and equipments. The Gen. ap Statesman, Prentice and Cahawba, were off the bar at Tampico on the 9th Feb. filled with troops. The Mississippi Volunteers were on board the Statesman, suffering intensely for provisions, and dying daily in great numbers. The New Yorkers on board of the Cahawba were in good health. About 2,000 troops were at Tampico. Lieut. Gibson died on the 6th of fever.

Last accounts state that Santa Anna had left for Pula at the head of the main body of forces. Gen. La Vega had been appointed to command Vera Cruz. The Governor of the State of Vera Cruz had called on its people to resist at all hazards any invasion on the American forces.

There are some further particulars of the capture of Chihuahua. The Mexicans admit that over 100 of their number were killed. Another account mentions that the attack took place in the immediate vicinity of Hipazos Heuvers, in which our troops were an truly successful. This is the Mexican report, and it states that 2 Americans were in possession of Hipazos with 900 cavalry and 400 infantry, on the 21th ultimo. The loss on each side is not stated.

The N Y Sun, of yesterday morning has private advices from the City of Mexico, of a change in the government, for one more favorable to peace. The exactions of the Government from the Church property, has excited all the priests against the government, and in our favor, and in that priest-ridden country, the priests have immence influence. We wait for further information.

We are gratiged to acknowledge the receipt of valuable Pub. Doc. from Hon Theron Wright, Rank, and Stewart, Members of Congress.

We have received the March No of the Monthly Family Circle, and Parlor Annual—published by Rev D Newell, 128 Nassau st N. Y. $1 per an

Also, the 1st No of the Annuals and Temperance Magazine, published monthly, at 101 Chestnut st, Philadelphia, at $1 per annum

Also, the March No of the Columbian Magazine—32 x 24—100 Nassau st, N. Y. Three beautiful engravings, and well-written arti. s

...ll number of pupils can receive in-
...struction on the Piano, by applying soon to Miss
E. L. Starr, at the residence of D. C. H. Sull-
man.—Plainfield, March 20, 1847. 3w

We have received a specimen number of the N Y Saturday Reporium, a very large and well filled weekly paper, at $2 per annum, for which we are authorized to receive subscriptions.

Congress on Saturday—The proceedings were of unusual interest. In the Senate, the bill appropriating $500,000 for the relief of the Irish, passed, 27 to 21, Whigs mostly in the affirmative and Democrats in the negative. The Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill also passed.

In the House, the Bill to increase the revenue derivable from duties on imports, also from the sales of the public lands, to aid in the prosecution of the war with Mexico, was taken up. The item to tax tea and coffee 20 per cent was sustained, 93 to 90. A substitute was subsequently adopted leaving coffee and coffee, 10% to 10%. A reconsideration was refused, 104 to 105. The bill then coming up on its final passage, it was rejected, 79 to 130. This was an administration revenue measure, without which it has no extra means to carry on the war, and its defeat was entirely unexpected.

The session closes to morrow night, 24 inst.

NOTICE

The *Annual Meeting* of the Plainfield Mutual Assurance Fire Company, will be held at John W. Laing's Tavern in Plainfield, on the eighth day of March next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. And a resolution of the Directors to real company passed February 22d, 1847, recommending the meeting to adopt a resolution to divide the accumulated interest on hand among the members, or retaining two years' interest—and to admit new members, will be submitted to the consideration.

The Poll for the election of Fifteen Directors will open at 1 o'clock, and close at 3 o'clock, P M.

By order of the Director,

Feb 22, 1847. C. Beech, Secty.

A New Niagara—There has been a new waterfall discovered in the river St Louis. The cataract falls into the western part of Lake Superior, which has not yet been described by geographers.—It would appear that this new cataract is nearly as high as the Falls of Niagara. The volume of water is immense, and the height of the falls is 60 feet.

☞ Attempts to cultivate rice in France have been an extraordinary successful, that it is highly probable that rice will become, before long, an important article of culture.

Similar attempts have been made with various success in the more warm and sunny valleys in the south of Scotland.

Federal Business—A member of the Rochester Democratic Association, in a letter to the Editor of the Albany Argus, says that "the speech of the commissioner of Patents, Mr. Ellsworth," is considered in a stark, bald, naked, Look here, Mr. Speaker," sort of way, and that the speech was unanswerable. The same correspondent says, "I am not in favor of the war myself. But I am not in favor of the war myself. But I am one of those in the western world who say, if I must."

Samuel Island.—A Mr Patterson lately purchased this island, in the Bay of Quinte, Canada West, and commenced a small farm upon it. He has now a good crop of wheat growing upon it, and has built a house, barn, &c. upon it. The island contains about 40 acres, and is said to be a very beautiful place. It is situated in the middle of the bay, and is the property of the Crown.

Notice requires, notes signed I. Burtis, 2d. the payee.

Dr. Swayne's Italian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected, it is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppression and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir—Your Olosaonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the humoral acrimony by fastening the valves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased speed, and is still increased by the friction of the globules, or particles which compose the mass of fluids. Then it is that the excessive heat and chills so experienced throughout the whole system, and accompanied with great thirst, pain in the head, back, bowels, and in fact in every portion of all the functions of the mind as well as body.

Use the first attack of fever, or any disease, more nearly take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep up a power of effect upon the bowels until the fever or pain has entirely ceased. Six or eight will in most cases be sufficient at a first dose, and one dose of this kind is not improbable. Every person should have a package of Dr. Benjamin

Plainfield Union.

Volume [illegible]. PLAINFIELD, N. J. FRIDAY, [illegible], 1858. Whole number [illegible].

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

DENTISTRY.

Mail, Mail, Mail!

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

House and Lot for sale.

WORK DONE TO ORDER.

Farmers' Institute.

Wants of a Sole Trader.

Poetry.—A Welsh paper has the following:—There is a poetry in every thing; in the rose that blooms, in the bud that withers, in the star that twinkles every night in a room, upon whom none have ever set eyes but God; in the wind that blows, and no one knows whence it comes nor whither it goes; in the sea that roars, and yet yields up its treasures; in the [illegible] of money, in the goddess of the world, for behold both sides of [illegible] payment, in lieu of another man's purse.

(Last Column)

Congress.

Monday, March 1—In Senate—The Joint Resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor and the army was amended and passed. Also, the Army Appropriation Bill.

The Joint Resolution to refund advances made by the States for the subsistence and transportation of volunteers was passed.

The Three Million Bill was debated until 1 o'clock, Tuesday morning, when the Wilmot proviso was rejected, 21 to 31. And the bill passed without the proviso, 21 to 21.

In the House, The Bill from the Senate for the relief of Ireland was referred to the committee of Ways and Means.

The amendments of the Senate to several bills were debated.

Tuesday.—In Senate, a Joint Resolution to letter U. S. ships be employed to convey provisions to Ireland, was passed, 21 to 14, and $50000 appropriated to put them in proper condition.

In the House, the Senate amendment to various bills occupied most of the time until late at night.

An amendment to the Civil and Diplomatic bill appropriating $50,000 for the benefit of the members of the Spanish mission, was struck out—and thereupon a speech was delivered by a very large majority after a speech from Mr. Adams. Nearly all the members flocked near his seat in order to catch the tremulous sounds of his feeble voice.

Wednesday—In Senate—The Oregon Territorial Bill was laid on the table, 28 to 18.

The River and Harbor Bill was passed as it came from the House.

In the House, the Three Million Bill was taken up in committee of the whole. *Mr. Wilmot* moved his proviso prohibiting slavery in the new territories. Mr. Graham, of N C, moved to extend this by providing that the Missouri compromise line shall be extended to the Pacific, and that Slavery shall be permitted south and prohibited north of that line. *Mr. G.'s amendment* was rejected, 59 to 90, and the Wilmot proviso accepted, 90 to 80. The bill was then reported to the House and the *proviso rejected*, 97 to 112. *Mr. Wilmot* moved to lay the bill on the table; negatived, 87 to 114. The bill then passed, 115 to 99—23 majority.

The House refused to agree to the Senate's amendment striking out the amendment of the House *providing for the appointment of a* General-in-chief in the supplemental army bill.

The House refused to take up the Senate bill to send two U. S. *ships with provisions* to Ireland.

Evening Session.—The bill amendatory of the sub-treasury act was passed.

The Joint Resolution to despatch two frigates with the supplies for Ireland, was passed.

The bill was passed for the construction of four *war steam ships for the transportation* of the mail from New York to Liverpool.

The Senate rejected the nomination of C. J. Ingersoll, as Minister to France, but confirmed that of Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania.

The following appointments were also confirmed, *T. H. Benton, of Mo* and Wm. Cumming, of Ga. Major Generals. Geo. Cadwalader, of Penn. Enos D. Hopping of N Y, and Franklin *Pierce, of N. H. Brigadier Generals.*

Both Houses adjourned sine die, at 1 o'clock, Thursday morning.

The bill authorizing the appointment of additional officers to the army was passed, but without the authority to appoint a commander in-chief

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Monday afternoon, March 1.—In Assembly, the bill to raise $40,000 by tax was passed.

In Senate—An appropriation of $20,000 to the Lunatic Asylum, was passed.

The Joint Resolution to add $10,000 of the revenues from the Canal and Railroad companies to the school fund was lost, 4 to 2.

The License Bill was ordered to a 3d reading.

In Assembly, the bills to abolish capital punishment—and to charter the Newark City Bank, were postponed till the next session.

The bill to build an additional wing to the state prison at cost of 10,000 was passed, 38 to 7.

Joint Meeting was held, and the following a number of other appointmen e were made:

Edward Sanderson, Mayor of Elizabeth; Jas. F. Meeker, Deputy Mayor; Elijah Kellogg and Apelles M. Elmer, Aldermen.

Wednesday—In Assembly—Mr. McLean rose to explain a charge made by him in the House, against a gentleman of *Plainfield, while discussing* the appointment of the Receivers. It would be remembered that Cornelius Bonce, a gentleman of high standing at Plainfield, was named *whereupon* he (Mr. M.) stated in good faith, for such was the impression at the time connected at the time, that Mr. B. purposely kept out of the way of the constable who had the subpœna for him. From information since received he was satisfied that such was not the case, and he desired to say publicly to the members of this House that he would take back what he then said. He felt that justice to Mr. Boice required this explanation.

The bill appropriating $20,000 for furnishing the State Asylum, paying officers, &c. was passed unanimously.

Thursday—The bill to raise $40,000 by tax, was reduced to $20,000, and passed both houses.

In Assembly, the supplement to the act respecting Vice and Immorality (the 7th Day Baptist Bill) was called up;

Mr. March advocated it. The question had been agitated for a long time. In advocating it, he did not wish to be understood as treating the Sabbath with disrespect; he would not lend his feeble influence to impair that institution. The bill referred only to a certain class who felt obliged to set apart the 7th day for Sabbath purposes, and their lives and practice gave satisfactory evidence of their sincerity; should not then grant their wish? The spirit of intolerance which would deprive them of their rights belonged to another age. In Plainfield, there were 7 churches, one of which were 7th day Baptists, and there was not a single individual among the others who could enforce the law relative to the Sabbath upon them; and if those who best know the habits of these people were willing to grant this privilege, why need others o ject? Several states had made similar provisions, Connecticut being among them, and he believed the law had a salutary influence. It would ever be true policy to extend a liberal policy to those who were in opinion, and that the Legislature were entitled to all the full praise there.

Mr. Gobin said it would be recollected that a pamphlet was laid on our tables at the beginning of the session containing an ed copiedbook argument, without sober reasoning. The law now allows them to worship on what day they choose, and to work on their premises on the 1st day, and only provides that they shall not violate the feelings of the majority of the. These gentlemen say their rights are infringed, but take the converse of the proposition; would not the rights of the majority be infringed by the passage of this bill? Let every man worship according to his own conscience, but let us save this day, and let it open on us as it always has done with solemn stillness.

Mr. King advocated the bill, at length, and it was lost, 21 to 22.

Friday morning, both houses adjourned sine die, after the usual resolutions of thanks.

Later from the Army.—The Louisiana volunteers, wrecked in the Caribbea, are all safe except 6, whom the Colonel was constrained to leave behind. No action occurred between the volunteers and the Mexicans. The volunteers reached Tampico Feb. 9th, all in general good health, but very much exhausted by forced marches. The 6 left behind are probably well in the hands of the enemy.

Gen. Scott was hourly expected at Tampico.

It is presumed that Vera Cruz will be the next point of attack.

Gen. Worth and staff were at the mouth of the Rio Grande, waiting to embark. All the troops were in motion.

The roads between Camargo and Monterey are almost impassable on account of robberies.

News of the capture of Bustand, Gaines and C. M. Clay, is confirmed.

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It is further evident from the Santa Fe accounts that Col. Doniphan contemplated an immediate advance upon Chihuahua. These accounts state that, including some additional men who had been ordered down from Santa Fe, he would have at his disposal 1350 men, with 6 pieces of cannon. With this force there is little doubt that he will be able to capture Chihuahua.

The Mexican General Minon reports his prisoners to be 82 in all. Besides Americans taken, was one Mexican spy, who was immediately killed, although Maj. Gaines interceded.

Later.—The steamer Cora arrived at New Orleans from the Brazos on the 26th ult. The advices brought by her are conflicting, but it is apparent that we may look daily for news of importance, as a *crisis in some quarter must soon* occur. All of Gen. Taylor's outposts are said to have been driven in, and an attack, if made at all *was expected during the first days of February.*

Gen. Taylor's command at Saltillo would exceed 6000 men. Many believed that when the *Mexicans found him in such force*, the idea of an attack would be abandoned.

Very many officers were still of opinion that *Santa Anna meditated no serious blow* in that quarter, that the movement was but a feint, and that he will lead the main body of his forces to Vera Cruz.

Much apprehension was felt at Matamoras of an attack by Gen. Urrea, who is understood to be on this side of the Mountains with 6000 excellent troops. Col. Drake commanding at Matamoras, has provided muskets and ammunition for *citizens in case of an attack*, and had sent to Point Isabel for several pieces of ordnance. The Picayune does not deem the danger very imminent.

Troops were embarking at the mouth of the Rio Grande, for Lobos Island as rapidly as possible. Gen. Scott sailed on the 13th. Gen. Worth had not left on the 19th, and would not until the whole command was on ship board.—It was not supposed that the army could move from Lobos against Vera Cruz, before March 16th.

The Governments is having built in Phila. 4 *steam propellers* of 200 tons each, three large schooners, and 8 canals or lighters, with frames covered with India rubber, for the Gulf. The U. S. brig Porpoise and Washington are also fitting out there. They are also fitting out two merchant schrs. just purchased in Boston, cost of which cost $13,000.

At Brooklyn they are fitting out two vessels, the St. Mary's and another brig, to be used as bomb ketches, in the contemplated attack upon Vera Cruz. They have been strengthened in every possible way, by strong oaken knees, secured by bolts and screws, massive oaken frame work, and iron braces running through the vessel, secured up upon the outer sides by broad iron plates. Each of these vessels is to carry, besides guns of smaller calibre, an immense gun upon deck, (and a similar one below,) weighing about 8 tons, and which will throw shot or shells of 20 inches diameter, a distance of three and a half miles.

A Question.—We find the following in the Elmira Republican: Two gentlemen have each a daughter. Each marries the daughter of the other. Supposing them both to have children by the marriage, what will be the relation of the children to each other?

☞ A horse, buck, and harness were stolen from the stable of Ludwig Tretter & Oppen on Wednesday night, Feb. 24th. They were found on Friday in the woods between this place and *Newark,—supposed* found on a colored man residing in town, who is fully committed for trial on a hearing before Justice Winner.—*Elizabethtown Jour.*

The True Test.—A War meeting was recently held in the city of New York, called by some five or six hundred respectable gentlemen. A proposition was submitted to the meeting to for and a request of one forthwith to proceed to Mexico, if those who signed the call would form a part of it. But only a single note of those in the converse of the proposition; would not the rights of the majority be infringed by the passage of the bill? Let every man worship according to his own conscience, but let us save this day, and let it open on us as it always has done with solemn stillness.

Mr. King advocated the bill, at length, and it was lost, 21 to 22.

Friday morning, both houses adjourned sine die, after the usual resolutions of thanks.

Later from the Army.—The Louisiana volunteers, wrecked in the Caribbea, are all safe except 6, whom the Colonel was constrained to leave behind. No action occurred between the volunteers and the Mexicans. The volunteers reached Tampico Feb. 9th, all in general good health, but very much exhausted by forced marches. The 6 left behind are probably well in the hands of the enemy.

Gen. Scott was hourly expected at Tampico.

It is presumed that Vera Cruz will be the next point of attack.

Gen. Worth and staff were at the mouth of the Rio Grande, waiting to embark. All the troops were in motion.

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Perth Amboy ... utes to the Irish re-
lief Fund $350, New York and Boston over
$50,000 each. Hartford, $1,447.

Plainfield is making another effort in this
cause, of which we hope to give a good account
in our next.

Suicide in Newark.—Ezra L. Miller, of Brooke-
lyn, N. Y. son-in-law of Stephen P. Britan, Esq.
of Elizabethtown, shot himself through the head,
on Friday, at Stewart's Hotel. He had been a
very respectable merchant. He was about 60
years old, and left a wife and two children.

"Ma," said an inquisitive little girl," will rich
and poor people live together when they go up
to heaven."

"Yes, my dear, they will be alike there."

"Then, ma, why don't rich and poor Christi-
ans associate together here?"

The mother did not answer.

Franklin, in the midst of all his labors, found
time to dive to the depth of philosophy, and ex-
plored an untrodden path of science.

Love.—Tupper, in his new work republished
in this country, furnishes the following among
other beautiful passages: "Love is the weapon
which Omnipotence reserved to conquer rebel
man when all the rest had failed. Reason he
parries; Fear he answers blow to blow; Pain to
interest he meets with present pleasure; but Love,
that sun, against whose melting beams winter
cannot stand, that soft subduing alumber which
wrestles down the giant; there is not one human
being in a million, not a thousand men whose clay
heart is hardened against love."

An Englishman travelling on a bad road, in
Ireland, asked why the miles were so exceedingly
long. "An surely we thought the road rather
deficient in quality, and therefore make it up
in quantity, jist," was the ready reply.

A Wise Priest.—A German priest walking
in procession at the head of his parishioners over
cultivated fields, in order to procure a blessing
upon the crops, when he came to one of unprom-
ising appearance, would, pass on, saying:

"Here prayers and singing, will avail nothing;
this must have manure."

There cannot be a greater rudeness than to in-
terrupt another in the current of his discourse—
*many men are all mouth and seem to have no
ears.*

A covetous man is like a dog in a wheel—he
roasts meat for others to eat.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-
HEALING BALSAM.

Raising of Blood is effectually checked by
this remedy, when all other means have failed.
Hundreds of cases might be related, where per-
sons in the city have been given up and pronoun-
ced as past hope, who have been restored by
this great remedy to the enjoyment of health.
Mrs. Thoubourne, 352 Monroe street; Dennis
Kelly, 326 Water st.; Charles Roberts 171 Ca-
nal st.; Henry Lisbon, 199 Rivington st.; and
hundreds of others who have used the remedy
can testify to the truth of the above assertion.

Beware of using only palliative remedies.
They lull into apparent security, but the pro-
gress of the disease is unchecked, and death ensu-
es. Resort at once to this Great Remedy, and
you will not be disappointed in your hopes.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who
sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's
Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

*Cures of Chronic Costiveness of twenty years'
standing.*

Sir—This will certify that about twenty years
I was afflicted with costiveness to such a degree
that nothing would pass my bowels for a week
at a time, and which ultimately caused partial in-
sanity. I was sorely distressed both by night
and by day. I had no quiet sleep some imes for
weks together, my nervous condition was in so
bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for
me; all their remedies made me worse and worse.
When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an ad-
vertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought
from its style that whoever wrote it, believed
what he wrote, and if so, he was no imposter.
I had to suffer ridicule of my friends and neighbor
My doctor told me, after I had used them some
time, that he could make Pills just like Brand-
reth's; he gave me a prescription; I took it to
the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more
effect as physic than a piece of chip. Not so
with Brandreth's pills, they always act easily
and freely. I have now taken them over two
years and they seem to have renewed the life
within me; my intellect is clear and serene, and
I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty-five
years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action
of my bowels is now nearly restored to the heal-
thy state of my youth. I bless God for what he
done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Bran-
dreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My name is known to hundreds in this county.
Your agent, Mr. D. Kendrick, suggested that I
hold send it. I remain yours, very gratefully,

Lebanon, N. H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when
you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure
of the genuine article. When you purchase
otherwise inquire whether the person selling
them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine
Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether
the article he offers you is true or false. Beware
of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's
Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office;
241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following
are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Greenleaf Shotwell, Esq. Scotch Plains, $51,-
35; Jonathan R. Frazee, 5,00; Jeptha Halton
2,00; Joel Pangborn, 1,50; John Coryell, 1,50;
Mrs. Skellorn, 1,00; Daniel Shotwell, 50.

Dr. Collins' Indian Vegetable Specific, is ad-
apted to the numerous diseases to which females
are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe,
and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for sup-
pressions and painful menstruations.—In short,
it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all
uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all in-
gredients which have in any degree an injurious
effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable
substances, and cannot possibly injure the most
delicate constitution. It has never been known
to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by M. F. Cushing, Plainfield, N J

A Valuable Testimony.

We like, at all times, to give credit when credit
is due, and it at the same time we can relieve the
distressed, we are doubly gratified; we, there-
fore, give the following voluntary testimony as
to the beneficial effects of Wistar's Balsam, of
Wild Cherry, by the editor of the Columbia
South Carolinian, who appears to have obtained
great relief from its use. Old Dominion, Forts-
mouth, Va.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

We seldom resort to patent medicines, having
a great respect for the skill of the medical pro-
fession, but chance threw into our way the above
named medicine, immediately after the close of
the late session of our Legislature, when our
Lungs were almost dried up by the highly rarifi-
ed atmosphere of our stove-warmed State House.
The Balsam immediately relieved us of a most
harassing cough, which threatened our health in a
serious degree. We feel that we are indebted to
it for some fifteen pounds of animal weight—
which addition being once FELT, cannot be for-
gotten.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on
Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unles assigned I. Butts, on the
wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

New York Prices Current, Feb. 27, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,62 to 7,12
Rye Flour,	5,12 to 5,25
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to 5,12
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,76
Rye,	85 to ,98
Corn,	,90 to ,98
Oats, Jersey,	42 to 50

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being af-
flicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure
disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read
the advertisement in another column of this paper
headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild
Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in every
part of it, is held in such among civilized as well as savage
nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful
medicinal properties. This, combined with many other val-
uable remedies extracted, and prepared by a skilful physician
who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice
of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be
invaluable acquisitions to those who are laboring under any
of the diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Compound
Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laborat-
ory, Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has
not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation
of Wild Cherry, but there is now put up in Philadelphia,
by Williams & Co. and the sales of Wistar's amounting the
by-bit of which has sold out to some merchants in the West
if you would get the genuine article, the only one prepar-
ed by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr.
Swayne is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

Feb. 28, John Ross, of Boundbrook, to Jane,
daughter of Squier Terril, of Warren, Somerset
county.

At Adamsville, Somerset county, Feb. 17th,
Peter Parsell to Eliza Smalley.

Feb. 27, F. A. Brunel, of New York, to Al-
exandrine, daughter of A. De La Flechelle, of
Woodbridge, N. J.

Feb. 24th, Wm. Winsor, of Gateville, to Elea-
nor, daughter of Philemon Dunn, near Somer-
ville.

DIED.

On the 4th inst. in great peace and with a
strong hope of immortality, Ariah, wife of James
Harper, of Harper & Brothers.

In Piscataway, Feb. 22d, in the residence of
her son-in-law, Simeon F. Randolph, Elizabeth,
relict of the late Samuel Stelle, aged about 74 y.

In Piscataway, Feb. 23, Rachel, consort of the
late John Griffith, in the 82d year of her age.
She went to bed in her usual health and died ere
morning

In Piscataway, Feb. 28, Wm. W. Kaime, late
Professor in the Theo. Seminary, New Hamp-
ton, N. H.

At Rahway, Feb. 27, Luther Martin, aged 48.

THE Feathers Live Goose Feathers,
Purified, March 6, 1847.

D. BULLMAN.

Window shade Depot.
No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings
Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—SHADES of all descriptions
including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of
various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful
Floral Landscape scenes, all mounted and finished ar-
ticle; together with every style and description of shade now
in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any
other place. Strangers and manufacturers' prices. Signs,
Banners and interior decorations done in a style not to be
surpassed.

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.
Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—3m

Just Received
2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached,
from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.
ALSO
Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.
Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assort-
ment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York pri-
ces.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1844.

Dr. Collins' Indian Vegetable Specific, is ad-
apted to the numerous diseases to which females
are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe,
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substances, and cannot possibly injure the most
delicate constitution. It has never been known
to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by M. F. Cushing, Plainfield, N J

Sale for Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a tax
Warrant issued by Benjamin Jennings, Esquire,
to make the taxes laid on unimproved and unenumerated
land and on land unseated by persons not the lawful
proprietors who are unable to pay their tax, in the
township of Warren, in the county of Somerset, the
subscribers, two of the constables of said county will
on the ninth day of April next, at the hour of 1 o'clock,
P. M. at the house of Wm. D. Stewart, sell the timber,
wood, herbage, and other saleable property found on
the premises, taxed or the undermined personto make
the taxes and costs annexed to their respective names

Names,	Tax	Costs.
Escherials Allen's estate,	$1,00	70 cts.
Reuben Dunn,	50	70
Jonathan E. Dunham's estate,	4,47	70
Mary Fisher's estate,	1,25	70
George Sebring,	50	70
Ural Hand,	50	70
Isaac Brokaw	4,00	70
Benjamin F. Brokaw	50	70
Frances N. Comisky	1,00	70
Isaac Chandler	50	70
James Clark	75	70
George Roberts	38	70
Edward Richardson	2,00	70
Cornelius Sebring	50	70
John Stants	50	70
Piebe Trimer	50	70
Clarkson Giles	75	70
David Gaw	50	70
William Gore	8,00	70
Elias Martin	2,20	70
William Reynolds	1,50	70
William S. Vandervoorter	50	70
James S. Vandervoorter	50	70
Benjamin Brown and Stephen Brown,	1,50	70
Coon Trimer and Isaac Trimer,	1,50	70
John Codington and William Smith,	75	70

JOEL FANGBORN, } Constables.
JOHN CORYELL, }

Dated, Warren, March 8th, 1847.

Rooms to Let.—Inquire of
Feb. 16, 1847.—tf STEPHEN, B. DEEDS

JUST RECEIVED,

A GOOD Assortment of Miscellaneous Books
handsomely bound, of various kinds, to
suit all tastes.

Steel Pens, by the gross, from 8s. to 6s. much
less than by pedlars. Also, all kinds at retail,
very low. Black and blue ink, of the best qua-
lity, wholesale or retail. Sand boxes, bronze
and Fancy Sealing Wax, at half price. Seal
Stamps, India Ink, India Rubber, &c. &c.

POCKET KNIVES—A large Assortment,
including Rogers' and Wostenholm's, from 1 to
4 blades, from 1s. to 4s. the best in the place for
the price.

Music Books, for the Accordeon, Violin or
Flute. Bristol Board, and various kinds of choice
per Drawing paper.

Also, Combs, Brushes, Spool Cotton, Needles,
of the best and cheapest kinds, Pins, Pearl But-
tons, Silk and Cotton Purses, &c.

Also a Lot of cheap German Toys.

Having laid in a large stock of every thing in
our line, of the best quality, we will sell them at
very low rates M. F. CUSHING.
March 20, 1847.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Monday,
March 8, 1847, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at New
Market Depot, N. J. a great variety of Store Goods,
consisting of Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Earth-
en Ware, Hardware, Garden Tools, Tin Ware, Shov-
els, Spades, Rakes, Brooms, and other articles too nu-
merous to mention. Also, a Horse, single Harness,
Saddle, Bolster Wagon, Pleasure Wagon, Sleigh, Buf-
falo Skin, one strap Bells, Manure, Wheelbarrow,
empty bags, wood, coal, stoves, cots, bedsteds, chairs,
and a variety of Household Furniture, boxes and wood-
ropes, chains, &c. &c. &c. The sale takes place in
consequence of the subscriber having sold the Depot.
Should the above grave storm go on favorable, it
will take place the next fair day, and continue from
day to day until all is sold.

Also, a meadow lot adjoining Andrew McLean's
land, will be sold.

Conditions made known on the day of sale. Eggs
will be taken as cash at the market price in payment
for goods. A credit will be given for a year on
certain amount with approved endorsers. For further
particulars on or before the sale, apply to

R. BRAININGHAM.
New-Market Depot, N. J. Feb. 23, 1847.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or crack-
ed Skin, a real skin purifier; also excellent for
shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 3 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.

See Advertisement in another column.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Real Merrimack
Prints, at 4c. a yard, just received by
March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD
CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Phila-
delphia, for which there has been so great a demand
all over the country, is now for sale in this place by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis,
Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of
Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Pal-
pitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup,
Broken Constitution, sore Throat,
Nervous Debility, and all disease-
es of the throat, Breast and
Lungs, the most effectu-
al and speedy cure
ever known. Every one of the above diseases
le Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cher-
ry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length
of time afflicted with a very distressing cough, pain in my side and breast, soreness of the throat, short-
ness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I
made trial of various remedies, which were recommen-
ded highly to be good, but found no relief from them.
The violence of my cough was such, that the blood
rushed profusely from my nostrils, which the pres-
sure of coughing caused to gush out. For many
years I remained prostrated, and the hour of my depar-
ture seemed near at hand. At this time you recommen-
ded the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,
which I commenced to take, and before I had finished
the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side,
strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the
use of it; but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of
your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and
able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable
medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs,
and should be known to all as such. If persons wish to
purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared
by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and
worthless preparations which are attempted to be pal-
med off on the unpossessed of your Wild Cherry, by
means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer
this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering
as I was. Yours, &c. ELIZABETH ROBERTS.

In 12th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very se-
vere one, and his physicians in vain within the reach of all,
so any one can call and have the above sub-stantiated
by a personal interview.

*Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great vari-
ety, which profess to be of great value to the human family,
no medicine has ever received the unqualified approba-
tion of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of mod-
ern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the
relief of the afflicted, none have ever been found which
could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired
of such unbounded confidence with the public, and has pur-
chased such miraculous cures; and has received and recei-
ved so many testimonials from the faculty and others, as this
justly celebrated remedy.*

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

*Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling
matter, and make no effort to rid itself in a few days; and
then they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such
we would say, be careful of your colds,—do not tamper with
your constitutions. If you desire to have a good old age,
and good health as far as it depends upon the proper
care. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has
cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this
country. The Certificates of Cures speak for this valua-
ble medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of
the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanative
properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.*

The Proprietor, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have
used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all
concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever known
for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

*Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of
this wonderful remedy:*

*A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a
cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Con-
sumption. Hence, in his fell discharge as messenger of
friend of life, that the sufferer does not shrink, oftentimes,
until it is too late to counteract its silent treachery, become
fully conscious of the extent reposed in the vine which cannot
always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy
which is accessible at all times, and at the same time potent
in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community
and such a remedy has been discovered in Wild Cherry, a
regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry
is just the article for these times, when so many people are
suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This
valuable medicine is prepared and sold at his office, 241 Hud-
son and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has cre-
ated agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages
in the United States.*

*As truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases
of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that
they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, on a pre-
paration of real merit and character. In the annals of med-
icine, there has scarcely appeared a remedy for the uni-
versal preparation which has obtained so boundless a confi-
dence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestima-
ble a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild
Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so completely has
it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure
of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout
the country have not hesitated to prescribe it (a remarkable
fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily
practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To
the public generally, the proprietor would say, that testimo-
nials have been from time to time refused upon the public as genu-
ine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire par-
ticularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ LIFE restored to Dr. SWAYNE PRESCRIPTION.
All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's bleed-
ing breath,
All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sle p the sleep of
death,
Whose there is life there's hope. for you—Wild Cher-
ry yet can save!
Arise ye cold pale ones from the margin of the grave.
'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you
from the doom
Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-
sheet and tomb.
I'm beware the base imposters who would desecrate
this tree,
By their Syrupric cures and rhyming ribaldry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your
health;
Who sells Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and
stealth,
Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a
cheat!
If you would shun the vexal curse, be healthy and be
blest,
Trust not the lurching parasite, in truth and justice cold
Who'd hower o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam
of gold;
That proudly flaunts his stolen name, and wondrous
skill to serve,
Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to
your grave.
Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless
wretches are
That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black
its fair scheme with Tar;
Learn well to shun this vexal curse, be healthy and be
blest,
Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original
and best!

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry
was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this
or any other country. Years after this "celebrated quack-
ery" was introduced, several other preparations, purporting
to be Wild Cherry, sprung into existence, which, as soon as
their impositions were discovered, sunk into merited obli-
vion, and not even pretended to be sold, except by the dealers in
mixtures palmed off upon them,) if they did not bear in mind
the name of Dr. Swayne.

*Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Are the sinking life song?
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Tortured by pain, and severed disease,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
From sea to sea restored.*

Remember the genuine and unimpaired, purporting to contain Wild
Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the
written signatures of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly
appointed agents.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada
Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1844. WEBSTER & MARSH.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just
Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE
STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John
Ayers' House and the Rail Road.

GEORGE S. COON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the
Public that he has now on hand, a new and com-
plete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices.
Our assortment consists of
Gent's Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,
Do. Fine Calf Pumps and Shoes,
Do. Fine shoes and slippers,
Do. India Rubber Over shoes
Boys' Boots and shoes, Five a 6 course,
Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Buskins, and
Leather shoes of all kinds. Patent French and com-
mon Rubber Shoes trimmed as forred in variety.
For the truth of the above he refers to all who have
purchased of him—all of which will be sold at the
most reasonable rates, for cash. The public are invi-
ted to call and examine our stock and prices for them-
selves, and we feel confident they will pay no disappointment
either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Feb. 9, 1847.—3m.

Beauty Lost and Found.

THE commencement of time, when God formed this
beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ, that He
looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pro-
nounced all that He had performed to be good! From
the days of Adam to the present time, there is not a
great head that has formed to relish over her and He
placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—
He gave to him a companion, and she was formed to
dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, for
as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress
of Paradise. Amidst the scenes the Serpent entered,
and by his subtlety, deceived her, when sorrow, pain,
pleasure, and those holy beings fled. From that hour the
curse was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with
all its beauty brought forth thistles and nettles and beau-
ty was no more complete. The all wise Creator knew
of man and of woman as become subject to all the misery
a curse which the serpent's poisonous fangs could inflict
A dark, and dismal shadow of sickness, pain, Pimples,
Blotches, Pustules, Ring worm, Erysipelas, Rash, Salt
Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assailed
the fairest women that ever lived, and from age to age
as eyes have flown by, and still an assemblage of the
sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex
until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the
ever good and kind God in the unspeakable Bible Purifier
and Blemish Exterminator, Radway's.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of
any of those annoyances which as dooms are the entitle,
for a few applications of this valuable Soap will upset-
ly cure all pimples, blotches and blemishes.

CHAPPED HANDS, *Blowing and Sore Lips, Rough
Cracked, and Discolored Skin*, will be quickly change
to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it
should wear.

Gentlemen: for SHAVING this soap is excellent;
it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard,
and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, at the Depot on st. N.Y.
Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Randolph Dunham vs. Recompense S. Prince and
Richard S. Martin.
Borough of Elizabeth, Common Pleas, Ft. Fa. de bo-
nis et terris.

By virtue of the above recited Writ of Fieri Facias,
to me directed, I shall expose for sale at Public Ven-
due, at Lang's Hotel in Plainfield, on the 9th day of
April, A. D. 1847, at 1 o'clock, P. M. all the land
and premises, situate, lying and being in the township
of Westfield in the county of Essex, and state of New
Jersey—Beginning at a stone in the road being Cor-
ner of Neal's property, thence by the same N. 87
thirty-eight degrees west two chains and thirty links
to a stone on the northwestern bank of the millrace
of George Wolfe Dun, and with his line on the South
west bank of the race, as it runs, to a stone, and
ninety-eight links to a stone, and corner of Ira F.
Randolph dec'd heirs' land, thence with the line of
the same lot south thirty-eight degrees east two chains
twenty-seven links to a stone in the aforesaid road
then a direct course along said road ninety-eight links
to the place of beginning, containing one
hundredths of an acre of Land and Premises
purchased of Zachariah Webster and Elston Marsh,
as per deed dated Jan. 18th, A. D. 1842.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of E. Lib Shotwell,
Union, January 5th, A. D. 1847.

New Cheap Saddle and
HARNESS FACTORY.

JONATHAN R. FRAZEE has taken the store op-
posite Dr. Craig's Office, where he has opened an
entire new and fashionable assortment of Goods, in the line
above, which he has just purchased in New York first-
rate articles, and of the latest style, which will be sold
at the lowest rates for cash. The public are respect-
fully invited to call and examine his stock, and he feels
assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Trunks, Valises, Collars, and everything in his line
constantly on hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 5th. 1847

At J. R. Frazee's you will find,
Saddles and harness of every kind.
Such as surcingles, gob straps and gig saddles,
Collars, nearest good fashion.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,
J. R. Frazee's new harness shop.
Do not be backward but buy and save,
If he can not sell your horse to a T.

He has good trunks and good valises,
Second-hand harness with new traces,
Here on hand you will find a stock, and he feels
assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Now Mr. coacher in your time,
And all you teamsters that use the lash,
To J. R. Frazee's come with speed
And get your harness for your whole steed.

And for wild horses get a bridle gag,
And for travelling buy a surcingle bag,
To please your fancy you will find,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two Frazees you will see,
I choose the one that sells good Cheap for C.
To encourage industry you will find,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you will take a trip,
Come to the cheap competitive stand near a wharf,
As cash is our motto and we go on the
And all enquiring friends we like to see.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Superior Carpet-
ing, of 3 different patterns, just received at the
Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, as
as low as 81 cents, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New
Plain Calicoes, just receiv ed from Philadelphia
Sept. 14, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Village School.

THE School so long and favorably located on Second street, directly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Boyd. No efforts have been spared, that constituted the character of this establishment, since the Daily Session of which commenced on the 1st of May last. The present is only an introductory notice, to the opening of the Fall Session, which will commence on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, and close the ensuing 24th of March next; DURING which time the following branches of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to fit the pupil for active business operations. The Academic course is for a course not necessary to enter the College, but is well calculated to confer on scientific public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, every thing is worth learning, is worth learning well.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $4.00

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, and the Elements of Geography, Natural Philosophy, Grammar, Composition, Rhetoric, Logic and Arithmetic, are used, $7.50.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Book-keeping and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

The English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Natural Philosophy, Algebra, Geometry, Sine Geography, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Latin, Greek, Hebrew, Algebra, Geometry, $6.00; no pupils will be received for less than one month, as we will qualify any ordinary youth in the quarter, to survey any tract of land, (that will be satisfied in Arithmetic.)

Music Lessons in Latin Grammar, $6.00.

Vocal Lessons in Elocution every other week.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

The Tuition fee, and there will be no extra charges, for Books and Paper.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846. 6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless every box has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open all the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto so much neglected in the practice of medicine; and no complete cure can be effected in the human system, unless all these channels are opened and regulated. This is the triumph over all other medicines, that has been the result of the Indian Vegetable Pills. Many have been led to suppose they contain some poisonous mineral, but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is proved to be groundless.

Sold in New York, at the principal Office, 179 Broadway, by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents' girls.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label, an engrived Indian figure, encased with the red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Colton's, corner of Bowery and Grand street, and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1846—ly

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at this old stand where he keeps constantly on hand for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. All kinds of Confectionary, as good as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all customs.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for Blacksmithing, printing, candies, tarts, cakes, &c. &c. will please call and have the same settled, as I am determined to close my books and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay, as I am determined to close the business.

Hoping that he may be favored with a portion of the public patronage, he remains yours to serve.

Plainfield, Dec. 1, 1845.

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness Maker,

INFORMS all concerned, that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well as quick, and as cheap as can be had elsewhere. Try the gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 12, 1845—ly

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHIC NEWS PUBLISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National Institute, the Mechanics, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotype and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest prices.

Depot No. 251 Broadway, Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st., Boston, 75 Court, and 59 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 165 Baltimore, St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue, between 4½ and 6th; Mechanics' Hall, Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris; 147 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS from $2.00 to $3.50 for sale at June 26. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Apples &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of these recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balmorines, Lawns, and Grenadines.

Gingham Lawns, a new article for Ladies' Dresses

Gingham lawns, purple plaids, also silk and white do

Mourning Lawns, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

M' D'Leines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

Cassimeres and Doria Reps, of the latest styles, Spanish, black and colored.

Mericoes, French, English and German.

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities

Esthetic, Figured, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian and Gros de Rhi ns, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide.

Gro de Naples nasal wide, and a few fancy Silks for Ked, White and Yellow Flannels, also, a few Bonets,

Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers.

Thread Laces and Muslin Edgings and Insertings.

Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins.

Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and mosaic

Brussels Lace, (for veil & cuffs) for trimming Mantillas (for purse trimming.

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c

Sun Shades, Parasols, Pocket Cutlery, &c.

Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English

Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Velvets, Woolen Vestings, &c.

Satinets of every variety, (Kentucky Jeans & kersey)

Tweeds, Plain, Striped and Plaid, suitable for boys' suits.

Washington Stripes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods, &c.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shoe and hose findings, Gloves, buttons, Knives and forks, cutlery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all of which they will sell at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 28, 1846.

New Goods for the Spring Trade,

DULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of a stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black do.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Ginghams, a good assortment.

Prints, Merrimacks, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,

Diapers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Towel Covers,

1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,

Nankeens, Gambroons and Cottonades,

Ladies' Stripe and Plaid Drilling for summer wear.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment.

Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,

Thread, Domestic and Mull Muslins,

Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods.

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and patterns, some selling off very low.

Window Shades—a choice lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted, and the subscriber will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

Also, a Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses a choice and elegant lot of plates

Clover Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Lardner and Stone Ware

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes,

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846.

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 A. M. and 3 1-2 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, and 4 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 o'clock, 4 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, foot of Barclay street, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York will call on the 10 o'clock, A. M. Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents
Boundbrook, "	62 1-2
Plainfield, "	50
Westfield, "	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R. or by Boundbrook to Jersey City,	87 1-2
Plainfield, "	50 1-2
Westfield, "	37

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogsheads of Liquors or Molasses, $1 50

Barrels of Beef, Liquors or Molasses, 30

Barrels of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c. 25

Corn, Wheat, clover, Plaxseed, per bushel, 6

Hay, 6

Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs. 15

Horses, 1 12

Cows, 1 00

Calves and calves, 1 12

Calves, 25

Sheep, 12

Tons of Feed and Meal of 2000 lbs. 12

Poultry, according to size and weight, from 2½ cents to 1 00

Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agent.

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Captain of the Steamboat, or the agent of the Company, at their wharf, to which persons may order their goods, and no deduction made at Somerville from the prices to be charged in the Way bills.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's shoes and gaiters, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION from the impurities of the body.—It will be noticed that a thick, cloudy mist issues from all parts of the surface of the body. It is from this perspiration Bowe suffer terrapidly when we are in health, but cease when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scriptures is, in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it must be purified directly or the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or inclined is to open the pores. and I believe from all inspection I can make of my own best and visibly is sufficient without the particle of medicine, except to open the pores on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All impurities have ever direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, Steams the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist drugs us with Sugar pills, the Allopathist bleeds and dosses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration, it is stated that the learned Dr. Dodart has ascertained that five eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed of by its means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds in a day, five pounds of it will be thrown off by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To give health is to prevent sickness, and I believe fifty eighths of all the remedies that nature demands are sold under the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped, and the particles which should be thrown off are driven back upon the system. Hence, a stoppage of the flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask, is it strictly candid, and what course would you pursue in the following case? Suppose my patients are all cured.—Would you go private to DR. STOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would drive out the impurities, by opening actively in F And yet I know of no physician who makes any exception to adhering to the Under these circumstances, I cannot in decisions to the public, that my HEALING OINTMENT, the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet on the head-brand sore, open the chest an sheer swelled diseased slightly or stoppage.

It has proven to cases all external sores, scrofulous humors, felons, whitlows, ulcers, fever sores, old fistulas, chronic sore eyes, salt rheum, scald head, barber's itch, tetter, blotches, pimples, blotches on the face, chilblains, frost bites, sore lips, sore nipples, ringworm, scalds, burns, bruises, sprains, cuts, scratches, corns, bunions, wounds of every description, sore throat, piles, fistula in Ano, and there is no disease or ailment of the skin, however obstinate or long standing, but what it will cure, if used according to directions.

It is a remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and poisonous drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease to which the human flesh is heir to, but what it has used it to the last fourteen years. I call diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and I defy the world to produce a case that it will not, if used according to directions. Even in the most malignant cases it is failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians learned in my profession, who have had ministers of the Gospel—Judges on the bench, Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and numbers of the fair sex, testify to the virtues of my Salve, and there can be no better voice—one unsolicited, universal voice—saying "Mr. Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is among persons of Consumption continually although we are told it is fruitless case. I do not what is said, nothing but it is fruitless case. I do not what is said, nothing but it is fruitless case. I do not what is said, nothing but

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI—No. 10. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1847. Whole number 530.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Terms of Subscription.—To village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $1.00, per year, quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

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Advertisements, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar, and continued at 25 cents per week. Those of greater length, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without the number of insertions will be inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COE'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a liniment. The following certificates will testify, and will also show that in the language of a celebrated physician, the medical world is challenged to produce its equal for relieving pain, inflammation, and finally cure wounds of any kind, Bruises, old ulcers, sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Poisonous Insects, Mumps, Broken Breasts, Chilblains and Corns, Piles, Phlegmatic Diseases of Milk leg, Jaundice of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, stomach, bowels, Inflammation of Throat or lungs, Pleurisy, Colic, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. Also speed of what is stated above read the appended certificates.

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify, that my wife has been for years, afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescripti ns of our country Physicians and also many kinds of remedies of the day without the smallest benefit, we decided upon trying a plaster of Coes' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which we procured, and after using it for about three weeks, felt some relief. We therefore think nothing afforded relief until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any other remedy, and which by further trial the German Veg. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. I would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coe's German Salve and Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by

WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to

J. & R. G. REDWAY, 91 Hedson st.

Dec. 16, 1846.—1y New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and merited celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invaluable efficacy in the cure of diseases which have proved inveterate to the quackeries of the day, and baffled the skill of many regular practitioners, has induced many unprincipled persons to attempt imitations of the genuine Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, but they have not by the fruits of their ingredients.

THE GREAT CURATIVES

OF ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, affections of the KIDNEYS and BLADDER, BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Where the Blood is contaminated with impurities, they will be found beneficial. Pimples, humors, and others, who desire to have themselves well never afterwards be without them.

DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, PILES, CONSTIPATION, COLDS & COUGHS, CHOLIC, GRAVEL, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the CURRENT HUMORS, DROPSIES.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS, to which the fair sex are subject, should obey their beneficial influence immediately.

ERUPTIONS of the SKIN, ERYSIPELAS, PLATULENCY.

FEVER and AGUE.—For this scourge of the western country these medicines will be found a safe and certain remedy. Other medicines have the evil to subject us to a relapse of the disease—a cure by them, once effected, is permanent.

FOR DISEASES OF CONSUMPTION.

GENERAL DEBILITY, DROPSY, GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHE, of every description, NERVOUSNESS, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

LEPROSY, LOSS of HAIR,

SCALD HEAD, and SKIN DISEASES.

These fills in moderate doses are the safest of Mercurial preparations, and will be found equally efficacious in the cure of Mercurial disease as in the cure of Scrofula, Scorbutic Humors, Ulcers, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Gout, Nervousness, Debility, Female Complaints, all Bilious Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Organic Affections, Asthma, Erysipelas, Fevers, Inflammation, Piles, Fistula, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Bilious Colic, Stone and Gravel, Dropsy, Suppression of Urine, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Ringworm, Tetter, Scurvy, Itch, Scalds, Burns, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Liver Complaint, and a long list of other complaints that afflict mankind.

Full directions for the use of these Pills are given in the pamphlets which are given away with them, to which the attention of the afflicted is requested.

Sold by the Proprietors, No. 375 Pearl st. corner of Frankfort st. New York, and by their Agents throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig, and by Dealers in Medicines generally throughout the place.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the *Portable Composition Burning Fluid*, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to Camphine, Burning Fluid, &c. &c. It never freezes or thickens, if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or cleaning. The fluid is non explosive as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dudley, Hoyt and Wilde, Main st. Plainfield, and at Jackson Pound's Bakery.

JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will please call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

RICHARD M. CRANE,

No. 5, 1847. 125 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Stalary's Pleasant CHOLERA.

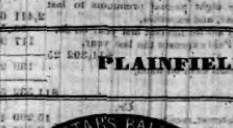
An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Bruises, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains.

ALSO

HORSE LINIMENT.

Far surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by

M. F. CUSHING.



CONSUMPTION,

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma, of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, Pain in the Side, Weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from every remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this *Balsam* has restored the Liver to a healthy position, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES.

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PERMANENT CURES.

If so many emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, to enlist it in mystery or by any deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may not "Can BE CURED." if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps of annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insidious monster hurries to the pucials of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its con quest. No walk of life is secure from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death dealing shafts. Neither the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered it as vigorous as the meridian of manhood, and whose gray hairs are but the silvery frosts of time, and whose gray locks are but the crowning glories of old age, are as frequently stricken down by the fell destroyer as the young, fair consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and wasting him from a world ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no balm for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the afflicted of this and other countries will but try the virtues, *once be believed*, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "recommendations aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it currency. It true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public and

"Wait on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients all of which have given entire satisfaction. And I do thought confirm I *Consumption* had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

JOSEPH COVEN, Physician and Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect, TRUE.

PREPARED FOR PURIFYING AND INFLAMATIONS.

The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians had failed to give effected a large and increasing demand for it. *This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters to attempt imitations of the genuine article*, in order to impose upon the public by their similarity of wrapper and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY*, which *always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits. Address all orders to*

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

No. 138 Washington st. corner of Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig,

And by Dealers in Medicines generally throughout the place.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Lumbago, Old Ulcers, Piles in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frozen Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases to which it is applicable, in the *FIRST EXPERIMENTS* that have been announced to public, wherever it has been introduced, gives us the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON!*

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External *Remedy*, Hunt's Liniment.

The following letter from the highly esteemed Physician who has been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, Dutchess County, December 30, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as performed by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing its wonderful powers, and frequently urge Mr. Stanton to recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. F. HOFFMAN.

Cpl. Pierce Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

BENJ. D. BELCHER.

Yorktown, January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used your External Remedy, called *HUNT'S LINIMENT* in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I believe it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugs that are poured forth at the present day upon the country, it is really refreshing to find a meritorious one, which, by its own virtues, is working its way effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from those injurious effects which generally attend the use of powerful medicines. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already obtained the confidence not only of some of the most able and influential citizens, but our most eminent physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm for many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my wife's sister, who had been troubled with a bad sore on her leg for nearly 10 years, and had applied to the most

Seventh-Day Baptists.

Remarks of Dr. Goble, of Newark, upon the bill for the Relief of the Seventh Day Baptists. Delivered in the House of Assembly, March 4.

In the remarks which I purpose to make upon the bill under consideration, I shall studiously avoid saying anything calculated to offend or wound the feelings of the respectable petitioners who ask for a modification of the Act for suppressing vice and immorality. A pamphlet has been sent to the Legislature, as I understand, by the Seventh Day Baptists. This pamphlet is calculated to have influence with some. It is evidently designed for the popular ear—the argument, sophistry, and sophism, with but little sober reasoning in it,—that sensitiveness about the Constitution is of very little weight. The Seventh Day Baptists say that the act for suppressing vice and immorality, (Revised Laws, page 1045) which prohibits all worldly employment and sports on the Christian Sabbath or Sunday, sporting, hunting, fishing, &c. is against the Constitution of New Jersey. The Constitution says—"no person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshipping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience." The Constitution of the United States, which says—"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," in this case has no reference. There shall be no law of Congress on the subject of an establishment of religion in the United States. The Constitution of New Jersey is the only one that has reference to it. It says that "no person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshipping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience;" not under the penalty of fine, however, be compelled to attend any place of worship contrary to his own faith and worship."

Does the law prohibiting secular and worldly employment, diversions, sports and amusements on Sunday, or the first day of the week, deprive the Seventh Day Baptist of the inestimable privilege of "worshipping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience?" If they worship Almighty God, but prefer to worship him on the seventh, and not on the first day they can do it, and the act suppressing vice and immorality on the Sabbath does not prevent them. *Does the Constitution* say that no person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of desecrating the Christian Sabbath, by secular employments, *obnoxious to the people who are* called Christians, and in a body simultaneously worship on Sunday? No! But what they ask is this; that they may have the exclusive privilege of working on the Sabbath, which will offend the whole State, which is Christian, and acknowledge the first day of the week as the Sabbath. They say thus their rights are infringed upon. But take the converse of the proposition, and would not the rights of the great majority be infringed? It is the belief of Christians, who are almost the entire population of the State, that the first day of the week is the Sabbath, for the worship of Almighty God, and should not be offended or disturbed by worldly employments. But these petitioners desire that this day shall not be a Sabbath *for Christians, because the modification* or repeal sought, virtually destroys it. The Christian religion is the acknowledged religion of the country, the law of the land, and the first day of the week the Christian Sabbath, so recognized by the Constitution and laws, and should not be disturbed in the observance of it as such.

The Christian world, has from the first introduction of Christianity, been divided into an innumerable variety of sects. In the United States *where persons* of all religious creeds, persuasions, and whose emigrants from all countries seek an asylum, it is not to be wondered at, that there should be representatives of almost *all the sects* to be found in christian countries, and that they should all religions as well as irreligious, are tolerated? The constitution of the *United States* prohibits the establishment of any particular religion—

We can have no State religion, as in England. *We recognize no sect, no class, principle then* that of a common christianity. The genius of our institutions is averse to every thing which implies in the remotest degree, connection between church and state. Congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; and they never have and I trust never will. What is it to establish a religion? It is for the Government to prefer some one sect or denomination; as in England, the Episcopal form is the established religion. In our free country, we leave every man to think for himself, and every form, and profession has in the free exercise of the same, according to the dictates of his own conscience; provided, in the exercise of his own rights, he does not infringe upon the rights of others. The principles of the social compact, requires every man to exercise his own rights as not to take away the *rights of another*. That is all that is meant by the constitutional provision. It has nothing to do with the question. The law is fixed by the common consent of the Christian world. The Sabbath is to be sanctified. Let the day open upon the world with all its sacred stillness. Let the voice of prayer and thanksgiving ascend from every temple and from every heart. Let every man, every denomination worship in that *form* which they deem most acceptable to Almighty God.

The granting the Seventh Day Baptists *privilege* to work on the Lord's Day, or first day of the week, would be to break the obligation to observe the Sabbath, which is weak enough already. These would in time be no Sabbath.—*Not every professor*, every Sabbath-breaker, would plead that he could not conscientiously keep the day, and not an exception, so that the voice of the legislature would become nugatory and vain. And *I pose can keep what day he* pleases, but it is right that there should be one day, which the majority observing, he should not be suffered unduly to violate. The law of this State does not forbid the Seventh Day Baptists to keep the seventh day, or any day they please; they are left to their own choice. It only prevents their outraging the feelings of the great body of the Nation, by openly profaning the Lord's day, and surely this is right. Give to these Sabbatarians what they ask for, and it will not be long before the Legislature will be pressed with petitions from infidels complaining of their grievance; that in violation of their conscientious convictions, they are compelled to regard the feelings of those who observe the Christian Sabbath, thereby obliged to make an involuntary acknowledgment of the validity of the divine institution.

When men enter into society, and form a social compact for their protection, the majority must govern. This principle lays at the foundation of all governments which is based upon the liberties and rights of the people. *We have the happiness* to live under such a government, a government carrying out the will of the people, who *recognize the first day of the week as the Christian* Sabbath; and the obligation resting on us as Christians, to keep and observe the day holy unto the Lord, and to enforce its observance by the enactment of laws to prevent its desecration.

In order to answer the whole question justly, it would be necessary to prove that the Sabbath has been changed from the seventh to the 1st day of the week: but as this is a theological rather than a legal question, it is better to rest it upon the fact established, that all civilized nations do recognize the first day of the week as the Christian Sabbath. This is well understood as the practice in all Governments claiming to be Christian, whether Catholic or Protestant, and their legislation is based upon it. The great consideration is, *there must be a Sabbath; this is necessary* to the well being of man and society, as is abundantly proved by experience, and by the testimony of statesmen, professional men, as well as laboring men: A few years since, a committee of 30 of the British House of Commons, among whom were Peel, Morpeth, and others, no bigots, took this subject into consideration, during a session of 15 days, in which time they examined 80 witnesses, men of every rank and standing in society. The result was, a full conviction that the Sabbath was necessary for man as a physical, social and spiritual being. The test many of the *most eminent* physicians shows its importance to the animal economization. But, if we look at religion as the basis of all sound principles and moral *order, the importance of this institution* will be apparent from the well known fact, that where there is no Sabbath, there is no religion. Now, if there must be a *Sabbath, it is plain that a* particular, specific day, must be set apart, and guarded by Legislative enactment, or the whole will be devoted to the world; if individuals or companies are permitted to say that they will have certain days or seasons, as they may claim for conscientious ends, then confusion and disorder will follow, and the result will be, that no day will be kept. This the wise framers of our laws well understood, and have given to the first day of the week this destination, as thus regarded by the great body of the Christian world. It may be that these petitioners find themselves inconvenienced; but what form of human government can be devised to unite every one, and insist all truth and principle be given up to accommodate *the few? Pass this bill and the door* is opened wide for licentiousness and immorality, which future legislation could not control.—*Trenton Plaindealer.*

Mr. Webster's brief but very impressive speech in the Senate on the Three Million Bill, in the close of the session is published in the National Intelligencer. *We give its pregnant*, concluding paragraph:—

Sir, I fear we are not yet arrived at the beginning of the end. I pretend to see but little of the future, and that little gives no gratification. All I can scan is contention, strife, and agitation. Before we obtain perfect right to conquered territory, there must be a cession. A cession can only be made by treaty. No treaty can pass the Senate, till the constitution of twothirds, without the consent of two thirds of its members.

Now, who can shut his eyes to the great probability of a successful resistance to any treaty of cession, from one quarter of the Senate or another! Will the North consent to a treaty bringing in territory subject to slavery? Will the South consent to a treaty bringing in territory from which slavery is excluded? Sir, the future is full of difficulties and full of dangers. We are suffering to pass the golden opportunity for securing harmony and the stability of the constitution. We appear to me to be rushing upon perils headlong, and with our eyes all open. But I put my trust in Providence, and in that good sense and patriotism of the people, which will yet, I hope, arouse themselves before it is too late.

Slavery and Fugitive Slaves is the subject of a stringent law just passed through all the forms of legislation, with the signature of Gov. Shunk, by the Pennsylvania Legislature. It goes even beyond Massachusetts in the assertion of "state rights," and the constitutional obligations of the State concerning fugitive slaves. It is called an act to prevent kidnapping, to preserve the public peace, and to prohibit the exercise of certain powers heretofore exercised by Judges, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Jailors, and to repeal certain slave laws.

The water was let into the Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal last Thursday, being a gain of six weeks on last year. The Delaware Division last year, notwithstanding obstructions by damage, yielded a revenue nearly equal to the interest upon two millions of dollars, after paying all current repairs and other expenses rendered necessary by the accidents sustained.

The bill to make New Bedford a city, has passed both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature. The New Bedford Mercury says as of course it already manifest: the snow is disappearing from the side walks, the streets are less filthy, and the town behaves itself better, generally.

Foreigners in the Police.—In the 1st Ward, there are 40 Policemen, of which forty-two or forty-five are said to be foreigners. In the 18th Ward, there are 45 Policemen, and about forty are foreigners. The like is the predominance of Foreigners in the Police in most of the Democratic Wards of the city. Express.

It does not appear that the pressure of famine in Europe has reached the kennels of the royal *stag hounds, as the British lords continue their* sports as usual.

The News boys of Trenton are getting "up to snuff." They have passed through smoking and chewing already.

Relief in New York.—We understand that contributions already received by the Relief Committee amount as the handsome sum of $75,000. In consideration of the fact that the British Government offers to pay freight on all the provisions we may send, the Committee has concluded to send no more money, but provisions instead. The bark Virginia has been loaded with a cargo *consisting of 7,528 bbls. Meal, 150 bags Corn*, 20 boxes of Clothing, and other necessaries of life: and the Committee are now putting cargoes into the brig Duncan and two other vessels, the Boston and the Fame. The use of the U. S. frigate Independence has been tendered to take such a cargo, provided the fitting out be paid, but the offer will probably be declined, as by availing themselves of the offer of the British Government, the Committee can send a l contributions entirely free of charge.—*Tribune.*

New Jersey Ship.

For the Relief of Ireland.—The Purchasing and Forwarding Committee for the relief of the Suffering Poor in Ireland would inform the various contributors to the above charitable object, that they have taken up the staunch fast sailing copper Brig COENEMAN to come to the City of Newark and load with a cargo of Provisions and Clothing for Ireland. She will be in Newark on or before the 15th inst. and is bound to be dispatched within 10 days from that time. *Persons holding* contributions up previously intended to be sent by this vessel will please forward them with as little delay as possible to *the undersigned* Purchasing and Forwarding Committee at Newark; and those having money to send will please remit it to Beach Vanderpool, Esq., Mayor of the City and Treasurer of the Fund.

JOHN H. STEPHENS,
THOS. W. JOHNSON,
OLIVER J. HAYS,
P. & F. Committee.

Newark, March 12, 1847.

The Jewish Synagogue in N. Y. at a meeting on Monday, contributed $200 for Ireland.

Extensive Meet.—By a directly opposite national policy in France and England, in relation to the descent of real estate, nearly the same *mischievous result of impoverishing* the multitude, is reached in both countries. In England the law of primogeniture shuts out the "toiling millions" *from all possession of real estate*, and concentrates it in the hands of an oppressive and ruinous aristocracy. This privileged class is, however, considered by English statesmen, as the main stay of the government, the sheet anchor of the Ship of State. In France, not only is the English law of entail repudiated and abominated, but, in a refinement of excessive caution, a parent cannot by deed or will, dispose of more than one half, in any instance, of his real estate to his own children. The law steps in to forbid this, and distributes such estate equally among all his children, or next of kin. So that in process of time, those divisions and subdivisions have become so innumerable as to reduce nearly the whole landed property in France into such infinitesimal allotments, as to constitute a mass of proprietors scarcely less unfurnished and miserable than the landless squalid poverty of England. A "farm" in France, would not be a *garden spot in America*, or a potato patch in Ireland.—Hence, at this time in agrarian France, as in aristocratic England, destitution invades the hearths of the millions, and starvation and disease carry both alike to a premature grave.—*New Brunswick Fredonian.*

The Press and the Politicians.—The U. S. Senate has dissolved its connection with the party press, and appointed a reporter to publish its proceedings in no independent journal! This is the beginning of the end. Partizans have *too long used the press for their own purposes*, if they have not actually injured and degraded the editorial profession. It is therefore gratifying to see *any movement favorable to the independence* of the press. It is true that the project of the Senate may possibly lead to the establishment of a party press at Washington hostile to the present administration, but this is doubtful, as the patronage of the Senate is coupled with a condition that the paper shall be independent.

A Fight at Bazzards.—The Montgomery (Ala.) Journal learns from a correspondent at Missouri, Pike county, of the sudden appearance in that vicinity of an immense flight of the great American Vulture of several miles in length, and *containing millions of these*, aerial scavengers, and they were a long time in passing and in millions at one time to darken the whole horizon. The *writer says, they came nearly down* low enough, and steered nearly south, he said the whole element was darkened, some flew so low as to be within the limits of the boughs of the tallest trees, their size so high as nearly to be seen, the train supposed to be about two miles long.

Magnetic Telegraph.—The New Orleans Chamber of Commerce has unanimously agreed to construct a Telegraph line from that city to Washington, and appropriated $120,000 for its construction.

The Longest Train.—The *correspondent* of the Rochester Democrat says:

"On our way eastward we passed the longest train of cars on the Albany and Boston Road that has ever crossed the track. It was composed of 56 cars, with an average length of 30 feet each, making a train of 3,760 feet, or nearly three quarters of a mile long, and all drawn by one powerful engine."

Oregon Territory.—The bill establishing a territorial government in Oregon, has again failed in Congress. The people of Oregon are left to take care of themselves for another year. The Southern men seem to imagine that the settlers, will eventually establish an independant government, if neglected by the United States. This is the reason why the South defeats the territorial bill from year to year. They cannot consent to any increase of free territory. When will the people of the North learn to value their rights, and insist upon them?—*New Brunswick Times.*

☞ Betsy Hoagland, a colored woman, died in Elizabethtown, on the 6th inst. aged 103 yrs.

Annual Report

Of the Directors of the Plainfield Mutual Assurance Fire Co. March 8, 1847.

	Dr.	
To amount paid out for losses,		$8,778 20
To amount paid out for interest on the eight annual premiums to last year, and expenses,	2,411 64	
Paid for interest last year on do.	90 51	
Paid expenses the last year,	317 90	
	$11,392 25	139 29
Balance, cash on hand,		$11,532 54
	Cr.	
By Interest received,	15,209 19	
Cash for the eight premiums,	2,186 51	
Cash received for annual insurance,	1,911 59	
		$19,307 29
Deduct amount put out on bond and mortgage and notes,		7,774 74
		$11,532 54
Amount of Eight Annual Premiums, in Notes and cash,	$23,210 15	
Am't rec'd for interest as above stated	$15,209 19	
" for annual insurance, as above,	1,911 58	
	$17,120 77	
Amount paid out as above stated,	11,392 25	
	5,728 52	
Due for interest this Spring,	340 00	
	$6,068 52	

Amount of Surplus Funds,
JACOB MANNING, *President.*
C. BOICE, Sec'y.

At the annual meeting of the company March 8th, 1847, it was *ordered that all the surplus* funds of the company, except two years' interest, should on and after the 1st of June next, be paid back to the members, which will make a dividend of about fifteen per cent. on the Eight Annual Premiums,—and that new members be from henceforth received upon the payment of two years' interest on their premium notes.

JACOB MANNING, President.
C. BOICE, Sec'y.

The New Brunswick Fredonian, Somerset Messenger, and Newark Sentinel, please insert this Report 3 times and send their bills to
March 16, 1847. C. BOICE.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, and that he has made application to said Court to direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above-named Administrator their claims and demands against said Deceased, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day, March 2d, 1847, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the said county of Essex, the space of two months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent lived.

By the Court,
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having sold out, and being about to remove, would take this opportunity to return thanks for the patronage he has received. Also, he would respectfully invite all those indebted to him on Book, Note or Bond, to call and settle without further notice—and those having accounts against him to present them, as it is necessary his business here should be closed.

RICHARD ELLIOTT.

Wanted, a good Blacksmith, on a Day who has been at the trade one or two years.

A Wheelwright Shop, connected with a blacksmith shop, to Let, on reasonable terms. Apply as above.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In Chancery of New Jersey.

Fi. Fa. for sale of Mortgaged premises.
William Hand, Complainant, and Oliver Hand and Phebe, his wife, Defendants.

BY Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue at Laing's Tavern in Plainfield, on the 25th day of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M. all that messuage house and farm containing twenty-one acres and thirty-two square rods, more or less, situate in the township of Westfield in the county of Essex and State of New Jersey, bounded as follows, viz: On the first course leading to Josiah Meeker's dwelling house, from thence running S. forty-six degrees and forty five minutes E. 11 chains and 94 links to a stone in the line of Josiah Meeker's land; thence S. 46 deg. W. 11 chains to a stone in the edge of the aforesaid road, thence along said road N. 43 deg. 45 min. E. 18 chains and 95 links to the beginning corner: And also, another lot of Land containing five acres, be the same more or less, situate, lying and being near the Dog Tavern in the township, county and state aforesaid, being the very same land and premises which were set off and assigned to Annah wife of the said Oliver Hand, by division of her father Peter Ryno's estate after his death, and was denominated Lot number three, (3.) Beginning at a stone being the corner of Lot number two (2) thence along the line of Lot number two (2) S. 41 deg W. 16 chains and 50 links to a stone in the county line divides Essex from Middlesex county, thence along said county line S. 27 deg. E. 4 chains and 40 links to a *stone in said county line being a corner of Lot num*ber four for Sarah Dunham's Lot, thence with her Lot N. 41 deg. E. 15 chains and 90 links to the road that leads from John Laing's house to Woodbridge, thence *along the said road, N. 44 deg. 80 min. W. 3 chains* and 45 links to the place of beginning.

WILLIAM FRAME, Sheriff.

Newark, Feb. 22, 1847.—4w

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, viz:—Tonic Vermifuge, 1,00 —Expectorant, 1,00—Alterative, 1,00—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 25—Sanative Pills, and Great Family Vermifuge, 50.

Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.

Sherman's Orris Tooth Paste, 25.

Matchless Sensative.

M. F. CUSHING.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL, a speedy and sure* remedy for the Deafness of all kinds, for sale by
May 19, 1845. M. F. CUSHING.

THE UNION.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.

☞ A small number of pupils can receive instruction on the Piano, by applying soon to Miss E. L. Starr, at the residence of Dr. C. H. Stillman.—Plainfield, March 1st, 1847.—3w

Mr. Benton has declined his appointment as Major General in the Army, because the President did not feel authorized by any existing law, to appoint him commander-in-chief, with diplomatic powers, as he was but a Junior Major General—and Mrs Benton did not feel he could do any good in a subordinate capacity, and might do hurt, disapproving as he does of the both of the defensive policy of Gen. Taylor, and the Cassius of San Juan attack of Gen. Scott. The correspondence in relation to it, between him and the President is published.

The U. S. naval forces in the Gulf of Mexico amount to 35 vessels, carrying 337 guns, preparing, it is supposed for an attack on the Castle of *San Juan*, in connection with the land forces, under the supreme command of Gen. Scott.

For a week or two past accounts of a battle to be fought somewhere in the interior, have been confidently expected, but the intelligence does not yet reach us,—and the news given below though a week later *from the capital, seems to bring it* no nearer,—in fact it appears that they are utterly unable to meet our forces in the field.

The conduct of the five northern members of Congress, viz. Joseph E Edsell, N. J.; Joseph Russell, N. Y.; W. W. Woodworth, N. Y.; James Thompson, Pa. and The. J. Henley, ind. *who we votes defeated the Wilmot proviso*, is denounced as it deserves to be throughout the free states.

Further from Mexico.—The N. Y Sun of Saturday contains one week's later intelligence from the City of Mexico. The Church had effectually resisted the seizure of its property.—*Santa Anna had yielded to the demands* of the clergy, who will loan to the Government $450,000, until peace is declared.

The distresses of the army were still prominent topics of discussion. Santa Anna had been compelled to seize 98 bars of silver belonging to Spanish merchants at San Luis, for which he gave his "personal guarantee." Unfortunately for the citizens, he was also compelled to seize provisions and money wherever he could find them, and which he had begun to collect throughout the country, without giving his "personal guarantee." *In other words, the army is living upon* its own.

The Minister of war sent $35,000 to Santa Anna at the close of January. The latter had forwarded a desponding letter to the government. He replies to the charge of apathy made against him, paints the horrible desolation of his forces, reiterates his and their protestations of valor and patriotism, and declares his readiness to retire to private life, or to go again into foreign exile, if Congress think best. If they wish him to remain at the head of the army, they know on him resolution, which is, to meet the enemy and win imperishable glory for his country by death or victory. He adds that he is about to meet the enemy. The capture of the American detachments had roused some enthusiasm. The letter was dated Jan. 26th.

His proclamation announce ng his departure from *San Luis for Saltillo, dated 27th, has been pub*lished already in most American journals, and it is worthy of a perusal. It was forwarded to Tampico whence that of the 26th.

Active preparations for defence were making at Vera Cruz as late as the 7th. The national bridge and point Chicuihuite are receiving formidable additions to their strength. An act passed the State Legislature conferring all necessary power upon the governor in fortifying the city. We remark, however, that the rumored evacuation of Vera Cruz, announced at Tampico, may have been founded upon orders issued since the 7th ult.

The Spanish brig Seraphine, st Havana ran the blockade at Vera Cruz both in and out, being accompanied out by two other vessels which also escaped from the U. S. squadron. The blockade is violated daily.

The U. S. Supreme Court at Washington adjourned on the 5th inst. having previously decided, in the famous License Case, that the States have a right to regulate the trade in, and the sale of ardent spirits. Thus the law of New Hampshire, which *controls the power over licenses* generally, and the law of Massachusetts, which forbids the sale of any smaller quantity of liquor than twenty-eight gallons, and the law of Rhode Island, limiting the sale to ten gallons, are all affirmed by the Court.

The "Monopoly."—The Legislative investigation touching the management of the concerns of the Monopoly, have disclosed no such flagrant abuses as were charged upon it; and we are therefore bound to believe that the charges had no sufficient foundation. We must at the same time confess, that we do not consider the enquiry to have been a very searching one.

Among the acts of our Legislature is one respecting landlords and tenants, which provides that a justice of the peace, may, on affidavit of the landlord that the tenant holds over his term, or fails to pay his rent, inquire into the truth by trial, &c. of the charge, and issue a warrant to put the claimant in possession. It obviates the necessity of ejectment suits in small matters.

At the State election in New Hampshire last week, the Democrats carried almost every thing,—Governor, Legislature, and two Members of Congress. No choice of the other two Congressmen. The Democrats came out openly in opposition to the further extension of Slavery, or they could not have carried the State.

Irish Relief Fund.—As near as we can ascertain, the contributions of Plainfield amount to about $300, which added to about $100 already forwarded by the Society of Friends, makes $400

Mad Dog Alarm at Milltown.—Mr. Joseph F. Smith had a dog a few weeks ago which bit one of his horses and 2 or 3 cows and hogs, and some of his neighbor's dogs. The horse was taken sick on the 11th inst. and died on the 13th.—Some of the neighbors, in helping to administer to the horse, not knowing that the complaint was at the time so much alarmed. One of the cows betrayed symptoms of hydrophobia on the 14th inst. and is raving mad.

The Boston Relief Committee have accepted the offer of Capt. R. B. Forbes to convey their contributions to Ireland with the U. S. ship Jamestown. At the suggestion of Capt Forbes, the Boston committee have authorized the ship to be victualled and manned, out of the charitable contributions.

A newspaper in the English language is about to be published at Monterey, in the State of New Leon, Mexico. One is already published at Monterey, in California, another at Matamoras, and another at Tampico. A fifth will soon be wanted at Vera Cruz.

Joseph A. Yard, for some time editor of the Trenton Emporium, has been appointed a captain under the new ten regiment bill, and is making preparations to leave for the seat of war.

Gun Cotton.—All the European Governments intend taking strong measures against the introduction of Gun Cotton, as it puts a terrible power into the hans of the people. cotton, hemp, paper, &c., being so suddenly and cheaply converted into engines of destruction.

More Government Wagons.—The U. S. have ordered 375 more baggage wagons for the war in Mexico, of which, together with about the same number of sets of harness, 75 have been contracted for in Newark.

St Louis.—According to the census returns of the past year, the population of the city is now about 60 000; the number of new buildings erected last year is upwards of 6000 —*New Era.*

The packet ship New World has brought out $250,000 in specie, and the large number of packets arriving and due, have probably each as much more.

Dr. Culleus Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations and in short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the humoral acrosity by hardening the valves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased speed, and is still increased by the friction of the globules, or particles which compose the mass of fluids. Then it is that the excessive heat and chills so expected throughout the whole system, and accompanied with great thirst, pain in the head, back, kidneys, and in fact a complete prostration of all the faculties of the mind as well as body.

On the first attack of fever, or any disease, immediately take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep up a powerful effect upon the bowels until the fever of pain has entirely ceased. Six or eight will in most cases be sufficient as a first dose, and one dose of this kind it is not improbable, may prevent months of sickness, perhaps death

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, are indeed a universally approved medicine, which by its peculiar action, cleanse the blood of all impurities, removes every Pain and Weakness, and finally Restores the Constitution to perfect Health and Vigor.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire whether the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office: 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your Olosaonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.

Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Procrastination is the Thief of Time!

Delay is dangerous—neglect that Cold and Cough a few weeks, and the hope of recovery will be lost to you forever. Let not any pecuniary consideration deter you from trying to save your life and health, while there is a chance. Consumption is annually sweeping off thousands to the tomb; no disease has baffled the skill of Physicians like it; no physician, perhaps, has ever done more for this large class of suffering humanity, than Dr. Wistar. An ounce of preventative is worth a pound of cure," therefore before your lungs become ulcerated, and so diseased that no human means can save you from an early grave, try in season, try at once, a remedy which has been of such infinite value to thousands—obtain a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, take it, get another, if necessary, persevere in using it, until you have removed the disease entirely, which if neglected will terminate your life. Be not deceived by quacks with their imitations and counterfeits.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

New York Prices Current, Feb. 27, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	$5,38 to	7,00
Rye Flour,	3,12 to	3,25
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to	5,00
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to	1,75
Rye,	,85 to	,99
Corn,	,85 to	,93
Oats, Jersey,	42 to	43

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Noah Woodruff, $3,00; David Pound, 3,00; J. A. Freeman & Co. 3,00; Abm. Powelson, 2,75; Wm. A. Baldwin, 2,00; Dr. J.W. Craig, 2,00; John Bryant, 2,00; J. S. Mallet, 1,29.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree is all ages of the world, and in all countries and among all nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be a valuable acquisition to those who are laboring under any of the distressing diseases of the Throat, Lungs, and Pulmonary Organs. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory, No. 146 North Fifth street, Philadelphia. Dr. Swayne has not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there seasons got up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the object of which seems to be to deceive merchants and the public. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

In Elizabethtown, Theodore Winans, to Amelia A. Lyon.

In Rahway, 11th inst. Daniel B. Post, of New York, to Julia G, daughter of Adam Lee, of Rahway.

Feb. 23, Darius A. Dow, M. D. formerly of Rahway to Mary G., eldest daughter of Abel G. Tuttle, of Chester, N. H.

DIED.

In Elizabethtown, 1st inst. Uriah Washburn, aged 22 years.

On the 3d inst. Joseph, son of Wm. Merrill, of Elizabethtown.

In New Brunswick, 6th inst. the Rev. Peter Stryker, in the 84th year of his age.

On the 10th inst. in Springfield, Michael, son of the late Daniel Coghlan, aged 25 years.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number, not to exceed 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford's late,	Late Ripes
Late Malacutoon,	Rare Ripes
Late Rare Ripes	Morris White
Mexican Free Stone	Early Waters,
Honest Johns,	Alburgs.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Wednesday the 24th inst. at 9 o'clock P. M. on the premises

Four Acres of Land,

in Warren township, Somerset county, within half a mile of Plainfield, near Jephta Clawson's. Said Lot is in good fence, in two fields, in a high state of cultivation, and is worthy the attention of those living in Plainfield that wish a Lot either to till or pasture, it being easy of access, lying on the road. It is the property of Isaac D. Titsworth. Sale to be on the premises. Conditions and attendance on the day of sale by

RANDOLPH DUNHAM.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—3

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mouseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Sept. 29, 1846.

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has just received a large lot of Live Geese Feathers, which he will sell at the lowest cash price. Also, Live Geese Feathers dressed and undressed, for sale at the lowest cash price. Also, Live Geese Feathers dressed and undressed, for sale at the lowest cash price.

D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

Sale for Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by Benjamin Jennings, Esquire, to make the taxes laid on unimproved and unenseated land and on land seated by persons not the lawful proprietors, who are unable to pay their tax, in the township of Warren, in the county of Somerset, the subscribers, two of the constables of said county will on the ninth day of April next, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M. at the house of Wm. D. Stewart, sell the timber, wood, herbage, and other vendible property found on the premises, taxed to the undernamed personto make the taxes and costs annexed to their respective names.

Names.	Tax	Costs.
Eechariah Allen's estate,	$1,00	70 cts.
Reuben Dunn,	,50	70
Jonathan R. Dunham's estate,	4,47	70
Mary Fisher's estate,	1,25	70
George Sebring,	,50	70
Uzal Hand,	,50	70
Noah Price,	4,00	70
Isaac Miller's Estate,	,50	70
Thomas Smith's Estate,	1,50	70
Abel Blowit,	,38	70
Thomas O. Beudder,	,50	70
Mary Williamson,	,30	70
Ezra Wilcox	4,00	70
John Edger	6,00	70
Isaac Brokaw	,50	70
Benjamin F. Brokaw	1,40	70
Frances N. Comisky	1,00	70
Isaac Chandler	,50	70
James Clark	,50	70
George Roberts	,38	70
Edward Richardson	2,00	70
Cornelius Sebring	,50	70
John Stasts	,50	70
Phebe Trimer	,50	70
Clarkson Giles	,75	70
David Gaw	,50	70
William Gore	3,00	70
Elias Martin	2,00	70
William Reynolds	1,50	70
William S. Vanderventer	,50	70
James S. Vanderventer	,50	70
Benjamin Brown and Stephen Brown,	1,50	70
Coon Trimer and Isaac Trimer,	1,50	70
John Codington and William Smith,	75	70

JOEL PANGBORN, } Constables.
JOHN CORYELL, }

Dated, Warren, March 8th, 1847.

Rooms to Let.—Inquire of Feb. 16, 1847.—tf STEPHEN B. DEEDS.

JUST RECEIVED,

A GOOD Assortment of Miscellaneous Books handsomely bound, of various kinds, to suit all tastes.

Steel Pens, by the gross, from 3s. to 6s. much less than by peddars. Also, silk kinds at retail, very low. Black and blue Ink, of the best quality, wholesale or retail. Sand boxes, bronze and Fancy Sealing Wax, at half price. Seal Stamps, India Ink, India Rubber, &c. &c.

POCKET KNIVES—A large Assortment, including Rogers' and Wostenholm's, from 1 to 4 blades, from 1s. to 4s. the best in the place for the price.

Music Books, for the Accordeon, Violin or Flute. Bristol Board, and various kinds of clever Drawing paper.

Also, Combs, Brushes, Spool Cotton, Needles, of the best and cheapest kinds. Pins, Pearl Buttons, Silk and Cotton Purses, &c.

Also a Lot of cheap German Toys.

Having laid in a large stock in every thing in our line, of the best quality, we will sell them at very low rates

M. F. CUSHING.

March 2d, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings at manufacturers' prices. Signs, Banner and interior decorations executed in the first style, and warranted to be approved.*

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c. Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13. 1844.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Real Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by the Subscribers.

March 21, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Hooping Cough, Hoarseness, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs and proves more successful in the cure of these diseases, than any other medicine ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. R. SWAYNE—Sir:—Believing from a long experience of those afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweates, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of my cough was such, that the least cold settled on my lungs, and from the severe pains of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed at hand. At this time your circular came to me, and I got a bottle of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, and strengthened my breath, &c. I continued the use of it; but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily business. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not be tempted to buy the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many a valuable life. You may make this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 13th st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds now offered for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one recently could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired of such undoubted confidence as this. And it has performed more such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," but this is one of the greatest deceptions of many, for it will not so would say, be careful of your colds. Never trifle with your constitutions. If you desire to have a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to establish its superior properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever offered for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of the beneficial effects of this medicine.

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the health of life, that the greatest caution cannot be too great, until it is too late to counteract its silent invasions, because the employment of the means requires the time which cannot be spared from business. Hence, any discovery, or remedy, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time certain in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician of this city. His preparation of Cherry is just the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the distressing sequelæ attendant. This valuable preparation of Dr. Swayne's, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so universally has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption, that the practising Physicians throughout the country have not only prescribed it in their practice, (which fact) but it is purchased round by the Faculty in their daily practice, and to a degree that is daily progressing. To several of the Editors of this paper have been handed certificates which have been from time to time published upon the subject, and we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

For sale in Plainfield, by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

Also, in Somerville, by Dr. SMITH PHILLIPS.

Hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sle p the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry ye can save;

Arise ye! and arise ye from the margin of the grave.

Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;

Put beware the base imposters who would desecrate his name,

By their Panpaic cures and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who sells Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,

Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit, The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the vocal cadi, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite, to truth and justice cold Who'd lower o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That generously bonns his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well these pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black is our Cherry Tar;

Learn well to shun this vocal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that ever introduced to the public, in the city of Philadelphia. Years after, many others have come out, as spring several others, such as Balsams, Candies, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, but the public will not be deceived. Call for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and see that the name and signature is on the wrapper.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken?
Art thou spitting life away?
Is thy constitution broken
Reeling from thy path to day?
Tottering high or low condition,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Speaking joy and health and raising emotion,
From its Sanctified hands.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agents.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philadelphia.

Jan. 26th, 1846.—3y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received At May 8, 1844. WEBSTER & MARSH.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by P. BULLMAN.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE Subscriber, Administrator of the goods and chattels of Abraham Lott, deceased, will expose for Sale at Public Vendue on Tuesday March 30, 1847, at 1 o'clock, P. M. on John Ayers' Hotel,

12 Valuable Building Lots,

Situated in the Village of Plainfield, Essex county, formerly belonging to Rachel Webster, deceased, and Abm. Suydam, and is Lot No. 10, on map, containing 6,613 square feet.

Lot No. 20 on said street, formerly belonging to Rachel Webster, and is Lot No. 24, on Abm. Suydam's map, containing 7 546 square feet.

2 Lots formerly belonging to James Wilson, Esq. and located off by him on Fourth street, adjoining lands of Z. Webster, Esq. Benj. Stelle, the estate of Lang Webster, &c.; and is No 35, 16, 17, 18 and 19, on map of said lots, containing one quarter acre and 20 square links each.

5 Lots in the upper part of the village, formerly belonging to Laing Webster and lotted off by him, and is No. 36, 37, 47, 50, 52, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter of an acre each. Said Lots are handsomely located, and very desirable for persons wishing to build. Any of said Lots may be viewed previous to sale by calling on Isaac Webster, or Elisha Runyon, Esq. where maps of the above property can be seen.

NELSON WEBSTER, Administrator.

March 2d, 1847.—5w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Rail Road.

GEORGE B. COOK

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public that he has now on hand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Our assortment consists of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,

Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes,

Do Fine shoes and slips, ers,

Do India Rubber Over shoes

Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.

Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Bushins, and Leather shoes of all kinds, Patent French and common Rubber Over shoes, Slippers and Jenny Lind's.

For misses and children a variety of styles and sizes warranted to suit—all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves; we feel assured they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Feb. 9th, 1847 —3m.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that He had perfurged as good. Then again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great land must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as the being capable of ruling—And He gave unto man an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, for at the morning light, pleasing to the eye, and mistress of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered the woman saw and was tempted; the serpent triumphed, and the holy beings fell. From that hour the scene was changed. Earth was no longer a Paradise, all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and beauty was no more complete. The skin and complexion of man and woman alike became subject to many causes which the serpent's poisonous fangs could impart. A dark, sallow and disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sunburn, Erysipelas, Rash, Boils, Blesms, and in fact, all diseases of the skin; announce the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have flown by, and still no amelioration of the suffering has been known, until the fair one herself, until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blood Exterminator, Radway's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

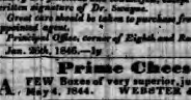
neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those disfigurements which disfigure the article, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

Cures of *Pimples, Blotches and Sore Lips, Chapped, Cracked, and Discolored Skin*, will quickly change to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear;

Gentlemen's for SHAVING this soap is excellent it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 128 Fulton st. New York, at 91 Hudson st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.



JONATHAN R. FRAZEE has taken the store opposite Cregie's Drug Store, where he has opened an entire new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has just purchased in New York, first rate articles, and of the latest style, which will be sold on the lowest rates for cash. He therefore respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, and he feels assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Saddles, Bridles, Collars, and everything in his line constantly on hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 5th. 1847.

A. L. R. Frazee's you will find,
Saddles and harness of every kind.
Such as everything for your steeds and gig saddles,
Collars, traces and good bridles.

Opposite Cregie's Drug Store come and look,
J. R. Frazee can suit you like a book.
Do not be backward but buy and see,
If he can't cheat you of your horse in a fly.

He has good trunks and valises, of various,
Reconditioned harness with new screws,
Hear the bells on straps, how they jingle,
Good double-harness beauties single.

Now Mr. coachy is your time,
And if you want a good one call at the Sign,
To J. R. Frazee's come with speed,
And get new harness for your noble steed.

And for wild horses get a bridle gag,
And for travelling buy a carpet-bag,
Do please to favor him with a call,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two Frazees you will see,
Choose between them where your trade shall be,
To encourage industry you will find,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you will take a trip,
Come to the sheep emporium and buy a whip,
As cash is our motto and no tick can be,
And self-inspiring friends we like to see.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpet of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, from one to five yards long at 91 each, for sale by D. BULLMAN.

July 7, 1845.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just received and for sale by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Sept. 15, 1846.

The Village School.

The Village School is theoretically located on Second street, Plainfield, but practically it is located on the premises of Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been scrimped, that could contribute to render it in every other respect fully believed that it will merit the confidence and approbation of the community generally. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the immediate direction of

Rev. Mr. BOND and Miss ALLEN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for honest and extensive acquisitions. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "If anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Reading, Reading and Arithmetical Tablets, $2.00.

In addition to the above, of Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Astronomy, $3.00.

Book-keeping, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stenography, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5.00; we presume privately answer with reference to two quarters, to survey any tract or any ordinary result in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

Drawing, Painting and Penmanship, $4.00 per quarter.

Pupils are received at any time, and for any other specific branch of education.

Examinations at the expiration of every 2nd quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

The undersigned thankfully acknowledges the liberal patronage he has received, and solicits a continuance of the same.

For Rent said Premises.

Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY box has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto exclusive in the practice of medicine; and extraordinary success in the practice of medicine; and extraordinary success in the practice of medicine; and extraordinary success

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 11. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1847. Whole number 531.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

E. MILTON P. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the 6 ensuing months, if paid in six months, $2.25 and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. Those who are served by Carriers or Agents, will pay quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office to get it, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square (16 lines to a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per month. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

COOK'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is indeed a salve a strengthening plaster, and a Pain Extractor, all in one; and we will verily believe that if the language of a celebrated tragedy (poet) should be applied to the medical world it is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily and effectually heal all kinds of wounds or sores, and Bruises and Internal sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tumits, lurns of dogs or other animals, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Corns, and the Piles, Piles, Piles, Pimples, Pains or Mollities, looseness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of lyes, cause arising from hardness of the Throat or Liver, Rheumatism, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years, afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescripts as of our attending Physicians, and using many patent remedies of the day without relief, we deemed upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her general weakness. We then used it for a child that had afforded relief until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation when by far exceeds that of any other article of the kind in existence when the German Salve or Pain Ext; is thoroughly known would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to J. & R. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st. Dec. 15, 1846.—1y New York.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. Those in Plainfield who wish to favor him with a call in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway No. 3 Cherry st. Woodruff's Block, will please to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the day they wish to be favored with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, has arrived, and is now for sale in this and all over the country. As one lot is in this place, by

M. P. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1838 by Act of Congress.

and is now known as the

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Bronchial Complaints, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs,

are speedily cured

ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, and profuse discharges of various foundries, which were recommended to me by the papers, but prudently grew stronger. The violence of my cough was such that the blood rushed out of my mouth and nose at times, and symptoms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the loss of my depart could not be supported much longer, when I procured and drank one bottle of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, breast, and lungs, and gave me a good night's rest, and I am happy to say, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and am able to pursue my business. I think it has wonderful medicinal virtues in the cure of diseases of the lungs, and I shall be known to all whom I can influence to make use of it. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not be imposed upon by many spurious and worthless preparations which are substituted for it and palmed off on the ignorant, of yours, it may be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer you the benefit of the benefit of this testimony.

EZEKIEL THOMAS.

In 12th st. above Green from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas can be found at the corner of Willow, and a very respectable and his residence is within 100 yards of it, so any one can call and have the above solemn fact by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and there is quite a variety, what is the best for a first value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds for the cure of human nature, and one remedy could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so many testimonials from the family and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think, as well as say, it will go away for itself, and then give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, be careful of your colds, and never get into the habit of neglecting them. If you desire to live to a good old age, and enjoy health as much as possible, then avoid consumptions. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Philadelphia Ledger says, "Of all the popular medicines, which the proprietor is daily receiving, one of the most gratifying character, and next to that its sensible properties, and of the high rank it holds in public estimation, is the following, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who know, and Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever introduced for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS."

The Boston Transcript Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Everyone knows that a cold must be cured in, very much, in all the horrors of Consumption. *The following is the best remedy we know of for this* disease of life, that the sufferer does not think of, oftentimes, until it is too late to counteract its direful consequences. Seeing the complacency of the country respecting the Wild Cherry Bitters, and Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, we conceive it a duty to the afflicted to say, that we have used them in all the cases, known and principal maladies in the United States.

We truly acknowledge ourselves to the most unprejudiced cases of Consumption to a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless medicine, or a preparation of very doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, there is no page of history, that records a more direct preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, as one that has conferred upon mankind so many blessings as Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry Bitters and Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. *Such remedies are to be sought, and it is only because it succeeded in the attainment of the opposite effect, the cure of consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country, are not only publishing the fact, but (which in fact) that it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing.* To the afflicted we would say, experience alone, both in ourselves and others, has confirmed upon mankind as one of the best preparations ever offered to the public as a panacea for all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs, as Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry. *Such remedies are to be sought, and it is only because it succeeded in the attainment of the opposite effect, the cure of consumption*—that the practising physicians throughout the country, are not only publishing the fact, but (which in fact) that it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To the afflicted we would say, experience alone, both in ourselves and others, has confirmed upon mankind as one of the best preparations ever offered to the public as a panacea for all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs, as Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry. *Such remedies are to be sought, and it is only because it succeeded in the attainment of the opposite effect, the cure of consumption*—that the practising physicians throughout the country, are not only publishing the fact, but (which in fact) that it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To the afflicted we would say, experience alone, both in ourselves and others, has confirmed upon mankind as one of the best preparations ever offered to the public as a panacea for all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs, as Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry.

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam" exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has unfailingly exerted such efficacious power that very speedily hundreds assigned and acknowledged their entire restoration to health, after long and severe sufferings from the disease. Without pursuing the benefactions from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to as cure, the use of this Balsam has been followed by a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

In the disease of Dyspepsia or indigestion, the Balsam has also been used to all the complaints for which it is recommended, with the most unqualified success. In all cases of Dyspepsia, where it has been used, it has never failed to give a healthy action to the stomach, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Dyspepsia, or indigestion, is one of the diseases so common in this country, and which is productive of so much suffering, that a remedy which is every effectual remedy for it, is a great desideratum; and we feel confident in saying to AFFLICTED, that no medicine has ever been offered to the public which will more speedily relieve them than

DR. SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

It not only commences from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested by all the complaints for which it is recommended, with the most unqualified success. Day after day, year after year, the immense number bottles to the parents of the cold and afflicted in the French and Indian war, to the present. No walk in life in our land from an highborn to the humble one, but has experienced from its death dealing shafts. The old and the young aged and the young, all alike, are fond for the destruction of this fell disease. Many a fond husband, whose kind companion has rendered his home an imperious to the attacks of other ills, and many a fond wife, whose husband's temperance has rendered her home happy, and tearing him from a world, over which its clouds which look complacently on the scene.

Then, reader, why not help for the afflicted? No pretenders or the dangers which beset of us are changeable and uncertain, either! Cold is there may be. And if the symptoms of those in are of them to be cured, as they have been believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Dr. Swayne's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered as a suffering world as such. It needs not the "advertisements" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. It does value and extensive circulation and confidence to its the peculiarity of the public.

Prepared and sold by

SETH W. FOWLE,

Wholesale and Retail Agent, 138 Washington st. Boston.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1846.

This certifies that I have used Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my patients, and found the same to be by famous, all with beneficial results. In two cases where I had failed with other Pectoral Compounds, had taken place the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

J. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARRELS! NO DECEPTION!

All established statements of cures performed by this medicine are, to every case, TRUE.

CAUTION TO PERSONS USING IMITATIONS.

Many of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the discovery for which it is offered to the public, and has other the world for the prevention of many diseases, has effected a cure, and increasing demand for it. This fact has created several unprincipled counterfeiters, who sell and offer for sale, articles in bottles of the same form and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the signature of I. Butts, M. D. All others are Counterfeits. Anonymous orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig, And by Druggists in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Gas, called Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superseding Oil or Gas. It is the preferable to Oil or Gas, as it gives a light of the purest white, is free of all unpleasant smell, and will not chill or congeal, or of accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, as parlor or dining rooms, the color arising from the impurities of the Fluid, and can be used in counting, as it does not smoke or soil as a candle does. The Lamps and Fluid, with a receipt for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dunham, Newark, and Wm. Bell, Elizabethtown, and by Dr. Lewis Craig, and Powell & Beakley, JOHN S. EDWARDS, Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Goods and Shoes.

THE Subscribers will sell Boots and Shoes by the dozen, or single pair, as low as they are sold in New York. He has or comes now arriving direct from Boston, Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing.

RICHARD M. GIBBS & CO.

Jan. 5, 1847. 139 Market st. next Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Gingiene OTOPEDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains.

HORSE LINIMENT,

For sale by agents and all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. P. CUSHING.

Work is Warfare

Work is warfare, whether toiling
With the head, or with the hand,
All our thoughts are living lances,
Every Will a battle brand.

Work is warfare stern and real,
Where the strong heart wins the palm,
And thy foes are all around thee,
Every where beneath the skies.

Want and error, these are foemen,
Crying comfort—come and play,
Else gaunt hunger will destroy thee,
Error lead thy steps astray.

Warfare !—yes, but not destruction,
Save of uselessness and error,
Ignorance—never formulas—
Errors mortified by toil.

Warring now with nature's forces,
Bending to thy will her powers,
Now with passion or temptation,
Through the long and wakeful hours.

When amid the forest gnome,
Lisbie amidst tree by tree,
Chase the wild beast phantom,
Nerve that upon the sea.

Work—and therein have well being.
In one school, primal law:
And a better or a braver,
Man or angel never saw.

When thou findst a thistle, pluck it
From the earth, and sow a seed,
Crush a rose, and from its odors
Springs a blessing to thy need.

Here's a valley, there's a mountain,
And beyond it, hid from view,
Dwelleth joy; if thou wouldst win it,
Then must pierce the mountain through.

Seize the weapons won by labor
From the domain of the mine—
Strike with true and strong endeavor,
And the guerdon shall be thine.

Work is warfare—was the lesson
Taught of old by holy men;
And the altars and the prayer-time,
Every where and every when.

Forth then to the strife unfaltering,
Board the foe in his lair,
Strike in God's name every error,
And each blow shall be a prayer.

An Elopement Extraordinary.

In these days of romance, fun and frolic, it is no matter of surprise that young girls are now and then guilty of sanctioning, if not committing very foolish acts.

Jenny Richmond was one of these wilful little misses, who conclude subjection to the powers that be, are little better that downright slavery, and resolved, and at a very unbecoming age to decide for herself on all questions of importance.

As a matter of course, she enjoyed frequent opportunities for repentance, after the commission of some wilful freak of the humor of which she soon tired, and the consequences of which were rather than relief. A number of other foolish notions, she cherished in supernatural antipathy against her cousin Frank; that is it would have been unaccountable, had it not been known that she once overheard her parents discussing the possibility of her cousin with the aforesaid cousin, when both should attain a suitable age.

Frank was a black-eyed, ruggedly looking boy of about fifteen, when the unfortunate conversation occurred, and Jenny a child of 13, so of course the parents mentioned rather premature in the estimation of one of the parties.

From that day Frank dated a series of minor persecutions, but poorly calculated to procure-rate the affections upon Jenny Richmond; still he could not throw aside entirely the curiously interest with which he had heretofore regarded her. His pride too, was somewhat piqued, for instead of the joy he expected and hoped would see for her repeated slights, when the fortunate occasion occurred. Mr. Richmond, the father of Jane and guardian of Frank, observing a growing coldness between the cousins, decreed a separation necessary. Frank was accordingly entered at Dartmouth, while the daughter found an asylum for the time being at Mrs. ——'s fashionable seminary.

Two years passed in this way during which the cousins never met. Jenny Richmond finished her course at the seminary, and graduated with about as much honor as one of her peculiar temperament might have been expected to win.

At the expiration of Frank's college course, he asked and obtained leave to travel through the southern states before his return to the maternal roof, and Jenny Richmond was left alone.

It so happened that Jenny, now Miss Richmond, had formed, among other pleasant acquaintances, an especial friendship for a young lady from Virginia, from whom she received an invitation to spend the coming winter. As her self had been for years the only be the acknowledged, it required no great power of persuasion on her part, to induce her parents to consent to the arrangement, and Jenny left home accompanied by her father, who had sufficiently effected himself as escort, if she would persist in so soon having home. Mr. Richmond had hoped to detain her until Frank's return, while Jane was the more anxious to be absent for that very reason.

The beautiful Miss Richmond but nothing in the eyes of the world by being sole heiress to Judge Richmond's immense estate, though generous to a fault, she was the object of the fond attention of the gentlemen who followed in her train.

The winter passed off gaily, and about mar its close, with nothing particularly charming in the prospects so long entertained by Judge Richmond in regard to his daughter's union with her cousin.

So long as her heart was free he had no fear, but from a letter to her mother, he was overjoyed by learning that a change had come over the spirit of her dreams.' She had met with a young gentleman, so handsome, so intelligent and so agreeable, that her father deemed it desirable she should return home before she made many discoveries of the gentleman's attractions. A letter, saying her immediate return, was forwarded, but the multitudes of other parents desirous it was totally disregarded. She could not resist them, plainly, her parents would be much displeased, and besides, she was infinitely better accustomed than during the first few weeks of her visit. Fearing her homesickness would herself lead her into irremediable folly, Judge Richmond decided to go for her without delay.

His arrival was perfectly unexpected, and we are sorry to say not quite so welcome an event to his daughter, as might have been expected.—Indeed the first day or two after his arrival, Miss Jane was not ready to return, and could not possibly be ready a month or so.

Judge Richmond insisted, while Jane insisted on staying. Things continued in a rather unpleasant state for several days, till at length, as though weary of opposing his daughter, the Judge ceased his opposition, and allowed her to pursue her own course. The very next morning young man, who, by the way, bore the very appropriate name of Stanley Marbleton, arrived, ready to return, and could not possibly be under a month or so.

Judge Richmond insisted, while Jane insisted anything

Indian Meal and Corn. — It is curious to observe that this new element of our national prosperity, but recently exported, is quoted and in demand in all the markets of the world. Wilmer & Smith's Liverpool Times gives the following account of it:

Laghorn—in great demand. The Sardinian Government imposes a duty on its exportation of 6 per cent.—Roman Government prohibits its export. Neapolitan Government is about to do so. Archangel, North of Russia, none in market. Odessa, South of Russia, does offered. Dantzic, none offered, but in demand. Hamburg—none, Riga none. France—markets here [illegible] consumption of which by her ports otherwise in prices. Liverpool—markets pretty bare, but little offering.

"Holland, England, Ireland, Germany Belgium Hungary, look to it for the subsistence of their starving millions; for at 1 pound per day per head one million of bushels per week is necessary. In the other countries there are at least twelve millions wanting food, to whom, including Ireland, sixteen millions of bushels per week will be necessary for from 8 to 6 months, say from 64 to 96 millions of bushels, until the next harvest is gathered.

Atrocious Assault and Battery.—A diabolical attempt to commit a Rape upon the body of Mrs. John Runyon, of this city, a woman of about 40 years of age, was made between six and seven O'clock, on the evening of Thursday, 11th inst. by a colored man by the name of Green. Mrs. R. was returning on foot and alone on the Rail Road track from a visit to her friends in Piscataway, and when within about two miles of this city was overtaken by this man, thrown down, rudely and most violently assaulted by him, which she resisted by all the power she could exert for a considerable time, till becoming unconscious she is unable to tell whether he succeeded or not in accomplishing his base design. She was left in that situation very much bruised and wounded. After coming to herself she succeeded in reaching home, since which she has been quite indisposed—but is now fast recovering.

The next day the fellow was arrested and satisfactorily identified by Mrs. R. He denies the crime alleged against him. After an examination he was fully committed by the magistrate until the next term of the Oyer and Jury in June next.—*New Brunswick Fredonian.*

Came to the wrong market.—*A gold watch stolen and recovered.*—A well dressed stranger put up at Noe's Hotel a few nights since, and after his *departure a gold watch, belonging to one of the* boarders, was missing.—Suspicion immediately fell upon a stranger who had left in the morning train of cars. The landlord posted off to New Brunswick to meet the Philadelphia train expecting to overhaul the rubber at Elizabeth Town. He was right in his conjecture; for on the arrival of the cars at E. Town, the stranger was found on the platform, ready to step on board. He was confronted and searched, and the watch was found in a secret pocket of his overcoat. He was bro't to the jail of this village, to be reserved for trial; but finding he is not likely to be hanged in the hollow, and glories in the name of Philips. We hope that all thieves and robbers, who have been so busy for a few months past, will take warning from this incident, and make themselves "scarce" in these parts, and especially the rascal who stole our overcoat last fall.

The vigilance, promptitude and energy of Mr. Noe in bringing one depredator into the clutches of the law, justly entitle him to the appellation of a "Young Hickory" and to the thanks of this community.—*Somerset Whig.*

A Compliment.—A portion of the good people of Marietta, (O.) an inland town removed, so far as continuous water communication is concerned, more than a thousand miles from the sea, are engaged in ship building and right staunch and well built vessels they construct too! What they construct, when once departed from them never return; but the name of the industrious community is borne to distant places, and the testimonies of the labors of the craftsmen have excited admiration wherever they have floated. It is a strange and interesting spectacle to see a noble vessel fitted completely for ocean navigation, when it is remembered that it was constructed a thousand miles from salt water, and it is likewise a matter for pride, and an evidence of the energy of our people that such a thing should be safely accomplished.

Among the recent structures which have done honor to the skill of the shipwrights of Marietta, is a barque with all the modern improvements to secure speed in sailing, amplitude of space for stowage, and comfort and accommodation for passengers. According to the accounts given of it a vessel that will bear comparison with any that go down upon the sea, and it has a special interest for Philadelphians, in the circumstance that she is named after one of our eminent merchants, John Farnum, Esq. While the compliment is acceptable it is eminently deserved.—*Phil. North Amer.*

Royal Sleigh Ride.—The London *Morning Post* of Jan. 22d says: To-day at half past 1 the Queen and Prince Albert ordered into the court of Windsor Castle two very pretty sleighs. One of them was presented last year to the Queen by the Emperor of Russia, and the other was made at London, by order of Prince Albert, during the last winter passed by the court at Brighton. The Queen occupied the sleigh built at London, drawn by two fine grey horses, harnessed in red morocco. The horses heads were bound gracefully, and were placed coquettish bunches of feathers, and more than 300 little bells, attached to the harness gave out at every motion of the horses, a delicious chime, the sound of each bell being carefully arranged to a particular note.

The Queen was accompanied by the Marchioness of Douro, and Prince Albert held in his hand the silken reins which guided this elegant equipage. Lord Alfred Paget followed in the Russian sleigh; and Col. Seymour, the equire of Prince Albert, was on horseback near the party. The fancy drive was not favored by the weather for it soon began to rain, and the sleighs went no further than the statue of George III. at the extremity of Hyde Park, returning thence to the Castle.

A late writer thus speaks of the personal habits of Louis Philippe, the aged monarch of the French. He is of a longlived race, and it is hoped that with such habits he may yet live many years:

He rises at 5 in the morning, at all seasons; works in his cabinet while fresh and clear, and therefore with men—breakfasts simply—then takes a long walk, which promotes a mild and salutary recreation towards the skin; at dinner has constantly half a fowl dressed with rice, and for his drink takes only water, about which his Majesty is very particular. At the end of his meal he takes half a glass of old Bordeaux wine. He sleeps on a mattress, has a camp bedstead and for seven years more than 6 hours. Such is the sober and austere life of our Sovereign, and with such a regimen man may live long. It is known that Louis Philippe has some medical opinions of his own His remedies, however, the most innocent, and have the sanct. ion of 1 of the great est practitioners by whom our art is honored. Like Sydenham, in fact, the King may carry the whole of his therapeutical apparatus on the hand of his cane.

The Bomb-Ketch Stromboli.—This formidable little vessel is about ready for sea, and will probably sail to morrow. The crew consists of 40 hands all told.

The Stromboli (late N. Y. packet schr. Howard) is rigged as an hermaphrodite brig, and is very heavily sparred. Her length is about 80 feet, beam 26 feet, and her burthen 186 tons.—Her sides have been strengthened by 9 inch oak planking, and are sheathed and coppered. The entire thickness of her sides is about 22 inches. Three stout iron rods run through her from side to side, fastened with nuts and screws. She has one immense gun weighing 15,328 lbs. mounted on a carriage which weighs about 2000 pounds. This is placed amidships, and is made to traverse on a circle. This gun carries 10 inch shell, and is estimated to range about 2½ miles at an elevation of 45 deg. She has on board some 200 or more of these shells loaded and ready for service, and a quantity of unloaded ones. The immense weight of this gun and carriage is supported by a frame work of solid timber and by transverse oak beams of ten inches by twelve placed under the old beams. Indeed it is difficult to conceive how anything can be more firm with timber than the centre of this vessel is. She is furnished with four hand-of-battle-ship pumps, which will keep her clear from almost any sort of leak. She is very low in the water, presenting but a small mark for the enemy, while the immense power of her armament may prove extremely destructive to the enemy, beyond the reach of whose guns she may lie and do her work of destruction. —*Bost. Trans.*

Capt. Yard's Company.—We learn that Capt. Yard has already succeeded in obtaining forty men for his company, and their tents, clothing, equipments, powder, ball, &c. have arrived.—The Capt. is about to pitch his tents on Camp Washington, over the Assanpink, and give his troops a sample of soldiering in the open field.—Yesterday they appeared in the dress of regular troops, and they are mostly a hale, healthy, rugged young men, well fit for good service.

Gen. W. Taylor, the first lieutenant of the company, has opened a rendezvous at *Clinton*, Hunterdon co.—J. S. Nevius, the second lieutenant, has opened a rendezvous at New Brunswick, and Mr. Truax, the Orderly, has opened a rendezvous at Freehold in Monmouth county.

Mr. Yard is desirous to make up his company entirely of Jerseymen, and he is satisfied that he is entitled to that much by law. He invites those who are desirous to serve their country, to come forward at once and enroll themselves.—*Trenton News.*

The Spring-Trade has commenced in the commercial cities with a good deal of spirit. The great interests of the country were never more flourishing than now; agriculture, manufactures, commerce and the mechanic arts are all in a prosperous condition.

The American Bible Society have pure used a lot of land on Chambers st. N. Y. formerly occupied by the Manhattan Company, as a reservoir of water, and are to erect thereon a large establishment for their publishing business. The cause of this movement is the want of room at their present location, in Nassau st.

☞ Mr. Barzillai Hendrickson, of this village, (Freehold,) informs us that he raised, on one acre of ground, which was measured off near the middle of a large field, and upon which no special labor had been bestowed, the enormous quantity of 151 bushels of shelled corn! And the corn was not shelled until this month, so that it must have shrank and wasted several bushels while in the crib.—*Monmouth Inquirer.*

Rev. Dr. Baird, the distinguished traveller and philanthropist, commences a course of lectures in Rahway this evening, 23d inst. from which is anticipated one of the most treats ever enjoyed in that community.

Founded Charcoal, or the refuse of the bear should be thickly strewed over every place where filth is allowed to accumulate. It absorbs the smell, and makes an excellent manure of what otherwise would not only be useless but offensive. It also prevents the larvæ of insects from becoming flies or moths. Pigs like to eat charcoal, and are thought to fatten on it; and in the course of the summer months, I frequently have a bushel or so at a time thrown over the pen. It makes the manure so much more valuable that I find it worth while to buy it for the purpose; and in so doing the pens are never offensive.

A Remarkable Woman.—Died in Orange, Mass. Feb. 18, Mrs. Sarah Goddell, aged 94,—She was married at the age of 19 years—has had four husbands, 18 years intervening between her marriage with each. She lived with her last husband 3½ years, and a widow since his death 18 years. Her first and last husband were brothers.

Twins in a man in New-Jersey so good sectured, that he does not like to say no when any one asks him to take a drink.

Annual Report

Of the Directors of the Plainfield Mutual Assurance Fire Co. March 6, 1847.

Dr.

To amount paid out for losses,		$6,775 26
To amount paid out for interest on the eight annual premiums to last year's report,	$4,411 64	
Paid for interest last year on do.	90 51	
Paid expenses the last year,	117 90	
	$11,392 23	
Balance, cash on hand,	139 39	
	$11,532 54	

Cr.

By Interest received,	15,209 18	
Cash for the eight premiums,	2,186 51	
Cash received for annual insurance,	1,911 55	
	$19,307 23	
Deduct amount put out on hand and mortgage and notes,	7,774 74	
	$11,532 54	

Amount of Eight Annual Premiums, in Notes and cash, $23,210 15

Am't rec'd for interest as above stated $15,209 18
" for annual insurance, as above, 1,911 55
$17,120 77
Amount paid out as above stated, 11,392 23
5,728 52
Due for interest this Spring, 340 09
Amount of Surplus Funds, $6,068 52

JACOB MANNING, President.
C. Boice, Sec'y.

At the annual meeting of the company March 8th, 1847, it was ordered that all the surplus funds of the company, except two years' interest, should on and after the 1st of June next, be paid back to the members, which will make a dividend of about fifteen per cent. on the Eight Annual Premiums,—and that new members be from henceforth received upon the payment of two years' interest on their premium notes.

JACOB MANNING, President.
C. Boice, Sec'y.

☞ The New Brunswick Fredonian, Somerset Messenger, and Newark Sentinel, please insert this Report, 3 times and send their bills to
March 16, 1847. C. BOICE.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
vs.
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of the said Deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. The Court thereupon Order and Direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above-named Administrator their claims and demands against said estate, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day; March 2d, 1847, by setting up a copy of this order at the door of the house where the said Deceased lived in Essex, for the space of two months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in the State, and circulated most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent resided.

By the Court,
ENO. J. CRETWOOD, Surrogate.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having sold out, and being about to remove, would take this opportunity to return thanks for the patronage he has received. Also, he would request all those indebted to him, either on Note or Book Account, to call and settle without further notice—and those having accounts against him to present them, as it is necessary to be settled before he leaves.

RICHARD ELLIOTT.

Wanted, a good Blacksmith, or a Boy who has been at the trade one or two years.

A Wheelwright Shop connected with a blacksmith shop, to Let, on favorable terms. Apply as above.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In Chancery of New Jersey.

Fi. Fa. for sale of Mortgaged premises.

William Hand and Jonathan Hand, executors of Hand and Hannah, his wife, Defendants.

BY Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue at Laing's Tavern in Plainfield, on the 25th day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. all that messuage house and farm containing twenty-one acres and twenty-two square rods, more or less, situate in the township of Westfield, in the county of Essex and State of New Jersey, beginning at a stone in the edge of the road leading to Joshua Meeker's dwelling house, from thence running N. 89 degs. E. 20 chains and 50 links to a stone in the line of Land of Joseph O. Meeker, thence running S. 43 deg. 45 min. W. 16 chains and 70 links to a stone in the line of Land of Joseph O. Meeker, thence running S. 43 deg. W. 11 chains to a stone in the edge of the aforesaid road, thence along said road N. 46 deg. W. 5 chains. E. 16 chains and 85 links to the beginning corner: And also another lot of Land containing five acres, be the same more or less, situate, lying and being near the Dog Tavern in the township, county and state aforesaid, being the very same land and premises which were set off and assigned to Annatje wife of the said Oliver Hand, by division of her father Peter Ryerson's estate as his dower, and was designated Lot number three. (3.) Beginning at a stone being the corner of Lot number two (2) thence along the line of Lot number two (2) S. 41 deg. W. 9 chains and 70 links to a stone in the county line, thence divides Essex from Middlesex county, thence along said county line 87 deg. E. 4 chains and 43 links to a stone in said county line being a corner of Lot number four (4) thence N. 41 deg. E. 9 chains and 70 links N. 41 degs E. 13 chains and 20 links to the road that leads from John Laing's house to Woodbridge, thence along the said road N. 44 deg. W. 5 chains and 45 links to the place of beginning.

WILLIAM FRAME, Sheriff.

Newark, Feb. 22, 1847.—4w

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck, or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs, but not less nice and strong as at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Commission by Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE assortment of the Real Merrimack Prints, at 1s. 3 yard, just received by
March 31, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

THE UNION

Published, 23 march &c. 1847.

From the Seat of War.

Important from New Mexico—Insurrection.

Col. Doniphan and agent at the American forces, having been induced to withdraw from San. ta Fe, and its vicinity, for the purpose of taking Chihuahua and other places in that neighborhood, by the artful representations of the Mexicans,—on the 17th Jan. an extensive Mexican insurrection took place at Taos, near Santa Fe, the 20 Americans there including Gov. Bent and other officers were massacred, and their families despoiled,—and all the Spaniards supposed to be favorable to the Americans, including the Chief Alcalde, were also killed. About 600 Mexicans were engaged, and the disaffection was rapidly spreading. They were endeavoring to excite the Indians, and making preparations to take possession of Santa Fe.

It was thought that Santa Fe could not be defended successfully, as the fortifications were not finished, the best pieces of artillery had been forwarded to the Chihuahua army, and but about 400 effective American soldiers were there.

Our forces in New Mexico and California are scattered over so large a district of country, that they can be easily cut up by concentrated movements of the enemy, and so one doubts the hostility of the Mexicans. The Indian villages will be excited to join the insurrection. We look for further intelligence with much anxiety.

From Tampico.—The American troops were being conveyed from Tampico and Brazos to Lobos Island, with all possible despatch. Feb. 24, Gen. Scott, with 2000 troops had left Tampico, and 6 to 9,000 were about following.

From Mexico—Reported Overture for Peace.

Senor D. Alejandro Jose Atocion, bearer of despatches from our Government to Mexico, supposed to contain another proposition for peace, was landed at Vera Cruz, Feb. 9th, from the American Squadron, and was to leave the same evening for the city of Mexico.

The Mexican army was still in a state of horrible destitution of food and clothing. Santa Anna left San Luis Feb. 2d. He had under his command, 21,540 troops, of all kinds, with several heavy cannon and munitions. The does not include the force stationed at Tula, nor the brigade under Gens. Minon and Juvera. It was supposed Santa Anna was on his way to Montorey. At the last accounts, Feb. 7, he was at Matehuala, north of San Luis, and about one-third of the way thence to Saltillo. The army was in a frightful state of distress from want of food.

The same Mexican paper which states these facts, mentions that Gen. Taylor was fortifying Saltillo, and had with him 6000 troops and 16 pieces of artillery. This shows the accuracy of the information possessed by the Mexicans of all our army movements.

Later.—It is thought that Santa Fe was not in so much danger, and that it could be defended against all the force the Mexicans could bring,—and that the insurrection could extend no farther than what we have already heard. Gov. Bent was a valuable officer, had been in the country several years, and had married a Mexican wife.

It is supposed that our overture for peace was rejected by the Mexican Government, for Senor Atocha remained but a few days in Mexico, and on the 26th Feb. he set out on his return to Washington. He has been a resident of N. Y.

Santa Anna had reached Cedral, Feb. 14th, still advancing towards Saltillo. On the 12th, a violent snow storm occurred at San Luis, and we may expect melancholy accounts from the naked *Mexican army. The Mexican papers complain* that Santa Anna has been dilatory and he replies that the Government have withheld supplies.

The Mexicans were making great efforts to defend Vera Cruz. Our want of suitable vessels for the blockade of Vera Cruz is seen in the impunity with which vessels arrive and depart. A Spanish brig and a Mexican schooner have been captured by the squadron.

Later.—*New Orleans papers to the 12th* inst. have been received, and furnish the following interesting intelligence:

A Letter of the 9th ult. from Gen. Taylor, at Agua Nuova, 30 miles beyond Saltillo, states that *he found the volunteers on his arrival at Saltillo* somewhat disheartened, and having soon discovered the principal cause, instantly he applied the remedy for its removal. By pushing his camp 30 miles nearer the enemy, confidence was restored, and the utmost enthusiasm took the place of lethargy and inactivity—the volunteers were anxious to meet the enemy, and as the old General says in his letter, "I won't disappoint them."

The reports as to the advance of the enemy, 15,000 strong, on Saltillo, are beyond doubt true, and it is probable that Gen. Taylor has engaged them in battle before this.

Monterey it was supposed was impregnable to any assault which the Mexicans could bring.

Besides the large force advancing under Santa Anna from San Luis, and that of Ures by the way of Victoria, there is another force of the enemy under that hydra-headed monster Canales, who has a force under his command well calculated to give great annoyance along the whole line of the Rio Grande.

This is the force referred to by Col. Morgan, as acting between Monterey and Camargo. A portion of it under Carabajal, engaged in levying a tax on all goods brought into or carried out of Matamoras by traders. Carabjahal, with his bandits rancheros, has established a cordon of posts for 30 miles around Matamoras, and in the absence of Gen. Canales house buildings, holds his revenue court under a most convenient tree. Such is his audacity, that on the 15th inst. he swept with his command of 120 men, to Puesto Verdeo only one league from Matamoras, awaiting a stock of goods supposed to be coming from the Boca del Rio, by way of Burita. The commanding officer at Matamoras has no cavalry at his disposal, and this Carabajal is perfectly aware of, and can levy his contributions with impunity, even within a mile of the city.

Capt. Hughes left Gen. Taylor's camp at Agua Nueva, 13th ult. All was then quiet. Gen. Taylor's force did not exceed 5000 men. Gen. Taylor there expected to remain in this position he occupied till April 1st, when he would move forward.

Mr. Kendall writes to the Picayune that an express arrived from Matamoras on the 25th ult. from Col Curtis at Camargo. That officer states that an express left Seralvo on the evening of the 23d, from Col Morgan, with an injunction to stop all provisions trains and transportation between Camargo and Monterey. Morgan's regiment was to leave Seralvo at day break on the morning of the 24th—destination unknown. The enemy were reported as advancing in great force, but from what point was not stated. Col. Morgan received his orders direct from Gen. Taylor.

☞ The County Clerk at Newark advertises for all persons in this county using Weights and Measures, to bring them to his office in the Court House, by April 1st, to have them tried, proved and sealed, according to law. The law provides that any person selling any commodity whatever with unsealed weights or measures after 30 days after the said April 1st, shall be subjected to a fine of from 2 to $5, for every offence. The clerk is entitled to 2 cts. for every article sealed, but if neglected till after the time specified he is entitled to a fee of 8 cents each.

The Fine Arts.—The American Art Union was incorporated by the N. Y. Legislature, for the Promotion of the Fine Arts in the United States. Its object is national, and it has members in every State. The conditions of membership consist on the payment of $5 annually while the membership continues, for which a full equivalent is given in engravings, paintings, &c.—Last year its income was $32,285 from 4,457 members, to each of whom was given a large line engraving, 191 by 151 inches, worth $5, and among them were distributed by lot 146 paintings richly framed, worth each from $15 to $600.—This year two large engravings will be given to each member, and probably a larger number of of paintings will be distributed by lot than last year. The office of the Am. Art Union is at 322 Broadway, New York, where are exhibited gratis, Paintings and other works of Art. Its business, out of the city is transacted by Honorary Secretaries, who receive subscriptions, and deliver to the members the engravings, paintings, &c. For further particulars apply to *H. F. Cushing*, Honorary Secretary for Plainfield and vicinity.

☞ A small number of pupils can receive instruction on the Piano, by applying soon to Miss E. L. Starr, at the residence of Dr. C. H. Stillman.—Plainfield, March 1st, 1847.—3w

☞ It should be remembered by individuals who are in the habit of sending newspapers to friends, that under the law adopted last session of Congress, newspapers, circulars, &c. unless sent from the publication office, have to pay three cents postage. Under the late law they paid but one cent.

The transmission of newspapers in the mail free of postage is abolished by the new law, and they are hereafter to pay the same rate of postage as formerly.

Magnetic Telegraph.—Mr. Bravo of the Commercial Rooms, New Orleans, is appointed agent in that city for the Western Telegraph Company. The sum only of $75,000 is required to carry the line from New Orleans through the Western States to Cincinnati, and thence to Pittsburg, and so on to Philadelphia. The sum to secure this great improvement is so small, in comparison with the immense benefits which will result from it, that we cannot doubt but that the whole amount required will be promptly subscribed.

☞ A new whig paper has just been started in Camden, by P. J. Gray and G.W. Barrafoxe, entitled, "The West Jersey man."

Vermont is strongly against licensing the traffic. An interesting drunk—nearly or quite every county in the state having given a majority against it at the late election. The result in 160 towns stands thus—No License 16,834. License 9,612. Anti-License majority 7,222!

The Manasquan River and Barnegat Bay Canal Co. was chartered at the late session of the Legislature to connect the waters of the Bay and River by a canal of a mile and a half in length. *By the means vessels from the ocean and bay* could pass through the River and ascend it, to within 3 miles of the Squancum marl pits. Marl could thus be transported to any and every part of the shore, at the extremely low rate of 31 31 cents per load.

Mrs. Martha Taber, of Newport, R. I. entered upon her 104th year on Wednesday last.

NOTICE.

☞ The Members of the "American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Plainfield," are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting will be held at Jno. Ayers' Hotel on Monday, the 5th day of April at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing 13 Directors for the ensuing year: and to transact such other business as may be conducive to the interests of the company. A general attendance is particularly requested.

March 22, 1847. L. CRANE, Sec'y.

Late and Important from Mexico.

Painful reports and rumors have been received since the pervious column of Mexican News was put in type, of a great battle between Santa Anna and Gen. Taylor, in which the Americans lost 2,000 and the Mexicans 5000, and the Americans were victorious. The accounts are from the Mexicans, however, and are contradictory. It is probable a serious battle has been fought. There is no doubt that a portion of Santa Anna's forces have contrived to get on this side of Gen. Taylor, with a view to recover Camargo, Seralvo, Marin, Monterey, and other places, at all which places small forces were left; and it is certain that Santa Anna, with Gens. Minon and Urrea, had 25 or 30,000 troops, while Gen. Taylor, both at Agua Nueva and Monterey, had but 6000.

Later.—Another arrival from Brazos brings the following interesting intelligence:

A despatch from Camargo to the 2d inst. has been received, at which time no intelligence had been received from Gen. Taylor for several days—he the last dates from him through Americans he was engaged in battle with the Mexicans.

Camargo was well fortified, and it was thought able to resist all attacks of the Mexicans.

It was greatly feared that a detachment of Ohio volunteers under Cols. Morgan and Irving had been cut off by a large force of the enemy.

The enemy occupied Marin Feb. 23.

Col. Morgan abandoned Seralvo on the 24th, having destroyed all the supplies he could not take with him. It seems probable that he must have encountered the enemy on his route.

A battle has been fought, and the Americans thus far have been successful, but they cannot contend a great while against such vast odds. An express had been sent to Tampico for reinforcements. The Mississippi volunteers had been ordered from Lobos to Monterey. The whole valley of the Rio Grande is in a most critical state.

The attack on Vera Cruz was positively to have taken place on the 10th inst.

Foreign.—The steamer Hibernia has brought 28 days later intelligence from England, but it shows but little change from the last news. The price of Grain had somewhat advanced, the Cotton Market was inactive and the Money Market tight. Owing to the large expenditure in Ireland, the English Government have been obliged to borrow £9,000,000. The Famine in Ireland continued unabated. O'Connell was at London in a dying condition.

Relief for Ireland.—Rahway contributes about $400 to the Irish poor. Burlington contributes the large sum of $1214, besides what the Irish inhabitants have contributed.

Is Your Liver Diseased,

You may find relief if you will but try in time. Our Agent has just received the following:

New Jersey, Bordentown, Oct. 25 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle.

Dear Sir: I am well aware that persons of every age, sex, and condition in life, in every part of the country, have used, and been benefitted by DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. My own life has been saved with it. My father's and mother's family were both consumptive. My father, mother and a sister died with that fatal disease. For some years I have been predisposed to it myself. About one year ago I was quite sick for a number of weeks, confined to my bed when the pain in my side would allow me to lay. My physician pronounced my disease Liver Complaint. My friends were much enlarged. I raised blood several times; the pain in my side was so severe that the care passing in the streets by the door affected me. I was cupped, bled, and had various other remedies applied but all to no purpose; I got no relief. At last my physician said he could not cure me. I expected to die soon, but providentially I heard of, and obtained a bottle of your Balsam, which relieved me at once. I was encouraged to persevere in using it until I took four or five bottles, which saved my life and cured me. My health is now good. For Liver Complaints I believe it is a most certain cure.

Signed. MARTHA A. BECHTEL.

I am acquainted with Mrs. Bechtel, her statement is true. Signed by

WHITALL STOKES, Druggist.

For particulars see Dr. Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the agents.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRANE.

Costiveness—its Cure.

Many well informed persons suppose costiveness cannot be cured except by diet, exercise, &c. Now, the fact is not capable of being permanently removed by the greatest attention to diet and exercise. No question but diet and exercise are import. ant, as well as cold bathing, so on getting out of bed in the morning, to aid in cure, but they will be all of no avail to cure without medicine, as thousands know very well

Again, it is said medicines whose action is upon the bowels, only tend to make the case worse to admit that all purgative medicines, save the Pills known as Brandreth's, have that tendency. But it is not so with Brandreth's Pills—the longer they are used the less, ordinarily will be required to produce effect. Long standing cases are not cured in a day or with one dose. The Brandreth Pills do not cure as by magic"—they cure because they cleanse the blood of all impurities, and this being done, the bowels and the secretions become healthy and adapted fully to perform the office nature has assigned. A gentleman can be referred to who resides in the city of New York, who took them every day for five years for Constitutional Costiveness. He had not for fifteen years previously ever had any thing pass his bowels without using medicine or an injection, and every year he was confined to his bed three or four months. For five years he took Brandreth's Pills, and why? Because he found his body became stronger and stronger from their use; and from all other purgatives he had taken they became weaker and weaker. In fact, he found that at first he required six, eight and ten pills to produce an operation but in a year four pills were a dose, and before the full cure was effected, two pills were sufficient to produce a good evacuation. Finally, he became as healthy at any man; and for five years he took the Brandreth Pills and was never confined to his bed a single day during that five years.

Dr. Brandreth has cases every day sent to him—he inserts one of very recent date. He can refer to relations of Mr. Stars, of New York, if further particulars are required.

The cure of Dyspepsia, Palpitations of the heart, Consumption, Coughs of all kinds; Colds, Asthma Rheumatism and small Pox, depend for their cure altogether upon the cure of costiveness which invariably attend these diseases. Cure Costiveness, and you will have health. There is no doubt of it.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office: 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical Instrument makers and Manufacturer of Trusses,—57 Chatham street,

Dear Sir.—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have introduced to public notice, under the name of OLOSONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effect in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a Cough, its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended. Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.

WM. R. GOULDING, 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Saerman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by M. F. Cushing, Plainfield, N J

New York Prices Current, March 20. 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6.28 to	7,00
Rye Flour,	4.62 to	4.75
Indian Meal, Jersey,	3.75 to	4.00
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to	1,75
Rye,	85 to	.99
Corn,	.85 to	.93
Oats, Jersey,	42 to	43

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Ira R. Pangborn, Esq., 1,00; B. Ward, Esq. 1,00; D. W. Ayers, ,75; Israel Squier, ,75.

☞ To others it may concern. All persons being afflicted with Consumption, Bad Colds, or any impure diseases of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree is of ages of the world, and in all countries has been found to help the weary traveller and as many nations and tribes in lonely, addressed for its medicinal properties. The medicinal virtues of many other trees and vegetables, are also well known, and by a skillful combination of the virtues of the whole, Dr. Wistar has produced one of the best preparations ever offered to the afflicted. Many of nearly a quarter of a century, have been the delight of thousands and tens of thousands, and the only genuine article of the kind, is that prepared by himself, or his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has never ever been heard of, or known as the inventor of Wild Cherry, but there remains one yet in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the right of which does not and can not be exercised by any other. It would seem that all who are afflicted with Consumption, or by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Wistar, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

At Kline's Mills, September 10, 1846 inst. Gabriel Van Derveer to Annie, daughter of the late Col. James Kline.

DIED.

In Upper Rahway, 13th inst. Mrs. Sarah Avery, aged about 25 years.

In Lower Rahway, 14th inst. Phebe, daughter of Joseph Dockay, in the 17th year of her age.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers will open a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars; where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

I. NEWMAN,
D. LENOX.

March 23, 1847.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums. Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not to exceed 5,000, and on such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late and Malacatoon,	Rare Ripes
Late Rare Ripes	Morris White
Mexican Free Stone	Early Waters,
Honest Johns,	Alburge.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Wednesday the 28th inst at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Four Acres of Land,

in Warren township, Somerset county, within half a mile of Plainfield, near Jephtha Clawson's. Said Lot is in good fence, in two fields, in a high state of cultivation, and is worthy the attention of those living in Plainfield that wish a Lot either to sill or pasture, it being easy of access, lying on the road. It is the property of Isaac D. Titsworth. Sale to be on the premises. Conditions and attendance on the day of sale by

RANDOLPH DUNHAM.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—2

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mouseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by

Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others interested Feathers, that he has just received a Large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell Low for Cash.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Rooms to Let—Inquire of

Feb. 16, 1847.—tf STEPHEN B. DEEDS.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb Gothic, Arabesque, Oriental, Venetian, Persian and printed shades for the late improved Semi-Spiral Rotary Lunderette cornice, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shades now in use. Also, Gilt Cornice, Curtain Materials, Fringes, Tassels, &c. &c. Shades lettered and painted to order, and put up in any other place. Trimmings of manufacturers' prices. Signs, Banner and interior decorations of the first order, not to be surpassed.*

BARTON & GOODELL,
Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Sale for Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a tax Warrant issued by Benjamin Jennings, Esquire, to me the subscriber, I have laid on unimproved land and on land assessed by persons not the lawful proprietors, to be unable to pay their tax, in the township of Warren, in the county of Somerset, the subscribers, two of the constables of said county will on the ninth day of April next, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M. at the house of Wm. D. Stewart, sell the timber, stone, gravel, and other wrought and unwrought property on the premises, taxed to the unlearned persons to make the taxes and costs annexed to their respective names

Names	Tax	Costs
Zechariah Allen's estate,	$1,00	70 cts.
Reuben Dunn,	,50	70
Jonathan R. Denham's estate,	4,47	70
Mary Fullerton's estate,	1,35	70
George Sebring	,50	70
Enos Miller's Estate,	,50	70
Thomas Smith's Estate,	1,50	70
Abel Sheppell,	,38	70
Thomas Or. Scudder,	2,70	70
Mary Williamson,	,30	70
Ezra Wilcox	4,80	70
John Ewing,	6,00	70
Isaac Benham	,50	70
Benjamin P. Hookway	1,40	70
Frances N. Connoly	1,20	70
Isaac Chandler	,50	70
James Clark	,75	70
George Roberts	,30	70
Edward Richardson	2,20	70
Cornelius Sebring	,50	70
John Staats	,50	70
Phebe Trimmer	,50	70
Clarkson Giles	,75	70
David Gaw	,50	70
William Gaw	3,00	70
Elias Martin	2,25	70
William Reynolds	1,50	70
William S. Vandervenner	,50	70
James S. Vandervenner	,50	70
Benjamin Bowen and Stephen Brown,	1,50	70
Coen Trimmer and Isaac Trimmer,	1,50	70
John Codington and William Smith,	,75	70

JOEL PANGBURN,
JOHN CORNELL, Constables.

Dated, Warren, March 9th, 1847.

WEAR, TEAR—Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best tea to do. I have ever had. Call

June 30. PRUDEN'S

SALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

FRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods, consisting a fine assortment of Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1846.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are now receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

May 13, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE Subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Lucy Webster, dec'd, will sell at Public Vendue on Tuesday March 30, 1847, at 3 o'clock, P. M. at John Ayers' Hotel,

12 Valuable Building Lots,

Situated in the Village of Plainfield, Essex county, as follows:—Lot on 2d street, formerly belonging to Asa. Sayre, and is Lot No. 10, on map, containing 6,613 square feet.

2 Lots on 3d street, formerly belonging to Zachariah Webster, and is Lot No. 24, on Asa. Baydam's map, containing 7,540 square feet.

6 Lots formerly belonging to James Wilson, Esq. and lotted off by him on Fourth street, adjoining lands of Z. Webster, Esq. Benj. Stelle, the estate of Lucy Webster, &c.; and is No 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter acre and 20 square links each.

2 Lots in the upper part of the village, formerly belonging to Lucy Webster and lotted off by him, and is No. 37, 38, 41, 42, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter of an acre each. Said lots are handsomely located, and very desirable for persons wishing to build. Any person wishing to view the Lots can do so by calling on Lucy Webster, or Edmund Bryan, Esq. where maps of the above property can be seen.

NELSON WEBSTER, Administrator.

March 23, 1847.—6w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Ho el and the Rail Road.

GEORGE S. COON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public that he has now on hand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Our assortment consists of

Gents' Fine Calf Pegged Boots—Do. sewed,
Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes,
Do Fine shoes and slippers,
Do India Rubber Over shoes
Boys' Boots and shoes, fine & coarse.
Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Buskins, and Leather shoes of all kinds. Patent French and common Kather shoes trimmed and turned in variety.

For misses and children a variety of the above styles warranted to suit—all of which will be sold at the most reasonable rates, for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves, we feel assured they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Feb. 9th, 1847—3m.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom said—It is not well that a great bend must be formed to reign over her; and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—And He gave to woman angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, fair as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. But, alas! the Serpent entered, the woman saw and was tempted; the sin went triumphed, and hence holy beings fell. From that hour the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauties, brought forth thorns and briers—beauty was no more complete. The skin and countenance of man and of woman became subject to all the annoyances of sinful humanity. Pimples, freckles, sallowness, A dark, sallow and disfigured face, with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Rash, Salt Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assumed the most horrible shapes, and rendered life a burden. Ages upon ages have flown by, and still no amelioration of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex until lately by the discovery of

Chinese Medicated Soap,

which our women need fear the appearance of any of these annoyances which so disfigure the cuticle, for a few days use of this delightful Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

CRAPPED FLESH, *Blasting and Sore Lips, Rough, Chapped Hands*, and Scurvy Skin, will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen for SHAVING this soap is excellent: it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and clear.

Sold at 25 1-2 cents a cake, at 91 Hud on st. N. Y. and also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.

JONATHAN R. FRAZEE has taken the store opposite Dr. Craig's Office, where he has opened an entire new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has purchased in New York, first hand, cheap for cash. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can please them in quality and prices.

Trunks, Valises, Collars, and everything in his line constantly hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 5th, 1847.

Azl. R. Frazee's you will find
Saddles and Bridles of every kind.
Such as carriages, pads, straps and pig saddles,
Collars, reins and good bridles.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,
J. R. Frazee has not yet lost his trade,
If he can not suit your honor to a T.
He has good trunks and good valises,
Harnesses and harness work of every description,
Horse the cheapest, how they jingle,
Call and see for yourself.

Ride Mr. Smythe in your fine carriage,
And let your broadcloth feel the fan,
Tho' Mr. Frazee's cause were opened,
And get new harness for your noble steed.

And for solid leather get a saddle,
And for solid harness get a bridle,
The plainest or the finest I've got,
That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

Then two Frazees you will see,
Closer between them is here you'll be,
Than you ever were before,
That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Sunday you will take a trip,
Come to the stable empty and buy a whip,
As cash is my motto and no trust can be,
Call and buy goods, we like to see.

CARPETING—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting and Oil Cloths, just received by D. BULLMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some of the best kind for sale by D. BULLMAN.

July 7, 1845.

PLAIN PRINTS—A choice selection of Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia.

Sept. 15, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Stanton's External Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Stiffness of the Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Fistulous Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most WONDERFUL MEDICINE in curing the most severe cases of the different Diseases above named,—and the HIGH ENCOMIUMS that have been passed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right in call on the AFFLICTED to resort at once to the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON FOR A CURE.

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy Hunt's Liniment.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who have been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is to my best evidence of the value of his celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your letter yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as prepared by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing its most positive and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

N. BOTSFORD.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, *Croton Manor.*

Likely cannot in the above opinion,

WM. SELCHER.

Yorktown, *January 24, 1846.*

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used your External Remedy, called *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its qualities, and I can say with truth, that I believe it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

B. M. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles advertised by a thief up and down the streets, and throughout the country, it is really refreshing to find an article of real practical utility, something simple, speedy, and effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from those loathsome and disgusting drugs called powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, does it fair justice; but a short time has elapsed since it has obtained the confidence, not only of our most would sayed and influential citizens, but our most eminent Physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm for many of the ills of the flesh to which mortality is heir, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banished disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, induced me to give it a trial on my son, who had been crippled with a bound back from an infant; and it is with gratitude that I bear testimony to its wonderful healing properties. My child is now in his five years of age, is sound in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DEMMON C. HICKERSON.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and that Mr. Talbot would be safe in saying that his son is almost well.

JAS. W. DYEMAN.

November 5, 1845. Rahway, N. Jersey.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years subject to frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business. Since the application of the Liniment invariably removes all affections of the kind. Testimonies of friends, spread and even too numerous to mention. In this vicinity, and many parts of this State, where it has been introduced, its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants through out the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142. Walesh Street.

RENHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing, N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark,—R. Van Boskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Elizabeth Town—Dr. R. Hayes.

Springfield—Elijah Stiles, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade.

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead; Dr. J. R. Baiscon, James Crem

Rahway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnet, A. C. Wetmore.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson.

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Jones.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Jones.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Orange—Day & Bailey

Belleville—N. N. Jamieson & Son

Bloomfield—Frazee, Pierson & Cooper, Crane, Sea & Co.

Newton—Caldwell.

C. D. Harrison,—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1845. ly

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
Hathaway's Arabian Balsam,
Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor,
Hay's Liniment for the Piles,
Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,
Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lemont's Life Preserving Pills—Fever Pills,
Rice's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, without injury,
Lust India Hair Dye—Murray's Canadian Compound,
Indelible Ink, and quicksilver & Rice's Asiatic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Balsam—Balsam of Cloves,
Lyon's Magnetic Powders—Lyon's Kathairon,
Spalding's Prepared Glue,

INK. JUST RECEIVED, by the subscriber a very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Shelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Anthelmintic Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,
For Sale at the Printing Jan.

Just Received

2500 Lbs. Sperm Candles, 6 Boxes Tallow Candles, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Pound.

ALSO

Alpaccas, Plaids, Cashmeres, Prints, &c.

Cheap for Cash. Call and examine at

Oct. 18. CHARLES PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

SUGARS—Just Received a Good Assortment of Sugars, Fresh Sugars, of superior quality, for sale low for cash by D. BULLMAN.

The Filbuze School.

THE School is beautifully located on Second street, Plainfield, opposite to the residence of the Rev. Dr. Dudley, and has been for some time, and that continues to be, under the superintendence of the community; and therefore we fully believe that we will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to impart a full, correct and ordinary common education. The position is taken, and we unhesitatingly declare to the following sciences are unceremoniously denied admittance that we are fully adequate to teach on a scientific principles. Our motto is, "If any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Reading and Arithmetical Tuition, $2.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are united with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

If Algebra, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, and Natural Philosophy, $5.00; we consider Book-keeping, Latin, Greek, &c. &c. will qualify the student for ordinary business, but we will qualify him for any ordinary pursuits in surveying, to survey any tract of land, (those of he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

Music per quarter, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the expiration of every 2nd quarter.

Board can be had, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—3m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless every one bears it the written signature of the undersigned and patentee.

C. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pills are the greatest known to open all the natural drainage (perspiration), CLEANSE THE LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—thereby relieving the system of the disease, which is not a complete cure in the shortest time ever all other medicines that has been discovered, and in every case they operate more powerfully than any other pill upon examination by Drs. Wistar, Rush, Hosack, Physicians, and others, this pill is unique, and cannot be grounded.

Principal office 169 Fulton street, New York, at the principal office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Vesey street, and

Pamphlets can be had of the agents gratis.

N. B. Physicians will also receive on the top label a registered trade, upon receiving with their red powder.

The genuine pill may be known with safety as Dr. Smith's name is engraved on the top label in red ink, and the signature of the United States.

Feb. 27, 1846—ly

Price 50 cts per box. M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary,

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at his old stand, corner of Second and Park streets, where he keeps constantly on hand Lodge Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Gingerbread, Ginger Snaps, Cakes, Pies, Pastry, and other delicacies too numerous to mention, which he will sell at the lowest prices for cash or country produce.

Any person having any claims or demands against the undersigned, for bread, pastry, cakes, pies, &c. &c. baked, delivered, or sold, for corn, hay, potatoes, or for glass ware, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement.

The undersigned takes the liberty to say that he will not put themselves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and would be thankful for any favor in the way of cash or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and would rather be excused.

N. B. Persons in debt are not to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N.J.,

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all desirous of this kind that he is at all times happy to call on and ready to execute all orders in his line, on the most reasonable terms, as well as any establishment in the state elsewhere. Try him, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 25, 1846.—3m

PLUMBE, NAMMACK & AGUERREIAN GALLERY

Broadway, New York, opposite Niblo's Garden.

DEPOT.

Among the splendid and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums and One Gold Medal Honors, at the National Institute Exhibitions, the New York Fair, and the Franklin Institute, the Daguerreotype Cabinet Establishment of the undersigned, the largest and most extensive in the world, has been established and is now open for visitors, without regard to weather.

Instruction given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, which we offer at the lowest prices.

New York, 179 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Albany, 247 Broadway; Troy, 3 Exchange; Providence, 6 Westminster; Pittsburgh, 57 Fifth and Wabash; and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50, for sale at Jan. 30. PRUDEN'S.

Pans, Tube Knives, Griddles, Gudirons, Andirons, &c. Call at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH

HAVE now on hands a great assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. All of which comprise the choosed they would invite attention to call and examine variety

Bareges, Lawns, and Jaconets.

Gondapane Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses.

Ginghams Lawns, purple and yellow ground with white figures.

Mourning Goods, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

Cashmeretts and Paris Beiges in the latest styles.

Alpacas, Black and colored, with mixtures.

Merinoes, French, English and Germantown.

Bombazines, a large blue black of various qualities

Gingham Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 32 and 36 inches wide,

Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for

Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Remnants.

Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannels.

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers.

Alsatian, French and English Prints in great variety.

Irish Linens, of various grades, from 6d. to 2s.

Shirting and Sheeting Muslins, plain and double width.

Bobinets, Swiss, Mde Laines, Sarcher, and Merino

Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful

Kid Gloves of the best quality and not surpassed by any.

Silk and Cotton do.

Thread and Marlin Edgings and Insertings.

Jaconet, Book, Swiss and Mull Muslins.

Cambric Ruffling, Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched.

Brussels Lace (the real article) for dress trimming.

Mantilla and Long shawls.

Bonnet Ribbons, plain colored, with rings tassels, &c.

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, Americas, French, German and English

Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, foreign and domestic.

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Velvet, Woolen Velvets, &c.

Tailoring Trimmings of every variety, also Buttons & Issues, Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, wear.

Washington Stripes with a general variety of Linen Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, all of which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 29, 1846.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock, and can be had at

Striped Figured and Plain Mozambiques,

Fancy Dress Goods, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles,

Bareges Shawls, striped and plaid

Bareges Robes, a large assortment,

Foulard, Monmouth, Fall Every, Cachiers, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,

Plain and Figured Alpacas,

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

3 Ply Carpet Warp, fancy colors,

Linen Cambrics, Handkerchiefs,

Linen Sheetings and Shirtings, unbleached,

Linen Diapers and Napkins for dinner sets,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Tweeds, Mixtures, Cheviot Cloths, &c. for summer wear,

Tailoring Trimmings, Buttons and Issues,

Hosiery, Gloves, Cambrics and Threads,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambrics and Mull Muslins,

Lace Goods, Fringes, and other fancy articles,

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and prices,

Window Shades, Fixtures, Cords and Tassels,

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices, and are required to be taken away.

N. B. The above stock of goods will be sold for cash or approved paper at 4 months, which will be guaranteed every article for the purpose and none kept on the goods, which will never please, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—XLSO—

A lot of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Also, on hand and for sale,

Leading Groceries, Provisions, and a great variety of all other articles usually kept in a country store, Earthen and Glass Ware,

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Horse Shoes, Rockaway Springs, Axles, Forges, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1846.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Winter Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, November 30th, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run between Somerville for New York, at 4 3-4 o'clock, A.M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtland street, at 9, and 11 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 o'clock, 4 P. M.,

By the Steamer, Pier No 1, North River, at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 8 1-2 o'clock, A.M. Returning, leave New York, foot of Courtland st. by steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 10 o'clock, A. M. Boat, as no freight will be taken from the 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M. Boat, until the next day.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Bonnetstown,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Bonnetstown to New York,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
Bonnetstown to Jamesburg City,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Rates of Freight from Somerville to New York:

Hogshead of Liquor or Molasses,	$1 50
Barrels of Beef, Liquor or Molasses,	75
Barrels of Meal, Flour, Eggs, Apples, &c.	50
Corn, Wheat, Clover, Plaisted, per bushel,	6
Goods,	1 per 100 lbs.
Beef, Pork, and all common articles, per 100 lbs.	12
Horses,	1 12
Cows,	1 12
Cows and calves,	1 12
Calves,	50
Sheep,	12
Rates of Feed and Meal of 100 lbs.	
Poultry Boxes, according to size and weight.	
From 25 cents to	1 00
Light, bulky and small articles will be charged at the discretion of the Agents.	

Rates of Freight from New York to Somerville will be fixed by the Agents at Somerville, or the agent at New York, Richard, which, enter into any contract with them for goods, and the delivery of the same at Somerville from the prices to-wanted in the Way-bills.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S

July 7, 1846.

Hams, Shoulders and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the Intestinal Perspectives. It is the EVACUATORS for the Intestinal Canal.—It will be evident to the public generally, and to those who are afflicted with Costiveness, which indicates that this portion of the system is frequently when we are in health, but when we are sick, it is the first to be attacked with disease. Hence the importance of keeping the Intestinal Canal free from all impurities and disease, by the use of such medicines as will be found effectual to the purpose within us. The Intestinal Canal is the receptacle of the food we eat, and the drink we take, and it is therefore necessary that it should be kept

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI—No. 12. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 1847. Whole number 324.

DILLON P. CUSHING,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,
and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

DENTISTRY.

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

M. Z. CUMMINS,

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Pal-pitation of the Heart, Inflamation, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all disease-es of the throat Breast and Lungs, that are of a Consumptive and speedy turn!

ever known for any of the above diseases.

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, symptoms of the lungs, accompanied with a fever of a hectic nature, I was induced to make trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my mouth, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my deposit in the silent grave, at times, was expected. In this state of affairs I was recommended by one of my friends to make use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, and gradually restored me to health; for, I considered that the use of it has saved, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily business. I think it an excellent medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the community of years, it might be the means of saving many a poor fellow. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS.

To Dilliet, 7 doors from the corner of Willow-st.

Mr. Thomas is well known in this city, and his words were true, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above statement confirmed by a personal interview.

Of all the disorders of the day, and they are a great many, which professe to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern times. All of the above complaints, and many others of the nature of diseases which affect human nature, and which could be named which has to be about a tenth of those which

THE GREAT REMEDY.

PULMONARY BALSAM.

DISEASED LIVER.

PERMANENT CURES.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

NO QUARRELS!! NO DECEPTION!

CAUTION!

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS.

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington-st., Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.
And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the country.
Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!!

Prime Cheese.

WORM DESTROYER.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

Sudsbury's Gloriphone OPODELDOC.

HORSE LINIMENT.

CARPETS.

Poetry.

Lines

Written on the occasion of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, wife of Rev. Charles Hall, of Bridgeport, Conn., who died in Plainfield, Feb. 28th, 1847, aged 28 years.

Mary Ann Hall is dead!
Her spirit's fled!
Her body lies in the cold grave!
Her soul is gone to God!
Her sins are washed away!
In the blood of the Lamb!
Her body shall rise again!
At the last day!
Then shall she be clothed!
With immortality!
And shall be forever!
With the Lord!
Mary Ann Hall is dead!
Her spirit's fled!
Her body lies in the cold grave!
Her soul is gone to God!
Her sins are washed away!
In the blood of the Lamb!
Her body shall rise again!
At the last day!
Then shall she be clothed!
With immortality!
And shall be forever!
With the Lord!

Miscellaneous.

Fashion.

Fashion is a tyrant, and a most capricious one. She is the mistress of the ceremonies of the world, and her votaries are legion. Her dominion is universal, and her sway absolute. Her subjects are of all ages, and of both sexes. Her empire is not confined to the limits of any country, but extends over the whole civilized world. Her votaries are found in every city, town, village, and hamlet. Her subjects are to be found in the palace, the mansion, the cottage, and the hovel. Her votaries are to be found in the parlor, the drawing-room, the kitchen, and the garret. Her subjects are to be found in the church, the theatre, the ball-room, and the dance-house. Her votaries are to be found in the street, the square, the park, and the promenade. Her subjects are to be found in the field, the meadow, the pasture, and the barn. Her votaries are to be found in the shop, the store, the warehouse, and the counting-house. Her subjects are to be found in the factory, the mill, the foundry, and the workshop. Her votaries are to be found in the office, the bank, the exchange, and the insurance office. Her subjects are to be found in the mine, the quarry, the forge, and the furnace. Her votaries are to be found in the steamboat, the railroad car, the stage coach, and the canal boat. Her subjects are to be found in the ship, the brig, the schooner, and the sloop. Her votaries are to be found in the navy, the army, the militia, and the volunteer service. Her subjects are to be found in the prison, the penitentiary, the jail, and the workhouse. Her votaries are to be found in the hospital, the asylum, the almshouse, and the poorhouse. Her subjects are to be found in the grave, the tomb, the vault, and the charnel house. Her votaries are to be found in the pulpit, the rostrum, the bar, and the bench. Her subjects are to be found in the chair, the sofa, the settee, and the ottoman. Her votaries are to be found in the bed, the cradle, the crib, and the trundle bed. Her subjects are to be found in the nursery, the kitchen, the pantry, and the cellar. Her votaries are to be found in the garret, the loft, the shed, and the outhouse. Her subjects are to be found in the yard, the garden, the orchard, and the vineyard. Her votaries are to be found in the grove, the wood, the forest, and the jungle. Her subjects are to be found in the desert, the wilderness, the prairie, and the savannah. Her votaries are to be found in the city, the town, the village, and the hamlet. Her subjects are to be found in the country, the province, the state, and the kingdom. Her votaries are to be found in the north, the south, the east, and the west. Her subjects are to be found in the old world, the new world, and the world of waters. Her votaries are to be found in the past, the present, and the future. Her subjects are to be found in the beginning, the middle, and the end. Her votaries are to be found in the alpha, the omega, and the ampersand. Her subjects are to be found in the A, the B, the C, and the D. Her votaries are to be found in the E, the F, the G, and the H. Her subjects are to be found in the I, the J, the K, and the L. Her votaries are to be found in the M, the N, the O, and the P. Her subjects are to be found in the Q, the R, the S, and the T. Her votaries are to be found in the U, the V, the W, and the X. Her subjects are to be found in the Y, the Z, the &, and the ampersand. Her votaries are to be found in the alpha, the omega, and the ampersand. Her subjects are to be found in the A, the B, the C, and the D. Her votaries are to be found in the E, the F, the G, and the H. Her subjects are to be found in the I, the J, the K, and the L. Her votaries are to be found in the M, the N, the O, and the P. Her subjects are to be found in the Q, the R, the S, and the T. Her votaries are to be found in the U, the V, the W, and the X. Her subjects are to be found in the Y, the Z, the &, and the ampersand.

A Fish on Both Knees and Gloves on.

The following, from the Boston Courier, is a good one, and we have not been much better off in point of poverty. Gentlemen will please to look at the following:

Once upon a time I was very unfortunate. For a long time, in broken weather, my windows were without a pane of glass. My mother's old bonnet, and my father's old hat, were stuffed into the holes, which were very numerous, and very large. Many a night have I shivered with cold, for that reason, and many a morning have I gone to school with my fingers and ears nearly frozen. Many a time have I been sent to the grocer's for a penny's worth of molasses, which, when they arrived home, were scarcely worth the money, for more than half would run out through the holes in the bottom of the pitcher. But let us not dwell on the misfortunes of others, which discredit from publicity, but rather on the misfortunes of poverty.

On one occasion, I was necessarily to send out on an errand, and, in order to keep as comfortable as my three companions, I gave them my coat, as my time I wished to be present at the long expected show. Several pieces were accordingly taken from the coat to stop the holes in the windows, and I was left to the mercy of the cold blast. Another piece was taken from the coat to stop the hole in the key of the door, which, in the absence of the family, I had been ordered to keep locked, and to prevent the cold wind from whistling through the key hole. Another piece was taken out of the coat to stop a hole in the bottom of a pitcher, which had belonged to my father in better days, and yours were frozen and lost beyond redemption.

I waited forth on my errand, and on my way I met with a female friend and former boy, who evidently belonged to a family that had also been struggling poverty, and many of our opinions which at school. His rags fluttered in the breeze, and their commodious activity, might have been compared to a pair of fans! One of the very same which I had stuffed into the pitcher. He was an ingenious, and, in fact, a very clever youngster in his garb, and a "I'm as good as you" kind of fellow. He was very chirp in three a mess, a rollicking companion, because he was well dressed; to some a boy's ragged appearance is very much against him, but I could see by the eyes of the ragged urchin before me that he understood my position, turned me round with no gentle hand, and surveying me from head to foot, exclaimed with a repeated laugh at me knees, "a patch on both knees and gloves on!"

I still resent the sting of wounded feeling which ran through me at these words. To parody a celebrated line of the immortal Tennyson—

"Then my I were my gloves on earth!"

But I could not. The cold had struck deep into my bones, and, in after life I have had frequent occasions to make a practical application of that words of my ragged friend, when I have observed the practical maxim contained in them to mark the conduct of mankind.

When, for instance, I see parents carefully providing for the ornamental education of their children, furnishing them with teachers in music, dancing and drawing, and giving them in short, that genteel and religious training from which the true dignity and permanent happiness of life alone can come, never touching habits of self-sacrifice and self discipline and control, rather by example-in-structing them in evil speaking, in uncharitableness, in envy, and in falsehood, I think with a sigh, of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see a family in a bold and selfish solitude, see them wholly occupied with their own affairs, the plans of happy flowers, but heedless that which should furnish the hospitality of a whole year, upon the profusion of a single night, I think of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see a house profusely furnished with sumptuous furnaces, rich curtains, and luxurious carpets, but with no books, or none but a few tawdry annuals, I am reminded of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see men sacrificing health of body and mind, and all of the finer pursuit of wealth, living in ignorance of the character of the children who are growing up around them, cutting themselves off from the highest and purest pleasures of their nature, and so perverting their humanity, that that which was sought as a means, ingenuity comes to be followed as an end, I say to myself, a patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see the miserable expenditure for unfashionable indulgence, and nothing bestowed for charity, when I see fine ladies bedizened and bejewelled, disregarding the wails of dress-makers, and with harsh words embittering the bitter bread of dependence; when I see the poor turned away from proud houses where the crumbs of the table would afford them a feast, I think of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

"A Speedy Mate."—"My dear," one day said a lady to her husband, "Mr. S. seems to be a mighty steady sort of a man."

"You are exactly right, my love, Mr. S. is indeed a very steady man, and if he was only a little modest, he'd stand right well."

Good men are happy both in life and death; the wicked in neither.

Faith—Hope—Charity.

Faith!—What faith? Why, the faith of which he tells us "men are saved!" A belief of the mind? A struggle for the feeble? and joy to the converted and good creature. Let thy saving and cheering influence descend upon every soul.

Hope!—Then what hope is there in every bosom, a shrine in every heart; what were the hope of earth without thy cheering light? Beneath thy to Heart beams, bright as the rays of the morning sun, the frown fits away from the face of the sky, and the storm of life is calm. On the arid wastes of life's desert did not thy smooth gleams point the road to future bliss? When sorrow plows up the heart with deep furrows, and the ties of life rendered one by one, thy white-robed gentleness speaks to all within. Let thy beacon blaze of celestial glory shine to its undimmed splendor, till every darkened path be lighted by its cheering rays.

Charity!—Greatest of all—the crowned queen among the virtues, the brightest handmaid of religion and love. May thy steps never pass feeble, or thy heart grow cold. Let us mark the splendor of thy presence by every donation poured, and by every mourner's pouch. Teach us to throw thy mantle of compassion over the grave and the orphan, and the guilty. Let thy voice arise from every destitute heart, and rebuke every vicious mind.

Chinese Proverbs.

—Never climb a tree to catch a fish.

Win a cat, and lose a cow, (ridiculing the folly of going to law for trifles.

Good iron is not used for cakes, nor wise soldiers made of good men.

Every dog has come from a rat's mouth.

An avaricious man is like a serpent wishing to swallow an elephant.

Two skins cannot be stripped from one cow, (meaning that there is a limit to extortion.)

To instigate a villain to do wrong is like teaching a monkey to climb trees.

The chick will come out of the egg, (equivalent to our "Murder will out.")

Exaggeration paints a serpent, and adds legs.

All that a fish desires goes out at its gills, (applied to a spendthrift.)

A blue wing fellow is like a tiger.

Dig a well before you are thirsty.

Let every man accept the snow from his own door, and not busy himself about the frost on his neighbor's tile.

"My son," said an old turbaned Turk, one day, to his child by the hand, in the street of Cairo, and pointed out to him as that separate side a Frenchman just imported, in all the exquisite of Parisian costume; "My son, if ever you forget God and His Prophet, you may come to look like THAT."

Three States in the Union.—Among the bills passed at the last session of Congress there is one admitting Wisconsin into the Union as a State. The Thirtieth Congress when it meets, will exhibit a representation from Thirty States. The organization of a new Commonwealth is a matter of such ordinary occurrence in our part of the world that no special observation is attracted by the birth of another sovereignty. Every new community sets up for itself according to the laws and usages derived from the parent stock, with such modifications as circumstances and increased experience may suggest.

From a Union of Thirteen States we have grown to be a Union of Thirty States, and we are still growing; according to Mr. Calhoun's estimate there is room for more than 52 States more in the territory now in keeping with us—without such being any which may become ours hereafter by conquest or purchase. This estimate seems not small. The States to be formed must have very large dimensions in order to occupy all the vast region between out present Western frontier and the Pacific.—*Baltimore Amer.*

The Periodical Press.

The Jamestown (Chautauque) Journal publishes a Lecture, delivered as one of an Academic Course, by D. Sherman, Esq. which gives an interesting history of the PERIODICAL PRESS, derived from authentic sources, and exceedingly well presented:

The first Newspaper was issued (in manuscript) at Venice, in 1588, and was called the "Gazetta."

The first printed Newspaper was published in England, in 1588; called "the English Mercury; imprinted by her Majesty's Printer."—This paper was not regularly published.

The first Periodical Newspaper was published at Frankfort, Germany, in 1612.

In 1624 the "Public Intelligencer and London Gazette was established. Soon afterward various papers "on their entrance into the state" in London, among which were "The Scots Dove," "The Parliament Kite," "The Secret Owl," &c.

The Spectator was the first purely Literary Journal. It appeared in 1711. This publication as it is known, owes its immortality to Addison. The Tattler, conducted by Sir Richard Steele, though published a short time previous, was not exclusively Literary.

The first French Newspaper was published at Paris in 1631 by Renaudot, a Physician.

The first Literary Journal and Review ever published was "The Journal des Savans," commenced in 1665 in France.

There are now published in France 750 Journals, of which 310 are political.

The first American Paper was the Boston News Letter, which appeared on the 24th of April, 1719. The Boston Gazette was started soon after.

The third American Newspaper was the American Weekly Mercury, which appeared in Philadelphia on the 22d Dec 1719.

The fourth American Newspaper was the New England Courant, established at Boston, August 17, 1721, by James Franklin, elder brother to him who rendered the name so illustrious.

New York City.—There are 484 streets in N. York. The names embrace every variety from the lordly appellations of Albion Place and Abingdon Square down to the less sophonous titles of Cartman's Lane, Goarck Street and Tinpot Alley. The most elegant shops are in Broadway—the most princely mansions in Fifth Avenue. The two longest streets of those that are built up are Broadway, Greenwich and Washington, which contain over 2,500 houses. The 12 longest streets contain collectively about 8000 houses, and their aggregate length is nearly 24 miles. The distance from the Battery to 155th Street is about ten miles.

Crops of the United States.—The Washington Era contains an estimate, taken from the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury, of Dec. 10, 1846, of the following productions raised in the United during the year 1846, with the value of each production, according to the prices they bore in this market on 1st Dec. last, viz:

Cotton, 760,000,000 lbs. worth	$73,150,000
Corn, 179,580,000 bush. worth	89,567 410
Rice, 147,741,800 lbs. worth	3,256,400
Barley, 5 676 000 bush. worth	3,434,343
Rye, 30,792,500 bush. worth	23,475 512
Wheat, 147,302,000 bush. worth	124,011,691
Indian Corn, 469,666,000 bu. w'th	314,881,820

Plucking a Goose.—A $ suit recently occurred in New Orleans to recover $1,000 of Cornelius Paulding for medical services rendered to one of his fingers. The whole amount paid to various doctors for services to said finger was $3,717. The plaintiff was Dr. Hyde. The jury awarded him $637. Col. Preston was counsel for the defendant, and in his speech declared that the charge of the plaintiff was $30 a day, for services that a negro servant could have performed as well as he. We find a report of the speech of the counsel in the Delta, and make the following extract from it:

"There were three other doctors attending him at the same time. Unfortunate man, he had put his finger into it! He had already suffered two amputations, and the skill of his doctors not satisfied with these, aspired to amputate his arm. He could not have survived the operation, and the large estate of Cornelius Paulding would have submitted to extortion which the late Cornelius would be the last man in the world to submit to

"But at this point a happy thought struck the defendant. He turned out his three physicians and poulticer, and called in Dr. Stone. That *sensible physician, as soon as he saw the diseased* finger bandaged up with the plaintiff's poultices, in his gruff way, said—'Take off those nasty rags, and throw them away, and let the thing alone,' which being done, the finger got well of itself as it would have done months before, but for three physicians and one poulticer! The counsel for the plaintiff had alluded to the wealth of the defendant. Was that a reason why his finger should be poulticed at the reasonable rate of $30 per day?

Wrath has been under-rated ever since wealth was over-valued.

Commercial Affairs.

The Charleston, S. C. News makes the following clear view of the present state of commercial affairs. It is worthy of attention:—

Many of the Northern journals appear to think that the scarcity of food in Europe, and the consequent acquisition to our stock of the precious metals in payment thereof, is productive of the highest prosperity. This is a view of national benefit as is founded on the reciprocities of commerce. It is at most a temporary advantage. Mutual profit is the only true basis of commercial intercourse.—This is particularly applicable to two countries like the United States and Great Britain. The closeness of their mercantile relations renders injury to the one the sure precursor of reaction on the other. This is more felt should such injury have its source in a scarcity of food. Subsistance, as it is the first want of Nature, so is it the foundation of all prosperous commerce. Full granaries are the most healthy stimulant to trade, as large expenditures for food derange its regular course, choking some of its channels and starving others.

Thus the low price to this country finishes upon which can be profitably shipped. What is gained by us in the increased prices of our bread stuffs, is lost in the large accumulation of an unproductive stock of specie; whilst our best customer is straitened in his means of purchasing some other products of our industry, his resources being so largely absorbed in expenditures on *articles of subsistence.*

If reaction does not this year reach those productive sources in the United States, whence we obtain large gains from this cause, it must affect them before their accounts of profit and loss is finally closed. It were better that the European demand for the products of our soil were so gradual and moderate as to yield ordinary gains. It were more conducive to continued intercourse that the exchange of the customary equivalents should stimulate enterprise in both parties to such intercourse, than that all the reciprocities of commerce should be extinguished in gain of one party and the loss of the other.

Splendid American Telescope.—Mr. Lu Lewenberg, of Williamsburg, has recently completed a large Refracting Telescope out of American materials. It has 8½ inches aperture, and a focal distance of 14 feet. It is mounted on a convenient carriage, and its weight is half a ton. This instrument can be afforded for $5,000, and is pronounced by competent judges to be equal to those of Europe which cost $10,000. The American Institute are about to ask permission of the Common Council, to exhibit this telescope in New York—for which purpose they will ask the privilege of erecting a temporary shed in the Park. The aperture of this telescope is half an inch wider than that in the Cincinnati Telescope, the cost of which was $14,000.

Relief for Ireland.—We are happy to say that the first Jersey Ship, the good brig Overmann, of 2000 bbls. burthen, is now filled and will sail from our wharves for suffering Ireland early next week. The Forwarding Committee have a large overplus on hand, and have been instructed by the General Committee to charter another vessel—there being, owing to the readiness of the towns and villages of our State, to which justice will be done by the committee in due time, a fair prospect of its being speedily and well loaded.—*Newark Adv. Friday Eve.*

A detachment of Army Recruits, consisting of half a dozen persons who have enlisted during the past fortnight in this city, were sent to Fort Columbus this noon by Lieut. Maclay, to remain till the next transport is ready to convey them to Mexico. This is the second detachment sent from this place during the month past.—*N.*

The Receivers of the Plainfield Bank will commence issuing certificates to bill-holders on April 1st, in pursuance of an order in Chancery.

The Shipping Business.—Many vessels are now earning their own cost in one voyage out. A Portland shipmaster, on an instance, recently bought a vessel for $8 000, and his first freight list was $14 000, which, less expense $3000, netted the cost and $3,000 for his first voyage. The same is measurably true of the shipping interest generally.

There are 500 persons in the city of N. York, whose wealth is

350	$400,000 each
270	500,000 each
125	600,000 each
107	1,000,000 each
20	5,000,000 each
4	10,000,000 each
1 from 25 to 30 millions.	

Total $880,000,000 owned by 1377 persons.

News Trade.—Captain Yeaton, of the packet ship Oxford, surprises his owners by packing a square box on deck, full of dressed hogs, surrounded with ice. He writes home that he took his fresh pork to Manchester, and made a profit of seventy per cent. by his speculation.—Jour. Com.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows in N. Y.—(now numbering some 10,000)—have purchased a large piece of ground between Elm and Orange sts. for a splendid Hall. The Grand Lodge of the State has resolved to celebrate the laying of the corner stone, on the 4th day of June—the 24th anniversary of the institution.

American Leather in Europe.—The Bohemian gentleman who bought 1000 sides of leather in New York last season and took them out to Prague, made so good a profit that he has ordered 2000 more hemlock tanned.

Sixty Thousand Cotton Bales Burnt!—A great fire occurred at Columbus, Geo. on Monday last. It broke out in the cotton warehouse of the Lowell Factory agent. Loss estimated at about sixty thousand bales.

Anti Rentism is said to be as firm as ever in its purpose, in New York, and as indisposed to submit to the laws, though it is rather more discreet in its manifestations. And never will this spirit of mischief, violence and spoliation be laid, so long as it is patronized by the Executive, countenanced in the Legislature, and boldly supported by a diseased or subsidized press.

Annual Report

Of the Directors of the Plainfield Mutual Assurance Fire Co. March 1, 1847.

Dr.

To amount paid out for losses,	$9,773 20	
To amount paid out for interest on the eight annual premiums to last year, and expenses,	2,411 64	
Paid for interest last year as dr.	39 81	
Paid expenses the last year,	117 90	
	$11,322 55	
Balance, cash on hand,	196 29	
	$11,522 84	

Cr.

By Interest received,	15,209 16	
Cash for the eight premiums,	2,168 51	
Cash received for annual insurance,	1,911 50	
	$19,307 29	
Deduct amount put out on bond and mortgage and notes,	7,774 74	
	$11,532 54	
Amount of Eight Annual Premiums, in Notes and cash,	$23,210 15	
Am't rec'd for interest as above stated	$15,209 16	
" for annual insurance, as above,	1,911 50	
	$17,120 77	
Amount paid out as above stated,	11,392 25	
	5,728 52	
Due for interest this Spring,	340 00	
Amount of Surplus Funds,	$6,068 52	

JACOB MANNING, President.
C. Boice, Sec'y.

At the annual meeting of the company March 8th, 1847, it was ordered that all the surplus funds of the company, except two years' interest, should on and after the 1st of June next, be paid back to the members, which will make a dividend of about fifteen per cent. on the Eight Annual Premiums,—and that new members be from henceforth received upon the payment of two years' interest upon their notes.

JACOB MANNING, President.
C. Boice, Sec'y.

The New Brunswick Prudonian, Somerset Messenger, and Newark Sentinel, please insert this Report 3 times and send their bills to
March 16, 1847. C. BOICE.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said decedent, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. The Court therefore order and direct the said Administrator, by giving due notice to the creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above named Administrator their claims and demands against said estate, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day. March 8th, 1847, for settling up a final account of the same at the next public pleasure in the said county of Essex, for the space of two months, and after by advertisement in some newspaper for the like period in each of the papers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent lived.

Test, H. CORTELYOU, Surrogate.
JNO. I. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having sold out, and being about to remove, would take this opportunity to return thanks to the citizens of Newark and Essex Co. and would respectfully invite all those indebted to him on Note or Book Account, to call and settle without further notice, as those having accounts unclosed by the present of them, as it is necessary for his business here should be closed. RICHARD ELLIOTT.

Wanted, a good Blacksmith, or a Boy who has been at the trade some few years.

A Wheelwright Shop, connected with a blacksmith shop, to Let, on reasonable terms. Apply as above.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—tw

Sale for Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a tax Warrant issued by Benjamin Jennings, Esquire, to make the taxes laid on unimproved and unimproved lands and land assessed by persons and the several proprietors, who are unable to pay their tax, in the township of Warren, in the county of Somerset, the subscribers, two of the assessors of said township, on the sixth day of April next, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M. at the house of Wm. D. Stewart, sell the timber, wood, herbage, and other vendible property found on per premises, and to the undermentioned persons to make the taxes and costs annexed to their respective names

Names.	Tax	Costs.
Eschebaster Bowne's estate,	$1,00	70 cts.
Reuben Dunn,	50	70
Jonathan R. Dunham's estate,	4,47	70
Mary Fisher's estate,	1,50	70
George Betring,	50	70
Uzal Head,	50	70
Noah Price,	4,00	70
Thomas Smith's Estate,	50	70
Thomas Smick's Estate,	1,50	70
Abel Sherwell,	50	70
Benjamin Q. Scudder,	50	70
Mary Williamson,	50	70
Ezra Wilcox,	4,80	70
John Edgar	6,00	70
Isaac Brokaw	50	70
Benjamin P. Brokaw	1,40	70
Frances N. Comisky	1,00	70
Isaac Chandler	50	70
James Clark	75	70
George Roberts	38	70
Edward Richardson	2,00	70
Cornelius Schring	50	70
John Stouts	50	70
Phebe Tripner	50	70
Clarkson Giles	75	70
David Gaw	50	70
William Gore	8,00	70
Elias Martin	2,20	70
William Reynolds	1,50	70
William S. Vanderventer	50	70
James S. Vanderventer	50	70
Benjamin Brown and Stephen Brown,	1,50	70
Coon Trimer and Isaac Trimer,	1,50	70
John Codington and William Smith,	75	70

JOEL PANGBURN,
JOHN CORYELL, } Constables.

Dated, Warren, March 8th, 1847.

Rooms to Let.—Inquire of
Feb. 16, 1847.—tf STEPHEN B. DEEDS.

THE UNION.

Plainfield, March 20, 1847.

The most important news in relation to our affairs with Mexico, up to the time of the present writing is from the following Washington letter, in the Journal of Commerce of Friday morning. We hope to get something later before going to press. It is said, that a negotiation for peace is in progress at Washington, and that Gen. Taylor, in, all probability, with his army and large stores, is safe. Communication with Gen. Tay lor must have been cut off by the Mexicans, as nothing direct from him has been received for 2 weeks. But to the letter:

Washington, March 24.

I notice that Mr. Hargous, known as the financial friend of Santa Anna, has been some days in this city, with Mr. Atocha. Mr. Hargous was also here at the time when Mr. Atocha was dispatched to Mexico as an agent of this Government. Mr. Atocha was selected for that mission on account of his well known friendly relations with Santa Anna. I have reason to think that he will be dispatched to Mexico again before long. The statement that he met with an ungracious reception from the Mexican authorities and people, is, as I am informed, untrue. That he was, from reasons favorable to the object of his mission and both his own character, directed to remain at Jalapa, is true enough, and there remained, and probably conducted his business at the country house of Mr. Hargous.—Santa Anna's banker and friend —brother of Mr. Hargous of New York, now with Mr. Hargous here.

Looking at the whole of this matter, I am led to believe that a negotiation—private of course—is now going on, and as on the eve of consummation—for the settlement of the preliminaries of a treaty for the adjustment of the whole affair.

My opinion that Gen. Taylor is safe, I consider as fully confirmed by the statements of Dr. Jarvis and Lt. Patrick, who arrived here last night. The latter left Monterey at as late a date as any person from that place. Both of these intelligent and well informed men are of the opinion that Gen. Taylor and his army are in no danger whatever. Lt. Patrick states that he has not had any battle unless on his own seeking; and that, in any action that has taken place, the Mexicans have, in his opinion, been badly beaten.

Further, they agree that Monterey is in no danger at all; that Gen. Taylor can retreat to it if he pleases; that a thousand men in the fort can resist successfully the whole Mexican army; and that they have 3 or 4 months' provisions and ten millions of every kind.

Plainfield company of artillery (regulars) had, as we stated below, been informed, going from Monterey to the pass of Rinconada, with two 18 pounders, to cover Gen. Taylor's retreat in case of need. Lt. Patrick examined the ground with Capt. Prentiss, and it was their opinion that, with this one company, they could at this pass keep at bay the whole Mexican force. The story that Urrea, with his cavalry, had taken possession of the north road in the pass of Agua Nueva, and could have retreated to Saltillo or Monterey, in full time, if he had chosen. If he has given battle to Santa Anna, it was to destroy him.

It appears, too, from the statements of these gentlemen, that Camargo and its stores were perfectly safe from any threatened attack.

☞ From the intelligence given below, received on Friday evening, it will be seen that another revolution has broken out in Mexico,—but of such a nature, that we can hardly suppose it will be a bar to any proposed negotia ion for peace.

Important from Mexico.

Another Revolution in the city of Mexico is said to have been effected on the night of Feb. 26th, by the National Guards joining the Clergy. Gomez Pariah was deposed, and alas selected as President, while Santa Anna was continued Commander-in-chief of the Army.

The Telegraph adds that the movement was a most determined opponent of the Texas dismemberment, and was the only man who had firmness enough to insist upon enforcing the only measure by which the government can raise means to carry on the war, that of making the Church property contribute to the war expenses. The unpopularity of this measure has overthrown him. Be it so rejoiced, therefore, may be considered as favorable to peace.

From the Seat of War.

All our troops intended for the attack of Vera Cruz had sailed from Tampico, and a force of 2000 left as a garrison of that town.

Vera Cruz has been fortified by digging a ditch around it. Many families have deserted that city and moved into the interior.

A letter from Santa Anna, of Feb. 17, while *he was at San Salvador, announces his intention* to give Gen. Taylor battle on the 21st, at Agua Nueva, and represents his troops as full of enthusiasm.

The most important feature of the news relative to our forces is that Gen. Taylor had fallen back upon Saltillo and Monterey without any general action having taken place.

☞ Yesterday's N. Y. Sun says—"On Saturday next, if not before, the Government will issue orders opening all the Mexican ports in our possession to the commerce of the world, at fixed rates which shall be paid to our Collector in each port. The revenue will pay a large portion of the army expenses, and the Mexicans will begin to find the war seriously unprofitable." The intelligence was brought by a gentleman who left Washington Saturday evening, and who had access to undoubted sources of information.

The Storm of Friday, though very severe in this section, was still more so farther South. Much damage was done to shipping in New York, and its vicinity. The schooner H. B. Foster, from Santa Cruz, was found Sunday morning on the East Bank, with both masts cut and deserted—the captain, crew and pilot supposed to be drowned. Two vessels loaded with corn were sunk in the North River. The telegraph south was much injured, which will take a week to repair. Brooklyn suffered severely.

By the provisions of the new License Law, the people are to determine by vote, at a special election to be held on the 13th of December, whether or not licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors shall be granted. The election is to be by ballot, and if the majority vote against licensing, none are to be granted in the township so voting; but if a majority vote for licenses, then the Court of Common Pleas, as now, will have the power to grant them.

We consider the above a good law, as it places the power to grant licenses in the hands of the people where it rightfully belongs; but we do not *anticipate any great good will result from it.*—The State over, there is much more complaint against the unlicensed houses than against those licensed, and there are more of them; and if in consequence of the new law fewer houses are licensed, more unlicensed houses will be kept. It is the duty of the Legislature to enact good laws, but it is that of the people to see that they are executed. The Legislature did their duty at the last session, and had done so previously to that time, but the people have always lamentably neglected theirs, in not using the good laws which the Legislature provided for them.

The Contract for building the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, has been given out. It is to be 500 feet long, about 100 wide, the main building two stories high, and the towers 100 to 140 feet. The Museum and Grand Hall of the second floor will be nearly 200 feet long and 27 to 30 feet high. The whole is to be of reddish Freestone, to be rendered fire proof and finished in the richest and most thorough manner. The style is that known as the Lombardy-Norman. There are in all nine towers of various shapes and sizes. The contract is for $205,350

The Faculty of Hamilton University, N. Y. have expelled from that institution Mr. Geo. G. Ritchie, the editor of the Hamilton Student, for publishing an article in his paper upon the subject *of free suffrage for negroes. The days of the inquisition are not past.*

Patriots!—The Adjutant General of the U. S. Army, offers in the National Police Gazette a reward of $30,330 for the arrest of 11111 deserters from the army.

A religious remonstrance against American Slavery was unanimously adopted at a large meeting of the ministers of the Boston Association.—*The document was drawn up by Drs. Sharp, Chaules and Stow.*

Death by Starvation in Ireland.—The Dublin correspondent of the London Globe estimates the whole number of deaths by starvation in Ireland, up to the 25th of February, at upwards of 36,000.

Death by Lethrgy.—This universal pain extractor is now administered to facilitate surgical operations. It was administered to a lady in N. Bedford, and the doctor amputated her breast without any pain; but we see a patient had died under an effects in London, before the surgical operation, and Parliament has been petitioned to investigate the circumstances.—*N. S. Sun.*

We hear that a lady in Elizabethtown in this county, has been injured by taking it.—*Newark Daily.*

In Prison Again.—C. C. Burleigh, anti-slavery—anti hanging lecturer, having served out his days' sentence in the Chester, Pa. jail for selling his publications on the Sabbath, went at it again, and has been taken up and sentenced a second time.

☞ It is stated that the corn meal to go out by the Jersey ship for Ireland, now loading in this city, has been purchased at Easton, and that the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company and the New Jersey Railroad Company, convey it from Bordentown to Newark, without any charge. This is supposed to be equal to a donation on the part of these companies of from one to $2 000. —*Newark Eagle.*

A New Enterprise.—There is about to be established in South Trenton a Stock Company, under the existing law providing for such associations, consisting entirely of colored persons.—The object is to prosecute the Tanning business on a more extensive scale than the person now engaged in it there is prepared to do. The capital will be $60000 at the commencement, to be increased as circumstances may require, divided into shares of $20 each. None but colored persons are permitted to own stock, and nearly all the shares are taken up.

Elopement in St. Louis.—The St. Louis Reveille says that while a husband was absent from that city a short time since, his wife, taking all his effects, left the premises provided by her husband, and took up quarters with her paramour somewhere in the neighborhood of the Mound. On his return, hearing of the new arrangement, the husband paid the parties a visit, caught his rival luxuriously lounging on a sofa, enjoying a segar: he told gave him a severe thrashing; then dragging the gallant into a cowhiding, he declared himself perfectly satisfied and informed Mrs. P. that, hereafter, she was at perfect liberty to love the other.

Important from Gen. Taylor.

The following from last evening's papers is regarded as reliable at New Orleans and at Brazos, as all the reports are similar, and corroborate each other. Nothing is yet received from Gen. Taylor, as his communication with Camargo was cut off. The following is the substance of the reports:

Gen. Taylor was attacked by Santa Anna at Agua Nueva, and after a sharp battle fell back in good order, to the vicinity of Saltillo. Here he was again attacked by Santa Anna, and a sharp engagement ensued, in which Taylor was victorious. Continuing his retreat in good order, Gen. Taylor spiked his cannon, and leaving 30,000 rations which fell into the enemy's hands, fell back on Monterey, where he arrived safely. At Monterey, a long and severe conflict ensued, which terminated in the total defeat of Santa Anna, with a loss of 4000 or 5000. Gen. Taylor had 20 pieces of flying artillery, excellently served, with which he pursued them 18 miles on the road to Saltillo, doing great execution. Our loss is said to have been 1100!

All the posts on the Rio Grande are in hourly expectation of an attack from the Mexicans. At Camargo especially, the number of Mexicans hanging about the outskirts of the town had created considerable anxiety and vigilance among the troops. There were about 1200 troops at Camargo.

At the last advices, Santa Anna is said to have been endeavoring to rally his forces for another desperate onslaug t, while Urrea had fallen in the Taylor's rear, near Passo Vic oria, with 3000 cavalry and an irregular force of rancheros, for the purpose of preventing reinforcements and cutting off all communication between Monterey and Camargo. Gen Taylor is confident that he can maintain his position until adequate assistance may arrive.

At Matamoras, an attack is expected every moment.

It is supposed that Gen. Taylor will soon receive reinforcements from the new regiments now on their way to the seat of war.

Late from California.—Thirty Americans Massacred!—An arrival from the Pacific reports that the priests, in California, had poisoned the minds of the Indians and half breeds against the Americans to that degree, that some 30 odd of troops had been enticed into the interior, where they were butchered under circumstances of the most revolting barbarity. After tying them to trees they cut the flesh from their bodies and forced it down their throats.

The California regiment which sailed from N. York under Stevenson, had arrived in safety at Callao.

The Extension of the Somerville Rail Road from that place to Phillipsburgh, on the Delaware opposite to Easton, 36½ miles, will cost, it is estimated, $1 055.196, and including equipments $1,231.949. The estimated receipts per annum, $275 200—annual expenditures 96,787 —leaving $178,413 annual net profits, which will pay 10 per cent on the cost, and leave a surplus of $62,220.

Specie.—The Home arrived at New Orleans from Tampico with $19,000 in specie. Money now commences to flow from instead of into Mexico.

Odd Dates.—According to the calculations of chronologists, the creation was commenced on Friday, Oct. 23d; Noah was commanded to build the ark on Sunday, Nov. 30th. It began to rain on Sunday, Dec. 30th! The tops of the mountains at the subsiding of the waters, became visible Sunday, July 19th. Noah came forth, from the ark, Friday, Dec. 18th.

☞ The eagle, it is said, can fly at the rate of one hundred and fifty miles an hour; wild geese ninety miles; swallows ninety-two miles; and the common crow at the rate 25 miles an hour.

☞ Kindness in the heart is a gem of the first magnitude. Whoever possesses this trait will sail smoothly over the ocean of life, leaving behind a memory that will never cease to be cherished.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

From the Fall River Monitor, April, 1846.

This medicine, prepared by a long experienced and skillful physician, tested and approved by a great number of intelligent, discriminating and respectable persons in various parts of the country, is now received and used with entire confidence and with great success by those afflicted with pulmonary complaints. It is also recommended as a valuable medicine for other diseases, such as colds, coughs, and particularly those cases whose tendency is to consumption. Should its efficacy continue as it has thus far been proved in various obstinate cases, it will indeed be a most invaluable medicine.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Dr. Collens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for depressions and painful menstruation—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper headed CONSUMPTION.

Juvenile Concert.

I. Newkirk respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity, that he intends to give a Concert of Vocal Music, in the First Baptist Church, on Tuesday evening, the 13th of April. The singing will be performed by over 50 children from the several congregations of this place, who have been under his instruction for some months past.

The Concert will commence at half past 7.

Admittance 12½ cents each.

March 20, 1847.

NOTICE.

☞ The Members of the "American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Plainfield," are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting will be held at Jno. Ayers' Hotel on Monday, the 5th day of April at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing 13 Directors for the ensuing year: and to transact such other business as may be conducive to the interests of the company. A general attendance is particularly requested.

March 22, 1847. L. C. Alg. Sec'y.

Read the most Remarkable cure ever Recorded.

Waldeboro', Me, July 30, 1845.

Dear Sir:

Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me. Possessed of a strong constitution naturally I had enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Sometime in July I was violently attacked with a cough, which continued until fall; then I was confined to the house eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours; daily I used large quantities of disagreeable matter accompanied with blood. Sometimes I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to relieve me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me; I must die: it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill friends despaired of my life, my own hope of recovery at an end, I resorted to

When I had taken one and a half bottles these severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued to use it, and which ultimately caused partial relief. I was sorely distressed both by night and by day. I had no quiet sleep some nights for weeks together, my nervous condition was in so bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for me; all their remedies made me worse and worse. When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an advertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought from its style that whoever wrote it, believed what he wrote, and if so, he was no imposter. I had no suffer ridicule of my friends and neighbor My doctor told me, after I had used them some time, that he could make Pills just like Brandreth's; he gave me a prescription; I took it to the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more effect as physic than a piece of chip. Not so with Brandreth's pills, they always act easily and freely. I have now taken them over two years, and they seem to have restored me to life within me; my intellect is clear and sound, and I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty-five years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action of my bowels is now nearly restored to the healthy state of my youth. I bless God for what he done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Brandreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My case is known to hundreds in this county. Your agents, *Mr. D. Kendrick*, suggested that I had used it. I remain yours, very gratefully,

Lebanon, N. H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

New York Prices Current, March 27, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,38 to 7,00
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 4,75
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to 4,80
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,75
Rye,	,85 to ,96
Corn,	,85 to ,96
Oats, Jersey,	42 to 43

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Plainfield Lodge, I. O. O. F. $27,05; Dr. L. Craig, 3 50; E. Kirkpatrick, Esq. 3 50; Geo. W. Sayles, Morris, 3,00; Lewis M. Force, 2,50; Job D. Brown, 1,50; Jackson Pound, 1 00; Wm. C. Ayers, 1,00; Peter B. Lowe, Boundbrook, 1,00; John D. Thorn, 1,00; C. Boice, Esq. ,75; David Bird, ,75; C. M. Allyn, ,75; Rev. S. J. Drake, ,75; John L. Heath, ,75; Silas Cole, ,50; Widow Rose, ,50.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a chemical process of the most scientific character, forms the basis of the preparation of medicine now known as Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Many persons who are laboring under the dreadful disease of Consumption, are induced to buy Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, under the impression that they are buying the genuine article, when in fact they are buying a worthless imposition, got up in imitation of the above valuable medicine, by some unprincipled persons, who have the assurance to call it Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, but those persons can be detected by observing that the genuine has the name of Wistar engraved on the bottle, each of which bears the signature of SETH W. FOWLE & Co. and the name of Wistar engraved on the glass of each bottle, which are the only two persons authorized to sell it. If you purchase the article you will be sure to get the genuine, as it is sold by a regular physician, one that the signature of Dr. Sanger, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale a Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 18th inst. Stephen H. Grinstead to Elizabeth Francis, both of Elizabethtown.

On the 9th inst. Frederick Blumer to Martha Emmont, both of New Brunswick

On the 16th inst. Mr. Henry Vroom to Anna Mitchell, both of New Brunswick.

On the 19th inst. Rev Nathan Chapman, of Keyport, N. J. to Emily Richmond; of New Brunswick.

On the 17th inst. Isaac Van Pelt to Sarah E. Flagg, both of New Brunswick.

On the 18th inst. in New York, Francis Van Winkle, Esq. to Mrs. Jane Thorn, both of Rahway.

DIED.

At his residence, near New Brunswick, on the 17th inst. Peter L. Voorhees, aged 66 years.

On the 20th inst. Wm. G. Langford, aged about 35 years.

At Keyport, N. J 7th inst. Adam Huyler, Sr. in the 69th year of his age, formerly of New Brunswick.

VENDUE.

The Subscriber (about to remove from Plainfield) will offer for sale at his residence, on Tuesday, the 6th day of April next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. various articles of Household and School Furniture, Farming Utensils, a Good Cow, &c. &c. Conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Jacob A. Wood.

March 30, 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The subscribers will open a school on Main street, in the building near Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business as teachers, to merit public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on applications to

I. NEWKIRK.
D. LENOX.

March 23, 1847.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

Dried Apples, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

Those who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not to exceed 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late Malcarlton,	Rare Ripe,
Late Rare Ripe,	Heath Cling,
Mexican Free Stone	Early Wasers,
Honest Johns,	Alburgs.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Just opened. 9 Pieces Mow silks de Lions Choice Patterns and very cheap by Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

The subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, that all others who need Feathers, that he has just received a Large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell low for Cash. D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 sp ace-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly painted Gothic scenes, of various styles and prices; also the most superb and splendid Imported Landscapes, in such admired and fashionable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at 25% per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other store. Trimmings of every description for Parlor, Saloon and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.* BARTOL & ORMSBEE.

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m.

Texas, Texas.—A fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 5s. I have ever had. Call and try it. PRUDEN'S

June 30.

1 Bale Carpet Warp, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

IRA PRUDEN,

Is constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

More New Carpets.

The Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices. WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1844.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the places where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York

M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A choice Assortment of the best Merrimack Prints, at 4½ a yard, just received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 13, 1846.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

The Subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Ludlow Ayers, deceased, will sell at public vendue, on Thursday, March 25, 1847, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at John Ayers' Hotel,

12 Valuable Building Lots,

Situated in the Village of Plainfield, Essex county, as follows: Lot No. 1, on the easterly line of Second street, and on the northerly line of Arlington street, and in Lot No. 16, on map, containing 6,613 square feet.

2 Lots on 3d street, formerly belonging to Zachariah Webster, and in Lot No. 24, on Allen, Stephen's map, containing 7 540 square feet.

5 Lots in vacity belonging to James Wilson, Esq. and lotted off by him on Front street, adjoining lands of Z. Webster, Esq. Benj. Smith, the estate of Lemuel Webster, &c.: and is No. 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter acre and 90 square links each.

5 Lots in the upper part of the village, formerly belonging to Lemuel Webster and lotted off by him, and is No. 26, 27, 47, 51, 52, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter of an acre each. Said Lots are handsomely located, and very desirable for persons wishing to build. Any person wishing to view the Lots can do so by calling on Lemuel Webster, or Elisha Lawrence, Esq. where maps of the above property can be seen.

NELSON WEBSTER, Administrator.

March 24, 1847.—6w

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Corner of Second and Cherry streets, between John Ayers' Hotel and the Rail Road.

GEORGE B. COON

Respectfully informs his friends and the Public that he has now on hand, a new and complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he offers for sale at greatly reduced prices.

Our Assortment consists of

Gents' Fine stitched Boots—Do. pegged,

Men's coarse sewed Boots and shoes,

Do. Do. pegged Boots and shoes,

Do India Rubber Over shoes

Boys Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.

Ladies Fine Gaiter Boots, Morocco Buskins, and Leather, mixed, of all kinds, Patent Breasts and common Rubber Shoes trimmed and furred in variety.

For mens and children a variety of styles and sizes not mentioned in this notice will be sold at the most reasonable rates, for cash. The public are invited to call and examine our stock and prices for themselves before purchasing elsewhere, they will not be disappointed either in goods or prices.

Plainfield, Feb. 9th, 1847.—3m.

Beauty Lost and Found.

In the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful world, we are told that Eve, the lovely Wife that He looked with pleasure upon He afterward made a woman and presented all that He had performed to be good; but after the fall of Adam and Eden, Satan found a void—He saw that a great head must be formed to rule over her race. He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—but when He gave a mate unto an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was to be more beautiful, fair, and as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. After this scene the deepest contrast, the darkest shade and woe terrible to behold, appeared triumphant, and those holy beings fell. From that time the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all the beauty brought forth the same and more and here by was sent pestilence. The effects of the sad conquest of man and of woman became subject to all the accompaniments with the serpent's poisonous fangs could inflict. A dark, sallow, discolored visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, seemed to the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have rolled by, and with an exception of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex, until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the mercy given unto man, and to that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Extirpator, known as

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the ravages of such of any of those annoyances which so disfigure the outside, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily eradicate all Pimples, Blotches, Pustules and blotches.

Chapped Flesh, *Bleeding Gums, Lips, Rough, Cracked, and Disordered Skin*, will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should adorn.

Gentlemen: for SHAVING this soap is excellent: it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin as smooth as velvet.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, at 31 Park-row and N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

New Cheap Saddle and HARNESS FACTORY.

Jonathan R. Frazee has taken the store opposite post office, Cherry's Office, where he has opened an entire new and fashionable stock of Goods in the above line, which he has just purchased in New York, Greate article for cash, and will sell as cheap as can be had at the lowest rates for cash. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, and he feels assured they will do better than elsewhere.

Trunks, Valises, Collars, and everything in his line constantly on hand.

Plainfield, Jan. 5th, 1847

All J. R. Frazee's you will find.

Saddles and harness of every kind.

Such as carriage, pole, riding and gig saddles.

Collars, traces and good bridles.

Opposite Craig's Drug Store come and look,

J. R. Frazee can suit you like a book,

Do not be back ward but buy and see,

If to cash you your horse to pay.

He has good trunks and good valises,

Second-hand harness with new pieces.

Hear the bells on straps, how they jingle,

Good double-harness beasles single.

Now Mr. coachy is your time,

And all you wanters that are for the line,

To J. R. Frazee's come with speed,

And get new harness for your noble steed.

And for wild horses get a bridle gag,

And for travelling buy a carpet-bag,

To please your fancy you will find,

That J. R. Frazee is obliging and kind.

There are two Frazees you will see,

Choose between them where your trade shall be.

To encourage industry you will find,

That J. R. Frazee will please you to your mind.

And if to Amboy you will take a trip,

Come to the sleepy emporium and buy a whip;

As cash is our motto and no trust can be,

All our enquiring friends we like to see.

Carpets.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpet in all different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

A new Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 91 each, for sale by July 2 D. BULLMAN.

Plain Prints.—A choice selection of New Plain Colored Prints just received from Philadelphia, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Sept. 15, 1846.

Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged in the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contracted Cords, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Croup, Chronic Old Sores, Felons in their first stage, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Burns, Salt Rheum, Boils, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Affections.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most WONDERFUL MEDICINE in curing the cases of the above HIGH ENCOMIUMS that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the AFFLICTED to test its virtues as the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment.

The following letter from the highly esteemed Physician whose name is attached to it, will be perused by the people of this country, it is really refreshing to find so soothing of and practical utility, something simple, pure by, and effectual in its operation, and at the same time so different from the offensive and drastic effects of which generally attend powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George C. Stanton, of Ring Ring, though it has been but a few months before the public, has already attained the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and industrial citizens, but my most eminent physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign remedy for many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Hunt's Liniment.—Believing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my son, who had been crippled with a lame knee from an infant; and it is with gratitude that I testify to its wonderful effects. My son is now able to walk without the aid of crutches, after a severe confinement of five years of age, is now in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DUNMON C. NICKERSON.

Post Office, Towners, Putnam co.

I certify that I saw the child of Dunmon C. Nickerson, of this town, who had been a cripple for five years, and I believe would be unable to walk without the aid of crutches, and I do not hesitate in saying that his son is almost well.

JAS. W. DYKMAN.

November 5, 1845. Dyk. Post Master.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years subject to frequent attacks of the Rheumatism, and have used Hunt's Liniment, and find very little pain in my knees. I have no doubt but it will bring relief to my system.

These or three applications of the Liniment invariably remove all affections of the kind. In cases of burns, sprains, and sores too numerous to mention, it is unequalled. Those who have used it know its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

The Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142, Water Street.

RUSHTON'S CO. 139 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 98 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Ring Ring N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield.—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—E. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Elizabethtown.—D. Price.

Middleville.—N. R. Brown.

Springfield.—Elijah Stiney & Sitler, W. S. Cooper.

Union.—Elnath Headly, Jacob W. Wade.

Elizabethtown.—Dr. M. Whitehead, Dr. T. E. Briscoe, Jessie Cree.

Rahway.—J. C. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Woodbridge.—Dr. Wm. Price.

Scotch Plains, Joseph H. Osborn.

Millville, James Junod.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

Newark Orange.—E. L. Freeman

Orange.—Isaac & Bailey

Bellerville.—S. N. Jaquish & Son

Bloomfield.—Jones, Pierson & Cooper, Crane, Sun ford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison.—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. ly

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,

Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,

Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,

Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,

Rhy's Soap, for removing Pitch, Oil, &c. from Cloths, Silks, &c. Stains,

East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences, Indelible Ink, best quality—D'Neir's Arsenic Oil,

Indian Vegetable Pills of Chile—Dr. Colleus' Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,

For Sale at the Printing Ofice.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacoas, Plaids, Checks, Cotton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

Sugars.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

The Village School.

THE Primary Department, located on Second street, directly opposite to the residence of the Rev. M. Miller, will be opened for the reception of pupils, on Monday next, the 27th inst. The Academic Department will be opened on the 6th of April next, when the usual examination of the scholars will take place.

The Trustees have secured the services of Mr. DAVISON and ALLEN, as teachers.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly opposed to the old thorough, well established and time honored system. The principles of the "Monitorial" system are unceremoniously discarded to the shades of darkness, and the more simple and easily comprehended principles of the "Lancasterian" system established in their stead.

Our motto is, "If any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

TERMS per Quarter, or 60 days

Spelling, Reading and Arithmetical Tuition, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic used, $2 50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Astronomy are introduced with those that have been mentioned, $3 00.

Natural Philosophy, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Steam Engine and Natural Philosophy, $4 00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5 00; for Surveying, Leveling and Conveyancing, the whole quality of which is necessary to be understood in two quarters, contrary any part of said course will be omitted in Arithmetic.)

First Lecture in Latin Grammar, Saturday.

Exhibitions of the scholars will be given every week.

Extra charge of one dollar per quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every scholastic quarter.

Books and stationery will be on hand, and for sale at reasonable charges.

Terms for Board and Tuition, per Session of five months, $25 00.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—tf

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless every box or bottle bears the written signature of the original inventor and proprietor,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open at once the natural doors of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—whereby we possess in the powder of medicine; and so completely has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Dr. Chilton, Beekman St., Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Seabon & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth st.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label, an engraved Indian figure, covered with fine red print.

The genuine only can be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 120 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at the portable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1846.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and the vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cake, Gingerbread, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Fruit Biscuit, Sugar Drop Cakes, Common Cakes of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and among the choice of all cakes—

Any person having any choice cakes made to order, shall be left with the subscribing printing, shoemakers, tailoring, sugar-making, flour, grain, hay, oats, or feed, skin tanner, dancing and tailor's bills, and all other descriptions of business, will be attended to promptly and thankfully rendered without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put themselves out of the way to pay cash or accounts, but when convenient to call and settle the same, as he will say it in patience, cash, note, grand or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and publishes a reply to any.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846—1y

Come away to the established SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, on the shortest notice, and in the best manner that can be done elsewhere. Gentlemen, and ladies for yourselves.

Nov. 18, 1845.—1y

PEMBRE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY OF PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National Institute, Washington, New York and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, and copied in all weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

No. 251 Chestnut, North side of Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Cornh., and 58 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue, 4½ Street; Mansion of Liberty Hall; Cincinnati, 3d Street, between Walnut and Vine; Main st., Lexington Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 31 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $2 50, for sale at June 20. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Ashes &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1846.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Ginghams, Lawns, and Barages,

Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses

Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do.

Mull De Laines, plain, figured and Striped Barages,

Mourning Prints and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,

Alpacas, Black and colored—with warp do.

Merinoes, French, English and German,

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities

Bombazettes, black and blue black of various qualities

Gingham, Glenplaid, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide,

Gro de Naples casual width, and a few fancy Silks for Bed, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,

Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,

Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings,

English Prints in great variety,

Irish Linens, of various grades, from 9c. 2d. to 1s. per yard,

Mourning and shorts of Merino single and double width

Cambric Muslins, Swiss do, Jaconet do and Mulins

Ladies' Cassimere and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful

Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also

Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons and Satin Flowers,

Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,

Thread and Needle Edgings and Insertings,

Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,

Cambric Linen Handkerchiefs and Embroidered Handkerchiefs,

Bonnet Lace (the real article) for trimming Mourning Bonnets,

Lace for purse trimming,

Purse Twist, black and colored, with gilt beads, &c.

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Boned Corsets, American, French, German and English

Corsetette Plain and Fancy, assorted sizes,

Corsets, Satin, Silk, Velvet and Woolen Velvets, &c.

Corsetette Satin, Silk, Velvet and Woolen Velvets, &c.

Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' wear.

Waistcoat Stuffs with a general variety of Linens' and Cottons.

Together with a general variety of Hosiery, including Cotton, Lambswool, Cassimere, Gauze, Gilt Clocking, Worsted, Cotton and Silk Gloves and Mitts, Suspenders and Garters, embroidering cotton, crochery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large Assortment of Groceries and Provisions all of which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or Country produce.

April 25, 1846.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which he will sell at the lowest market prices for Cash or Country produce.

Among his stock will be found—

Fancy Dress Goods, Fall Reps, Cashlets, &c. new styles,

Fancy Muslins, and real plaid Ginghams, a great variety,

Fancy Muslins

The Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 13. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1847. Whole Number 537.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS of SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines is a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar, and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing considered less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. All communications, except subscriptions and orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show that (in the language of a methodist physician) the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will equal it, for the cure of the sore throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Felons, Whitlow, Corns, Bunions, Pile, Phlegmatic Daleus or Milk leg, lameness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of Bowels, cough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Tooth ache limbs, Croup, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificates.

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years, afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attending Physician, and using many recommended medicines of the day without any sensible benefit, we donated upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprised soon relieved her weakness and strength to some extent. We therefore think nothing afforded relief until we applied the above named plaster which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any medicine of the kind in this section where the German Veg. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. I would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by J. F. & E. G. RADWAY, 91 Maiden la. All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to J. F. & E. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y New York.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. Where he will be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 160 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway, N. J. on Mondays. Those who may wish to avail themselves of his professional services may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, and by calling at his office, himself will always be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, which has for years been so deservedly all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry;

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY KNOWN

for

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Bronchial Consumption, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs, the most safe, certain and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases.

Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, and the effects of the lungs, and having tried various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. Was induced to call on you, and purchase one bottle of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which relieved me perfectly from my disorder, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system was much benefited, and my appetite and strength are restored once at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to relieve me from my cough; and by the use of two bottles, relieved me entirely from my complaint, and took away my cough. Since I commenced the use of it; but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and can recommend it to my fellow citizens, as the best and safest medicine in existence, for the cure of consumption, coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and would be happy to be called on by any one afflicted. If persons would purchase the genuine article, and not be imposed upon by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed upon the public, there would be a saving to the community of many thousand dollars annually. I make this statement for the benefit of those who are afflicted as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS.

Sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace of Wilmington, Del. this 4th day of September, 1846.

Mr. Thomas's case, above alluded to, is one of many we could mention, and the manufacturer is willing that each of any case can call and have the above and similar certificates of many persons.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great many, we think proper to be of great value to the human family as the Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, &c. Of all the great Compounds put forth for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, &c. we think the Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry is the most valuable, and we would advise all those who are afflicted with any of the above diseases to make a trial of this valuable remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many persons are apt to neglect a cough or cold, not knowing that it may terminate in consumption, and that many are daily falling victims to this fatal disease, by neglecting at the commencement to remedy what at first might have been easily cured. If you cough, or have a cold, we would say to you, go immediately to your druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and by the use of it you will find relief. Do not neglect a cough or cold, but remember that Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds, Coughs and Consumptions than any other medicine ever before offered to the public. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has been used in this section of country for the last two years, and is now one of the most prevailing character, and stands in the highest repute of any medicine ever offered to the public.

The Proprietor of this valuable medicine, Dr. Swayne, is a regular physician, and has devoted the greater part of his life, and that the most active and vigorous part of it, to the study of the various diseases of the human system, and to the investigation of their remedies. He has, in the exercise of his profession, had ample opportunity of testing the virtues of the various articles of the materia medica, and has, in the Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, combined those articles which, in his judgment, and in the judgment of many of the most eminent physicians of the country, are the most efficacious in the cure of PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

The Wild Cherry "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this valuable remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Everyone knows that a cold sometimes, in a very few hours, lays the foundation of Consumption, which fastens its fangs upon the vitals of life, that the sufferer feels not their afflictions, until it is too late to counteract its silent invasions, because the employment of the moment occupies the time when the disease is making its inroads, and the patient is not aware of it, until it is too late. Such a disease is accessible at all times, and at the same time patent to its beneficial effects. Incorrect use of the whole community, by the very best physicians, recommended by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician, of the Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is just the article for these times, when so many producers are suffering from colds, and the disagreeable attendants. This is a medicine that has the attention of Dr. Swayne, in Arch and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created sympathy in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

It needs astonishing powers in the most expert counsels of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, but a preparation of rare and real character. In the annals of medicine, no remedy has appeared, that has received such confidential preservation, which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. No undertaking of any kind could be more successful in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country are now adopting and prescribing it from the fact; but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To the afflicted we would say, procure it, and use it, and you will have been from time to time relieved from the public expense, we advise all who wish to see the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

Extract of a letter addressed to Dr. SWAYNE PHILA.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye drop the sleepless eye,

Attend to the touching paraenize, to truth and justice paid

While I unfold to your latent breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Whold tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well; then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black therein one with Tar;

Learn well to shun this vemi craft, be healthy and be blest

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION. Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, as the original and only genuine article, and has received numerous certificates of its virtues, and is now the most popular of all the cough syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that every person might be deceived, (and it is worthless deceived,) by purchasing Wild Cherry, and not to be sold by the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hark Consumption's doom'd foes victim!
For dying, dying?
In thy constitution broken.
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Tempering high o'er thy powers,
Dr. Wild Cherry stands;
Spreading joy through many nations,
Even to my Switzerland.

Beware of counterfeits and imposition! Be sure that Wild Cherry are sold in and wrapped, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agents.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada.

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received by WEBSTER & HARDY.

May 4, 1846.

CHARGES & ASSESSMENTS,

OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very effectual remedy for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms, at the same time strengthening the intestinal canal from the disease or injury hitherto formed their habitation. This is a vegetable preparation, and may be taken by children of the most tender age and of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.

This medicine may be safely taken even if the children of the child are not troubled with worms, and will very soon with its timely to prove beneficial; and in all cases where worms exist, the parent should not delay a moment in procuring it, as the health and very existence of the child depends upon it. Many persons from ignorance of its virtues, are now using this excellent remedy for the destruction of worms, and many others unacquainted with its merits, are daily destroying their children by administering to them worthless nostrums, which are frequently entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the most tender age and of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety.

Sold by Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent: and recommended by the most eminent physicians, from whom he obtained the knowledge of its virtues, and for sale by druggists generally throughout the country.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

3 CASES more Merry Christmas Tuck Boxes, just Received, and for sale by D. BUDEMAN.

CAUTION.—300 Yards Counterfeit, the safest TRUDEN'S Cherry Cod Liver

CONSUMPTION.

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side, Back, Breast, and Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the breast, and all diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important discovery which this "Balsam of Life" has performed in the case of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved itself efficacious than any remedy hitherto discovered, and has never been known to fail in a single instance, when used according to the directions. Persons have been known after receiving the least benefit from various remedies, and when Mercury has been resorted to, to such an extent that their mouths were full of sores, and entirely prostrated by the operation, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Another disease astonishing effects in the circles is here mentioned, we allude to that of

ASTHMA,

a complaint in which it has been universally cured with decided success, even in cases of two standing.

If not only eminent from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to puff in my favor, or to try to deceive the public by executing in strains of eulogy; but I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of the virtues which are inherent in it, and the astonishing efficacy will enable me to furnish such proof of its merits as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and can be CURED. This medicine is recommended to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which mankind are more afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Every day, year after year, the insidious monster hurries to the bourne of its dark domain fresh added victims to its ever increasing list. No wish of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its withering stroke. Child, youth, middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired victim of infirmity and intemperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of the fell spoiler, by whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life's calm evening, death consummation (accounted as a blessing) is hailed with joy. The fair one, in the bright bloom of youth, which took consciously as days and weeks speed, the fatal blow is struck.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us from other diseases of this fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are so interminded is verified by experiment, there is a preventive and a remedy.

Dr. Swayne's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered as a remedy, and such it proves on the extensive scale of its sale throughout the country. Its virtues are brought to notice which took consciously as days and weeks speed

THE UNION

Plainfield, August 6, 1847.

MOVING.

The Whigs of the township of Plainfield are hereby notified to meet at John W. Laing's house on Thursday evening, the 6th of April inst., at half past 7 o'clock, in order to prepare for the ensuing Town Meeting, to be held at John W. Laing's on the 3d Monday in April, to be organized pursuant to Law on that day, at half past 11 o'clock, A. M. for the election of township officers.

ELIZABETH DUNHAM,
Town Clerk.
C. Bonn.

April 5, 1847.

By the above it will be seen that our new town ship will be organized on Monday morning next. Another call has been given by handbills printed at this office for a meeting of the inhabitants, at the same time and place as the above, and for the same purpose. Between the two we hope there will be a very general attendance.

Gen. Kearny in California.—Los Angeles Re-taken.

Letters from Tepic near San Blas to the N. O. Picayune, give accounts from California to Jan. 10th. Gen. Kearney had arrived with 300 men from *New Mexico*. Dating *other letters* with his own, he immediately attacked the town of Los Angeles, and opposed it after a most resistance.—Upper California is now in our undisputed possession.

Weights and Measures.—We give room to the following advertisement at the request of the Freeholders, for the benefit of all dealers by weight and measure. It is important that this matter be attended to, for as we have never had a standard, two-thirds of the weights and measures thus far tried by the Clerk have been found to be untrue, and it is not unfair to suppose that the same proportion exists in all the weights and measures now in use. The law is a good one, and we hope to see it generally complied with.

Standard of Weights and Measures

SECOND NOTICE.—To those not using the County Standard, who have not brought to the Clerk of the County of Essex their weights and measures, they are hereby notified that the increased fees allowed by law for sealing will on the 1st day of April next be collected of all persons who shall not have complied with the requisitions of the Clerk on any Friday of the month next the expiration of which time, a penalty is incurred on persons refusing by the 1st section of the act, to pay Fifty Dollars for each offence. By order of the Board of Chosen Freeholders.

J. P. JACKSON, Clerk.

The Jersey Ship.—The Brig Oceanus has been loaded in her utmost capacity, over 2000 barrels, and sailed for Cork. Her cargo has been consigned to the committee of the Society of Friends, Dublin, to be distributed gratuitously where most needed, without distinction of religious sect or location. The cargo consists of Corn Meal, Corn, Beans, Wheat Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Dried Beef and Chicken, to the amount of $10,307. The British Government pays the freight.

The Committee have $2000 on hand for another ship load, and the president of south carolina has called a meeting to solicit donations from other parts of the State.

The U. S. ship Jamestown sailed from Boston, March 25, for the same destination, with $25,000 worth of provisions and clothing, for gratuitous distribution.

Elections.—The Connecticut Election took place yesterday, for State officers and 4 Members of Congress.

It will be held in Rhode Island to-morrow, for State officers and two Members of Congress.

We learn from the New Brunswick Times, that a large Cotton Factory has recently been put in operation in that city, on the water power recently used by the Delaware and Raritan Canal. It has already employed 120 hands in operation, giving employment to 120 persons, and turning off about 2000 yards daily. The building is of brick, four stories high, 120 feet long and 50 feet broad.

Capt. Tuck of the [illegible]

[illegible]

Fire in Newark.—A fire broke out on Thursday morning, in the store of Mr. Ed. Ambrose, on the Patent Ground that manufactory of Wood & Lyon—which, at one time threatened the destruction of a very valuable property. The fire was extinguished, but for the existence of the Fire Department, it was considered in the building in which it originated. Loss about $1000.

Fire at Rio Grande.—Brownsville was set on fire and nearly one thousand by loss, the Citizens attempted to save Matamoras from the flames.

The proximity of Buena Vista to the Mexican Eagle, which entered Santa Fe, has also been about $300,000, and the Aztec which arrived on Saturday, from Vera Cruz, $150,000. The specie in the steamer Alabama, from Tampico, Gen. Taylor, is almost $500,000. Previously one steamer only had been sent, which, nothing of what there is of silver is specie—the rest being Mexican dollars.

The intelligence from our armies in Mexico, this week, is highly interesting, and is given in full in the following columns. Our troops are victorious in Northern Mexico, and on the Rio Grande and Western coasts. Old Zac. has proved himself one of the ablest commanders now living.

Important from the Rio Grande.

The news is at length confirmed. Two accounts have been received from Gen. Taylor's army, which contain much of the reports, as published by us last week, and also differ in many respects from the reports. The following true statement of a brilliant victory obtained by Gen. Taylor, was brought by Dr. Turner, U. S. A. who arrived at Matamoras from Monterey on the 9th of March:—

The scene of action was at Buena Vista about 6 miles west of Saltillo. The fighting commenced on the 22d of February and ended on the 25th. Santa Anna retired to Agua Nueva, a distance of 10 miles, leaving 4000 killed and wounded upon the field. Santa Anna's Adjutant General and many other officers and men are prisoners. The loss on our part was 700 killed and wounded, including 43 officers. Among the officers killed are Colo. Yell, McKee, Hardee, and Henry Clay, Jr. Santa Anna's army consisted in all of less than 15,000 men; that of Gen. Taylor to about 5000 almost entirely volunteers.

The official despatches of Gen Taylor have been cut off.

Col. Morgan's regiment of Ohio Volunteers, being reinforced by a command from Monterey, had reached that place in safety.

Col. Curtis, of Ohio, with about 2000 men had left Camargo, to attack Gen. Urrea who is said to be about 20 miles south of that place with an army of 4000 or 5000, mostly rancheros. These rancheros it was thought would disperse after hearing of the defeat of Santa Anna.

This news proves that the reports of Gen. Taylor's retreat on Monterey—the loss of Col. Morgan with his detachment—the the threatened attack on our posts on the Rio Grande—are all untrue. We subjoin the following additional particulars:

The Americans did not wait to be attacked, but with the most daring impunity charged on the enemy with loud huzzas, their officers leading them most gallantly. Gen. Taylor was every where in the thickest of the fight. He rode two or a ball through his overcoat, but was not injured.

Gen. Lamade, of Gen. Taylor's staff, the last and gay young officer who so distinguished himself at Resaca de la Palma, was killed.

The battle of the 23d lasted from early in the morning till about 4 P. M. when Santa Anna drew off his army and retired to Agua Nueva, to await a reinforcement. His Corps de Reserve had been delayed in its march, and no doubt just, and him a few days after the battle but to meet Gen. Taylor's army in earning, and many of his men deserting.

Santa Anna's account of the battle states that both armies were cut to pieces, and he withdrew to Agua Nueva for provisions, as his army was in a perishing condition.

Buena Aana retired in good order.

Eight Days Later from Saltillo.

Letters to the 5th March have been received from Saltillo. Gen. Taylor still continued his position at Buena Vista. Santa Anna retired from Agua Nueva to the environs of Parras, where it is supposed he would make a halt.

The following letter was received at Matamoras, by a Mexican merchant, from a Mexican at Saltillo. It was dated March 6th, and gives the only account of the manner in which the battle was fought that has been received:

"At 4 o'clock, on the 22d ult. the battle commenced, with cannonading, and a continuous conflict was kept up night and day. No food or cartridges was obtained on either side—the loss on both being very great. On the 23d at 10 o'clock the battle was renewed and kept up without intermission until 3½ P. M. Both armies were closely engaged for whole time. Gen. Wool advanced with a strong detachment against the Mexican army but was driven back with some loss. The Mexican cavalry charged upon him, but were repulsed. Gen. Wool did not succeed in re. ing Agua Nueva. Gen. Taylor left with the main body of the army for Monterey, and reached the latter place with great slaughter! The charge decided the battle, Santa Anna retreating.

"On the 24th both armies were occupied in burying the dead wounded and burning the carcasses. After the 24th, there was no [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[

A Tariff for Mexico.—The proposed measure heretofore spoken of, of opening all the ports of Mexico to the commerce of the trade of the world and imposing on behalf of Mexico no tax whatever by way of import or tonnage duty, but only a moderate export duty, to be applied into supporting the Army of Mexico and paying the arrearages due to officers and soldiers of the army—which it is supposed this economy will enable—which it is supposed will greatly increase the trade of the ports opened, and will as a considerable extent augment our revenue. We like the plan a good deal.

The Revolution in Mexico.

Accounts from the city of Mexico have been received at New Orleans, via Vera Cruz, as late as the 6th, 8th and 9th of March. The revolution in the city of Mexico was not then determined. There had been much fighting and bloodshed and the troops appeared to be vacillating. One of the revolted regiments had gone over to the side of the Government.

A Canal to connect the Atlantic and Pacific.—The steamer Falk sailed from Norfolk on Friday for Hampton Roads, in the Bay of Campeachy. She takes out an armament for the purpose of taking occupation of that port. She is to undertake complete survey of the coast in the neighborhood of the isthmus, with a view to its occupation, possibly preparatory to the opening of a ship canal across to Tehuantepec. A ship canal of 60 miles it is said, will unite the waters of the two oceans.

The North River was open on Sunday to within four miles of Albany—Where the weather was mild and pleasant.

Juvenile Concert.

I. Newkirk respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity, that he intends to give a Concert of Vocal Music, in the First Baptist Church, on Tuesday evening, the 13 h of April. The singing will be performed by over 50 children from the several congregations of this place, who have been under his instruction for some months past.

The Concert will commence at half past 7.

Admittance 12½ cents each.

March 30, 1847.

The Chinese Part of Shang-hai.—Our government has given the post of Consul at Shanghai in China to Caleb Lyon, Esq., of Lyonsdale, in this state, a gentleman, who to the usual qualifications for the office joins the attainments and tastes of a scholar. His appointment has diverted his attention from the study of Persian and the reading of Hafiz, to the acquisition of the Chinese language, and before he lands at Shang-hai he will be able to hold a correspondence with the Chinese authorities, or perhaps make them a speech in their own language.

The part of Shang-hai is the northernmost, and therefore the healthiest of all the Chinese ports open to foreign trade. It is also the new population of the Chinese ports with which foreigners are allowed to trade. Within the wall are 500,000 inhabitants, in the suburbs are 200,000.—The population of Canton is only about half that number. It is situated immediately on the ocean, while Canton is reached by passing up a river.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

A Dandy.—By Dow, Jun

Now you that was cut out for man, but so villanously spoiled in making up, I'll attend to your case. For what end did you leave upon the world's door, and rush in unsolicited, like a man chased by a mad bull?—What good do you expect to borrow on your fellow men? Some natural invention, some lucrative art, some great discovery, or even one ordinary receipt? No! Those that look for any thing good from you, will be just as badly fooled as the man who caught a skunk and thought it was a kitten; or the woman who made greens of gunpowder tea. You know where the nearest, tightest posts, with the worst grape cuts, can be got for kick. For you, the women whom the merciful keepers will be delivered. You know the color of a vest, but never studied the gorgeous hues of the rainbow, unless it was to wish for a purse to make a cravat of; you know how a foot feels in full dress, but you don't know how a man feels when he eats the bread earned by the sweat of his brow: you know how a monkey looks, for you see one every day, twenty times, in your landlady's looking glass, but you don't know how a man feels after doing a good action, you don't go where that sight is to be seen. Oh! you waxy weasel, cat fish-mouthed, lip-boil at-nosed, goose-eyed, rat-lipt-legged, chin-faced, he whiskered drone in the world's bee-hive. What are you good for? Nothing but to cheat your tailor, ready to lap by rote a line from some milk and cider pensioner, sentimentally talk love, eat oysters and talk the fool shamefully. I say dam your mother knew you're out! I am afraid you have an mother nor never had.

Wealth.—Contempt for money makes fortunes and for better people miserable, than a too great value for riches.

Dr. Collins Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruation.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

The following letter from Rev. HENRY WOOD, of Concord, N. H., editor of the Congregational Journal, a religious newspaper of a high character, speaks volumes in favor of the good qualities of Wistar's Balsam:

Concord, N. H., March 2, 1846.

Mr. S. W. Fowle—Dear Sir: Two years since the first winter, a sudden and violent attack upon my lungs by exposure to cold, rendered me very feeble and laid me under medical treatment. I remember I was much weakened by the effects of it lasting, that I was incapable of rapid walking and violent exercise, and often was unable to sleep or rest upon a lucky night. The cough was very severe, and I was greatly fearful the tendency of the disease was to consumption, the disease I dreaded. Being persuaded to try a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, without the least confidence in its efficacy or that of any other preparation, as most men fully understand my purpose and joy, when I found the difficulty most materially removed before one half the was used up. Having a second occasion to medicine, and seldom using it in any form, seeing but sympathy in any of those suffering in the same way, I mention this to a friend, and recommend the article to others similarly afflicted.

With respect, yours truly,

HENRY WOOD.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Crane.

Costiveness—Its Cure.

Many well informed persons suppose costiveness cannot be cured except by diet, exercise, &c. Now, the fact is any trouble of being put constantly removed by the constant attendance to diet and exercise. No question but diet and exercise are import, as well as cold bathing, upon getting out of bed in the morning, to aid a cure, but they will be all of no avail to cure without medicine as thousands know very well.

Again, it is said medicines whose action is upon the bowels, only tend to make the case worse I admit that all purgative medicines, except Pills known as Brandreth's have this tendency. But this is not so with Brandreth's Pills—the larger they are used the less, ordinarily will be required to produce effect. Long standing costiveness not cured in a day or with one dose. The Brandreth Pills do not cure as 'by magic'—they cure because they cleanse the blood of all impurities, and this being done, the bowels and the secretions become healthy and adapted fully to perform the office nature has assigned. A gentleman can be referred to who resides in the city of New York, who took them every day for five years for Constitutional Costiveness. He had not for fifteen years previously ever had any thing pass his bowels without using medicine or an injection, and every year he was confined to his bed three or four months. For five years he took Brandreth's Pills. And why? Because he found his bowels become stronger and stronger from their use; and from all other purgatives he had to take more between weaker and weaker. In fact, he found that at first he required six, eight and ten pills to produce an operation but in a year four pills were a dose, and before the full cure was effected, two pills were sufficient to produce a good evacuation. Finally, he became as healthy as any man; and for five years he took the Brandreth Pills and was never confined to his bed a single day during that five years.

Dr. Brandreth has cures every day sent to him by patients out of very recent date. He can refer to relatives of Mr. Stone, of New York, if further particulars are required.

The cure of Dyspepsia, Palpitations of the heart, Consumption, Coughs of all kinds; Colds, Asthma, Rheumatism and small Pox, depend for their cure altogether upon the cure of constitution which invariably attend these diseases. Cure Constipation, and you will have health. There is no doubt of it.

Principal Office, 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tuttle, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S GLOBOGNIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Healing of wounds is efficiently checked by this extraordinary, when all other means have failed. Hundreds of cases might be related, where persons in the city have been given up and pronounced as past hope, who have been restored by this great remedy to the enjoyment of health. Mrs. Thomlinson, 252 Monroe street; Dennis Kelly, 26 Water st.; Charles Roberts 171 Canal st.; Henry Lisbon, 199 Livingston st.; and hundreds of others who have found the remedy sure, testify to its worth of the above diseases.

Beware of unprincipled pretenders. Those will but into apparent notoriety, but the progress of the disease is unchecked, and death ensues. Resort at once to this Great Remedy, and you will not be disappointed in your hopes.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, April 3, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,62 to 7,75
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 5,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to 5,00
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,75
Rye,	85 to ,90
Corn,	,85 to 1,00
Oats, Jersey,	42 to 44

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

C. Bates, Esq. $26,50; Thos. Vail, 2,00; O. Runyon, 2,00; Robt. Anderson, 1,75; Benj. Lolliard, 1,56; Joshua Marsh, 1,13; Benjamin Stelle, 1,13; E. W. Briant, ,50; J. S. Ayres, ,75; J. Cory, Esq. ,81; W. J. Robinson, 1,00; Voorhees Randolph, 1,00; Geo. Manning, 1,00; Patrick McGraw, ,84; John Ayers, ,75; Isaac Squier, ,63; Dr. Runyon, New Market, 1,25; Smith Parker, 1,12; Josiah Kinkman, ,75.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being offered with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disorder of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

MARRIED.

March 25th, Wm. H. Smith, of Rahway, to Rebecca A. Hampton, of Woodbridge.

March 24, John Bone to Phebe E. Sharp, both of Woodbridge.

March 18th, Tho. C. Bradbury, of Springfield, to Phebe Ann Baker, of Connecticut Farms.

DIED.

In Rahway, March 29, Miss Susan Lattimore, aged about 22 years.

Rev. Samuel Parker's Exploring Tour through the Rocky Mountains, may be found in the Plainfield Union Circulating Library, by those who did not purchase it.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE Subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Phebe Wright, late of Westfield, deceased, will sell on Tuesday March 30, 1847, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at John Ayers' Hotel,

12 Valuable Building Lots,

Situated in the Village of Plainfield, formerly owned by said deceased, and known as Lot Nos. 12 and 13 in Mrs. Stephen Ayers' Addition, and in Lot No. 18, on map, consisting of NINE square feet.

1 Lot in Westfield, formerly belonging to Jonathan Wright, and in Lot No. 21, on Mrs. Stephen's map, containing 7,749 square feet.

5 Lots formerly belonging to James Wilson, Esq. and bounded on the north by Lot No. 1, adjoining Lands of Z. Wheeler, Esq. in Scotch Plains, and Lands of Wheeler, &c.; and in Lot Nos. 16, 17, 18 and 19, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter and 31 rods more or less.

5 Lots in the upper part of the village, formerly belonging to Jonathan Scott, and known and designated by Nos. 26, 27, 47, 48, on map of said Lots, containing one quarter and 31 rods more or less. Any person wishing to view the above Lots will call on the subscriber, who will be found at his residence in Westfield, and very desirable for persons wishing to build. Any person wishing to view the Lots will call on or attend the sale of James Wilson, dec'd, on Wednesday, March 31st, 1847, at 10 o'clock, A. M. when a map of the above property may be seen.

NELSON WEBSTER, Adm'r. of Phebe Wright, dec'd.

March 24, 1847.—3w

The above sale adjourned to Wednesday, 5 o'clock, P. M. at the same house and place.

April 5, 1847. N. WEBSTER, Adm'r.

One CENT Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber in the township of Scotch Plains, Union county, on the 20th inst. an Apprentice Boy, named Peter Ayers, about 16 years old, of a dark complexion, and has a scar on his forehead. Whoever will return said boy to his master shall receive the above reward, but no charges paid.

Westfield, yesterday, April 1, 1847.—3w*

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post office, Plainfield, N. J. April 1st, 1847.

S. Abey, 2	Miss Louisa Johnson,
L. Alderson	Mary Leigh
Tobenton Bower	Ann Ludlow
James Burt, 2	William Mallard
Nelson Bates	Rev. Wm. J. Mc
John G. Bates	William Bonner
Asbury Beasley	Richard Runyon
Joseph Bradbury	Abraham Runyon
Rev. Wm. Bower	George Schenck
Jacob Bell	Samuel Terry, 2
J. Cubbington	Richard Terry
John Calahan	George Thom
S. P. Child	John Vanatta 2
Isaac S. Drake	Joseph Vail, Jr.
Mary D. Drake	George W. Wesley
Mary Gould	Benjamin Wesley
Mrs. Hardaway	Richard Wilson
Peter Hagan	Ralph F. R. Williams

Which letters are called for, will please say they are advertised. GLASS ASHPOOLE & Co. P. M.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having sold out, and retiring from the business of the Plainfield Foundry, would request all persons indebted to the late firm of Ayers & Smith, Ayers & Co. or himself, to call and settle their accounts, as he is anxious to close the business of the concern. Those having claims against the concern will present them for payment.

RICHARD ELLIOTT.

Wanted, a good Blacksmith; any one who can work on the shoes can find employment.

Wanted, a good Moulder; any one who can work on stoves can find employment. Apply to

Plainfield, March 31, 1847.—3w

ESSEX ORPHANS COURT.

Term of *February, A. D. 1847.*

Joel Dickinson, Administrator & c. of Moses Richards, dec'd. } Order to limit creditors &c. } Petition.

The said Administrator having applied to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the said deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of the said deceased, and praying for an order to limit the time for the creditors of the said deceased to bring in their claims against the said estate, and to direct the manner in which notice thereof shall be given to the creditors of the said deceased, and that the said Administrator may be empowered to sell and dispose of the real estate of the said deceased for the payment of the debts of the said deceased, and that the said Administrator may be empowered to sell and dispose of the personal estate of the said deceased, which may remain after

JUTHAH B. FISHER,
Saddler and Harness-Maker,

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 14. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1847. Whole number 534.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
MILTON P. CUSHING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25, and if not paid until the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and reside without the limits of the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. Advertisements without the limit allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE, and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegatable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a remedy, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show that (in the language of a celebrated physician) the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will equal it in all cases of burns, and finally cure wounds of any kind. Bruises, old or recent sores, Ring worm, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, Salt Rheum, Felons, Whitlow, Chilblains, Corns, Piles, Pimples on the face, Chapped hands, and Corns, Piles, Pimples or Tubercles on the body, Sore nipples, Ulcers, Fever sores, Tetter, Chronic sores, and Cancers, Piles, Pleurisy or Pain in the side, Lumbago or pain in the back, side or stomach, obstructions of the lungs, arising from colds, Sore Throat or Jaundice, Tooth or Ear ache, Rheumatism, Contracted muscles, Frost bitten limbs, Cramp, Inflammation or sprain in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind, &c. &c. As a specimen of what is stated above and as a further certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for several years afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attending Physicians, and taking nearly the whole contents of the day without any sensible benefit, we decided upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which from surprising and unexpected effect upon her system, we are convinced of the pain will be entirely removed. We therefore think ourselves under strength to recommend the above named article to which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any other article of the kind for curing pain. The German Veg. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known and we would advise no family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor may be had for 25 cents each, by WESTON & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid to J. & R. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st. New York.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. C. ARMS will visit that village professionally, at intervals, during the present winter. Where to find him in Plainfield for the present, and in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays at his office in Newark, per Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Elizabethtown Mansion, on Saturdays. Those engage his professional services may do so by leaving a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days previous, stating the hours they will be at home; hours to be set with the Dr. Cragg and will receive attention at the time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place by

M. P. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation

Established in 1825 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Whooping Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Tickling in the Throat, Consumption, Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir:—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made use of numerous remedies, which were highly lauded highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my coughs was such, that the blood rushed impetuously from my mouth, and the spasms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed nigh at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and relieve the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened my breast and healed my lungs. I continued to use it for a few weeks, and, thanks to God, and to the effects of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine for coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not be imposed upon by many spurious and worthless preparations which are advertised to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many a valuable life. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those afflicted as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,
No. 120 Lot. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his weakness so great, that it was hard to say one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the disorders of the day, and they are a great many, which prophet to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of the present day. Of all the many Compounds for such diseases which effect human nature, not one possesses the real virtues which lies in so short a space of time super-

CARPETS OF EVERY COLOR,

Stair Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Table Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Mats, Bordering, Stair Rods, Curtain Fixtures, Cornices, Curtain Materials, Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Suspenders, Cravats, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Artificial Wreaths, Head Dresses, Fancy Goods, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, Soaps, Hair Oils, Pomatums, Cologne, Lavender, Hair Dye, Tooth Powder, Tooth Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Shaving Soap, Razors, Razor Strops, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Shoe Brushes, Blacking, Blacking Brushes, Paper Hangings, Window Shades, Fire Boards, Fire Screens, Fire Irons, Fenders, Bellows, Brooms, Brushes, Baskets, Tin Ware, Wooden Ware, Glass Ware, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, Iron Ware, Nails, Spikes, Brads, Tacks, Screws, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Bolts, Knobs, Saddlery, Harness, Whips, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes, Sticks, Cordage, Twine, Rope, Wicking, Wadding, Batting, Cotton Yarn, Cotton Warp, Sewing Silk, Patent Thread, Linen Thread, Tailors' Trimmings, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Thimbles, Tapes, Bindings, Braids, Galloons, Fringes, Gimps, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Jaconets, Cambrics, Swiss, Nainsooks, Linens, Ticks, Checks, Stripes, Drillings, Denims, Crashes, Diapers, Flannels, Canton Flannels, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Calicoes, Ginghams, Prints, Delaines, Alpacas, Bombazines, Merinos, Cashmeres, Shawls, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ribbons, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, Cords, Drillings, Linens

The Commissioners of the Viaduct and Steam-ville R. R. Co. state in their report that the viaduct cost about $100,000 and is wholly finished so far as the business of the country; and that during the last 4 months, with 4 locomotive engines, 45 freight cars, and 8 vessels constantly plying between Elizabeth-Port and New York, the road has not been able to transport more than half of the freight which was offered at their depot in Somerville. The other half was transported by wagons to New Brunswick, 12 miles from Bonds-ville, and found its way to the N. J. R. and water communication of New York. This company have commenced relaying their road with H rail, three miles of which are completed, and the whole distance, it is contemplated, will be finished with this rail, during the ensuing summer season.

The Commissioners present plausible as to the practicability of extending the road to Easton, &c. indeed, the advocates of extending the Morris & Essex R. R. to the Delaware. They state that a party, among the owners of houses in Somerset and Hunterdon counties, some 15 large flouring mills, several iron masts, 3 furnaces, 1 forge, a rolling and slitting mill, &c. &c. Warren county, it is said, besides, has over 60 steam, 30 grist mills, 45 saw mills, 16 carding machines, 7 furnaces, 2 cotton and woolen factories, 2 fulling mills, 4 oil mills, 5 plaster mills, 233 tan vats, 1 glass factory, 6 distilleries of grain and 5 of cider.—The county abounds in limestone and iron ore, and produces annually as much as 100,000 bushels of grain. The water power of Belvidere alone is said to be sufficient to manufacture 200,000 bbls. of flour a year. In addition to all this, it is contended that a vast amount of business would be derived from Easton and its vicinity.—*Newark Adv.*

Renovation of the Potato.

A Potato that will not produce more than one hundred and fifty bushels to the acre, is not worth the farmer's attention, much less that it be a diseased state; and, in my opinion, the old potato is not worth redemption from disease, even if it could be effected. The world, I conceive, is in immediate want of new varieties; *new* in their origin from the seed; *new*, in quality and productiveness. Such potatoes have been produced, and are in advance of the old crop in every important particular. They are cultivated by several persons in Europe, as well as in this country. A gentleman in Germany, near Hamburgh, say's that he has practised raising potatoes from seed for fifteen years, and has obtained splendid varieties, which are not attacked with the disease. I have practised the same method for seven years, and know, by my own experiments and observations, that it is the *true* course to pursue.

I am now making preparations for the culture of about thirty acres, the ensuing summer, for *seedling tubers*, and the *seedlings*. The latter is in the fifth successive year from the old potato. I expect my seedling tubers will produce four hundred or five hundred bushels to the acre—and from the seed of my seedlings I hope to obtain at least 300 bushels per acre, the tubers weighing ten ounces each. *I think this estimate* a safe one, though much will depend upon the season. The summer drought in this lake region operate very unfavorably to the potato crop.

The coming season, I intend to gather a large quantity of seed from the balls of my seedling tubers, which grow on the vines in great abundance, while on many of the old varieties they have totally disappeared. Half an ounce of seed will plant a quarter of an acre. It can be conveyed in letters by mail with perfect convenience. The best, fully developed, distinct varieties of tubers, selected with care, will probably be in market in September next, from which seedsmen and others can be supplied.

Since the commencement of the potato malady some persons have produced seedlings from old tubers, *have found them diseased the first year* of planting, and have abandoned the experiment, pronouncing the method as useless. The first seedlings from a stock so deteriorated or diseased if found presently healthy would seem a miracle. The correct redemption from the malady is to be looked for only through successive generations by the consecutive planting and culture of seedling tubers, and the seed of the same. Every year's experiment brings both the tuber and its seed essentially in advance of its former condition. Seven years ago, I found great difficulty in preserving my new potato plants from the frost and little black bugs. In the autumn, the product was so trifling that I was near ready to abandon the experiment. In the succeeding or fourth successive year, I raised, from a thimble full of seeds, twelve bushels of tubers. *Some of the single* plants had on their roots one thousand potatoes, weighing, in a few instances, seven ounces each.

N. S. Sx TE.

Buffalo, N. Y. Feb 26th, 1846.

Ten Dollars per Gallon for Wine.—We find the following advertisement in the Washington papers, and as the advertiser is a man of wealth, it may be of importance to those who know something about the article:

Ten dollars per gallon will be given for any quantity of wine, now in the hands of the trade, proved by chemical test to be free from the following poisons; Sugar of lead, logwood, green vitriol, capsicum, opium, tobacco, aloes, alum, essential oils, bitter oranges, oil of bitter almonds, *Indian berry*, pokeberries, *elderberries*, *Guinea* pepper, Brazil wood, gumbenzoin, burnt sugar, brandy, laurel water, lamb's blood, dragon's blood, red sanders, salt of tartar, cream of tartar, poison hemlock, nux vomica, oil of vitriol, Prussic acid, henbane, &c., or any other foreign pernicious. The attention of merchants and consumers is particularly requested to the above.

Washington, Feb. 1847. GEORGE SAVAGE.

The Gourd and the Palm Tree.—A gourd *would twill around a lofty palm, and in a few* weeks climbed to its very top. "How old are you ?" asked the gourd. "About a hundred years," was the reply. "A hundred years! and so taller! only look, I have grown as tall as you in fewer days than you can count years." "I know that well," replied the palm. "every summer of my life a gourd has climbed up around me and proud as thou art and as short lived as they are, they die."

The two steam sawing factories of Rudolph, at Rudolph, on Lower Bay, (Rahway) were burnt to the ground between 5 and 6 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The fire broke out in the factory of Rudolph, the wind taking the flames across the street to the factory on that side. In less than half an hour, both were consumed, with most of their contents—a lumber yard also burnt in the first factory. The loss of Rudolph, the Advocate says, was about $40,000, half insured. Stimmel was insured for $20,000, which will probably cover his loss. The fire is supposed to have caught from a boy's throwing a box of matches into a mass of loose cotton.

A Narrow Escape.—A young man from Succasunna, who came into town yesterday with a load of produce and put up at the South West Hotel was shot at last evening about 10 o'clock while entering from a visit to a friend in High street, through Nesbitt street, by some person concealed behind the fence on the side of the street. The ball passed through the window into his father's house he entered and over the man, within two or 15 feet running from him. The ball passed thro' his hat within two inches of his head. This is certainly a most extraordinary circumstance. The young man (Mr. Mackerty) tells us that he did not know that he had any enemy with him, and he is almost a total stranger in the place, having also commenced but few acquaintances here.—It is, we believe, the first time that any one has ever been put in such peril walking through the streets of Newark.—*Daily.*

Harpooning a Dinner.—In New Orleans, a singular dodge is practised to enable the poor and hungry to raise a dinner. At some of the Restaurants, or Restorators, as they are called in this city a large iron pot is kept on the fire, or furnace set in the middle of the floor. Around this pot you will see a dozen or two hungry ragged looking fellows, waiting for their turns in the line. Each one brings his pocket knife, and pays down a half-dime or pinyune, and is entitled to plunge a long fork into the boiling pot, in which are hunks of beef and pork, bobbing up and down, five or six times, being a cast a throw. If the harpooner strikes no meat, he is still entitled a bowl of the broth, and by crumbling his bread in it, it serves for a pretty good *dinner to the hundreds of hard-up gentry* to be found in that crescent city. The fork is as well worn by frequent use, and the points are a little turned up, and the kettle being deep, it is almost impossible to hit a chunk of meat, while they are bobbing about. We have seen four or five in succession try it, and they *dined on soup.* Truly this may be called luck of the fork.

This novel mode of getting a dinner, reminds me of another dodge they used to have in the west. An old fellow used to stop to get a boat going down the river towards Orleans or the Lower Country. There are no plenty here for fifteen years ago as now, when that water was low, you might lay at Cumberland a day or a fortnight before you could get off. Well, the old tavern keeper used to keep his house upon the *Insurance principle.* On registering your name, you paid ten dollars, and if a boat came by in the next hour, bound your way, you had no more to pay for your board. The old fellow was a jolly landlord and got rich.

The Major.—We were much amused the other day with the "Major's" story of his first adventure in jewelry. In due time, it appears, the Major got married, as all young folks are bound to do: and in course of some time he found himself in New Orleans, with an extra hundred dollars in his pocket. Determined to do things up handsomely in the way of presenting his wife with some costly present, he marched into Hyde & Goodrich's store, resolved to spend 20 or 30 for trinkets, under the delusion that a sum so *enormous would buy every thing and more too.* The ever attentive clerk waxed on his eagerness, and handed out a variety of "low-priced" from $1 to 2,50. The Major examined the assortment with a critical eye, *felt* for his forty dollars, and with a grandiloquent air, ordered something expensive, fancying that it would reach as high as three times. The clerk placed upon the glass case two small morocco covered boxes, which, upon being opened, presented a variety of necklaces and finger rings. The Major eyed the collection in a very critical manner, and said he would take the largest box,' demand eg the price while pulling out his wallet.

'You can,' said the clerk with solemnity, 'have that box for ten thousand dollars.'

Thunderstruck, the Major astonished; outside, he was as cool as a cucumber; the price had gone 'over his pile' and his expectations, just $9,975. With a sang froid that sank into the heart of the clerk, he said,

'Is that the highest priced jewelry you have in your store?'

The clerk said 'it was just then.'

'Well,' said the Major, waving his hand, something in the style of Julius Cæsar, 'this don't cost enough to pay interest,' said with a swing of grandeur he left the store.

That night the clerk of Hyde & Goodrich's stated that there was a man in town with several hundred millions, and wondered how he felt.—*Baton Rouge Conservator.*

☞ The world is a looking-glass, and gives back to every man the reflection of his own face. Frown at it, and it will in turn look sourly at you: laugh at and with it, and it is a jolly kind companion; and so let all young persons take their choice.

Physic and Infancy.—'Ah! poor thing; it's gone at last,' said a kind father to a friend, alluding to the death of a baby 2 months old; 'but we did all we could for it, and there's no use repining.' It was only ill a week, and during that time we had 4 doctors, who gave it 5 calomel powders, applied 1 blister to the chest, 6 mustard plasters, and gave it antimony wine and other medicines in abundance. Yet the poor thing died!' The friend, in amazement, replied,—"Died! it would have been a miracle if it had *lived.*'

The Afghanistan War cost England £15,000,000 sterling and 12,000 lives, and produced a harvest of—Two Old Gates.

The Annual Meeting,

Of the American Annual Five Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Was held at Odeon Agent's Hotel, on Monday, 8th inst. A Report of the affairs of the company was submitted by the Directors, as follows, viz:

That they commenced issuing policies, August 15th, and up to this date have issued 2400.

The amount of Premium Notes
or Capital $10,720 00

Amount of Cash received, being 6
per cent. on the above 643 20

Paid out for Books, Printing, &c. 77 75

$11,440 95

Balance in cash and cash
Notes 11,327 95

No Loss as yet

N. B. Since the above Report, we have added to our capital, $4431 67

The company at this meeting "Resolved that there be an interest collected on the Premium Notes until further notice."

Directors elected for the present Year—Joshua Dougherty, of Somerville; Dr. Elias Rogers, New Market; Wm. H. Cleaver, Scotch Plains; Elston Monk, Junction Cory, Union Three, John Simpson, Elton Independent, Joseph Perine, Daniel Perine, Bonds-ville; Lewis Craig, and Alvah Gardner, of Plainfield.

E. MARSH, President.

L. CRANE, Secretary.

April 10, 1847.—3w

Shop-Lifting.—A rather good-looking youth, 16 or 20 years of age, went into the store of Mr. James Earl of this town, on Thursday afternoon last, and while Mr. E. and his clerks were busy, succeeded in taking from the counter about two yards of satin ribbon, which he secreted under his coat, unobserved by them; he was, however, observed by a gentleman who happened to be in at the moment, and who apprised Mr. Earl of the fact. The culprit was immediately taken before a magistrate, by whom he was committed to await his trial at the next term of the county jail. He appeared to be a stranger here; said his name was Alexander Wilson, and that he had a mother living in Newark.—*Elizabethtown Jour.*

Spontaneous Combustion, among some newly painted nets, occurred at the store-house 37 Hudson st. on Thursday. The nets had been dipped in raw linseed oil, and in consequence of stormy weather, had lain in a massive heap for 3 days. A dense smoke issuing from the pile on Thursday afternoon was fortunately discovered in time to save us from a terrible conflagration.—*Jersey City Telegraph.*

Both Branches of the N. Y. Legislature have agreed to take a recess from May 12 to Sept. 6

Upwards of 2000 immigrants have arrived at N. York this week. The rush upon the Alms House is appalling. Some of them were in a most miserable plight indeed.

Small Pox among the Chippeway Indians.—The same disease which exterminated the Meadow tribe of Indians is raging among the Chippeways, west of the Lake Michigan. The Prairie du Chien Patriot says that, according to intelligence from Fort Winnebago, that distemper was carrying them off in great numbers. Some of the white settlers had been attacked with it. Six Indians were found dead one morning on the ice.

An order from the War department has been received at the U. S. Arsenal, near St. Louis, for two millions of ball cartriges, to be forwarded to Gen. Scott without delay.

Religious Intelligence.—The New York Observer of this week publishes letters from the Sandwich Islands giving a somewhat unfavorable view of the state of things. The popular conditions to decrease except in those places where foreign immigration is numerous, and the progress of religion has not been so great within a year past as before. But the churches are becoming more orderly, and some of them already support their own pastors.

No Need of a Sheriff.—In Japan every criminal adjudged worthy of death is his own executioner. When found guilty he is notified of the fact, together with the day and hour appointed for his death. When the hour arrives he bids his family and friends farewell, and rips open his own bowels, thus satisfying the law.

☞ Gov. Vroom has contracted for the building of a beautiful residence in Second street, between those of ex-ator Dayton and Chief Justice Green.—*Trenton State Gazette.*

Narrow Escape of Gen. Taylor.—A note addressed by Assistant Adjutant Rind, from Gen. Taylor's army, mentions the fact that the General received two balls during the battle: one passed *through the buff of the coat, the other through* the front.—*Union.*

Humanity of Louis Phillippe.—He and his cabinet have by the timely purchase of 16 millions pounds of grain prevented death by starvation in France.

A Little Paragraph with a Big Moral.—"I can't find bread for my family," said a lazy fellow in company. "Nor I," replied an industrious miller; "I am obliged to work for it."

Oregon City contains 500 people, 60 houses, 2 churches, 2 taverns, 2 blacksmith's shops, 2 cooper's shops, 2 cabinet shops, 4 tailor shops, one hatter's, 1 tannery, 3 shoe shops, 2 silversmiths, 1 saddler's, and other mechanics; 4 stores, two flour and 2 saw mills, and a bark mill. Three years ago it was a dense forest of fir and underbrush, and was laid out by Dr. McLaughlin on the west side of the Willamette. Opposite the city and falls is Linn city, which contains 1 tavern, 1 chair manufactory, a cabinet shop and a wagon shop.

Polite.—Abby Folsom once said to one of the Judges of the Massachusetts Supreme Court while on the bench, "cold water never gave you that red nose."

An inhabitant of Corfu, who lately returned from Spitzbergen, after an absence of 28 years found his wife in very good health, but the widow at 3 husbands.

THE UNION

Friday, April 16, 1847.

From the Seat of War.

From Santa Fe.—Another battle has been fought—2000 Mexicans defeated,—as we learn from the following letter:

Ft. Leon, March, 20, 1847.

—We have daily expresses arriving from Santa Fe. The Mexican insurrection, numbering 2000 men, marched down on Santa Fe, as was informed by our last advices.

"They were met by Capt. Morin's command in the valley of the Mora, and nearly defeated. A great number of the enemy were killed and wounded, and the rest fled precipitately to the mountains. The action was a most brilliant one on the part of our troops, and evinces great coolness and great prudence and courage.

"The news at the commencement of Gen. Kent is fully confirmed; 25 other Americans fell at the same time."

Later.—The insurgents from New Mexico are from El Paso to Jan. 12, and Santa Fe to Feb. 2. Col. Doniphan was still in possession of El Paso waiting to be reinforced by the coming up of his expected artillery. As soon as it arrived it was his intention to move directly upon Chihuahua.

The battle fought by Capt. Morin took place 25 miles from Santa Fe. At the first volley they received by our troops, 26 of the Mexicans were killed—the rest of them were thrown into confusion, and precipitately fled to the mountains. Capt. Morin followed up his advantage with decision, pursued the enemy, and devastated the valley of the Mora, burning every thing in his path. The people terrified, fled to the mountains, where death, in the shape of starvation awaits them—a horrible but just retribution for the sanguinary massacres which they effected, and the wide-spread insurrection which they contemplated.

Capt. Beadly was killed, and 7 wounded on our side.

Vera Cruz and castle Taken.

Loss of 65 Americans—Great Slaughter of the Mexicans—4000 of them prisoners including 335 officers.

The crowning achievement of the War has at length been accomplished by our arms under Gen. Scott, and Vera Cruz and its castle have been taken with all their forces, with very little loss on our side. Perhaps a victory of such magnitude has never been acc mplished with a loss of so small a number of men—our whole loss being only 65 persons killed and wounded. The slaughter on the other side, however, seems to have been tremendous. Nine hundred are reported, and it is to be hoped that it will prove less than rumor would indicate.

The whole achievement reflects the highest honor upon the military skill and valor of Gen. Scott. The daring of Co. Harney with 200 or 300 dragoons is *charging successfu*lly upon a force of from 6 to 8000 of the enemy's cavalry under Gen. La Vega will attract attention.

The Pennsaco'a Gazette of the 4th inst. says,

The Princeton sailed from Vera Cruz on the 29th ult. and brings the glorious intelligence of the reduction of the city, with the Castle of San Juan de Ulon, and their entire unconditional surrender to our arms

We are indebted to one of the officers of the P. for the following summary of this most brilliant achievement:—

March 9—Disembarkation of troops commenced.

13th—Investment of the city completed.

18th—Trenches opened at night

22d—City summoned to surrender; on refusal seven mortars opened a fire of bomb shells.

24th—Navy battery of three long 32 pounders and three 68 pounders, Paixhan guns, opened in the morning, distance 700 yards.

25th, another battery of four 24-pounders and 3 mortars opened this day; the naval battery opened a breach in the walls of the city. The fire was very destructive to the town.

26th, Early in the morning the enemy proposed for a surrender.

Commissioners on the American side, Generals Worth and Pillow, and Col. Totten.

27th. Negotiations completed; city and castle surrendered. Mexican troops marched out, and laid down their arms, American troops occupied the city and batteries of the town and castle, at noon on that day the American ensign was hoisted over both, and was saluted by our vessels; the garrison of about 4,000 lying down their arms as prisoners of war, and being sent to their homes on parole, 5 generals, 60 superior officers, and 270 company officers, being among the prisoners.

The total loss of the American army since the landing on the 9th of March, is 65 killed and wounded. Three officers killed. All the wounded are doing well.

Of the Mexicans the slaughter is said to have been immense. The commanding General was stationed in the city, while his second in command held the castle. Their regular force was about 3000, and they had about the same number of irregulars. Outside the city was Gen. La Vega with a force of from 6 to 10,000 cavalry. Col. Harney, with between 2 and 300 U. S. dragoons charged on and repulsed this immense force, with terrible carnage, scattering them in all directions. They had barricaded a bridge to protect themselves, but our artillery soon knocken away this obstacle, and gave Harney's command a chance at them.

In the attack on the town and castle, only four smaller vessels, drawing not over 9 feet, were available; but low shot and shells were thrown into the castle, the attack being mainly upon the town. None of the enemy's missiles struck our vessels.

With the loss of the city, the hopes of the enemy fell, as they had not provisions enough to sustain a protracted siege.

Sir Walter Scott tells a story of a gentleman, *who irritated at some* misconduct of his servant said—"John, either you or I must quit this house." "Vera weel, sir," said John, "where will your honor be ganging till."

Connecticut Election.—The Whigs in this state have succeeded as will appear. The next Members of Congress to which the State is entitled are all Whigs. The Whig Governor is re-elected by about 1000 majority. The Legislature is also Whig in each branch—the Senate will stand 13 Whigs to 8 Democrats; and, so far, the House stands 102 Whigs and 72 Democrats, with 26 to hear from.

Rhode Island Election.—The "Law and Order" party have elected their candidates for Governor, Lieutenant, members of Congress, &c.

☞ The corner-stone of Van Nest Hall, so soon to be erected for the use of Rutgers College, New Brunswick, was laid on Tuesday last, in the presence of a large number of interested visitors. The new building is intended for Society Halls, recitation rooms, Library, Museum and Laboratory. Chancellor Parker delivered an appropriate address.

The Franklin Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Elizabethtown, as we learn from the papers there, have taken the 3d story of a new building, consisting of two splendid ante-rooms, and a spacious Hall, which they intend to furnish at an expense of $1000, besides the painting for which they have employed an Italian artist, and will cost 4 or 500. It is expected to be one of the most splendid rooms in the State.

Two Days Later from Europe.—Two packet ships arrived at New York last Tuesday, with English papers to the 2d of March.

The cotton market was without change in price.

The Money market was dull but easy.

Corn was rising. For grain the demand for exportation still continued very great, especially of wheat for France.

Letters from Belgium are of a most distressing character. The rise in the price of wheat in that country was still greater than in France.

Corn is rising steadily in all the towns and cities of France except Marseilles.

The Chamber of Deputies, in France, met on Wednesday, when the Minister of the Interior presented a bill granting the sum of four millions of francs in aid of the public charitable institutions of the Kingdom, in consequence of the high price of provisions.

Eight Days Later.—The 24th ult. was appointed as the day for the observance of a general fast and humiliation throughout Great Britain.

The large iron steam ship Tiber went ashore near Lisbon, Feb. 20, and is a total loss. She was worth $150,000.

In Parliament, a motion for leave to bring in a bill for the total abolition of the punishment of death, was negatived by a majority of forty.

The Liverpool Grain Market was on an advance of 2d per 70 lb. in wheat, of 1s. to 1s. and 6d. per barrel in flour, and a fall of 1s. per quarter in Indian corn.

The money article of the London Globe of the 5th March states, that an experiment is to be made by the British government to supply the British navy with salt provisions from the United States, and that an order for 2000 tierces had already been given. We have plenty of such provisions to sell.

Ireland continues to suffer. London papers of March 5th say that, while the large towns are better off, hundreds in the interior are dying every day of slow starvation, dysentery, or fever—the consequence of the want of sufficient nourishment. Immense numbers of young men are offering themselves for enlistment.

It is said that larger breadths of grain than heretofore are sown upon the more extensive farms in Ireland. The small holdings are, however, almost wholly neglected, the peasantry not having the means to purchase seed.

Serious disturbances have taken place, occasioned by want of food, in Belgium, Flanders, and in some of the destitute portions of Scotland.

The Carlrush Theatre was burnt during a representation, and a considerable portion of the audience perished. Numerous dead bodies had been recovered from the ruins.

The Oldest Inhabitant.—The oldest inhabitant is said to be a woman now living in Moscow, in Russia, who is 168 years of age. At the age of 122 she married her fifth husband.

One Week Later.—An arrival at Boston on Saturday brings English news to the 21st ult.

All kinds of Cotton had fallen ½d per lb. The Grain Market remained firm.

☞ Fifteen volunteers from Whippany enrolled themselves in Capt. Yard's company week before last, making up the complement of more than 1 in 15 of the male population.

Capt. Yard's company, numbering about 100 men, passed through Newark, on Thursday last, en route for Mexico.

Taking Time by the Forelock.

Gen. Zachary Taylor has been recommended as a suitable candidate for the next Presidency by our respected contemporary of the Trenton State Gazette, and also by the Courier & Enquirer of New York, the Philadelphia Inquirer, and in several other quarters in different parts of the country; and if we do not much mistake the signs of the times the people, with almost united voice, will most heartily respond to the nomination. We could not prevent it if we would, and we do not know that we would it we should.—*New Brunswick Fredonian.*

To Albany for One Dollar.—With the opening of the navigation to Albany, a cheap line of fine steamers is to be put upon the Hudson. It consists of the Roger Williams, Captain De Groot, and the Metamora.

The navigation of the Hudson is now open, and the steamboats are running.

Plainfield Township.—This new township was organized yesterday, and the following officers elected viva voce—mostly Whigs:

Moderator—Randolph Dunham
Town Clerk—Robert Anderson
Clerk of Poorhouse—Frazee Cole, Zachariah Webster
Assessor—Charles Bolce
Assistant Assessors—Randolph Dunham, James Leonard, John Layton, Manning Stelle
Collector—Daniel Bullman
Commissioners of Appeal—Frazee Lee, Simeon F. Randolph, James Leonard
Judge of Election—Frazee Lee
Surveyors of Highway—Elisha Runyon, Nathan Poued
Town Committee—Randolph Runyon, William Hand, Junr. Manning Vermeule, Corra O. Meeker, Frazee Lee
Town Superintendent of Public Schools—Dr. Charles H. Sullman
Overseers of the Poor—Daniel Shotwell, John Layton
Constable—James Moore
Pound Keeper—John W. Laing

Overseers of Roads

District, No. 19 — Daniel Shotwell
20 — Benjamin Laing
22 — Samuel A. Conrad
23 — James C. Ayres
24 — Ira Cortell

Sufficient money to be raised for the support of the poor.
$600 for Repairs of the Roads.
$1 per day for work on the road.
Dog Tax 50 cents—additional dog $1.
Next Elections to be held at John W. Laing's
Next Town Meeting to be held at John W. Laing's.
Application is to be made to be made to the next Legislature to vote by ballot.
For Public Schools, $150
$300 for educating indigent Children, and a report made to the next town meeting

ROBT. ANDERSON, Clerk.

Penmanship.—To the Ladies.—Mr Stevenson, who has been teaching writing classes in this place for some time past, also a large class Ladies at Scotch Plains, and in all cases with entire satisfaction, proposes to form a class of ladies for instruction in this highly useful and valuable accomplishment. He has obtained a suitable room for this purpose, in the house of Rev J. A. Wood,—or he will wait upon them in any private house, where a class of six can be formed, at any hour of the day or evening. Names may be left at Miss Edgar's or Mrs. Coe's Millinery Stores, or at this Office. We doubt not many ladies will embrace this very favorable opportunity to improve themselves in this important art.

Juvenile Concert.

I. NEWKING respectfully informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity, that he intends to give a Concert of Vocal Music, in the First Baptist Church, on Tuesday evening, the 13th of April. The singing will be performed by over 50 children from the several congregations of this place, who have been under his instruction for some months past.

The Concert will commence at half past 7.
Admittance 12½ cents each.
March 30, 1847.

☞ We hope and expect that the Concert this evening will be largely and generally attended. To hear 60 children uniting their voices in tune and harmony is very attractive, and is worth much more than the small price charged for admission—besides, Mr. Newking having taught all who pleased to come, without pay, is justly entitled to a full house.

Robbery of a Lodge Room.—The Hall of Monmouth Lodge No. 20, at Freehold, was entered with a false key during the severe storm on the night of March 26, the desk broken open, and twenty dollars in cash, belonging to Mizpah Encampment No. 14, stolen. The charge books and papers were strewn over the floor. The Trustees have offered a reward of Fifty Dollars.

Elihu Burritt computes that the English have expended enough in fighting the French, to have bought the whole of France at £14, *say* $70 per acre.

A day or two ago, a Quaker, and a hot headed youth were quarrelling in the street. The broad-brimmed Friend kept his temper most equally, which seemed but to increase the anger of the latter.

"Fellow," said the latter in a passion, "I don't know a bigger fool in town than you," finishing the expression with an oath.

"Stop, friend," replied the quaker, "thou forgettest thyself!"

The Telegraph speaks of a worthy clergyman down on the Cape, who was told that a portion of his flock were dissatisfied with his ministry, and anxious to get rid of him. Determined to be beforehand with them, on the next Sunday morning, after service, he addressed them as follows:—"My dear hearers—in the course of the ensuing week it is my intention to do what the devil himself never did yet. I'm going to leave Cape Cod."

The last curiosity added to the fancy museum is "a tooth from the mouth of a backbiter." It is a hideous old snag.

☞ A barge of 175 tons, with a capacity of 200, was launched at Rahway for the Delaware & Raritan canal last week.

Mr. Paksehan, it is said, expressed, some three weeks ago, great gratification at the adoption, by our government, of the policy of throwing open the Mexican ports to neutral trade, at reasonable rates of duty. The plan was shown to him in advance of its final adoption. He recommended it at the time, it is said, to his Government.

Dr. ullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations—in short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Fever and Ague and All Fevers Cured by Brandreth's Pills.—All fevers are occasioned by the disordered motion of the blood, produced by the blood's acrimony by hardening the valves of the vessels. The blood circulates with greatly increased speed, and is still increased by the friction of the globules, or particles which compose the mass of fluids. Then it is that the excessive heat and chills is experienced throughout the whole system, and accompanied with great thirst, pain in the head, back, kidneys, and in fact a complete prostration of all the faculties of the mind as well as body.

On the first attack of fever, or any disease, immediately take a large dose of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and continue to keep up a power ul effect upon the bowels until the fever or pain has entirely ceased. Six or eight will in most cases be sufficient as a first dose, and one dose of this kind it is not improbable, may prevent months of sickness, perhaps death.

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, are indeed a universally approved medicine, which by its peculiar action, cleanse the blood of all impurities, removes every Pain and Weakness, and finally Restores the Constitution to perfect Health and Vigor.

Be very careful and go to the Agent when you want Brandreth Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise inquire where the person selling them knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical *Instrument* makers and Manufacturer of Trusses,—57 Chatham st.

Dear Sir,—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have introduced to public notice, under the name of OLOSAONIAN, or ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effect in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a cough, its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended, Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.
WM. R. GOULDING, 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Procrastination is the Thief of Time!

Delay is dangerous—neglect that Cold and Cough a few weeks, and the hope of recovery will be lost to you forever. Let not any pecuniary consideration deter you from trying to save your life and health, while there is a chance.—Consumption is annually sweeping off thousands to the tomb; no disease has baffled the skill of Physicians like it; no physician, perhaps, has ever done more for this large class of suffering humanity, than Dr. Wistar. An "ounce of preventative is worth a pound of cure," therefore before your lungs become ulcerated, and so diseased that no human means can save you from an early grave, try in season, try at once, a medicine which has been of such infinite value to thousands—obtain a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, take it, get another, if necessary, persevere in using it, until you have removed the disease entirely, which if neglected will terminate your life. Be not deceived by cazacks with their imitations and counterfeits.

None genuine, unless seigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

New York Prices Current, April 10, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,62 to	7,87
Rye Flour,	4,62 to	5,12
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to	5,12
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to	1,71
Rye,	85 to	90
Corn,	,95 to	1,04
Oats, Jersey,	42 to	44

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Nelson Webster, $8,60; Ludlow Squier, 7,56; J. H Coward, 6,76; Dr L Craig, 2,00; Ira R Pangborn, 2,00; J M Clark, 1,54; Smith Webster, 1,50; Hugh Pound, 1,12; M A Lupardus, 1,12; M Runyon, 1,00; G B Vermbule, 1,00; S Stevenson, junr, 1,00; J C Ayers 1,00; I M Runyon, ,88; E Kirkpatrick, Esq ,75; J. Pierson, ,75; David Pound, ,63; Wm Sutton, ,63; B Ward, Esq, ,50

It is a common plan of wickedness to call temptation destiny.

☞ To whom it may concern.—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is found, has been celebrated for its healing virtues and tribes in justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the advantage of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be reasonable expectation to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the lungs so common in the world. Such a preparation is Dr. Sherger's "Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has for years has held supplies to the public in the form of Wild Cherry, but there unanswered put up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wister attached, the right of which was sold out to some unknown in the West. If you would get the genuine article, be sure it is prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sanger, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 8th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Barker, Mr. Richard Branting am to Mrs. Mary Boice, daughter of Mr. Peter Brokaw, all of New Market N. J.

On Thursday evening, by Rev. L. R Dunn, Felix T. Lincon, to Sarah Henderson, both of Plainfield.

March 25th, Alpheus A. Evans, of Millville, Cumberland co. to Catharine Thompson, of New Brunswick.

March 31, Aaron B Palmer, of New York city, to Mary E. Smith, of Elizabethtown.

On the 4th inst. Peter Smith to Sarah Hand, both of Elizabethtown.

March 31st, Alfred Brant to Jane C. daughter of James Wilson, all of Elizabethtown.

DIED.

In New Brunswick, March 30, Joseph Runyon, in the 68th year of his age.

In Perth Amboy, April 3d, Abraham Golding, aged about 43 years

At Elizabethtown, March 31st, Jane Lavesty, aged 77 years.

At Connecticut Farms, March 30, Trembly Watkins, in the 78th year of his age.

A CARD.

MRS. SARAH BROWN would respectfully inform the ladies of Plainfield and the surrounding country that she intends to open a Silk and Straw Millinery Store on the 20th inst. in Main street, opposite Mr. Preden's Store. She will avail herself of every opportunity afforded her for selecting the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

Plainfield, April 12, 1847.

Two Houses to Rent. Enquire of

WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847.

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Cortlandt street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, 5 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 1 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock, A.M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M Boat.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Bound Brook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	68 3-4
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville at 9 o'clock, A M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, and Mauch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Lambertville, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

Rev. Samuel Parker's Exploring Tour beyond the Rocky Mountains, may be found in the Plainfield Union Circulating Library, by those who did not purchase it.

Standard of Weights and Measures

SECOND NOTICE.—As there are many persons who have not brought to the Clerk of the County of Essex their weights and measures, they are hereby notified that the increased fees allowed by law for sealing the same, charged during the present month of April, if the weights and measures be brought in to the Clerk on any Friday of the month;—at the expiration of which time, a penalty is imposed on persons selling by any other than sealed weights and measures, of not less than two, nor more than five dollars for each offence. J. P. JACKSON, Clerk.

TEAS, TEAS.—A fresh Supply of Green Teas, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call
June 30. PRUDEN'S

BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.
Dec. 7, 1846.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mousseline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by
Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others, that he has for Sale, Feathers, that he has a Large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell Low for Cash.
Plainfield, March 8, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of these recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Bleached Muslins, Lawns, and Barages,
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, and blue and white do
Mourning Prints, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmeres and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warp de.
Marinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and black of various qualities
Canton Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhi se, 27, 29 and 31 inches wide,
Gro de Naples most width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
Scotch, French and English Prints in great variety
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 8c. 6d. to 3s.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins, single and double width
Shawls, Balzorin, De Laine, Broche, and Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and tasteful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton do,
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Gauze, Crape, Tarletan, Silk, plain and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Muslins and Long shawls,
(for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings and tassels,
Sun Shades, Parasolls, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woollen Velvets, &c.
Satinets of every variety, also Beaverettines & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits:
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Linen Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provisions all which they will sell at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.
April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Tycoon Silks very rich, also black.
Rep De Lainel, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles,
Barege Shawls striped and plaid
Long Shawls a good assortment.
Prints, Merrimack, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,
Bleached linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
L Baie Carpet Warp, best quality,
Nankeens, Gambroons and Commodes,
Striped and Plaids for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,
Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,
Socks, Hosiery, Ladies' and Gents',
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,
Carpeting—a large assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—a choice lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,
Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot of all sizes
China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Roots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.
April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street near Below the Baptist Church on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a portion of public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to
L. NEWKING,
D. LENOX.
March 23, 1847.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received and for sale at WEBSTER & MARSH.
March 23, 1847.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not to exceed 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase,

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late Malacestone,	Rare Ripe
Late Red Rare Ripe	Morris White
Mexican Free Stone	Early Waters,
Honest Johns,	Alburge.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.
Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Potatoes.

100 Bushels MORGAN Potatoes, for sale by
March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.
Also,
Alpacas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.
Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of Imitation Aerial Landscapes scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place.* Transparent Paintings and Transparent Signs. Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed. BARTOL & ORMSBEE.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—3m

Stanton's External Remedy, CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contracted Muscles, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Chilblains, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aches in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and in *EVERY INSTANCE* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to recommend it as the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

☞ The Faculty unite in recommending the celebrated External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

The following letter from the highly eminent Physicians who has been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, November 26, 1845.

Mr Dear Sir—I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as prepared by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing its constituents, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

H. NELCHER,
Yorktown, January 14, 1845.

Sir—In reply to your letter, I would say that I have used your External Remedy, called *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, in my practice for several years, and am satisfied with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I believe it to be the best External Remedy now in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,
BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of wonderful cures and humbugs that are poured forth at the present day upon the country, it is really refreshing to find at nothing of real practical utility, commanding simple, speedy, and effectual in its operations, and at the same time free from those injurious effects which generally attend powerful remedies. Hunt's Liniment, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, is one of these—it has not a short time before the public, has already obtained the confidence, not only of our most wealthy and influential citizens, but also of the most eminent physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm for many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my son, who had been crippled with a sore back from an infant, and after using it for a few days, found him in its wonderful healing properties. My child who is now five years of age, is now in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. BELMONT C. NICKERSON.

Post Office, Tarrytown.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and think the father would be safe in saying that his son is restored well.

ISAAC VAN DYKMAN,
Deputy Post Master.

November 5, 1845.

P. S. I would also state that I have been for a number of years afflicted with the rheumatism in the shoulder, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business. Two or three applications of the Liniment invariably removed all affections of the kind. In cases of broken bones, sprains, and sores too numerous to mention, it has in this vicinity proved a certain remedy. Its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants through out the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142. Walnut Street.

BUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

North—R. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville.—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Stites, A. Stites, W. S Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R Briggs, James Jones.

Cherry Valley, H. D. Haines.

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellis Fair—Bellis & Jonathan & Son

Bloomfield—Francis Pierson & Cooper, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. 1y

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful world, and placed our first Holy Wife that He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but soon thoughtlessly Wisdom forfeited a valuable gift. He saw that a great head must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—And He gave unto woman an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was to be his helpmate, fair as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered, she woman saw and was tempted; the serpent triumphed, and that lovely body became the prey of death, and the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and beast of prey, and woman became subject to all the annoyances which the serpent's poisonous fangs could inflict. Pain, sallow and disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Tetter, Ringworm, Scurf, Salt Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assumed the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have rolled away, and still man in pursuit of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Beautifier, Comstock's Medicated Soap,

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those annoyances which mediatingize the outside, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all specs, blotches, and blemishes.

CRAPPED PEARL, *Bleaching and Sore Lips, Rough, Chapped, and Discolored Skin*, will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen: for SHAVING this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, at 91 Hudson st, N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

One CENT Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber in the forenoon of the 1st inst., an indented servant girl, named Eliza Ann McFarlane, aged nine years. This is to forbid all persons harboring, trusting or employing said girl, under penalty of the law, and I will pay no debts of her contracting. W. F. ROBINSON.

Shelbyville township, April 5, 1847.—3w*

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, Plainfield, N. J. April 1st, 1847.

S. Alsup, 2,
L. Alwater
Tshamni Bawer
James Barr, 2
Neis n Base
John O. Brion
Avery Brouley
Joseph Bradbury
Rev. Wm. Bower
D. Brison
J. Coddington
John Colthar
S. C. Coffin
Enos H. Drake
Mary D. Drake
Mary Gould
Mrs. Harleson
John Hughs
Patrick Hogan
Margaret Johnston,
Mary Leight
Ann Lasforge
William Nichol
Rev. Wm. J. Nie
William Reamer
Richard Somerville
Abraham Smalley
George Schmidt,
Richard Tuers, 2
Richard Tunison
George Thorn
John Voorhis 2
Joseph Vail, Jr,
George W. Wooley
Benjamin Willson
Hoseikiah Woodruff
Ralph Warren
Elijah P. M. Williams

When letters are called for, please say they are advertised. ELIAS KIRKPATRICK, P. M.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having sold out, and being about to remove, would take this opportunity to return thanks for the patronage he has received. Also, he would respectfully say to all persons indebted to him on Note or Book Account, to call and settle without further notice—and those having accounts against him to present them, as it is necessary his business here should be closed. RICHARD ELLIOTT.

Wanted, a good Blacksmith, or a Boy who has been at the trade one or two years.

A Wheelwright Shop, connected with a blacksmith shop, to Let—on favorable terms. Apply as above.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847.—4w

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of this County of Essex, under oath that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. The Court therefore Order and Direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above-named Administrator their claims and demands against said estate, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day. March 24, 1847, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the said county of Essex, for three successive months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent lived.

By the Court,
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just receive! at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by D. BULLMAN.
July 7, 1845.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Patterns, just received and for sale by
Sept. 15, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or forehead, or from any other part where it may be undesirable. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scarcely tarring hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Constock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
May 13, 1844. WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Southern Balm.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dolley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lessett's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Drops, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Clothe, Silks, &c. without injury.
East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences, Individual Pills, best quality—Dr. Nann's Acoustic Oil, Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of Columbia—Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the New Merrimack Prints, 25 cts. a yard, just received by
March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a Gill as assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 3 oz —Expectorant, 1.50—Alterative, 1.00—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 2s.—Sanative Pills, 2s.—Stomach Tonic, Vermifuge, 2s.

Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Corn Tooth Paste, 8c.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at
July 7, 1845. PRUDEN'S.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been spared, that contributed to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community generally. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare us for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Steography, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, Book-keeping, Latin, $5.00; we positively assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, that is for sale in Middlesex county.

First Lessons in Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the good minute of each quarter.

If it is requested, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto UNKNOWN in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Bowery corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Dr. Mayo, 129 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

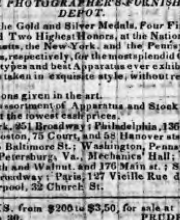
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at his old stand on Front st. where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, painting, shoeing horses, or for flour, groceries, &c. hay, oats, hats, tailoring, or for rent, taxes, &c. as at Wheelwright, or for sale, tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement within the hopes will not put them to the trouble of calling for it, but will be prepared to settle out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, and in wood or any thing else of which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and nothing else in any way.

☞ All forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established
SADDLERY WAREHOUSE
Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield, N. J.
And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,
Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above busines, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try him once more, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 18, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHERS FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the unequalled Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

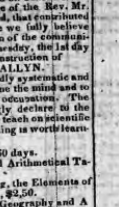
Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 95 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 59 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va.; Richmond, Va.; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 170 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50, for sale at
June 30. PRUDEN'S

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.



THE preceding figures given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body—It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration does not pass through the clothes, but is left on the body, even when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities without it. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Then we see all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its now heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine except to open the pores, on the surface. Thus we see this folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practitioners however are directly there to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, Steams the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist deals out infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and dosses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhoek ascertained that one-eighth of all we eat digests in the stomach, passed of by this means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

It has more power than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five eighths of all the virulant matter that nature demanded should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to manifest itself. Hence a stopping of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask now, every candid mind what course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, if they are closed. Would you apply the plaster of INSTOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And pray know of no plaster that makes an external application to affect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others Mc'Allister's ALL-HEALING OINTMENT AND WOOLEY'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around odd sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle to its healthy functions.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years in my practice, and in consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the Gospel, and I have had one of the most learned gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, unanimous voice—saying "Mc'Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it in varying persons of this complaint produces different effects. Sperings it is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured upwards of the hundred cases of the most stunning and wild at regularly every week, as that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one of the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchia Broken out Sores, Piles, all these diseases of the skin such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous disorders of the system these and infinitely more medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equals in the world.

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Sallow face.—In first order is to expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face is free from any matter that may be lodged under the Skin and frequently breaking out on the surface. In these words. When there is nothing but grossness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—Few minds know how fatal most medicines were to children taken, weakly they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. The truth is they are very dangerous. When worms will always tell it's child has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the excision, of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are an outlet to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always prove true if such sores are healed.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of fifteen or twenty doctors. One man told us he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any benefit when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Occasional use of the Ointment will always keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of disease, so long will millions and millions of dollars, so long will this good Ointment be used and esteemed. When man ceases from off the earth, then the demand will cease and not till then.

JAMES McAFLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the counties courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.
M. F. CUSHING, and PLATT DRAKE

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for its share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and by strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Family Groceries and Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Paints, Oils, &c. &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpaces, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, towelling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish linens, ginghams, all different qualities and colors, Linsey, sheeting and shirting, Merino, Cotton and Woolen do., linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and mohair edgings; Jaconet bobs and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, and twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, Ladies' and Gent's thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bobbins, ladies' coll'd and white skirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gingham, all different qualities and colors, Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia sack, naize padding, canvass, wiggin, wadding, cotton batts, flats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortmeyt.

Also, Logwood, Pastic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea, old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke and crushed and loaf sugar, new Molasses, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp and whale oil, saleratus, starch, cheese, sugar, butter and common crackers—Saleratus, tobacco, snuff and segars.

Also, white wash line and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, dusting and clothes lines, matting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes pad locks, door latches and screws, spanches, screws, hinges, knives and forks slates, scissors, carry combs, large carding, scythes and rifles, wire, nails from No 4 to 20D, and weights unto *Cedar Ware.*—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Cloths, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise.—A few Cost, Vest and Pantaloon and overcoat makers to work work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his First and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customers sawing and turning at short notice.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with boxes, 1 set new double harness, 1 set new brass-mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one horse Rockaway wagon, to sell low, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that usually go to stock a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and have been obtained as reasonable as they can be elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts*,
Just Opened by
June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending.
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are always ready in readiness,
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various pat terns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hard ware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.
Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.
Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.
Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
No. 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,
And at Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tapeline, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE.

A RO, Dr. Sterling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.
Also Sterling's Worm Medicine.—All justreceived and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 10, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,
THE GREAT AMERICAN
INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNSOUNDED AND TRIUMPHANT success which has resulted from the use of this *Great Healing and Purifying* medicine, in the cure of Colds, Coughs, Consumption, and Consumption, warrants the assertion, that it is the most *infallible* remedy in the world, for all and every form or stage of *Consumption*—the worst and most *hopeless cases*.

Many *Physicians*, say that the human lungs when once ulcerated never can be cured; but if so serious and hopeless as they represent, many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be produced, that *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured *some of the second cases of ulcerated* and *diseased lungs*—such cases as were called *Consumption* by the most skillful Physicians, some of the most strongly marked and advanced cases of ulcerated lungs—such diseases as many persons die in consequence of, every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it irresistible *virtues* which *no other Cough remedy* possesses. It stops no perspiration—but its healing qualities for facilitating expectoration soothing and relaxing the cough, that other cough medicines have to be given them by its compound *healing virtues* (its absorbent, its healing and its purifying qualities) and secretious, its qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, and subduing cough and causing pain.) it heals and cures ulcers in the lungs, as *certainly* as it never *has failed* to heal and cure ulcers and scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract,

is in power and virtues of its *healing remedy*, which is equal in medicinal virtue to the Pulmonary Balsam, but in all its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not possessing expectorating and nervine qualities, which the Balsam possesses, and is peculiar in Cough remedies and it is also a STRONGER and more powerful *purifyer* of the blood, which, it will *certainly purify* without a doubt, in every and *all cases*, where a fair trial is made, and we guarantee that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses four times more *alterative* and *purifying virtues* than a like bottle of the Balsam, and is therefore recommended to the public as the most powerful

BLOOD PURIFIER

ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA!

without fail in any instance; and also, many other diseases that arise from impure blood, such as derangement in the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Dropsy, Scrofula, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore mouth and Throat, Nursing Sore Mouth, Liver, Kidney, Bladder, Salt Rheum, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Complaint, Mesenteric, and all other Skin diseases* and ALL OTHER *cases—except internal* or secondary diseases of the blood. Having the circulation and secretions *has proved* to be a specific in curing the above weaknesses and other derangements *incidental to females*.

The *Great Indian remedy* is compounded and prepared entirely from *Indian vegetables*, and it is wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience. *Many lives* have been done to say if the *directions* who have used it, either conditionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE

We here give a few of the many names of well known and respectable persons who have used the medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates of its *wonderful* and important cures. For full particulars of every case here named and many others, read the *pamphlets*. *Every Agent has* got them. Get one and you will be convinced if human testimony is worth any thing to you, that the above is *all a true statement of facts*.

We refer, in the first place to persons who *have been themselves cured* by the use of the Medicine of the several persons mentioned in connection with their names. Mr. Harrison refer to

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. recommends it highly having been cured by it of a severe cough and pain in the side, of a disease called, *Consumption of the Lungs* with pronounced in Consumption.

Mr. I. Townsend, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Incipient Consumption.

Mr. Hosea, Pastor of the Teacher, 23 Herbert st., N. Y., Consumption of several years.

Mr. B. Capman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long distressing cough.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. R. W. Stimpson, Jobbing Merchant, 22 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Ira Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y. Scrofulous Erysipelas, inboth legs from the knees to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow, Ballston Spa, N. Y., Salt Rheum of 14 years, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer to the second place, to the following respectable persons who are known to, and have stated that they have seen the happy results of the use of the Medicine in connection with another person, of such complaints and disease as are named, and in connection with their name. We refer again therefore, for such proof, to

Mr. Jas. S. Fowler, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. W. J. Shelton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. B. Dunning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Adams Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption Fever Sore and Scrofula.

Dea. Rogers, Mt. Henry st Brooklyn, N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Deacon Salmon Skinner, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas of the eyes and Scrofulous Erysipelas in the legs.

Dea. T. M. Hunt Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Eruptions and a case of Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Milo Heath, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Eruptions of long standing on his son.

Mr. S. D. Stryker, Merchant 223 John St. N. Y. regrets to say that Consumption has killed, which a celebrated Sarsaparilla could not cure.

Doct. George Francis, Druggist, Middletown, Conn Erysipelas of the Eyes.

Mr. Wm. B. Sherlock, Sheriff of Saratoga Co. N. Y. his wife cured of consumption.

Mr. John Wait, Merchant, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Consumption.

Mr. P. Hopkins, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption—Cure of *Consumption* in another man, and also a cure of *Salt Rheum* in the beautyfying and healing sore accurately.

Messrs. J. Christopher, W. W. Howell, R. D. Howell, and *Wm. Mc Laughlin*, Gentlemen well known at Rockaway City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, from whom we have received certificates and statements, but these be not sufficient to prove all we have said respecting the *healing* and *purifying virtues* of this Great *Indian Remedy*, thousands of ourreferences would be equally as unsuccessful.

For Sale by the following Agents:

Plainfield, Doct. L. Crane,
South Plainfield, J. M. Sebring,
New-Market, Israel R. Cortell,
Metuchin, J. J. Clarkson,
Bounbertown, Joseph Rose,
Hackensack, Wm. W. Doty,
Elizabethtown, J. E. Price,
Rahway, A. C. Wasten,
Millington, Andrew Bunting.

Plainfield Union.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
MILTON P. CUSHING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the 6 at three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50. It will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines is a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing omitted less than a square. Liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,
and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or
Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a medicine, as the following certificates will testify, and will *plainly show* that for the language of a celebrated physician, the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and heal every wounds of any kind. Bruises, old ulcerated sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tonsils, bites of dogs or snakes, Chilblains, Felons, Corns, Piles, Pidgeon-wings, Boils, Carbuncles, Whitlows, Chronic or Inflammatory Rheumatism, Lumbago or Milk leg, lameness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of bowels, cough arising from irritation of the throat or lungs, Fever Sores, Croup, Inflammation or ague in the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

"This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with a weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescripti ns of our most eminent Physicians, and using many popular remedies of the day without receiving any benefit, we decided upon trying a plaster of Coons' Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon returned. We then set to work and with a few dollars relief she received the above named plaster which has gained a reputation when by far exceeds that of any other article of the kind in existence. Where the German Vegetable Pain Extractor is thoroughly known, *would advise no family to be without it.*

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold, for 25 cents a box, by

A. & G. RAILWAY, 91 *Hudson st.*
Dec. 15, 1846.—1y New York.

DENTESTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. *When not in Plainfield he* may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays.—and at his office in Rahway, No. 7 Church *st. on Mondays.* Those who desire his services in professional service may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention on *their arrival.*

It has come!!
IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been such a great demand all over the country, is now for a le in this place, by

M. P. & W. CUSHING, Editors of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,
The Original and Genuine Preparation!
Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR
Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting of Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervousness, and all diseases of the Throat Breast and Lungs, the most effectual remedy ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Having for a long time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c, I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it by the blessing of God, to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all mankind. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 12th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to was a very severe one, and like condition with a thousand of all so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, British proves to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which effect human nature, not one remedy could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, 'be careful of your colds,'—do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to have a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanative properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever invented for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so destructive to the social circle of life, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, until it is too late to counteract its silent invasions, because the employment of the means requires the time which cannot be conveniently afforded. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time potent in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician. His Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry is not the article for those times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

In truly astonishing success is the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that it is are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been offered a preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded it the unqualified fact; but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To the many spurious compounds of this medicine which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrupof Wild Cherry.

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All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blighting breath,
All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,
While there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry ye can save;
Arise! arise! arise from the margin of the grave.
'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will move you *from the doom*
Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding sheet and tomb!
But beware the base imposters who would deceive *this town*,
By their Pure gorie cures and rhyming ribaldry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;
It is *noble Wild Cherry* to his name by treachery and
Who bottles Pare goric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat.
If you would shun the venal cr aft, be healthy and be blest,
Trust not the reeking preserip. o truth and justice could
Would forever or your latest breath to catch a glean of gold;
That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,
Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.
Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless *that steal their name from Dr. Swayne*, and black
therein one with Tar;
Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Take none but Swayne's *Wild Cherry*, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came out, up sprung several nostrums, such as Balsams, Candies, and even a Syrup, trying to build on that already established, so that even persons might be deceived, (and it was worse *mixture palmed off upon them, if they did not bear in mind* the name Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Is the constitution broken,
Dripping darkness's o'er thy day!
Tortering high o'er imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Sprecader, clearer, strong a nostrum,
E'en in my Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada
Jan. 29th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1844. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,
OR UNIVERSAL
WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; at the same time C nsuring the interfering and from the mucus or slimy matter which forms their nests or beds, and with which the worms cannot exist. This medicine *may be safely taken, even if the* child is in health; for worms cannot be generated by worms; and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial, as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are caused by worms or various other diseases.

This beautiful prepar tion contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, and may be safely taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

5 *CASES* more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Hooping Cough, Croup, Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Before the astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of great standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to clo ak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overstating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness, and further myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption *can* and "CAN BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Daily, yea, every year, does this insatiate monster hurries to the *prime of the world* and to the tomb fresh added victims to its cold nest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its deadening shafts. The wild, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of unrepriceable worth endeared his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life, a calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the *allegations of those who are at least entitled to* respectability be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a *suffering world as such. It needs not the "* adventitious aid of a long string of testimonials to procure to give it notoriety. It true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Swift on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYICIAN:

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY, for diseases of the *Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to* my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought Consumption had taken place the *Wild Cherry effected a cure.*

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended during many years after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it that has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful to ask for the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, *which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.
And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.
Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, for use in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to *the common oil and will leave neither grease or stink* if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care *and no trimming, or snuffing, as the wick only serves* as a conducter to the fluid. The only right to sell the recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gobin & Dutcher, Stove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,
Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will please call and examine for themselves RICHARD M. CRANE,
Jan. 5, 1847. 133 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramps, Spring, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Light for all.

By J. Gostick.

You cannot pay with money
The million sons of toil—
The sailor on the ocean,
The peasant on the soil,
The laborer in the quarry,
The hewer of the coal;
Your money pays the hand,
But it cannot pay the soul.

You gaze on the cathedral,
Whose turrets meet the sky;
Remember the foundations
That in earth and darkness lie;
For were not those foundations
So darkly resting there,
You towers could never soar up
So proudly in the air.

The workshop must be crowded
That the palace may be bright;
If the low human did not plough,
Then the poet could not write.
Then let every toil be hallowed
The man performs for man,
And honors share of honor,
As part of one great plan.

See, light darts down from heaven,
And enters where it may;
The eyes of a earth's people
Are cheered with one bright day.
And so the mind's true sunshine
Be spread o'er earth as free,
And fill the souls of men,
As the wa'er fills the sea.

The man who turns the soil
Need not have an earthly mind,
The digger 'mid the coal
Need not be in spirit blind;
The mind can shed a light
On each worthy labor done,
As lowliest thingsare bright
In the radiance of the sun.

The tailor, sy, the cobbler,
May lift their heads as men—
Better far than Alexander,
Could he wake to life again,
And think of all his bloodshed,
(And all for nothing too!)
And ask himself—" What made I
As useful as a shoe?"

What cheere the musing student,
The poet, the divine?
The thought that for his fellowere
A brighter day will shine.
Let every human laborer
Enjoy the vision bright—
Let the thought that comes from heaven
Be spread like heaven's own light!

Ye men who hold the pen,
Rise like a bend inspired,
And poets, let your lyrics
With hope for man be fired;
Till the earth becomes a temple,
And every human heart
Shall join in one great service,
Each happy in his part.

From Neal's Gazette.

The Green Mountain Maid.

[The following play upon words, which our *correspondent P. Benjamin Gage sends us, may* amuse many of our readers:]

"'Twas a beautiful spot where the vine-covered cot of the *mountaineer stood in the edge of* the wood. There the forest-bird's song echoed all the day long, and the mountain stream played in the edge of the shade; while the graceful young fawn crept the herbage at dawn from the widespreading lawn. 'Twas a beatiful spot—'was a beatiful cot; and surely there ne'er was a maiden more fair, nor a maiden more rare than the maid that dwelt there. Shall I picture this maid of the greenwood and glade as she was in the day when old "Allen" held sway, while his iron-nerved men were the pride of the law? She was neither too tall, too short, nor too small, nor to light, nor *so airy, as the form of a fairy.* But the pride of the glade, was this rosy-cheeked maid, with eyes quite as blue as the summer *sky's hue, and tresses* of brown floating grace fully down and nestling below on a bosom of snow. She could warble and sing like the songsters of Spring; she could spin and could sweep, could mow and could reap—could ride the grey steed at the top of his speed, and had spurred a trifle with her father's old rifle. And this bounting young maid of the evergreen shade was chaste and refined, and had such a mind as you seldom will find among the gay maids of haughtier grades.

A lover she had who would have been glad to capture heart by his scheming and art. O'Handy his name, and a dandy by fame, who, though wrinkled and parched *was whiskered and starched*, and displayed quite a rare suit refined air.

Well, he knelt at her feet and began to entreat *while his great bosom beat with unme cdi beat*; and he deemed would not fail to make her believe that he could not deceive.

While thus he knelt pleading, while thus interceding, he thought by her smiling that his words were beguiling; but he found this conclusion a hopeless delusion; for that maid was unlinking his scheming was thinking; and she thought in a twinkling she'd give him a sprinkling of the well peppered ointment of black disappointment. Er, he drew to a close she turned up her nose, as you may well suppose, just as high as she chose; and scorning his prose, through his pleadings she broke, and thus 'twas she spoke:

"Oh! great is your fame; O'Handy your name—from the city you came with your heart all in flame; and you thought in the shade of mountain or glade, to capture a maid by pomp and parade. Oh! save all your tears, your hopes and your fears, your "ducks" and your "dears," for some other ears. All men are as greed you're a nice bird indeed; but your figure's *too lean, you're too gaunt and too green*; and that is not all you're excessively tall; your nose is too big—you've a voice like a pig, and you wear a huge wig, while your upper lip seems just the shape of your dreams. Now my answer you know—h. r.'. the door you may go.

Still, he lingered to plead in his love and his need—and he toasted and vaild of his titles and gold, of her station in life whom he chose for his wife. But he found 'twas no part of a mountain maid's heart, to bear insult and wrong from an eye or a tongue. That maid could not brook such word or such look, and she caught down a broom that hung in the room, and hit him a blow that made the blow not gracefully slow. He hit on all four just out of the door all covered with gore. Then he sprang to his feet, and considered it sweet and exceeding meet to beat a retreat to cover defeat, and fled from the place in shame and *disgrace; disappeared o'er the green and* was never more seen—and ever since then, city-dandified men have learned to beware of the Green Mountain Fair.

Kendall's Last.—A traveller journeying thro' Texas on foot, came up a creek which was swollen by the rains, and running like "a coil tail," as the saying is. A floating log, made fast by a grape vine to either bank, was the only thing in the shape of a bridge he could discover, and the swift current was running on either of this. Two hours hard labor, in bringing sticks and brush served to form a *trail rail* by which he could reach one end of the log, which sunk and totaled as he placed his foot upon it. The traveller, *after rolling till into* the water twice, was finally enabled to 'coon' himself to the other end of the log on all fours; but new difficulties soon beset *him, for he was* still not across, and a raging current was between him and the bank. A violent leap and plunge, however, enabled him to reach and seize the grape vine, and with the aid of this and much scrambling, splashing and floundering, he finally found himself on dry land on the opposite side, completely exhausted by his strenoue's work. He shook the water from his ears, spouted the water from his mouth, and while resting himself after his exertions, noticed a slip of paper stuck upon a stake close by. *Upon examining* the paper, he found written upon it, in a round, bold hand, the following emphatic warning:

"One Dollar Fine to cross the log with more than a Walk!"

A notorious scamp was brought not long since before an Onondaga Justice of the Peace charged with the high misdemeanor of gambling. He was accused of having 'come the straw game,' over a native. The portly Justice, wishing to decide understandingly, requested the culprit to give him a sample of his sk ll. "The party" instantly produced a feather straw, gave it a scientific whisk across the bench, and remarked, "You see, Judge, the quarter under this straw?"

"What?" interrupted the dignified functionary, 'do you mean to say that there is a quarter there?'

'Sartin!' was the reply.

'No such thing,' said the justice.

'I'll go you a dollar on it,' said the prisoner.

'Agreed!' exclaimed the Bench.

The astonished admirers of the scamp was withdrawn, when to t here was the quarter! "Well,' said the astonished SHALLOW. 'I w.ldn't ha' believed it if I hadn't seen it with my own eyes! There is your dollar; and you are fined five dollars for gambling, contrary to the statute in such case made and provided!' The elongated countenance of the discomfited gambler required no additional evidence to testify his apprehension of 'the suck.'

☞ The French call those children "enfans terribles" who let out, in their unconscious innocence, family secrets and private conversations at the most malapropos times. Hook represents one of this kind of children asking his mother's uncle.

"Who lived next d.or to him?"

"Mr. Smith," was the reply.

"Is he a brute, sir?"

"No my boy. Why do you ask?"

"Because ma said you were next door to a brute!"

Sudden Discovery.—"Fanny, don't you think that Mr. Bold is a handsome man?" "Oh, no! I can't endure him! He is homely enough. "Well, he's fortunate, at all events; for an old saint has just died and left him fifty thousand dollars." "Indeed! is it true! Now I come to *reflect*, he is a certain noble air about him, and he has a fine eye—that can't be denied."

Many people talk a great deal about equality but while they would be glad to have those above them level d down, they would not for the world have those below them leveled up.

An attempt to poison yourself is a rash act, but a slice of bacon is a *rasher*.—A shower day is a *damp*, but the refusal of a young lady is a *damper*.

Tight.—That which will not make a pot, may make a pot-hol.

A thousand probabilities do not make one truth

Elizabethtown—Honor to the Brave.

At the Annual Town Meeting of the Borough of Elizabeth, Essex county, N. J. held on the 12th day of April, 1847—after the transaction of the usual business—the following resolutions were offered for the consideration of the meeting by Mr. Charles King, and being seconded, were unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That this meeting has heard with pride, as American intelligence of the unconditional surrender of the City of Vera Cruz, of the powerful Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, to the army of the U. S. led by Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott, after 48 hours of open trenches.

Resolved, That this victory, so decisive in its character, by the capture of the whole army of the enemy, including 5 generals, 60 superior officers and 270 company officers,—and by the command which it opens to us of the road to the capital of Mexico, is the more precious in our eyes, that it was achieved at a comparatively bloodless cost to our forces.

Resolved, That in the skill of the approaches, the foresight in providing adequate means and the combined Humanity and Wisdom of only striking the blow at the moment when all was ready, and a force was present to imposing as to render resistance hopeless—we recognize with pride the qualities of a great commander—and that in this commander we are happy to claim an honored townsman, who combines the qualities of a close private life we have had the opportunity through long years of appreciating, and whom on this occasion, when he has so signally illustrated the military annals of our common country—we seek to honor as friends and neighbors, not less than as Americans.

Resolved, That while rejoicing with the joy of friends in the preservation of the large part of our army from the dangers of war, and especially of those in our own town who are among the brave and gallant officers with Gen. Scott—we mourn the loss of the slain with a grief not commingled with satisfaction, that they fell in the discharge of duty and in the arms of victory.

Resolved, That our thanks be tendered to Commodore Connor, of the U. S. Navy, the officers and men of his squadron, for the admirable arrangements and consummate skill, whereby an army of 12,000 men was landed without accident or mistake of any kind, in an enemy's country, on an open sea beach, in the presence of the foe, in less than 12 hours—a feat unparalleled in any military annals.

Resolved, That in the cordial co operation and common success of our army and navy, in the whole conduct of the Expedition against Vera Cruz, we see the best commentary upon the value of Union—that bond of our present greatness, that pledge of our still greater fortune.

Resolved, That in the succession of brilliant victories achieved by Gen. Zachary Taylor—beginning with Palo Alto—and ending in the bloody struggle of Buena Vista, we have marked with intense gratification, the resources and self-reliance of the gallant commander—his daring valor in the field, his moderation in the hour of triumph—and we proudly claim a common blood and country with the brave troops who, against such great disparity of numbers, so brilliantly seconded the valor of their chief.

Resolved, That the citizens of the Borough of Elizabeth be requested to testify their sense of the great achievements of our arms by illumination—bonfires—fireworks, or such other demonstration as they shall prefer; and that Charles King, Ths. F. Day, G. R. Chetwood, Elias Darby and A. Nuar, be a committee to carry this resolution into effect.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions duly signed and attested by the officers of this town meeting, be transmitted to M. j. Gen. Scott, Maj. Gen. Taylor and Com. Connor, with a request that they be made known to their respective commands.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published.

Signed, JAS. F. MEEKER, Moderator.
M. W. Ogden, Town Clerk.

These patriotic resolutions were adopted with enthusiasm, their adoption being followed on motion by three hearty cheers for Scott, Connor and Taylor.

A Meeting for the same purpose was held in Newark last Tuesday evening.

Many similar demonstrations have been made in different parts of the country.

Facts in Natural History for Boys to Learn.—Is there any difference in the mode of lying down of a horse or an ox? Is it true that a horse, in getting up, rises first on his fore legs, before rising upon his hind ones? and that an ox, on the contrary, rises first upon his hind legs, and oft ten remains a few seconds upon his knees until his hind legs are straightened?

When the tail of a dog is of two colors, and one of them white, what color is the tip end?

When the legs of turkeys and hens are black, what color are the bottoms of their feet?

If a strange dog approach you, and you stoop as if to pick up a stone, will he run away or come nearer to you?

Rules For Success.

Be firm; one constant element in luck
Is genuine, solid, old Teutonic pluck;
See you tall shaft; it felt the earthquake's thrill,
Clung to its base and greets the sun res ect ill.
Stick to your aim; the mongrel's bald with slip,
But only crow bars loose the bull dog's grip;
Small is he looks, the jaw that never yields.
Drags down the bellowing monarch of the fields.

A Beautiful Building.—The hotel now being erected on the site of the old Rising Sun Hotel, Warren street, promises to be really a splendid edifice. It is built of brick, 4 stories high; has a front of 84 feet on Warren street, and some 96 in the rear. A beautiful piazza runs the entire length of the front, the lattice and filagree work on the top of which reflect considerable credit on the taste and ingenuity of the designer. The building will be completed about the middle of May, and occupied by Mr. Charles Wycoff.—*Trenton Philadelphian.*

Lessons says stones grow; vegetables grow and live; animals grow, live and feel.

The Secretary of the Treasury of the Treasury calculates upon a revenue of $15,000,000, from the "military contributions" imposed on Mexico, for the first year after the opening of the Mexican ports to trade. It is supposed that by the 1st of January next, the imports into Mexico, under the rates of duty fixed by the Treasury order, would, in all probability, amount to six millions.

Trade with Mexico Commencing.—A merchant vessel, the Petersburg, is up at New York for Vera Cruz. She is to be the pioneer in the trade to be opened under the American Mexican tariff of the Secretary of the Treasury. Another vessel will soon be advertised for the same port.

Two Noble Elephants Drowned.—The elephants Pizarro and Virginius, belonging to Raymond and Waring's menagerie, were taken to the Walnut street ferry, Phila, Thursday with a view to cross for an exhibition at Camden, in this state. But the animals not being satisfied of the strength of the ship to bear their weight, drew back and no persuasions of the keeper could induce them to venture, and they were, in consequence, taken down near the navy yard, and the attempt made to swim them over the river. The tide carried them down the stream, despite the exertions of the keeper who was in a boat guiding them towards the opposite shore. The water being extremely cold, the animals became chilled and finally sunk, near Gloucester Point.—They were chained together, and Virginius sinking first drew the other after him.—This is a great loss to the worthy proprietors being valued at not less than $30,000. The loss will be immediately supplied by other animals belonging to Messrs. Raymond & Waring, and the exhibitions proposed at Camden and Burlington will not be postponed in consequence.

Colonels and Requisitions.

Of all ridiculous things turned up by this Mexican war, the *requisition on the President* by Col Curtis is the head. The press every where has published it, as if a matter of course, with out a word of comment on its ludicrous absurdity. A *Colonel* commanding a little town until recently unknown, making "*requisition*" on the President of the United States for fifty thousand volunteers, to defend and support Col. Curtis and the military stores at Camargo!

We invert the letter, or requisition, as a curiosity:

"*Headquarters, Camargo, March 2.*

"Sir: I send an officer to headquarters at Washington, making a requisition on the President of the United States for fifty thousand six months' volunteers. All communication has for several days been cut off between this place and the army above, and I see no adequate relief this side of New Orleans. I request you, therefore, to call out ten thousand men of this character of troops, and I anticipate they will be recognized under the call of the President.

"As fast as any considerable force can be accumulated, let them be forwarded to Brazos Santiago. All troops as far as practicable, should be armed before leaving the United States, and the officers commanding companies should take in charge ammunition enough to distribute, in case of emergency, forty rounds at least.

"Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

"SAMUEL R. CURTIS, Col. Com'g.

To the Governor of Louisiana.

We suppose the provident Colonel was under the full persuasion that 50,000 *volunteers could* be raised by a nod, and put on with telegraphic despatch straight into Camargo, just in time to save him and his 500 *men from the clutches of* Santa Anna.—*National Era.*

Be True to Yourself.—The history of the world, as well as the biography of those who have played a prominent part in its concerns, is worthy of everlasting remembrance. It assures us that a matter but little what formofdanger may assail a man, if he be true to himself.

Poverty may lay its chilly hand upon him, and freeze up the brightest fountain of hope; disappointments may meet him at every step; affliction may strike down those who are dearest to his heart; the foul breath of slander may attempt to sully his name, and tarnish his reputation; still let him be true to himself; let him *maintain a* stout heart and a clean breast, and he will eventually out-ride the storm. Let those who are struggling with "low birth and iron fortune," remember this truth—and let them remember, that no man can be destroyed by others without fault and weakness in himself.

☞ 'Debby, the door bell rings, and you must run, light the match and touch the shavings and let the burnt stick sick and brass get on fire in the fireplace, or they will think we don't keep a fire in the sitting room, and that would not be genteel.'

'Yis'm—there—it is all roaring, and the bell rings again—shall I go now?'

'Yes.'

'O my, marm, it was only a pedlar.'

'A pedlar, confound him—take the fire apart and get ready for another alarm.'

'Yis'm.'

"The great comprehensive truths," says President Quincy, "written in letters of living light on every page of our history are these: Human happiness has no perfect security but freedom; freedom none but virtue; virtue none but knowledge; and neither freedom, nor virtue, nor knowledge, has any vigor or immortal hope, except in the principles of the christain faith, and in the sanction of the christian religion."

A Word.—Say not a word you had better leave unsaid. A word is a little thing, we know, but it has stirred up a world of strife. Suppressing a word has saved many a character—many a life. A word unuttered, and Hamiltes would long have lived a pride to his country. Who can tell the good or bad effects produced by a trifling word? Be careful of what you say.—Think before you speak, and you will never be mortified with yourself, or cause a thrill of pain to flash through the heart of a friend.

Learning is preferable to riches, and virtue to both.

Trade in New York is said to have become brisk since the opening of the river. The steamer Issac Newton brought down from Albany last Wednesday, over a thousand passengers—all that she could accommodate.

Fire.—A fire broke out in the Store House on the wharf in the rear of Mr. J. J. Van Nortwick's Grocery Store, in Burnet st. on Saturday night last. The building was entirely consumed, together with a large number of articles which had been stored in it. No one doubts we believe that it was the work of an incendiary.—*New Brunswick Times.*

Over 1300 steerage passengers arrived at New York last Wednesday.

☞ *Nobly Done.*—Gerrit Smith, a prominent abolitionist, has contributed $2,000 for the relief of Ireland. This is believed to be the largest donation yet made in this country by a single person.

Escape.—Charles Phelps, who was arrested for stealing a watch at the Hotel of Mr. Noe, about three weeks ago, and was confined in the Jail in this village, made his escape last Wednesday evening, and has not since been heard of. In the morning the door of his cell was locked, and all things in seeming order, except that no prisoner was there. He left a very polite note to Mr. Hardenbergh, the jailor, regretting that circumstances obliged him to leave his house.'

The question is—how did he get out?

A reward of $25 has been offered for his recovery.—*Somerset Messenger.*

The Mint.—The coinage of the Mint at Philadelphia last month exceeded $2,000,000, being the largest amount ever coined in one month since the government was founded. Under the new directions of the Secretary of the Treasury, it is believed the coinage at this mint will reach three millions a month—chiefly in gold. It is fully believed that during this administration $0,000,000 will be converted into American coin, being in 4 years, more than half the amount of the 55 years preceding.

Spanish Enterprize.—Hon. Waddy Thompson in his work upon Mexico, says: "It is remarkable that there is not in the world such a thing as a railroad in any country where the Spanish language is spoken, with the exception of a short one in Cuba, which owes its existence to American enterprise.

The Newark Eagle says that arrangements are in progress for the establishment of a new Daily Paper, in that city, to be published in the course of a few weeks.

A man who gets through the world without a kick, may rest assured that he is considered as not worth kicking.

A claimant to the Patroon's Manor in Albany and Rensselaer counties, N. Y., has sprung up, in the person of Sanders Van Rensselaer, now a resident of Ohio, to which State he has probably emigrated in order to bring his title before the Supreme Court of the United States. He claims under a will of Killi n, son of John Van Rensselaer, dated 22d February, 1687, which will has been proved regularly in New York.—He alleges that he and an uncle 94 years of age are the true and lawful owners of the Manorial property.

Present for Gen. Taylor.—A number of the citizens of Boston have determined to purchase *the highly trained horse "Bucephalus," belong*ing to Messrs. Sands, Lent & Co., and present him to Gen. Taylor.

Illumination Candles.—The wags of grocers are advertising articles which they call "Taylor candles" for the illumination and they are warranted *not to run.—Phil. N. Amer.*

Triumphs of Ether.—In England and in this country, inhaling Ether preparatory to any painful operation, is becoming quite prevalent, and with the best results.

The citizens of Louisville have resolved to erect a monument over the remains of Lieut. Col. Clay and the other Kentucky officers who fell at Buena Vista.

'Class twenty-three, come up and do your *lesson. What is the use of grammar?'*

'To tell when gals is of the femenine gender, sir.'

'What is the use of mathematics?'

'Matty Mattocks, sir? His mother says he is of use to keep bread from moulding.'

'That's right. *You may go out now.*'

☞ There are no songs comparable to the songs of Zion, no orations equal to those of the prophets, and no politics like those which the Scriptures teach.—[Milton.

☞ *A spooney who was looking* vacantly over a newspaper, seeing Cotton Gin in capitals at the head of the paragraph, muttered to himself—'Cotton powder and cotton gun. In the name of wonder what wont they make out of cotton next!'

☞ There are 1,300,000 horses in England, each of which consumes the produce of as much land as would feed 8 men.

Swedish Children.—Mr. M'Donald in his travels through Sweden, says: 'Young children, *from the age of one, to that of eighteen months,* are wrapped up in bandages, like cylindrical wicker baskets, which are contrived so as to keep their bodies straight, without interfering much with their growth. They are suspended from pegs in the wall, or laid in any convenient part of the room, without much ceremony, where they exist in great silence and good humor. I have not heard the cries of a child since I came to Sweden.'

A venerable old man says:—"Let the slandered take comfort—its only at fruit trees that *thieves throw stones.*"

Youth.—We were much amused, recently, by a little urchin, who threw a missile at one of his playmates, through the glass of a green-house. Of course, several panes were broken, to the apparent astonishment of the delinquent, who said with great naivete, that "he did not mean to—break the glass—he only wanted to hit Tom."

THE UNION

Plainfield, April 20, 1847.

General Zachary Taylor.

From the present manifestations of the popular will it looks very much as if Gen. Taylor would be our next President. Only one short year ago he was comparatively unknown, and none supposed we had such a man in the country, but now he is known and honored throughout the civilized world—circumstances during that time having brought out prominently to view before the public, his great and many excellent qualities as a commander, and his greater and more excellent qualities as a man. In wisdom and modesty, in foresight and humanity, in moderation in victory, though always victorious, he shines more than in his great military qualities,—and in this respect he resembles Washington. In the last War with Great Britain, then a Captain, in the Florida War, then a Colonel, and in Mexico, a Major-General, Taylor has been engaged in a great number of battles as commander, in all of them against great odds, but has never been defeated.

His merits are every where appreciated, and as we stated last week, many leading journals, the exponents of the popular will, have nominated him for the Presidency. Since then many other papers and public meetings have nominated him for the same high office. The Whigs of Philadelphia, also those of New Brunswick have done so. The Camden Phœnix, an Administration paper has placed his name at the head of its columns subject to the decision of the National Democratic Convention—and it is stated that the Tyler portion of the Democratic party generally will support him. The Somerset Messenger, a leading Democratic paper of this State, and the Journal of Commerce approve of his nomination, but not as a candidate of a party. The Monmouth Inquirer, a respectable Whig paper, opposes his nomination.

For our part, we would highly approve of the nomination if it were the proper time to make the selection, but at this early day it is impossible to say who may be the most proper man a year hence. Now, he is undoubtedly the most prominent and popular man before the public.

Battle of Buena Vista.—We have read several full accounts of this bloodiest battle ever fought on this continent, with deep emotion. For a day and a half was the work of death and carnage going on, leaving at its close between 2000 and 3000 killed and wounded. On the 2d day the fighting continued from daylight until dark, it being on our part a succession of brilliant advances and disastrous retreats all the day—our troops advancing to attack five times their number, driving them with great loss until the enemy, being reinforced, rallied, and in their turn, by their overwhelming numbers compelling our troops to fall back. Our last charge was the most fatal of all, and lamentably destructive to our officers, and men, after which Santa Anta retired, taking with him three of our cannon, but convinced that he could not force Gen. Taylor's strong position—while our troops threw themselves upon the ground for much needed repose, too much fatigued to pursue the retiring foe. On the side of the Mexicans were far superior numbers, well armed and equipped, with abundant ordnance and ordnance stores, and with a good commander, also a confident anticipation of victory, a determination to conquer, and the energy of despair, for only by conquering Gen. Taylor could they hope to obtain food. On our side was the choice of the ground, and well was it selected, being a narrow place with a mountain on one side and a deep ravine on the other—also greater skill, admirably served batteries, better officers, and more than all true Saxon pluck and courage, a full determination never to yield while life remains.—Under such circumstances well might it be a bloody battle, and such it was. Gen. Taylor in his letter to Hon. Henry Clay, announcing the loss of his son, says—"When I miss the countenances of the officers I lost, I can say with truth, that I feel no exultation in our success."

The Mexicans fought well, and their loss in proportion to the number engaged was not near as large as ours. Gen. Taylor, however, won a great victory,—with 5,000 raw volunteers repulsing a well appointed army of 20,000.

Remarkable.—Mr. Benjamin Stelle informs us that he kept over this winter only seven ewes, and from them he now has fourteen lambs, being as large an average of two each from his whole flock—a produce hitherto unknown in this section.

Summary of the Appropriations of the last Session of Congress, from the Washington Union—The details occupy two pages and a half of that paper:

Civil expenses,	$9,647,263
Military	46,971,108
Indian Department,	1,364,205—$57,982,576

Five whales were taken off the east end of Long Island, last Wednesday.

The Friends in Baltimore have raised $2,269 for Ireland.

From the Seat of War.

A Call for Ten More Regiments has been sent by Gen. Taylor, who proceeds forthwith to San Luis Potosi, and thence southward, to unite with Gen. Scott at the city of Mexico.

The President has filled the vacant Generalships by promoting Brig. Gens. Quitman, of Miss. and Pillow of Tenn.—both now in active service. Col. Cushing has also been promoted to fill the place of one of these brigadiers.

It is said that the President has decided upon calling out an additional force of 10,000 volunteers, and will publish the order immediately.—The appointments to the vacant Major-Generalships were the consequence of this decision. The Washington Union says—

We understand that reinforcements are about to be thrown into both our armies (Scott and Taylor); and, if Mexico should continue besotted, blind to her true interests, infatuated by her ridiculous pride, we must pour forth our powerful arms in a more vigorous prosecution of the war.

From Mexico and Vera Cruz.

The Saturday evening's mail from the South brings the following interesting intelligence from the city of Mexico, and from Vera Cruz:

City of Mexico.—The Revolution in Mexico continued with great violence, the two parties killing each other in the streets—until letters from Santa Anna announcing his approach effectually put it down. Santa Anna left his army at San Luis, after a brief address, stating that contrary to his wishes he was obliged to go to Mexico, to assume the chief command, March 14th. He had previously sent some thousands of his troops to defend the capitch. His progress was triumphal. He continually met delegations from Congress sent out to propitiate him. Addresses from the different States were presented to him on his route. He arrived near the capital on the 20th, and on the 23d took the oath of office as President, at Guadalupe de Hidalgo. The next afternoon he entered the city of Mexico with great pomp and solemnity. Thanks were given in the principal church, where he received the felicitations of the authorities and corporations.

In his inaugural address he says all the dissensions must be quieted, and promises obedience to the decisions of Congress.

The Archbishop had agreed to advance Santa Anna 5 millions to drive the barbarians from the country. They are still for war.

Santa Anna had sent 6000 troops to the National Bridge, and was preparing other regiments to follow them. The National Bridge is a strongly for ified place, 47 miles from Vera Cruz, on the road to Mexico.

Vera Cruz.—March 29th, The garrisons of Vera Cruz marched out and laid down their arms between two lines of our army, a mile in length. Our troops marched in and took possession the same day. 5000 prisoners and as many stand of arms, 400 pieces of ordnance and a large quantity of ordnance stores, were taken. The city had been almost destroyed by the bombardment, hardly a house escaping. The killed and wounded among the soldiery was very slight, but the citizens suffered severely. It is said that from 6 to 700 men, women and children were killed and wounded, more than 300 being killed.

Maj. Gen. Worth was left in charge of Vera Cruz. Gen Scott was preparing for an immediate advance to the city of Mexico.

March 30.—Gen. Scott distributed 10,000 rations among the suffering poor of Vera Cruz, and it was an affecting scene to witness the crowd of half-famished creatures as they gathered timidly around to receive their respective shards. This as Mexicans usually eat will last 1000 most in need at least 20 days. The city and castle were exhausted of provisions.

March 31.—An expedition left Vera Cruz for Alvarado, the land forces consisting of Gen. Quitman's brigade, with a battery of light artillery; the naval force consisting of the steam frigate Mississippi, the Potomac, sloop of war St. Mary's steamers Vixen, Spitfire and Water Witch, the brig Porpoise, one bomb Retch and 5 gun boats.

Another expedition, under Gen. Twiggs, started same morning for the National Bridge.

Rumors are current that the army will be extended at Jalapa, until September when they will march to the capital. Jalapa is 36 miles beyond the National Bridge, 83 miles from Vera Cruz, and 200 from Mexico.

Late and Important from Santa Fe—Another Great Battle.—News to Feb. 10, from Santa Fe have been received.

After the severe encounter near Santa Fe, as *given in our last paper, Col Price with 300 men* and 4 howitzers proceeded towards the valley of Puebla, where 2 large hou es, as impregnable forts, and a church had been strongly fortified by the enemy, with every show of determined resistance. They reached there Jan. 31, and immediately commenced the attack. At the first charge of the Dragoons under Capt. Burgun and the infantry, 2 of our men were killed and several wounded. Capt. Burgun received a fatal wound. When the houses were taken and the church stormed, the Mexicans fled, but were overtaken by the Dragoons, and the victory was complete and decisive. From 150 to 200 Mexicans were killed and a large number wounded. The American forces lost 12 killed and 36 wounded. This total rout will end the insurrectionary war for the present.

Dates from Passo to Jan. 29th, have been received. Maj. Clark had arrived there with the long expected artillery. Col. Doniphan was hastening all preparations for his march upon Chihuahua, intending to start Feb 6th. He was perfectly confident of success and the capture of Chihuahua.

Yesterday's Sun says—"Gen. Taylor had returned to Saltillo after a fruitless pursuit of Urrea, tho' he was at one time near him in the vicinity of Marin. Gen. T. was pushing forward large supplies towards Potosi, in advance of his own march.

New York City Election.—The Whig Mayor is elected by 1,471 maj. They also have almost two-thirds of the Common Council. The Democrats have elected their Alms-House Commissioner, by 2,071 maj. The result was produced by local causes, and though the Whigs have the city government in their hands, with its immense patronage, the city is still as strongly democratic as ever.

Brooklyn and Albany are also Whig.

The Loan Taken.—The whole loan of eight millions to the U. S. Government has been taken above par. $57,790,000 were offered, which shows the confidence of the people in the government, and the ample resources and wealth of the country. The money will be taken as it is needed, about two millions a month, so as not to abstract too much specie at once from the business of the country, and to save the government the payment of interest prematurely.

Penmanship.—*To the Ladies.*—Mr. Stevenson, who has been teaching writing classes in this place for some time past, also a large class Ladies at Scotch Plains, and in all cases with entire satisfaction, proposes to form a class of ladies for instruction in this highly useful and valuable accomplishment. He has obtained a suitable room for this purpose, in the house of Rev. J. A. Wood,—or he will wait upon them in any private house, where a class of six can be formed, at any hour of the day or evening. Names may be left at Miss Edgar's or Mrs. Coe's Millinery Stores, or at this Office. We doubt not many ladies will embrace this very favorable opportunity to improve themselves in this important art.

☞ The American, a large, widely-circulated and very interesting Native American paper published at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has placed the name of Gen. Zachary Taylor, at the head of its columns, as its candidate for the Presidency.—Old Zach is therefore nominated by the Whigs, Democrats and Natives,—the People will nominate him next.

A City Temperance Society was organized last week in New York on Christian principles, some of the most distinguished clergymen and laymen having participated in the movement. It promises great usefulness.

Early.—On Saturday Mahlon Hammel brot to us new potatoes. They are about the size of hickory nuts, and some of them larger. We understand they were not grown under glass, but in a warm place among straw out of doors.

[Trenton News.

Cuts for advertisements, are not always so significant as they might be, but we have met with one in a Worcester paper which contains a rare combination of utility and wit. It is a picture over an advertisement of hair cutting and curling, and consists of a hare cutting off at full speed before an anaconda, who is curling up in spring upon him. This is cutting and curling with a vengeance.

"What makes tutors so high?" inquired an old lady of the market man, as she was purchasing. "Oh, the wat, ma'am?" "Hut, do they dire tutors at the Orleans?" responded the old lady; "Why that is funny."

There is or there is not.

For every evil under the sun
There is a cure or there is none:
If there is one, then try to find it;
If there is none, why never mind it.

☞ That was a good remark of Seneca's when he said—"Great is the who enjoys his earthenware as if it were plate; and not less great is the man to whom all his plate is no more than earthenware."

Let the sun's first rays shine upon your head in the morning and you will not lack a good hat to defend you from its scorching rays at noon.

The following is the copy of an advertisement in a country paper:—"Made their escape, a husband's affections. They disappeared immediately on seeing his wife with her face and hands unwashed at breakfast."

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

☞ A lady who has suffered with a Lame back for many years, was entirely restored to health after using one bottle of Hunt's Liniment.

Cures of Chronic Continuous of twenty years' standing.

Sir—This will certify that about twenty years I was afflicted with costiveness to such a degree that nothing would pass my bowels for a week at a time, and which ultimately caused partial insanity. I was sorely distressed both by night and by day. I had no quiet sleep some times for weeks together, my nervous condition was in so bad a state. The doctors could do nothing for me; all their remedies made me worse and worse. When all hope had fled, I chanced to read an advertisement of Dr. Brandreth's, and I thought from its style that whoever wrote it, believed what he wrote, and if so, he was no imposter. I had to suffer ridicule of my friends and neighbor My doctor told me, after I had used them some time, that he could make Pills just like Brandreth's; he gave me a prescription. I took it to the Druggist and got the pills; they had no more effect as physic than a piece of chip. Not so with Brandreth's pills, they always act easily and freely. I have now taken them over two years, and they seem to have renewed the life within me; my intellect is clear and serene, and I now enjoy life equal to what I did twenty-five years ago—I am now nearly fifty. The action of my bowels is now nearly restored to the healthy state of my youth. I bless God for what he done for me. I pray he may bless Dr. Brandreth, the maker of Brandreth's Pills.

My case is known to hundreds in this county. Your agent, Mr. D. Kendrich, suggested that I hold send it. I remain yours, very gratefully,

Lebanon, N. H. 20th January, 1846.

D. STORS.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

From the Fall River Monitor, April, 1846.

This medicine, prepared by a long experienced and skillful physician, tested and approved by a great number of intelligent, discriminating and respectable persons in various parts of the country is now received and used with entire confidence and with great success by those afflicted with pulmonary complaints. It is also recommended as a valuable medicine for other diseases, such as colds, coughs, and particularly diseases whose tendency is to consumption. Should its efficacy continue as it has thus far been proved in various obstinate cases, it will indeed be a most invaluable medicine.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

The extraordinary success attending the use of this medicine in diseases of the lungs, and the many singular cures it has effected, having naturally attracted the attention of many physicians, as well as the whole fraternity of quacks, various conjectures and surmises have arisen respecting its composition; some physicians have supposed it to contain iodine, other ignorant pretenders say it is at contain mercury, and to some such substance they each attribute its singular efficacy. These opinions are altogether erroneous, and calculated to propel ee many persons against it, we PLEDGE OUR HONOR that it contains nothing of this kind, or any thing the least injurious; on the contrary, it is composed of the most simple substances, the principle of which are the extracts of tar and wild cherry bars, and the whole secret of its efficacy consists in the mode by which they are prepared.

None genuine, unles saigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

New York Prices Current, April 17, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,62 to 7,87
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 5,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,75 to 4,90
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,75
Rye,	95 to ,98
Corn,	,95 to ,98
Oats, Jersey,	42 to 44

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I. Newning, $6,25; Alvah Gardner, 3,84; James T. Dunn, 2,88; Lewis M. Force, 2,00; J. A. Freeman, 1,25; Rev. J. A. Wood, ,75; B. Ward Esq. ,50.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION**.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be unchallengeable testimony to those who are afflicted with any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his Laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there reasons got up in Philadelphia by Wallace & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the sight of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink. Also Blank Promissory Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State, Just Received by

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

MARRIED.

At Rahway, 8th inst. Edwin Timpson, of New York, to Sarah Ellen Markwell, of Rahway.

DIED,

At Canterbury, Orange co. N. Y. on the 10th inst. in the joyful hope of a blessed immortality, Wm. H Crissy, aged 28 years, brother-in-law of Oliver Runyon, of this place.

On Sunday the 11th inst. after a short and severe illness, Abby Eliza Condit, wife of S. L. B. Baldwin, Editor of the Whig, Somerville, aged 38 years.

In New York city, on the 7th inst. Benjamin Hoyt, in the 36th year of his age. His remains were taken to Connecticut Farms for interment.

On the 9th inst. at Lyons Farms, Timothy Bigelow, a veteran of the Revolution, in the 85th year of his age.

In Upper Rahway, on the 13th instant, Mrs Edith Ann, wife of Peter Squire, in the 27th year of her age.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and intends keeping a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES* consisting of

Gents' Stout Calf Boots—Do. double sole do.
Do. Kip and negged Boots
Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,
Boy's Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse.
Ladies' Black and coloured Gaiters
Morocco Buskins, single and double soles
Black and colored Gaiter Buskins.
Misses and children's Black and colored Morocco shoes
Poll s and Button Gaiters.
Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper fo. cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Wednesday, 28th inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M. at the residence of the subscriber all of his kinds, such as farming tools, Pewcing stuff, post-, railing, lath, armor piste, turned street posts, 3000 feet of White oak, Hickory, Ash and bridge Plank; Black walnut Plank and boards, and butternut plank. 2 buggy Wagons, a set of Harness, 2 plank sleds, a wheelbarrow, rack rigging, 1 harrow, 1 corn harrow, a saddle and bridle 2 tons of Hay, Sow, 1 Yearling, 1 Shoat, some Household and Kitchen Furniture, a lot of Fire wood, a lot of Old Iron, and many articles not enumerated

LEWIS M. FORCE.

April 20, 1847. Simeon V. Morris, Auctioneer.

Customers are requested to call and get their Lumber as soon as convenient, as the business is about to change hands.

The Annual Meeting,

Of the American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Plainfield,

Was held at John Ayers' Hotel, on Monday, 5th inst. A Report of the affairs of the company was submitted by the Directors, as follows, viz

That they commenced issuing policies, August 12th, and up to this date have outstanding 169. The amount of Premium Notes or Capital $10,759 50

Amount of Cash received, being 6 per cent on the above 645 56

$11,405 06

Paid out for Books, Printing, &c. 77 75

Balance in notes and cash 11,327 31

No Loss as yet

N. B. Since the above Report, we have added to our capital, $431 42

The company at this meeting "Resolved that there be no interest collected on the Premium Notes until further notice."

Directors elected for the present Year.

Joshua Doughty, of Somerville; Dr. Elias Runyon, New Market; Wm. H. Cleaver, Scotch Plains; Elston Marsh, Jonathan Conger, Jacob Thorn, John Simpson, Elias Kirkpatrick, Joseph Perine, Daniel Bullman, John Briant, Lewis Craig, and Alvah Gardner, of Plainfield.

E. MARSH, President.

L. Craig, Secretary.

April 10, 1847.—3w

A CARD.

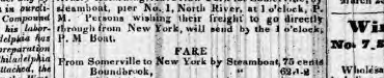
MRS. SARAH BROWN would respectfully inform the Ladies of Plainfield and the surrounding country that she intends to open a Silk and Straw Millinery Store on the 20th inst. in Main street, opposite Mr. Pruden's Store. She will avail herself of every opportunity afforded for selecting the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

Plainfield, April 12, 1847.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of Webster & Marsh.

April 13, 1847.



Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtland street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 3 and 5 o'clock, 5 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 1 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York, at 4 1-2 o'clock, A. M., Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M Boat.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	62 3-4
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock A. M. train from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, and Mauch Chunk, Pa. ; and to Flemington, Groth Branch, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jughtown, &c. N. J.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call

June 30. PRUDEN'S

A BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mous'seline de. Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by

Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others, that he has on hand 2 Feathers, three beds and a Lage Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell Low for Cash.

D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzorines, Lawns, and Barages,
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Ginghams, Plain, purple plaids, also blk and white do
M' D'Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmeres and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and coloured Lustres,
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Earlston Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhi ne, 27, 29 and 32 inches
Bonnets,
Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, French and English Prints in great variety
Irish Linens, of various grades from 8c. 6d. to 3s. 6d
sheeting and shirting, Muslins single and double width
Shawls, Balzorine, M'de Laine, Brooks, and Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton do,
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas
and Long shawls,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Brocat Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and Domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valencia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Satinets of every variety also Bonvertines & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits.
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of what he has now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black
Rep De'Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles
Merged Muslins, Striped and plaid
Ginghams, a good assortment,
Prints, Merrimacks, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, and our stock cannot now be surpassed,
Diapers, linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,
Sheeting, Shirtings and Cottonades,
Lucas' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,
Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,
Boots, Brogans, Collars and Cravats,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambrin and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,
Carpetings, a good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—a choice lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes
China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of Scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and now, by close attention to their business, hope to merit a liberal public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

NEWNING,
D. LENOX.*

April 6, 1847.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful Flored and Gilt Cornices, a most splendid and desirable article; together with every style and description of Shades in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings at manufacturers' prices. Sign, Banner and interior Painting in all its style not to be surpassed.*

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.
Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not to exceed 5,000, and as such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late Melanatoon,	Rare Ripes
Late Red Rare Ripe,	Morris White
Mexican Free Stone	Early Wasers,
Honest Johns,	Alberger.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stanton's Universal Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Felons, Burns, Scalds, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different Diseases above named, and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* which have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON;*

☞ The Proprietor in recommending the celebrated External Remedy, HUNT'S LINIMENT: The following letter from the highly eminent Physicians who have been attached to the Mount Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of his celebrated Liniment.

Sing Sing, December 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion of *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, as prepared by Mr. George E. Stanton. Knowing its compounds, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, one of the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

W. N. BELCHER.

Yorktown, January 14, 1846.

Sir—Inreply to your letter, I would say that I have used your *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, and find *HUNT'S LINIMENT*, in my practice since you made me acquainted with its composition, and unhesitatingly say that I believe it to be the best External Remedy that is in use for the complaints for which you recommend it.

Yours Respectfully,

B. NJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

From the New York Sun.

☞ Among the mass of worthless articles and humbugs that are poured forth at the present day upon the country it is really refreshing to find a worthy, real practical utility, combining simple, speedy, and effectual in its operation, and at the same time free from those ingenious effects which generally attend powerful remedies. Such an article, prepared by George E. Stanton, of Sing Sing, though it has been but a short time before the public, has already obtained the confidence, not only of the most prudent and practical citizens, but our most eminent physicians. All acknowledge it to be a sovereign balm or many of the ills that flesh is heir to, soothing the aching limb, and by its genuine stimulating influence, banishing disease from the system.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—Seeing your advertisement of Hunt's Liniment, I was induced to try its effects on my son, who had been crippled with a sore hand from an infant; and it is with pleasure I state that I bear testimony to its wonderful healing properties. My child who is now five years of age, is now in a fair way of recovery.

Yours, &c. DENMON C. NICHERSON.

Post Office, Towners, Putnam co.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named child, and think the father would be safe in saying that he son is almost well.

JAS. W. DYKMAN.

November 6, 1845. Deputy Post Master.

P. S. I would also state that I have been a resident of Towners for the last six or seven years, and in consequence of the Rheumatism, which in many instances prevented my attending to my business. Two or three applications of the Liniment invariably remove all affections of the kind. In cases of bruises, sprains, and sores too numerous to mention, it has in this vicinity proved a certain remedy, its value can only be estimated by those who have given it a fair trial.

This Liniment is sol l at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants through out the country.

Wherever Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142, Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William st.

ASHMAN & CO. 139 Fulton st.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark,—E. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Suits, A. Suits, W. S. Cooper

Union—Zadock Heaslip, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Briscoe, James Cyen

Rahway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains—Joseph M. Osbon

Milleville, James James.

Liberty Valley, J. E. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellevile—N. N. Jorsleman & Son

Bloomfield—Dr. Crane, Pierson & Cougar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1845. 1y

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon all the glorious works and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great link must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling—And He gave unto man an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, fair as the morning light, and was the only inhabitant of Paradise. Amidst this scene the serpent entered, the woman saw and was tempted; the serpent transformed itself into holy beings left. From that hour the scene was changed. Sin, death, and decay clothed with all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and beauty was no more complete. The skin lost complexion of man and woman became subject to all the annoyances which the serpent's poisonous fangs could inflict A dark, sallow and disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Rash, Salt Rheum, &c. and in short, all those evils which rendered the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have flown by, and still no amelioration of the suffering and annoyances of the fairer and gentle sex until lately it has taken place. But now, by the discovery and combined to that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Exterminator, Hadway's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of these unsightly evils, as it will completely eradicate the cuticle, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

Cooper's Pectoral Blessing and Sure Cure, Tough, Cracked, and Clear Voice Lozenges, will beautifully change to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen's for SHAVING this soap is excellent it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at No. 12 1-2 Cents a cake, at 91 Hud son st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

IRA PRUDEN

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 6d, 1845.

One CENT Reward.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber in the forepart of Nov. last, an indentured girl, named Eliza Ann McFarlane, aged now 14 years. This is to forbid all persons harboring, trusting or employing said girl, under penalty of the law; and I will pay no debts of her contracting.
W. L. ROBINSON.
Westfield township, April 5, 1847 —3w*

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, Plainfield, N. J. April 1st, 1847.

S. Alway, 2, Margaret Johnson,
L. Alwazer Mary Leight
Tohannus Bawer Ann Lalorge
James Barr, 2 William Nichol
Nelson Boice Rev. Wm. J. Nie
John O. Brien William Rearner
Avery Brumley Richard Somerville
Joseph Bradbury Abraham Smalley
Rev. Wm. Bower George Schmidt
D. Beison Richard Tauss, 2
J. Coddington Richard Tanis 2
John Colhar George Thorn
S. P. Child John Voorhis, 2
Enos B. Drake Joseph Vail, Jr.
Mary D. Drake George W. Wooley.
Mary Gould Benjamin Wilson
Mrs. Harleston Hezekiah Woodruff
John Hughs Ralph, Warren
Patrick Hogan Rev. M. Williams

When letters are called for, please say they are advertised. ELIAS KREKPATRICK, P. M.

Standard of Weights and Measures

SECOND NOTICE.—As there are many persons who have not brought to the Clerk of the County of Essex their weights and measures, they are hereby notified that the increased fees allowed by law for sealing will not be charged during the present month of April, if they apply during said month, but will to the Clerk on any Friday of the month;—at the expiration of which time, a penalty is imposed on persons selling by any other than sealed weights and measures, of not less than two, nor more than five dollars for each offence. J. P. JACKSON, Clerk.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, by petition, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. The Court thereupon Order and Direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above named Administrator their claims and demands against said Deceased under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day. March 24, 1847, by setting up a copy of the order in five of the most public places in the county of Essex, for the space of two months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent lived.
By the Court,
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BUELMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 81 each, for sale by Dr. BUELMAN.
July 7, 1845.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received and for sale by
Sept. 15, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or forehead, face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be such a fine scattering shairs of much less size and strength, at first; then apply the Eradicator, and in a second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.
Complaint & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New Yorkprices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1844.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above.

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Patent Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, &c. Silks, &c. without injury,
East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences; Indelible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Pills—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the New Merrimack Prints, at 1s. a yard; just received by
March 1, 1846. WEBSTER & MARSH.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1 do Carminative, 1 do Expectorant, 50 cts—Sanative Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 25—Sanative Pills, 25—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.
Also, for sale Kidd's Indian Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Oriza Tooth Paste, 25.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys' Wool and Kip Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.
July 7, 1845.

Rev. Samuel Parker's Exploring Tour beyond the Rocky Mountains, may be found in the Plainfield Union Circulating Library, by those who did not purchase it.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been scrupled, that contributed to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of
Messrs. DAVISON and LAYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Reading, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Grammar are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stereography, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $6.00; we possess lately assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth, in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 3rd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPOSITION INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

C. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS & SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and as complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets with the head of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with five red arrows.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mr. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above field and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Cookies of all kinds, &c. & c. at Whole sale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all favors.

Any person having the impudence to ask credit, shall not have it. Cash or Exchanging, printing, shoes, linen, rags, wagon making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also taxes, and doctor's and lawyer bills, and all other demands will not answer. He expected to prevail upon them for the present without delay.

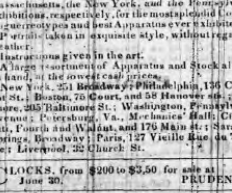
Those indebted to him he hopes will not put themselves out of the way to pay up their accounts, for when convenient he would like to have it, and will exchange for most anything, corn, oats, wood or cash; or any thing else while they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, for he is determined to do a cash business, and boldly refuse in any way.

J. J. P. forbids anyone to trust him without his written order.
Dec. 25, 1846.—1y

Come away to the established SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,
Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.
Nov. 13, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHIC FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Institution Expositions, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

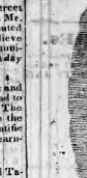
Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 76 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth st. and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50 for sale at
June 30. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.



THE preceding figure is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body.—It would be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick, till cannot be satisfied without the PILLS thrown off from the blood and other pieces of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it be known that we may be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see all this is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or not circulated to the pores, and prevents the flesh from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. This we see the folly of seeking to touch internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to *restore* the Insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, forms the Hydropathist stands out in open light, and the Homopathist declares of infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and dozes us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills. Throw off from the surface of the body the impurities of perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewes has ascertained that five-eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed off by the insensible perspiration, that is to say, if we drank eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh supply. Therefore, it is evident that the whole system five eighths of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped, and diseases of all kinds are engendered, and diseases at once begin to declare itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the pores, originates so many complaints.

Let us suppose, for example, that the course seems as impossible to pursue to insert the pores, all or they are closed.—Would you give physic to UNSTOP the pores? No, would you apply something that would soften the surface where the pores are shrivelled? And yet I know of no physician who makes any external application to effect it. Under these circumstances I would recommend the use of Dr. Benjamin C. McAllister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to enter into perspiration on the feet, on the head, on the face, and upon the chest in short wherever diseased a sight is to enter. It has power to cause all external pores, scrofulous humors, diseases of the skin, sores and ulcers to clear the pores of matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle into healthful action.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and disagreeable drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease of the skin but what it will cure in a few days. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest; consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and responsibility, and I can say, that I never failed in one single instance, but other physicians have failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

Anyone and physicians, learned in its profession I have to Ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, not one of every class of society, but has had the same voice come united, universal voice—saying "McAllister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told it is fashionless. I care not what is said, so long as I see the patient relieved, I am satisfied with my work.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing and who had it regularly every week, so that mourning often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side and chest, Cough, Cold, Sore throat, for the other are two accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchia Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chest diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, chapped hands, Cancers, Consumption, Fever Sores, Venous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world.

Piles.—Apply Mucilage Skin. Grass Surface.—Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cause bleeding till the face is free from any matter that may be in the system, and then it forces the bleeding out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken away they would be slow to use them. Especially Vermifuge pills &c. The pills as one can tell invariably. Those worms will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is nothing so repulsive to the face of the earth as once so sure and so safe in the execution of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are an outlet to the impurities in the system is business for the Ointment through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet or it will endanger life. This will cause a terrible sickness or dangerous.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of fifteen or twenty doctors. One man told us he had spent five hundred dollars on his head, but that the benefit was a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Occasionally use of the Ointment will always keep the feet from growing. Corns need never be troubles with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine *nothing can measure its value.* So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as mankind be on earth subject to all infirmities of the flesh—so long will the Ointment be used and esteemed. When mean praise from all the earth, then the demand will cease, and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAllister, or James McAllister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on demand on proof in any of the constituted courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield
M. F. CUSHING, and HART DRAKE

All about Now!

New Cheap Store in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he begs to inform them that the advantage he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a will-like trade for their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, De Laines, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, Cambrics, Diapers, Ticking, Canton Flannels, English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham ho—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet Insertings and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs, sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, black and col'd thread, hooks and eyes, tape, silk and cotton suspenders, ladies' collars and white shirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimeres, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, notts' bedding, ganzie, fustian, wadding, cotton batt. Hats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt and ground coffee, ginger, copper ground or in the whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—salts, sugar, butter and common crackers—Salmeratus, Isinglass, Russia sack, notts' bedding, ganzie, fustian, wadding, cotton batt. Hats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and painted, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Queen Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, padlocks, door latches, files, spannibles, screws, hinges, knives and forks, glass, scissors, carpet chains, hammers, screws and rifles, wire, table from No 4 to 20, and strong nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye by the bushel or barrel.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Lumber.—A few Coal, Vent and Pantaloon rafters can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

This above has been a considerable expense to preparing the Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with bodies, for sale; or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

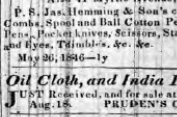
NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a good and general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that come up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A full Assortment of Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of old friends and the public, respectfully solicited.
TIPSWORTH, DUNN & Co.
April 28, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for
Ladies' Shirts,
Just Opened by
June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first rate articles. Sound cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.



Stove & Tin Establishment.

GIBBS & BUTCHER, the subscribers for just two years, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various out fits of Stoves—as, a general assortment of Heating Stoves, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
No. 161 Fulton Street, New York,
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, &c. &c.
May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

AND, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.
Also Steeling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,
THE GREAT AMERICAN
INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNBOUNDED AND UNDISPUTABLE SUCCESS which has resulted from the use of this *Great Healing and Purifying* medicine, in the cure of *Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption,* and even the *Consumption,* that is the most infallible remedy in the world, for any form or stage of *Consumption*—the worst and most *hopeless case* of *Consumption*

Many *Physicians,* say that the human lungs when once ulcerated never can be cured; but if experience and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and most character for veracity can be relied on, *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured many *desperate cases of ulcerated and diseased lungs*—such cases as were called *Consumption* by the most skilful Physicians, some of which were strongly marked and indicated cases of ulcerated lungs—such diseases as many persons die in consequence of, every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies given in certain *virtues* which *no other Cough remedy* possesses. It has no possession of the necessary qualities the facilitating expectoration—the power of removing pain, and subduing cough, that other cough medicines do possess, and then, by its compound *healing virtues* (its absorbing its power of equalizing the circulation and secretions, its healing and purifying and purifying the blood, of subduing cough and causing pain,) it effects a safe and sure cure in the lungs, as *certainly as it never has failed* to heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract,

is a preparation of this great *Indian remedy,* which is similar in medicinal virtue to the *Pulmonary Balsam,* in its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not possessing expectorating and nervine qualities, which; are only essentially necessary in Cough remedies and Pulmonary complaints, and *more active properties* of the blood, which, it will completely eradicate all shadow of a doubt, in every and all cases, where a fair trial is made. *We warrant and guarantee* a cure in all cases of Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, more *obstinate* and *purifying virtues* than is the knowledge of any preparation of Sarsaparilla, ever offered to the public. And for all Cutaneous Eruptions

IT CURES SCROFULA

without failing any instance: and also, many other chronic diseases, which are caused by derangement of the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Erysipelas, Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Ulcerated Sore mouth and Throat, Nursing Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Sore, Constant Fever, Blotches on the face, Pimples on the face,* and all other diseases of constitutional or secondary cause of impure blood. It does by regulating the circulation and secretions *has proved to be a specific* in curing all debility we have ever known, and *many months standing.*

The great *Indian remedies* is compounded and prepared *exclusively from the substances,* and its wonderful *curative powers* in the above complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood is the result of a long study and experience. *No injury* has ever been done to any of the many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We have given a few of the many manner of well known and respectable persons who have used this medicine, and who have received the most wonderful and statements above mentioned as true. For full particulars read every case, here named and other *wonderful cases* in pamphlets which may be had gratis of the agents.

Call and you will be convinced if human testimony and experience you, then the above is *all a true statement of facts.*

Testimony.

Mr. Schaffer, in the first place to persons who *have been to themselves cured by* the use of the 30 bottle of Brant's Indian Remedy, in connection with the *Pulmonary Balsam.* We therefore refer to

Mr. Henry Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence, Plainfield N. J. recommends it to highly, having been its purifying and healing effects in a case of abscess and ulcer, and having witnessed its good effects in many others.

General John Dunning, Ballston Spa N. Y. who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, can speak highly of it.

Mr. Gideon Dudley, a farmer and wool merchant, Charlestown Co., N. Y., Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. Wm. Hopper, Plainfield, Ohio, Seneca Co., N. Y. incipient Consumption.

Miss Parker, Piano Forte Teacher, 93 Herbert st., N. Y. Consumption of many years.

B. Cannon, Merchant, Middletown, Vt. long difficulty of breathing.

Mr. Jane B. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. B. N. Simpson Jobbing Merchant, 32 Wall st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Ezra Knapp, 37 Willow st., Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow Ballston Spa. N. Y., Salt Rheum of the hands, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer to the second place, to the following respectable persons who have known to, and have used the above medicine in effecting cures in other persons, in such complaints and diseases as are mentioned in the above certificates by name. We refer again therefore, for such proof, to

Mr. J. S. Fay Clinton, Merchant, Dunkahill, N. Y. for cures of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. Hawkins, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. J. Dunning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Ballston Spa, Saratoga Co. N. Y. Consumption Fever sore and Scrofula.

Dea. Bossman, 132 Henry st. Brooklyn, N. Y. Nursing Sore Mouth.

Dea. Joseph Bunn Merchant, corner of Cranberry and Henry st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas of the eyes, and Scrofulous Erysipelas in the legs.

Dea. T. M. Hunt Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for severe Chronic Cough and Eruptions and a case of Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Milo Heath, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Eruptions of long standing in his son.

Mr. B. S. Gregory, Merchant 122 John St. N. Y. a great and wonderful cure on his child, which a celebrated Sarsaparilla could not cure.

Dea. George Pounds, Druggist, Middletown, Conn. Erysipelas and the Eyes.

Mr. Wm. B. Harris, Sheriff of Saratoga Co. N. Y. his wife cured of consumption.

Mr. John Wait, Merchant, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Consumption.

Mr. W. Chapman Merchant, Muddlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption—Cure of Consumption in several other cases, which we refer to, whom the healing salves has given unqualified.

Messrs. J. Chrisbacker, W. W. Howell, B. D. Hoard, and Wm. Mc Laughlin, Merchants, Auburn, N. Y. Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Cuddy, City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, for a valuable cures recorded in certificates and statements, but these be not sufficient to prove all we have said respecting the healing and purifying virtues of the Great *Indian Remedy,* and thousands of corroborative cases will be found as unsuccessful.

For Sale by the following Agents:

Plainfield, Dect. L. Crane,
Scotch Plains, R. M. Osborn,
New-Market, Israel R. Cornell,
Metuchin, J. J. Clarkson,
Boundbrook, Joseph Bonn,
Bucklestown, Geo. W. Doty,
Elizabethtown, J. R. Briscoe,
Rahway, A. C. Wasson,
Michigan, Andrew Smalley.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI. No. 16. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1847. Whole number 536.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid within six months of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00; payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office to get them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion; and nothing inserted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE, and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster,

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show that it is the only article in the world yet discovered that is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally cure wounds of every kind, bruises, old and recent sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflammation of the eyes, Sweated sores, Horns, Tetter, Inflammation of the eyes, Throat and Tonsils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Bites, Carbuncles, and Corns, Piles, Phlegmatic Dulness or Milk leg, lameness, Rheumatic weakness, Pain in the breast, side, stomach, obstructions of the breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of every kind, &c. &c. &c. Also proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years afflicted with weakness and pain in the back and side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attending Physician, and using many patent remedies of the day without any sensible benefit, we decided upon trying a plaster of Coon's German Salve and Vegetable Pain Extractor, which for the purpose soon relieved the pain and her strength soon returned. We therefore think nothing afforded relief until we applied the above named article which has gained a reputation in this place by far exceeding that of any other article of the kind in vicinities where the German Veg. Pain Ext. is thoroughly known. I would advise no family to be without it.

The German Salve & Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to J. & R. G. RADWAY, 91 Hudson st., New York.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village professionally, at his rooms, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. Thursdays and Fridays—at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a line in the Elizabethtown or Newark Post Office, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, prepared by Dr. Swayne, of Philadelphia, for which he has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of the paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, which join in my side and breast, accompanied with spitting of blood, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system was prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it, but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not temper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the republican women, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 13th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the most efficacious remedies we ever wrote. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy could be named which has so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much encomium from the faculty and others, as this vastly celebrated remedy.

THE CHERRY BALSAM OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, beware! of your cold! it is the seed sown for your constitutions. If you desire to locate a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine extant for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanative properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever introduced for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the victim of its wiles, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, until it is too late to counteract its silent inroads, before the employment of the means requires the time which cannot always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which will counteract all these evils, at the same time possessing no disagreeable effects, deserves well of the community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry is just such a remedy for these times. In all cases where persons are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Vine streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character). In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrate, there has not been a medical preparation which has effected so many permanent cures, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. Its unbounded sale and success has so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded this (to them unpalatable fact) but it is positively now prescribed by many in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have been attempted to be palmed upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

LITTLES ADDRESSED TO DR. SWAYNE PHILA.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blast!

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry yet you save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the grave

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;

Let beware! the base imposters who would desecrate this tree,

By their Parregoric cures and rhyming ribaldry!

Beware! 'tis only he who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.

Who has no genius, and can skills, there's the deceit.

The Balsam of Wild Cherry? Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the vaunt craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite to truth and justice sold

Who'd hover o'er your latest breath to catch a groan of gold.

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'd sit in vigil on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, why these reckless wretches are

That steal the name from Dr. Swayne, and black theirs each one with Tar;

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country, and from after this "educated" medicine came out, up sprung several others, such as Balsams, Candies, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that the public might be deceived, and get a worthless mixture palmed off upon them, if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Art thou spitting life away!
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness of a day!
Turn not to other imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even to Switzerland.

Remember all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada Jan. 29th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

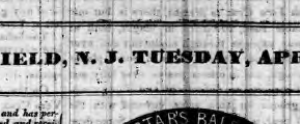
A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms at the same time cleansing the intestines canal from the mucus or slimy matter in which worms usually breed and without which the worms cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even if the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms and in any case it will be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This beautiful vermifuge contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.



CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases ofthe

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

A PERMANENT CURE,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It usually emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, there fore, either to look it in mystery, or to say way deserving publicity in virtues as will satisfy the most credulous that Consumption may and "Can BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is afflicted, that is more fatal to so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the tombs of the cold and silent tenants of the grave, its victims by scores on scores. No mark of life is spared by its destroying influence. None is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged, the young and gay all alike are fixed for the commencement of its approach. The white haired patriach, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose long life seemed prepared him for the enjoyment of life, calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive for the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle climes? Is there no balm for the wounded? Are the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its own value and merits have long since been sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Well on to fame"

be name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases with which I am conversant, two years past, and many bottles of my knowledge have been used by my patients all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are positively genuine.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the cure of diseases for which it is recommended in so many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several worthless counterfeits and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the *Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.
And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the country.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps and stoves of Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all double burn lamps, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, for sale by Gibbs & Dorcher, Stove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jack son Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine his assortment before purchasing. RICHARD M CRANE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 135 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Strains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains. As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M F. CUSHING.

[From Douglass Jerrold's Magazine.]

Never Fear.

Though the clouds are black as night,
Never fear!
Though the lightning's deadly bright,
Never Fear!
Though the thunderbolt is red,
Though the shaft of death is sped
God is present overhead—
Never Fear!

Though the tyrant's axe is bright,
Never Fear!
Though the black cloud is in sight,
Never Fear!
Though a foeman is such knave,
Though a coward is such slave,
God is with the freeman brave—
Never Fear!

Though the bigot's curses raise,
Never Fear!
Though the martyr's faggot blaze,
Never Fear!
Though they strive to cripple youth,
Though they treat great deeds with ruth,
God is ever with the truth—
Never Fear!

Though the storm god flaps his wings,
Never Fear!
Though the tempest death-song sings,
Never fear!
In the clouds are blue specks fair,
Through the dark boughs blows an air,
God is present every where—
Never Fear!

For the Plainfield Union.

In one of the most splendid palaces within the walls of Jerusalem, lived Flavius Ignatius, a gentleman of noble birth and education, and by profession an expounder of the Jewish law. Having early entered into and great success amassed a princely fortune in early life, he became acquainted at the age of 27, with the daughter of Lucius Pollox. The task of painting with the pen as exquisitely beautiful a being as the daughter of Lucius, I will not undertake, but will merely say, her superior could not be found within the walls of Holy Jerusalem. Nature seemed determined to combine in one person all the perfections of a seraph. Not only was she beautiful, intelligent, and virtuous, but heiress of immense wealth. Destiny had placed her in a position in life, in which every benevolent disposition might be gratified without personal inconvenience and well did this etherial creature improve her opportunities for doing good—many hearts leaped at the sight of her, and many tongues lisped her praise with feelings akin to adoration. Such was Rebecca at the time Flavius first saw her. Need I say that he was enraptured. Who could look on the fair Jewess and not feel the chord of love vibrate? Flavius was enslaved in a bondage as abject, as even his ancestors thousands of years before under Pharaoh, king of Egypt.

Flavius, by his address, talent and fortune, gained an easy access to the undecipid heart of Rebecca, and he received a willing assent to his proposal—and all appeared to promise fair for life. In process of time the nuptials were celebrated with all the pomp, and many days of ceremonies in Oriental countries, and each seemed perfectly happy with the other. Nothing seemed wanting to fill up the measure of their bliss.

Years rolled by and a son, the fac simile of his mother, amused her with his innocent prattle.—The beauty of the little boy was of an unusual and transcendant brightness, that it portended a transient existence on earth. His features were regular as pencil could draw, his eye a piercing black, his forehead broad, high and prominent, indicating a more than ordinary share of intellect. His raven locks waved in curls over his forehead and shoulders, and his complexion displayed the struggle of the lily and the rose. Such was the youth of 8 years around whom clustered the affections of doting, idolizing parents. But I must hasten. The father of the youth returned home one evening, with a pale and agitated brow. The wife of his bosom tried in vain to dissipate the gloom—by her ever-serene and joyful face. At length she asked, nay demanded, the cause of his gloom—pleading her right to share with him his sorrow as well as joy. He gave an evasive answer. Her fears once aroused, she prayed him for a candid answer, and succeeded in wringing reluctantly from him the cause of his gloom and despondency. He had been that day to the temple, and had learned that Titus, commanding the armies of Imperial Rome, was approaching to besiege the holy city of Jerusalem, and his anxiety for the safety of his wife and church son, was the cause of sorrow. 'Fear not,' said the noble hearted wife, 'the passion are certainly strong enough to resist the most determined attack, and, said she, her eye brightening, 'will the Lord God forsake the city in which he has consigned his oracles?' Flavius mused for some time, at length he spoke, 'True our walls are strong, still they are not impregnable to a determined foe. But do you not recollect hearing of a person called Jesus Christ, who was by our citizens believed to be an imposter, whom they hung on a cross. It was said that he foretold the event of the destruction of the city—that the time would come when her enemies would compass her about, that the beautiful temple would be destroyed, and one stone should not be left on another, that should not be thrown down This was considered by our nation to be blasphemy—but I fear that the fearful consummation of the prophecy is at hand. And do you not remember that strange fellow who has been roaming over the country for 3 years, crying 'wo! wo! wo! to Jerusalem.' I shudder at the consequences of this siege.'

Titus appeared and encamped before the city. He invested the walls on every side, placed bodies of men at every gate, commanded that not a single Jew should pass out of the city, and plied his battering-rams and engines of war against the walls, with all the coolness, skill and address of an experienced and able general.

'Twas noon. The Sun gleamed hot and lurid, on the besieged battlements of Jerusalem. The city was silent as the grave, save from the Roman legions without. Within the walls 'twas still, fearfully still. Famine stalked through the streets and destruction wasted at noon-day. Pale-faced famine, with its withering effect—sat upon every countenance, and despair was depicted on every face. The fearful prediction of the crucified Messiah, long since forgotten, now pressed itself with fearful vividness upon the memory of the inhabitants. Long since, had He, as He sat on Mount Olivet, which commanded a view of the city and surrounding country, portrayed to the minds of His disciples the dreadful events—the consummation of which seemed rapidly approaching. All communication with the surrounding country was cut off by the besiegers, consequently no provisions could be brought to the wretched inhabitants of the devoted city, by the dwellers in the plains of Judea. The provisions in the city at the time the siege commenced being exhausted, the wretched inhabitants had only the alternative of perishing by famine or the Roman sword.

Let us again visit the superb mansion of Flavius. We enter its costly portals and we see two persons, the wife and son of Flavius. An effort is necessary to repress an expression of horror. The eyes of the once beautiful Jewish maiden gleam with an expression almost demoniacal, and the angelic bong endeared to her by the strongest ties, is the very personification of famine. He kneels and with the most piteous accents implores her a morsel for a morsel of bread! Alas! the mother has not the food to give him; with a heart bleeding with anguish she embraces her son and tells him to wait. But where is the husband and father of these miserable beings. Six days since he had left his home in a state of mind bordering on insanity, determined to procure provision, even if in violation of every moral obligation, or die in the attempt. He tries every means in his power to procure provision, in the absence of those who have in vain their pecuniary, in vain,—he offers to pour out his gold profusely for the smallest quantity of food, he portrays to them the starving condition of his family, he exhausts his powers of persuasion, but still the cold unyielding answer is, No. It was under circumstances such as these that Flavius had left his home six days since, and from that time the wife and son had endured the pangs of hunger. The mother ponders herself with the train hope that he will return. She looks down the broad streets, not a soul is to be seen—again hope dies within her and she is on the verge of despair. What a wreck of what they once were, are the mother and son. Their faces are shrivelled with their long abstinence. But mark the strange change of expression in the countenance of the mother. She is inspired. No, could you but look in the heart of that woman and see the hellish demon raging within, your heart would sicken at the sight. The contest is between maternal affection and famine! between love for her son and the meager fiend who advises her to—what! to devour the fruit of her body. Long and terribly did the conflict rage in the breast of this woman, maternal affection pleading with all the natural eloquence it was capable, but the plea of famine prevailed. Said conscience her tongue, trembling the mother seized a knife, smiled towards the boy and plunged it in his bosom, and as his fell, his glittering, piercing eye was fixed on his unnatural mother in a death glance.

The dreadful deed committed, she prepared and partakes of the horrid repast. But retributive justice overtakes her. The unnatural food is the cause of her death. She died two hours after in convulsions.

Oats Shrewd.—A wine merchant left a respected assistant in his cellar, and said to him, "Now last you should drink the wine while I am away, I will chalk your mouth so that I may know it." He then passed his finger over the man's lips, pretending to leave the mark of the chalk on them. The man drank of the wine, and then to be even with his master chalked his mouth, and thus discovered himself.

A young man on being requested to dance a Scotch reel, with a couple of near looking maids, objected to the ground, that "pickles did not agree with him."

A Poser.—One day last week a man living at Carlton, indignantly complaining that his knife had been stolen, called upon his neighbor as whose garden had been robbed a short time previous and to him—

"Hold your tongue old boy, I found your knife among my cabbages; how came it there?"

The fellow was struck dumb,

Another old joke reminds us of a fantastical young lady, who vowed she would never marry an Irishman, a Presbyterian or a parson, and who ended by marrying all three in one; choosing at last, as her partner for life, an Irish Presbyterian parson.

Popular Delusion.—To believe that because a dandy's straps are drawn tight upon his trowsers, that they are going to lift him into respectable society.

A fool loseth his estate before he finds his wits.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 16. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1847. Whole number 536.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid until the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent in without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE,

and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify, and will also show (in the language of a celebrated physician) the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally cure such diseases as Piles, Bruises, old ulcerated sores, Burns, Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Throat or Tonrils, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Biles, Carbuncles, and Corns, Felon, Phlegmatic Dolenes or Milk leg, Abscess of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, cholera morbus arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Fever sores, Erysipelas, Inflammation or agueish breast, palpitation of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years, afflicted with great weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our attendant Physician and using many patent remedies of the day without any sensible benefit, we were decided upon trying a bottle of Coon's Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon regained. We therefore think ourselves afforded a special duty to supply the above named physician which has gained a reputation which by far exceeds that of any other article of the kind in vicinities where the Genuine Veg. Pain Ext. is deservedly known. I would advise the family to be without it.

The Genuine Coon's German Pain Extractor is sold for 25 cents a box, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

All orders &c. must be addressed, post paid, to

JAMES G. RADWAY, 91 Fulton st.

Dec. 15, 1846—1y New York.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. D. C. Brown will visit their village professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, and in office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays.—and at his office in Rahway No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services, may call at either of the above places, or leave a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1838 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side, Whooping Cough, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Bronchial Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all Consumptive Symptoms of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a severe cough, attended with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I was induced to try your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which I am happy to say has entirely removed my cough, made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it, and by the blessing of God, and the efficacy of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be used in preference to all others. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be put off on the reputations of yours, they would find the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. EZEKIEL THOMAS.

In 13th st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, be hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much approbation from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself" in a few days, and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, "be careful of your colds;"—do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an early and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanative properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever unveiled to the care of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the dwelling of life, that the sufferer does not think of danger, until it is too late to counteract its silent incursions, because the employment of the means requires the time which cannot always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time is sure in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community.

Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, of this city, Philadelphia. His Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is just the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This valuable medicine may be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created Sub-ordinate agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, we believe that Dr. Hippocrates, there has not been a more efficient preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. Its undeniable efficacy in all cases of pulmonary complaints has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have gladly yielded (not to them unprecedented fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To several of the most eminent institutions of this medicine which have been from time to time called upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

BE SURE ADDRESSED TO DR. SWAYNE PHILA. PA.

All hail! ye merciless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! and arise you from the margin of the grave.

"Da Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb.

Let beware the base impostors who would desecrate this tree,

By their allegoric curses and rhyming ribaldry!

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth;

Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' dennis,

The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a fiend!

If you would shun the cruel cast, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the heeling parasite, to truth and justice cold

Who'd sacrifice your latest breath to catch a glean of gold:

That proudly boasts his stolen name, aid wondrous skill to save,

Who'd tear you to the bed of death, and haste you in your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless are that steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black the teeth emc with Tar!

Learn well to shun this vexed craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country. Years after the "celebrated" medicine out, up sprang several others, such as Balsams, Candies, &c. &c. Syrups, trying to build up their credit and establishment by every means they could devise, and for a worthless mixture, palmed off upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Art thou spitting life away!
Is the constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Towering high o'er imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Let it be your friend.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fallacious and counterfeit, except that bearing the signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada.

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,

OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms at the same time effecting the intentional cure of the most inveterate stony concretions which sometimes form in the body, and with it all which the worms cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even in the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms, and in any case will be found highly beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

Seabury's Anthelmintic contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the most tender age and sit the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from this disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected a

PERMANENT CURE,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides the astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of a severe standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, there fore, either to flatter myself, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its undoubted efficacy, and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs in all cases as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and CAN BE CURED, if this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate spectre hurries its victims to the tomb, and silent tears flow from the eyes of the fond and affectionate wife, while she is sacred to the memory of the departed husband, over bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the disease which bears off in our choicest and most fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to credit, it may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of certificates to establish its genuine interiority. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"A Wist on to fame"

be name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs for several years, and have believed to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCERERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are respectfully solicited.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended running many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled manufacturers and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY*, which always bears the *Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

I. BUTTS,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig,

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps and supply the place of Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lampsand Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Silas B. Dutcher, Shive and Tin Dealers, in Main Street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

JOHN S. EDWARDS,

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and Shoes!

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will please call and examine for themselves

RICHARD M. FRANCE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 138 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramps, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains. As a

HORSE LINIMENT

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

[From Douglass Jerrold's Magazine.]

Never Fear.

Though the clouds are black as night,
Never fear!
Though the lightning's deadly bright,
Never Fear!
Though the thunderbolt is red,
Though the shaft of death is sped
God is present overhead—
Never Fear!
Though the tyrant's axe is bright,
Never Fear!
Though the black cloud is in sight,
Never Fear!
Though a foeman is each knave,
Though a coward is each slave,
God is with the freemen brave—
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Though the bigot's curses rave,
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Though the martyr's faggot blaze,
Never Fear!
Though they strive to cripple youth,
Though they treat great deeds with ruth,
God is ever with the truth—
Never Fear!
Though the storm god flaps his wings,
Never Fear!
Though the tempest death-song sings,
Never fear!
In the clouds are blue specks fair,
Through the dark boughs blows an air,
God is present every where—
Never Fear!

For the Plainfield Union.

In one of the most splendid palaces within the walls of Jerusalem, lived Flavius Ignatius, a gentleman of noble birth and education, and by profession an expounder of the Jewish law. Having by his towering intellect and great success amassed a princely fortune in early life, he became acquainted at the age of 27, with the daughter of Lucius Pollux. The task of painting with the pen so exquisitely beautiful a being as the daughter of Lucius, I will not undertake, but will merely say, her superior could not be found within the walls of Holy Jerusalem. Nature seemed determined to combine in one person all the perfections of a seraph. Not only was she beautiful, intelligent, and virtuous, but heiress of immense wealth. Destiny had placed her in a position in life, in which every benevolent disposition might be gratified without personal inconvenience and well did this cherished creature improve her opportunities for doing good—many tears lingered at the sight of her, and many tongues lisped her praise with feelings akin to adoration. Such was Rebecca at the time Flavius first saw her. Need I say that he was enraptured. Who could look on the fair Jewess and not feel the chord of love vibrate? Flavius was enslaved in a bondage as abject, as even his ancestors thousands of years before under Pharaoh, king of Egypt.

Flavius, by his address, talent and fortune, gained as many access to the unoccupied heart of Rebecca, and he received a willing assent to his proposal—an offer to protect and cherish her for life. In process of time the nuptials were celebrated with all the pomp and splendor on such ceremonies in Oriental countries, and each seemed perfectly happy with the other. Nothing seemed wanting to fill up the measure of their bliss.

Years rolled by and a son, the fac simile of his mother, amused her with his innocent prattle.—The beauty of the little boy was of so unearthly and transcendent brightness, that it portended a transient existence on earth. His features were regular as pencil could draw, his eye a piercing black, his forehead broad, high and prominent, indicating a more than ordinary share of intellect. His raven locks waved in curls over his forehead and shoulders, and the complexion displayed the mingle of the lily and the rose. Such was the youth of 5 years, around whom clustered the affections of doting, idolising parents. But I must hasten. The father of the youth returned home one evening, with a pale and agitated brow. The wife of his bosom tried in vain to dissipate the gloom—by her ever-serene and joyful face. At length she asked, nay demanded, the cause of his gloom—pleading her right to share with him his sorrow as well as his joy. He gave an evasive answer. Her tears once aroused, she prayed him for a candid answer, and succeeded in wringing reluctantly from him the cause of his gloom and despondency. He had been that day to the temple, and had learned that Titus, commanding the armies of Imperial Rome, was approaching to besiege the holy city of Jerusalem, and his anxiety for the safety of his wife and cherub son, was the cause of sorrow. "Fear not," said the noble-hearted wife, "the gates are certainly strong enough to resist the most determined attack, and," said she, her eye brightening, "will the Lord God forsake the city in which he has consigned his oracles?" Flavius mused for some time, at length he spoke, "True our walls are strong, still they are not impregnable to a determined foe. But do you not recollect hearing of a person called Jesus Christ, who was by our citizens believed to be an impostor, whom they hung on a tree. It was said that he foretold the events of the destruction of the city—that the Jews would come when her enemies would compass her about, that the beautiful temple would be destroyed, and one stone should not be left on another, that should not be thrown down. This was considered by our nation to be blasphemy—but I fear that the fearful consummation of the prophecy is at hand. And do you not remember that strange fanatic who has been roaming over the country for 3 years, crying 'woe! woe! woe! to Jerusalem.' I shudder at the consequences of this siege."

Titus appeared and encamped before the city. He invested the walls on every side, placed bodies of men at every gate, commanded that not a single Jew should pass out of the city, and plied his battering-rams and engines of war against the walls, with all the coolness, skill and address of an experienced and able general.

'Twas noon. The Sun gleamed hot and lurid, on the besieged battlements of Jerusalem. The city was silent as the grave, save from the Roman legions without. Within the walls 'twas still, fearfully still. Famine stalked through the streets and desolation wasted at noon-day. Pale-faced famine, with its withering effect sat upon every countenance, and despair was depicted on every face. The fearful prediction of the crucified *Messiah*, long since forgotten, now pressed itself with fearful vividness upon the memory of the inhabitants. Long since, had fle, as He sat on Mount Olivet, which commanded a view of the city and surrounding country, portrayed to the minds of His disciples the dreadful events—the consummation of which now seemed rapidly approaching. All communication with the surrounding country was cut off by the besiegers, consequently no provisions could be brought to the wretched inhabitants of the devoted city, by the dwellers in the plains of Judea. The provisions in the city at the time the siege commenced being exhausted, the wretched inhabitants had only the alternative of perishing by famine or the Roman sword.

Let us again visit the superb mansion of Flavius. We enter its costly portals and we see two persons, the wife and son of Flavius. An effort is necessary to repress an expression of horror. The eyes of the once beautiful Jewish maiden gleam with an expression almost demoniacal, and the angelic being endowed by God with the strongest ties, is the very personification of famine. He kneels and with the most piteous accents implores his mother for a morsel of bread. Alas! the mother has not the food to give him; with a heart bleeding with anguish she embraces her son and tells him to wait. But where is the husband and father of these miserable beings. Six days since he had left his home in a state of mind bordering on insanity, determined to procure provision, even if in violation of every moral obligation, or die in the attempt. He tries every means in his power to procure the means of sustenance of those who have it in their possession, in vain,—he offers to pour out his gold profusely for the smallest quantity of food, he portrays to them the starving condition of his family, he exhausts his powers of persuasion, but still the cold unyielding answer is, NO. It was under circumstances such as these that Flavius had left his home six days since, and from that time the wife and son had endured the pangs of hunger. The mother consoles herself with the frail hope that he will return. She looks down the broad streets, not a soul is to be seen,—again hope dies within her, and she is on the verge of despair. What a wreck is what they once were, are the mother and son. Their faces are shrivelled with their long abstinence. But mark the strange change of expression in the countenance of the mother. Is it despair? No, could you but look in the heart of that woman and see the hellish conflict raging within, your heart would sicken at the sight. The contest is between maternal affection and famine! between love for her son and the meager fiend who advises her to—what! to devour the fruit of her body. Long and terribly did the conflict rage in the breast of this woman, but maternal affection pleading with all the eloquence it was capable, but the pangs of famine prevailed, and clenching her teeth demon-like, the mother seized a knife, rushed towards the boy and plunged it in his bosom, and as he fell, his glittering, piercing eye was fixed on his unnatural mother in a death glance.

The dreadful deed committed, she prepares and partakes of the horrid repast. But retribution lives justice overtakes her. The unnatural feed on the flesh of her death. She died two hours after in convulsions.

Our Shrewd.—A wine merchant left a suspected assistant in his cellar, and said to him, "Now lest you should drink the wine while I am away, I will chalk your mouth so that I may know it." He then pasted his finger over the man's lips, pretending to leave the mark of the chalk on them. The man drank of the wine, and then to be even with his master chalked his mouth, and shne discovered himself.

A young man on being requested to dance a Scotch reel, with a couple of sour looking maids, objected on the ground, that "pickles did not agree with him."

A Poser.—One day last week a man living at Carlton, indignantly complaining that his turkey had been stolen, till at last one of his neighbors whose garden had been robbed a short time previous said to him—

"Hold your tongue old boy, I found your knife among my cabbages: how came it there?"

The fellow was struck dumb,

Another old joke reminds us of a fantastical young lady, who vowed she would never marry an Irishman, a Presbyterian or a parson, and succeeded by marrying all three in one; choosing at last, as her partner for life, an Irish Presbyterian parson!

Popular Delusion.—To believe that because a dandy's straps are drawn tight upon his trowsers, that they are going to lift him into respectable society.

A fool looseth his estate before he finds his

Selected for the Union, From the National Int.

"Brilliant Victories"—Great inconsistency.

Some time ago, the British soldiery gained a "brilliant victory," to use a popular phrase, over the natives of India, cutting to pieces twenty thousand men, sending to the bar of Eternal Justice twenty thousand souls, with all their sins upon them. The holy bishops in England, who believe in the eternal damnation of him who dies unrepentant, offered up thanks to God for this triumph of British arms! For what? For the bravery of the British soldiery in precipitating prematurely twenty thousand souls into perdition! Horrible! The humanity of the American people was shocked. The religious sentiment of the American press was provoked to the most scathing comments upon the diabolical inconsistency.

But the scene changes. The younger branch of the Anglo-Saxon family is on fire with the lust of war. Seven hundred of their countrymen fall at the pass of Buena Vista. Two thousand Mexicans bite the dust, in sudden death, or groan away their lives in agonizing torments. Other thousands, starving, famished, exhausted, seek *some thousand lives by flight.* They are absolutely starving. The victorious American sends out his light troops to harass them, to put as many bullets through the skeleton figures as he can. The field of battle is strewn with the dead three deep. Here are trunks without limbs; there, heads without bodies. The ground is *mired with blood, and the heroes' feet slip as they* tread upon mangled flesh, gore, and brains.

Next, a city full of women and children, peaceful homes, and loving hearts, is attacked. A storm of death beats upon it. Walls are knocked down, streets torn up, houses and furniture scattered about by lightning, and the gutters run blood. One thousand souls are sent to their last account, the greater number, innocent women and children, who would not forsake their fathers and husbands.

And now what do we hear? Shouts of triumph from the people who were horror-stricken at oriental slaughter by British arms! The press can think of nothing but "brilliant" victories. Corporations pass resolutions full of rejoicing forgetful of the hearts that have been made desolate, the hearts that have been broken, the sinful souls that have been sent into eternity. Cities are illuminated, the whole country vibrates with joy, and—on Sunday its thronging millions go to church, to hear sermons on the commandment, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself!" And this is Christian civilization! No. It is a civilization without Christ—as brutal and bloody as if archangels had not sung eighteen centuries ago, "Peace on earth and good will to man!"

Now and then the press, with *much solemnity* and pathos, announces the consummation of the penalty of the law upon some wicked murderer. It almost shrinks from describing the circumstances of his execution; the hymn, the prayer, the whispered consolation, the ghastly face, the last look at the blue heavens, the cap drawn over the eyes, the rope, the drop, the *sudden plunge*, the last convulsion. People read the account and shudder. No bonfire is kindled in honor of the deed. It is lamented as one justified alone by stern necessity.

Now, even on the extravagant supposition that this war against Mexico is a just one, how should we regard the wholesale execution inflicted by our armies? With the same feelings, only infinitely deepened, with which we read accounts of the hanging of a criminal. Rejoicing upon such occasions is diabolical.

Township Officers Elected at the last Town Meeting, in Warren. All whigs except two or three.

Town Clerk—William D. Stewart.
Assessor—Sediire Terrell.
Collector—Reuores Cox.
Chosen Freeholders—Malon Smalley, Stephen Pangborn.
Commissioners of Appeals—Jeremiah Vandeventer, John W. Adams, David French.
Constables—Ibel Pangborn, John Spencer.
Town Committee—Joshua Seaman, David Collther, James Barr, Harvey A. Bird, Paineas M. French.
Judge of Election—Leffert Waldron, jr.
Overseers of the Poor—Squire Terrell, Restoren Cox.
Surveyors Highway—George W. Lesson, John Colther.
Town Superintendant of Schools—Daniel Cory
Voted that 75 cents per day be paid for hand on the Road, $1.50 per day for hand and team. The Poor to be put out together in the township. $600 raised for support of Poor. $300 raised for support of schools, interest of surplus revenue for Schools, $600 for repairs of Roads.

Dog tax 50 cts. additional dog $3, slut $1. Election to be held at John Coryell's, town meeting at Wm. D. Stewart's.

Plainfield Bank.

The Receivers of this Institution "give public notice to the creditors of the Bank, that they come in and produce their claims and demands before the Receivers for the creditors and stock holders of said Bank within six months from the 25th day of March, 1847, or they will be excluded from the benefit of such dividends as may hereafter be declared by the Chancellor upon the proceeds of the effects of said corporation.

"The Receivers will be ready to receive bills and claims and to issue cert ficates thereof, on and after the 4th of April, at their office, 259 Broadstreet, Newark."

A bomb shell weighing 186 pounds, which was fired from the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa during the bombardment, has been placed in the rotunda of the Exchange, Philadelphia, and attracts considerable curiosity. It was brought home in the steamship Princeton. The iron of which it is composed is about two inches thick. It was found near Gen. Worth's tent, a distance two miles and a half from the Castle.

The new steam Pile Driver, in operation at Brooklyn Navy Yard, is competent to make blows in a minute.

☞ *The Spring Trade* in New York has commenced with more than ordinary spirit. There was a great influx of strangers yesterday, and the Hotels appear to be overflowing. The news by the *Cambria* recieved by the telegraph from Boston has occasioned a fall in bread stuffs, especially in Indian Corn.

The tide of *emmigration to Mexico* has become very strong since the capture of Vera Cruz: 15 vessels were about starting from New Orleans on the 12th, and yet all passengers could not be accommodated.

☞ *Gen. Taylor a Whig.*—In answer to a rumor that Gen. Taylor is not a Whig, the U. S. Gazette this morning says—

"Within forty days, Gen. Taylor has said to a gentleman about to leave for the United States 'Never mind what they say; I tell you, and you may tell them if you choose, I am a Whig; and if they have any doubt about it after that, tell them *I am a Clay Whig.*"

☞ We understand that a dog, supposed to be mad, was seen at the lower end of the city yesterday morning, and after she had bitten one of our citizens, a dog and some poultry, was pursued on the Camptown road.—*Newark Eagle.*

☞ *European journals, tell us that in Charlottesburg, in Prussia, a process has been discovered,* by which marble, of the purest quality, may be cast in moulds of any size and that several figures, of the size of life, have already been cast from it with complete success.

It is *understood* that Mr. Beach, the proprietor of the N. Y. Sun newspaper, is shut up in the city of Mexico, and cannot get out. Letters from that city is published in the Sun, which, we presume are from him; and, also, letters from Vera Cruz, which probably, came from the same source of information.

☞ Jas. Hildreth, postmaster at Cape May Court House, and at the same time a store keeper, has it is said committed numerous forgeries to promote his business, and the fact being revealed he has left the state. As his circumstances and relations in society appear to have been respectable, it is supposed that he intended to take up the forged paper.

☞ *A Jersey Matron of 107 years.*—Mrs. Mary Hoffman died in South Brunswick, Middlesex county, on the 6th ult., whose she had resided for the last fifty years. She left 14 children—60 grand children—115 great grand children, and 23 great, great grand children. She was born in Hunterdon, and lived in Middlesex county fifty years. The oldest son now living is 85 years old. Her youngest, Thomas W. Hoffman, Esq., is now 58 years old—She retained her reason until a few hours of her death.

Schoubein, the *inventor of gun cotton, has discovered* a method of making paper transparent, and impermiable to water. It is to be used in making bottles, window panes, and vases; for it has all the qualities of glass except its brittleness.

Fire in Newark.—Hicks & Grey's Carriage Factory, near the junction of the R. R. Avenue with the Elizabethtown road, was burned down on Thursday afternoon. It caught from the roof from some cause unknown, possibly sparks from the locomotive. Loss about $3000—insured for $2200.

Dr. Smith, of Newburyport, Mass. (the Newburyport Herald states) has lately extracted *twenty-nine* teeth and roots, while under the influence of the Letheon. The operation was performed previous to supplying her with a new set. This, we understand, was at one sitting, and during the removal of 28 the lady was wholly insensible. The extraction of the 29th she felt slightly, the influence of the vapor being partly exhausted. The Herald further states that she has experienced no subsequent ill effects whatever.

New Potatoes, from the South, were sold in Fulton Market a few days since for $3.50 per bushel. At retail they readily brought 3 cts each.

A Remedy for Diseased Peach-Trees.—Among all the remedies for the prevention and cure of the diseases of the peach-tree, which have been recommended, there is one that I do not recollect to have seen mentioned, and, as far as my observation extends, is of more value than all the rest put together. That is chamber-ley or urine. If those who have peach-trees will save this article and put it on the roots of the trees, instead of throwing it in the sink, I can assure them that they will not be troubled with worms or the yellows, but will have healthy *trees and plenty of peaches.* M.
New York, March 24, 1847.

Quaker Patriotism.—The Trenton Daily News states that a young man, the son of a wealthy and respectable Quaker, of Pennsylvania, enlisted a few days since with Lieut. McClay, recruiting officer in that city. The next day his father came to see him. "Joseph," said the old gentleman, "was thee sober when thee consented to take up carnal weapons?" "Yes, sir, I was," responded the son. "Here is some money, Joseph, rejoined the father, without moving a muscle of his features," and when the gets on the field of battle thee will bear in mind that Anthony Wayne was a Pennsylvanian, and that thou art my son." So saying, without another word, the old man departed.

Incendiary Paper.—The Grand Jury of Accomac co. Va. on the 29th ult. presented the N. Y. Christian Advocate and Journal, (the organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church) as an incendiary paper, in the following words:

"We, the Grand Jury, upon our oaths do present, that The N.Y. Christian Advocate and Journal, a newspaper published in the city of New-York, is a paper which is circulated through the post offices of this county, and advises, and is calculated to persuade persons of color within this commonwealth to make insurrection, or rebel, and denies the right of masters to property in their slaves, and inculcates the duty of resistance to such right, contrary to the statute in such case made and provided."

A copy of the presentment has been served on all the postmasters in the county, to deter them from delivering the paper to subscribers.

THE UNION

Plainfield, April 27, 1847.

From Vera Cruz to Mexico, there is but one practicable road, 290 miles in length, built at enormous expense through mountains and over deep vallies and ravines. It is in some places cut through, and in others passes over lofty and rugged mountains. The rough and often precipitous ground on both sides, covered with the prickly pear, is literally impassable. Some deep valleys are spanned by bridges of solid masonry, and some are filled up. Parts of the road are very precipitous and dangerous, other parts very sandy and difficult. There are military stations *all along the road, which might be defended by a* small force against a large invading army. It passes through Perote, 35 miles from Jalapa, a city of 8000 inhabitants, defended by a strong castle. 80 miles beyond Perote, is Puebla, a walled and fortified city, of 80,000 people, with houses of stone. Cordova is a walled and garrisoned town 60 miles further on, and 40 miles beyond Cordova is Mexico, a walled city of 140,000 inhabitants.

Over this long and difficult road Gen. Scott is about to *march his army of 13,000* men, with heavy cannon, shot and shell, ammunition and provisions,—no small job it must be acknowledged. We do not however anticipate any great resistance, judging from what the Mexicans have done already. We have taken their strongest castle with the loss of less than 20 men—also, the National Bridge, another very strong place, and Jalapa, without any loss. Jalapa is 70 or 80 miles from Vera Cruz, and from Jalapa to Perote near 40 miles.

Beyond Jalapa the country is healthy the year round. At Vera Cruz it is sickly in the summer season, but it is said only foreigners are attacked, and of them, only one in twenty dies. Jalapa is 4,407 feet above the level of the sea, and Perote, Puebla and Mexico, each, between 7000 and 8000 feet above the sea.

It is said, Gen. Taylor will meet Gen. Scott at Mexico, coming from the north, by a different route.

From the Seat of War.

From Vera Cruz—Surrender of Jalapa, National Bridge, and Alvarado—Retreat of Gen. Vega.

The N. O. Delta of the 13th brings us further advices from Gen. Scott's command. The people of Alvarado had sent up an embassy to surrender their city on a guarantee of the safety of the lives and property of the citizens.

The town of Jalapa also had sent its Alcalde, with a civil escort, proffering the surrender of the town, and praying that a force be sent by the U. S. to take possession of the town and to protect the rights of the citizens.

Gen. Twiggs had taken up his line of march for Jalapa April 3, with 2500 men. Col. Harney had left the day before with his regiment, 2d dragoons. La Vega had been at the National Bridge with 3000 men and 9 pieces of cannon, but not being supported by the government or the people, had concluded to abandon the pass, and marched off his force towards Mexico. Immediately after his departure the citizens of Jalapa assembled together and determined to send the Alcalde to the American camp, to surrender the town.

Col. Bankhead with the 2d Artillery would follow Gen. Twigg with a long train and large military force. The country people begin to bring in vegetables and other provisions, and the market was well supplied. The Mexicans therefore seem able and willing to feed our army, they would not feed their own. Gen. Worth had enacted a tariff upon all art cles brought into the city to be sold. All the grog-shops—except two respectable hotels, that have special license from the commander—are suppressed, and liquor cannot be sold within the city without the consent of the General in command of the city.

A great many laborers are employed in cleaning the streets of Vera Cruz, which are in a horribly filthy condition. A stench pervades the whole city, particularly that part of it which suffered most from our cannon. It is supposed that there must be many persons buried beneath the ruins of the houses destroyed by our shells. Everything goes along smoothly under Gen. Worth's government. Several volunteers are under arrest for outrages against the Mexican people.

Gen. Scott has taken extensive measures to complete the train from the main body of the army as soon as possible. A large number of mules are now on their way to Vera Cruz, and large orders came over here for supplies. When the army is encamped at Jalapa, the supplies will be landed at Antigua, which is forty miles nearer to Jalapa than Vera Cruz. The army was in excellent health, except some sickness of an unimportant character, among some Pennsylvania Volunteers. The troops out at Alvarado are very disagreeably situated on the sand hills and among *the lagoons, and are very impatient to commence* the march to a more agreeable position.

Three Days Later.—Alvarado surrendered without firing a gun on the 2d inst. Several other port a had been taken south of Alvarado, and Com. Perry was about to capture all the remaining ports in the Gulf.

A newspaper has been started at Vera Cruz, called the American Eagle. From it we gather the following items:

Gen. Scott with several of our officers and men attended the Roman Catholic church on Easter Sunday, to the surprise and gratification of the inhabitants.

A Post Office has been established at Vera Cruz.

Santa Anna is charged with great duplicity in his recent course between the rival factions of Paras and the Church.

Gen. Scott was using every exertion to procure wagons and teams for transportation. No signs of malignant fever had yet appeared. With proper care no serious apprehensions are entertained of any great mortality in the garrisons to be left at Vera Cruz and castle.

The inhabitants of Vera Cruz under the excellent government of Gen. Worth, are beginning to be assured of protection, and to recover their spirits.

On the 4th inst. accounts were brought into Vera Cruz that La Vega had taken up and was fortifying a strong position this side of Jalapa, where he was expecting reinforcements.

Santa Anna owns a large portion of the land between Vera Cruz and Jalapa, on which he has thousands and thousands of cattle—all of which *can be driven in and sold to our army at a fair* price.

Peace Despatches to Mexico,—Mr. N. P. Trist, Chief Clerk in the State Department, and formerly Consul at Havana, left Washington on the 17th inst. for Vera Cruz, with important despatches for Gen. Scott. These contain the ultimate views of the government in relation to peace or the continuance of the war, and it is now determined that propositions for peace hereafter must come from Mexico, and if not speedily made, there appears to be no doubt that the instructions to Gen. Scott and Gen. Taylor are to march to the Capital. The offer is said to be less stringent as regards Mexico than the previous offer made through Mr. Atocha.

Mr. Trist, it is presumed, will remain in Mexico until he witnesses the denouement, having documents suited to every emergency.

Late and Important from California.

An arrival at New York brings interesting intelligence from our land and naval forces in California. Order and quiet had been restored. The local outbreaks, resulting in a temporary success of the insurgents, had been suppressed, and the restless spirits and adventurers who had been active in promoting them, all who had survived the conflicts with our troops, had returned to their homes.

Gen. Kearney arrived at Sierra Phillipi Dec. 2d, where he received a reinforcement of 35 volunteers from Com. Stockton at San Diege, with which he resolved to cut his way through a much larger force of the enemy, to that place, though his men were worn out by marching over 2200 miles and mounted on broken down puck mules. Dec. 6th, an hour before day, he attacked the enemy, 160 in number and well mounted, and routed them with great loss. They re-rallied a mile and a half and rallied. Gen. Kearney put them to *flight again.* Our loss was 35 killed and wounded—all our officers were wounded except two, and three killed. His whole force was only 60. The next day he continued his march on foot, the mules having failed except a few which were employed to draw the wounded. When 30 miles from San Diego another detachment from Com. Stockton met him.

Gen. Kearney showed his appointment as Gov. but Com. Stockton suspended his civil functions issued his own proclamation as Governor, and afterwards appointed Fremont Governor. Gen. Kearney informed Com. Stockton that he would temporarily submit to his assumption of power, as he did not wish at this critical period to create a civil war.

Com. Stockton and Gen. Kearney with about 500 men set out on an expedition to recapture the City of Angels, and on the 8th Jan. reached the river San Gabriel, on the opposite side of which the enemy had fortified themselves to the number of 500 well mounted men, with 4 pieces of artillery, in a very commanding position. Our troops forded the river and took their position.—On the 9th another battle was fought, and the enemy entirely dispersed. On the 10th our forces took possession of the city. Our loss in killed and wounded was about 20.

Com. Shubrick, who supersedes Com. Stockton, had arrived.

A paper is published at Monterey by Walter Colton, called the Californian. Mr. Colton is navy Chaplain, and American Alcalde.

The Californian of Jan. 28th says, The friends of order and all who are interested in the soil, are in favor of the United States.

☞ The U. S. ship Cyane, arrived at San Francisco, early in Dec. She had been on the Mexican coast and captured 14 prizes. She b u t and destroyed one brig and two Mexican gun-boats.

A Mormon newspaper has been started.

Almost a Famine.—No Flour or Bread could be obtained at any price at Monterey. Tea was selling at $3 per lb. Coffee at 75 or 80 cents lb. Sugar common kinds, 25 a 31. Nothing could be had but fresh beef and occasionally a few potatoes, the latter at 4 and 5 cents per lb. Common brandy of the country $5 a gallon, and none other could be had.

☞ Col. Benton declines a nomination to the Presidency.

The New York canals are to be opened on the 1st day of May.

*Mr. Bancroft, our Minister in England, has re*cently been elected a member of the London Society of Antiquarians, on motion of Lord Morpeth. Mr. Bancroft is believed to be the first American on whom this honor has been conferred.

Late and Important from Europe.—The Cambria arrived at Boston last Tuesday evening with 15 days later intelligence from Europe. The most important news is a fall in the price of bread stuffs, and an advance in cotton.

Indian Corn had fallen more than any thing else—9*d*s. per quarter of 8 bushels—but had advanced again 3*s.* when the steamer left. It sold then at Liverpool for 32*s.* ($12,50) for 480 lbs. and meal at 25*s.* ($6) per barrel. The cause of the decline was the very high price to which it had risen, which could not be sustained, also the fine spring weather, which promised an early and abundant harvest. All kinds of breadstuffs had fallen considerably but not near to so great extent as Indian corn.

Cotton had advanced. All descriptions of American had advanced 1-4*d* per lb. and the great bulk of the ordinary kinds, 3/8*d*.

The Cambria brought out in specie £390,000.

Mr. O'Connell had just quitted Paris on his way to Italy. He is not so ill as the London papers represent, but his physicians doubt whether he will ever be able to appear in public life.

The Great Fast on account of the famine was quite rigidly held throughout the British empire. The suffering from famine in Ireland, Scotland and on the Continent does not appear to receive any abatement.

The distress in all parts of France is very great and in some departments casts and boats laden with grain have to be accompanied by detachments of soldiers to save them from being pillaged by the people.

American Subscriptions.—The Belfast News Letter of March 23d, says, the remittances from America received within 3 days by the Central Relief Committee of the Society of Friends in Dublin, amount to close upon £20000; and very large consignments of provisions, as free offerings are on their way.

Ireland is literally inundated with breadstuffs from America, and "the stars and stripes" flying to the breeze in every port, excite general admiration. Prices of food have been steadily falling for weeks. Typhus fever is spreading through the country to an alarming extent. Many thousands of poor men, discharged from the public works in the south, have lain down to die.

Emigration to the United States will in time amount. All the inhabitants of the town of Eglesbach, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Darmstadt, 1400 in number, have requested permiss on to be allowed to emigrate to the U. States.

The number of emegrants has been really extraordinary, and in April and May will be yet greater. Throughout all Germany extensive preparations are making for emigration to the States; indeed, some districts are almost cleared with complete depopulation.

Gen. Taylor, in a letter dated March 4, says, that the nomination for the Presidency is without his knowledge, wishes or consent. He has no ambition for that or any other civil office; all his energies are and have been absorbed in bringing the war to a speedy and honorable close, and President-making should be lost sight of until this was accomplished.

Extract from a letter to Gen. Butler of Louisiana, from Gen. Taylor, dated, Agua Nueva, March 4:

I hope the greater portion of the good people of the country will be satisfied with what we have done on this occasion. I flatter myself that our corps ling a Mexican army of more than 20,000 men, completely organized, and led by their Chief Magistrate to retreat, with less than 500 regulars, and about 4,000 volunteers, will meet their approval. I had not a single company of regular infantry; the whole was taken from me.

The road to the city of Mexico from here is now open, and we only want a few thousand good recruits, in addition to the volunteers, to enable us to reach that place. What effect the late battle will have on Santa Anna and the Mexican Congress, time must determine; but I sincerely hope it will lead to peace. One thing is certain; their principal army has become demoralized, and it will be very difficult for them to raise and equip another.

Fire.—A fire broke out in the stable belonging to the estate of John T. Duyckink, on the rear of the State Bank, on Sunday morning, at about 2 o'clock. It was entirely consumed, together with stables belonging to Mr. Samuel Baker, the State Bank and —— Smith, of New York. A fine horse, 2 cows, a carriage, wagon, harness, &c., belonging to Mr. C. D. Dashler, who occupied one of the stables, was destroyed. Mr. Deshler's loss will not fall short of $400—no insurance. There can be no doubt but that this fire was the work of an incendiary.

By a resolution of the Common Council, passed some time since, the Mayor is authorized to pay a reward of one hundred dollars for the detection of any incendiary.—*N Brunswick Times*

Burglary.—The soap and candle factory of Mr. B. V. Ackerman was broken open on Saturday night or Sunday morning, and some fancy soaps, together with four or five dollars in change carried off. This factory is opposite to the buildings that were burned and there can be but little doubt that the persons who committed the robbery, also set fire to the stables.

Another!—While the fire was raging on Sunday morning, some persons entered the kitchen of Mr. Ralph Voorhees, through the window, and carried off several silver spoons. The robber departed suddenly on hearing the family moving above stairs.—*Ib.*

In the Circuit Court of Montgomery, Ala. on the 6th inst. in a cause there tried, the Jury returned a verdict for $10,000 damages against defendant, for injury done the credit and business of plaintiff from the false issue and levy of an attachment on their goods, some two years since, by defendant.

Dreadful Railroad Accident.—As the Philadelphia train was entering Elizabethtown on Sunday evening at 5½ o'clock, a light covered wagon containing Gideon Allen of Scotch Plains and Epaphras Ryno, of Short Hills, on their way to Elizabeth Port, was run down by the locomotive. Mr. Allen was killed immediately, and Mr. Ryno was taken off the cow-catcher when the cars were stopped in about the distance of the length of the train.—The bell was rung before the wagon was perceived, and the steam whistle was sounded in his full force immediately after, but the persons in the wagon did not take it for warning of the approach of the cars, not knowing that they were run on Sundays. Mr. Ryno insisted on being taken home the same evening, and together with the corpse of his companion was sent back that night. The deceased was an industrious man, a carpenter by trade, and was about 60 years of age. He was a widower, and leaves several children.—*Sun.*

Mr. Ryno though considerably bruised was not dangerously injured. One of the horses was killed, and the wagon broken into fragments.—*Newark Daily.*

☞ It is said that Gen. Taylor is soon to be largely reinforced. Volunteers are leaving this country every week for the seat of war.

According to the latest accounts from Mexico, Santa Anna is making most strenuous exertions to oppose the advance of Gen. Scott, and says he will never yield while life remains.

☞ John B. Gough, the celebrated Temperance Lecturer, will lecture in Rahway, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week, in the Presbyterian church Admittance 1s. He is to receive $100 for the three Lectures and if the amount is received the 1st evening, admittance will be free to the remaining two Lectures.

Call on New Jersey for More Troops—A requisition from the War Department has been received by the Governor of this State, calling for five companies of volunteers, to be raised immediately, and to serve as Infantry during the war. Each company is to consist of 80 men, rank and file, and to have 1 Captain 1 First and 2 Second Lieutenants, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals and 2 Musicians.

These companies are to constitute a battalion under the command of a Major or Lieut. Colonel to be appointed by the Governor.

Trenton is to be the place of general rendezvous, and as a sufficient number of men volunteer to form a company, they will be mustered into the service by the U. S. officer and sent to Mexico.—*Trenton State Gaz.*

Our neighbors in Hanover are sorely afflicted with one of the greatest nuisances of the day, which is sheep-killing dogs. Since Town Meeting about 90 of the most choice sheep in the vicinity of Troy have been killed by them, and by a notice in another part of the paper, the farmers are determined to submit to it no longer. We are informed the amount assessed last season for the destruction of sheep in that township was about $500—an amount greater than the value of all the dogs in the county, whilst the dog tax was but about $80! Until our Legislature will pass a Law authorizing dogs to be killed when running at large between sunset and sunrise, there can be no safety for the flocks of the farmers.—*Jerseyman.*

Moses Y. Beach, Esq is not a prisoner on parole, in the city of Mexico, as is reported in many of our exchanges.—*Sun.*

Look Out—New and dangerous counterfeits on the Jefferson county, Watertown, Bank have appeared. They are of the $5 denomination and well calculated to deceive.

Five dollar bills of a broken bank, altered to Thomaston Bank, Me are in circulation. They are well done and liable to deceive.

DR. SHERMAN'S ALOSAURIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

From the Red River Monitor, April, 1846.

This medicine, prepared by a long experienced and skillful physician, tested and approved by a great number of intelligent, discriminating and respectable persons in various parts of the country is now received and used with entire confidence and with great success by those afflicted with pulmonary complaints. It is also recommended as a valuable medicine for other diseases, such as colds, coughs, and particularly diseases whose tendency is to consumption. Should it efficacy continue as it has thus far been proved in various obstinate cases, it will indeed be a most invaluable medicine.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

From the Bay State Democrat, Boston, Nov. 4, 1844.

Remedies.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers of the present time, that we should have shrunk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly convinced, from our own personal knowledge, of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak, and we speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious state of health. A cough had settled in her lungs; her form seemed wasting away; she was obliged to abandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

We tell it but a single case, but it is one, at least in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRANE.

NOTICE.

An adjourned meeting of the National Reformers of Plainfield and vicinity will meet at John Ayers' Hotel on Thursday evening, April 29th, 1847. An Address will be given by one of the members on that occasion. The public are invited to attend.

L. E. GRANS, Sec'y.

Grief, Fright, Much intense Study, Great Excitement.—☞ These may be the occasion by the strong impression they have upon the moral, may seriously effect the bodily functions. How few persons are there who consider that the action of these upon the humors is the occasion of their becoming corrupt, or of exciting the principle that occasions their corruption! But so it is. And the application to Brandreth's Pills under these circumstances will be productive of more benefit than all the nervous remedies in the world. Practical facts prove it.

Eastern Farmer.

People who are affected wite chronic sickness, and those crippled, firmly believe that their painful situation, after a fall, or a blow received, or a bad wound, or after having strained themselves, is only and simply the result of the action of these external causes. Let me tell these people that the majority of these cases would have cured had they resorted to Brandreth's Pills. In proof of this, we find a number of persons injured, much in the same manner: the same applications cure some, while others receive no benefit. These latter had that within themselves, which being roused into action by the accident, aggravated the cause of their sufferings. By purging with Brandreth's Pills their bodies will be placed upon a par with those whose humors were in a better condition.

A Case in Corroboration.

A gentleman walking one day at a pretty quick step put his foot upon a piece of orange peel, and fell heavily on his left side. His ancle and hand being extended, had to bear the whole weight of his body. His wrist proved a moment after exceedingly painful. This painful sensation in a little, while abated, but soon returned more acute than ever, penetrating to the centre of the system. The gentleman understood the method of curing disease and pain, by abstracting its cause out of the body, and recollected the case of a barrister or porter, whom had cured of a strain in his back, by lifting a trunk some fifty pounds in weight. The man described the pain as a tearing of his kidnies. He was unable to move and was, with difficulty, put to bed. The least touch, the smallest motion, threw him into the greatest agony. The opinion of all present was that the man had badly strained his back, and that alone was the cause of his painful situation.—My friend was of the contrary opinion. He represented that many a time the patient had lifted burthens more weighty, and that the lifting fifty pounds could not be the cause of his extreme pain, that this was surely occasioned by the corruption of the humors on the part where the pain was felt. He had been before affected by rheumatic pain. At length he consented to take ten of

Brandreth's Pills.

The same day he was greatly relieved, and by taking them for a week was quite cured. Now to return to my friend's case, who made this observation: if the pain he was now in was the result of the fall, that pain would not have ceased; but it had, and therefore it must be from some secondary cause. The fall may be considered the first cause, which into acted upon the impure or corrupt humors, which is the secondary cause of the pain. The shock roused, so to speak, these humors into action, which settled upon the place where the injury was sustained most. He therefore went to work to battle the internal cause of disease; and it was four days before he found the pain cease, and took in that time ten Pills a day. At length on the fourth day he evacuated a quantity of highly putrid and corrupting humors, and was immediately well. Suppose he had been bled or leeched, and trusted to topical applications; he would have fixed the flux of the humors on the part and perhaps had a lame arm for life. I have known many similar cases to end so, to doubt it for a moment.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

New York Prices Current, April 24, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	7,50 to 8,00
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 5,12
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,70 4,80
Grass—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,75
Rye,	92 to ,94
Corn,	,90 to ,96
Oats, Jersey,	45 to 50

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

James Leonard, $2,00; Randolph Dunham, 1,50; E. W. Runyon, 1,05; Daniel Shotwell, 1,00; Jackson Pound, ,92; C. M. Allyn, ,50.

Remedies.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers of the present time, that we should have shrunk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly convinced, from our own personal knowledge, of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak, and we speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious state of health. A cough had settled in her lungs; her form seemed wasting away; she was obliged to abandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

We tell it but a single case, but it is one, at least in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

In Morristown, 19th inst. by Rev. Mr. Thompson, Mr. Ira Pruden, of Plainfield, to Miss Phebe, daughter of Simeon Cory, of the former place.

At Martinville, Somerset co. on the 14th inst. by Rev. Mr. Chambers, of Somerville, Mr. Aaron C. Martin to Mrs. Sarah Ann Rockafellow, both of the former place.

In Springfield, 22d inst. Doctor W. Reeve, to Susan C. daughter of Aaron Dean, all of Springfield.

On the 18th inst. Wm. Wilkson, of Newark, to Mary S. Reeve, of Springfield.

DIED.

In this place, on Wednesday last, of Pulmonary consumption, Sylvester W. Ayres, A. B. a graduate of Rutgers' College, and a student of medicine, aged 23 years.

In this place, very suddenly, on the 20th inst. Charles Winner, tobacconist, recently from New York, aged about 33 years, leaving a wife and 2 children.

At Greenbrook, very suddenly, yesterday morning, 26th inst. Henrietta, wife of Abm. Smalley, aged about 35 years.

In Athens, Ohio, of pulmonary consumption, Samuel Force, formerly of Rahway, aged 53

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the subscriber on Note or Book Account, bond and Mortgage, or any other claim whatsoever, are requested to present them within 30 days—and all dues will be thankfully received within that time.

April 24, 1847. LEWIS M. FORCE.

One CENT Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 8th inst. ANDREW TAYNOR, an indented Apprentice to the Farming Business—about 16 years of age, common size. This is to forbid all persons harboring, trusting or employing said Boy under penalty of the law and I will pay no debts of his contracting.

DANIEL SHOTWELL.

Plainfield township, April 24, 1847.—3w*

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Agua in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe forms of the different Disease above named,—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives the right to call on those *AFFICTED* to exhort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON,*

Fever Sores.—The following letter has just been received by the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the State of Indiana. Ulcer, or Fever Sores, while prevailing has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure

Pinesbridge, June 12, 1845.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called Fever sore on my leg. I can ascribe the cause to you all I have endured for the above period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half that time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by different Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded me any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I have been under using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once. Most Respectfully yours,

OWEN O'LAVIN.

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

☞ The following is selected out of a vast amount of testimony, showing the great value of Hunt's Liniment in cases of Rheumatism:

To Gen. E. Stanton, Esq.—Sir—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism for upwards of five years in my ancle and feet, and so painful at times that I could not walk, and had to be assisted to dress and undress myself; and having been under the care of four or five different physicians, and having tried almost every remedy I could hear of, but not to much benefit, I was induced to try all hopes of ever being cured, until I heard of Hunt's Liniment; I tried one bottle of it, and found immediate relief. That is about four months ago; and can truly say I have used about one dollar's worth, and now feel almost as well as ever I did. My family as well as myself, can testify to its value; and I would advise all who are afflicted with pain or aches to use Hunt's Liniment. Yours, &c. HENRY L. BUCKHOUT.

Sing Sing, Sept. 5, 1844.

☞ A lady who has suffered with a Lame back for many years, was entirely restored to health after using one bottle of Hunt's Liniment.

Mount Pleasant, March 31, 1845.

Mr. Stanton—Sir—It is with pleasure that I am able to give my evidence in favor of your invaluable remedy. My wife has for many years been troubled with a severe pain in her back, every thing that could be thought of was tried, but nothing seemed to have any effect upon her. Some weeks since, I bought a bottle of Hunt's Liniment, and have applied it thoroughly, and to my great joy, my wife is now as well as ever she was. Yours, &c. AND. LEW LEWIS.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142. Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Crane, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—R. Van Boskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Bates, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Force, James Cree.

Rahway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Wilson.

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pidrson,

Scotch Plains. Joseph M. Osbon

Milville, James Green.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellville—Freeman & Son

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Congar, Crane, Sanford & Wilie

C. D. Harrison.—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. 1y

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and intends keeping a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES* consisting of

Gents' Fine Calf Boots—Do. double sole do.

Do. Kip and pegged Boots

Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,

Boy's Boots and shoes Fine and coarse.

Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters

Morocco Buskins, single and double soles

Black and colored Gaiter Buskins.

Misses and children's Black and colored Morocco shoes —Pull and Button Gaiters.

Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Wednesday, 28th inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M. at the residence of the subscriber, Lumber of all kinds, such as frame timber, Fencing, Scantling, Posts, railing, lath, sheet posts, turned street posts, 3000 feet of White oak, Hickory, Ash and bridge Plank; Black walnut Plank and boards, and butternut plank. 2 buggy Wagons, 1 seat do. 2 set of Harness, 2 plank sleds, 2 horse carriage rigging, 1 harrow, 1 corn harrow, 1 saddle and bridle, 2 tons of Hay, 1 Cow, 1 Yearling, 1 Shoat, some Household and Kitchen Furniture, a lot of Firewood, a lot of Old Iron, and many articles not enumerated

LEWIS M. FORCE.

April 20, 1847. ELIZUR V. MOFFIT, Auctioneer.

Customers are requested to call and get their Lumber as soon as convenient, as the business is about to change hands.

A CARD.

MRS. SARAH BROWN would respectfully inform the Ladies of Plainfield and the surrounding country that she intends to open a Silk and Straw Millinery Store on the 20th inst. in Main street, opposite Mr. Prudden's Store. She will avail herself of every opportunity afforded her for selecting the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

Plainfield, April 12, 1847.

Two Houses to Rent. Enquire of

WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3 4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, 5 P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by way of Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 5 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M Boat.

FARE	
From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents
Boundbrook, "	62 1-2
Plainfield, "	50
Westfield, "	50
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R.	87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City, "	68 3-4
Plainfield, "	56 1-4
Westfield, "	50

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, and Mauch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Groth Branch, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indellible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink. Also Black Prussian Cement Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State. Just Received by

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressed and painful menstruation; and in every case, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N. J

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call June 30. PRUDEN'S

BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN. Dec. 7, 1846.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mouseline de Laine Chosen Patterns and very cheap by J. BULLMAN. Sept. 29, 1845.

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others who are in want of Feathers, that he has received a Large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell low for Cash.* D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Skin, a real skin purifier; also excellent for shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by

M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.

Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of

McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.

See Advertisement in another column.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHERIAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds. For sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Ginghams, a good assortment.

Prints, New and Fast Colors, Cashmeres, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed.

Diapers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

3 4 4 4 Carpet Warp, best quality,

Nankeens, Gambroons and Cottonades.

Linen Striped and Plaids for Summer wear.

Flocks, Cassimeres of every description a good assortment.

Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades, one of the cheapest, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which will be low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes

China, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13-1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and from long close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

April 6, 1847. I. NEWMING.
D. LENOX.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 89 Nassau-street, Tribune Building

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including a superb Brilliant Transparent Window Shade, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of Transparent Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent less than any other house in the trade. Trimmings of manufacturers' prices. Signs, Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.* BARTON & ORMSBEE.

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Best Merrimack Prints, at the a yard, just received by

March 1, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a *Large* Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, in which he Holy Writ doth He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that He had performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great head was wanting to complete the whole and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ranking as God He gave unto man an angel, in a woman's form to dwell with him, to be his help mate, pure and beautiful, for as the morning light, pleasing and lovely as the inhabitant of Paradise. Amidst this scene the Serpent entered, the woman was deceived, the serpent triumphed, and these holy beings left the place. From that hour the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty brought forth thorns and nettles and brambles, and these only being the fruits of its soil. Sickness, sadness and disfigured views, with Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sallowness, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rash, Salt Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assumed the place where beauty alone should dwell. Ages upon ages have passed away by, and still an apprehension of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair sex of this world until lately has taken place. But now, thanks to the secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Eradicator, Jaynes's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those annoyances which so disfigure the surface, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all blotches, and blemishes.

Chapped Flesh, Bleeding Lips, Rough, Cracked, and Discolored Skin, will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen! for *SHAVING* this soap is excellent; it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, at 91 Nassau st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will have a large and fine stock on hand number not to exceed 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late Malacetoon,	Rare Ripes
Late Rare Ripes	Morris White
Melocoton Free Stone	Early Waters,
Honest Johns	Alburgs.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 12 1-2 cts. per yard.

ALSO

Alpacas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

IRA PRUDEN,

Is constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 20, 1845.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzorines, Lawns, and Barages,
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses,
Gingham Lawns, purple and fancy plaid, silk and white do
Plain and Figured Lustres, Striped and Figured,
Cashmeres and Paris Greps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored, with wards.
Mousselines, French, English and Scotch,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Earlston Gingham, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhi a, 27, 30 and 32 inches wide,
Bonnets,
Gro de Naples make width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets
Blenched and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, French and English Prints in great variety,
Both Domets, of various grades, from 8c. 9d. to 8c. yd.
Sheeting and shirting, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and double width
Shawls; Balzarine, M'de Laine, Broche, and Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and
Fashionable
Articles of the best quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton do,
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cheese Cloths, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas
and Long shawls, [for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, plain and colored, with Tassels, &c.
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of
Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Black Satins, Figured Satins Velvets, &c.
Satinets of every variety; also Benvertines & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys,
and
Washington Steipes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, sheet and tongs, bellows, and razors, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847 [illegible]

Standard of Weights and Measures

SECOND NOTICE.—As there are many persons who have not brought to the Clerk of the County of Essex their weights and measures, they are hereby notified that the imperial fees allowed by law for sealing will not be changed during the present month of April, if the weights and measures are brought to the Clerk on any Friday of the month;—at the expiration of which time, a penalty is imposed on persons selling by any other than sealed weight and measures, and also the law, not to sell less than 1 dollar for each offence. J. P. JACKSON, Clerk.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, as appears by the petition lodged and filed in the Court thereupon Order and Direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit the claim and demands against said Deceased, to exhibit the claim and demands against said estate, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day.

March 29, 1847, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the said county of Essex for the space of two months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the said county, where said Deceased lived.

By the Court,
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpet of eight different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULMAN.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some below as $1 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia,
Sept. 13, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application will forever prevent the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1844.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, Silks, &c. without injury.
East India Dooley's Cordial—Essences,
Indellible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Hamman's Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Seven gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1,00 —Expectorant, 1,00—Alterative, 1,00—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminitive Balsam, 2s.—Sanative Pills, 50—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.

Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Corn Tooth Paste, 25.
Mandrake Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been accepted, that constitute a teacher of Commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community generally. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAMON and ALLYN

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to give it strength for any ordinary occupation. The prepara it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sentences are substantially declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2,50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stenography, and Natural Philosophy, $4,00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5,00; we possitively assert to any person, that we will qualify himself in a few months in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4,00.

Dictations, Exercises and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL HOW TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto UNKNOWN in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Dr. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st; also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red paint.

The genuine only also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at his old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Gingers of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained else where, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for Blacksmithing, printing, shoemaking, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, are called upon to render the same, when they are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts. Nor whom convenience would like to see him, and will also receive in potatoes, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after not to be under the necessity of being so indebted to a cash business, and nothing else is in any way.

N. B. J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

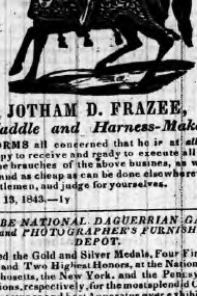
Dec. 25, 1846.—1y

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield, N. J.

And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try me gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1843.—1

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHIC PHEN'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, Boston, Saratoga, and Philadelphia. Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

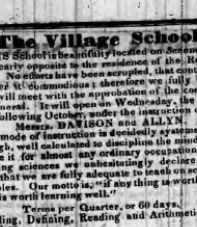
Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3,50 for sale at June 20. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Gridules, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.



THE preceding figure is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION of the insensible perspiration from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows unarrrested when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It throws off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scriptures is, "In the blood is life." If it becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or infected, is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. This is done by the following simple internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, Scarse the Hydropathic shrouds in linen blankets, the Homeopathist deals out infinitesimals, the Allopathist bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills. Now, here is an idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock ascertained that five-eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed off in this manner. Of this we will drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh supply. To check this operation, is to check the system five eighths of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a due attention from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let us see what every candid person of plain course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, after they are closed.—Would you give physic to UNSTOP the pores. On the world you apply something that would drive it on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know of no physician who makes any external application to affect it. Under these circumstances I recommend to physicians, as well as others, McAllister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around old sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, pimples or wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle into healthy functions.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease on the human frame but what it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger, and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven, that I have not lost one single case but it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and they all say it is the most valuable and universal voice—saying "McAllister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told it is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I can see hundreds and thousands of living proofs.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing and which had it regularly every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Heainess and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other of these is accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint, Kidney Affections, Ague, Fever, Bronchitis, Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chief diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, chapped hands, Tumors Corns, Eruptions, Nervousness or Debility the Spine there is no liability in any medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world!

Pimples, Blotches, Masculine Skin, Gross Skin &c.—Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face is free from any matter that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth as child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. for they can be cast to destroy life. Most worms will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every vantage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the exculsion of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are no cure to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the functions of Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of fifteen or twenty doctors. One man told us he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any result when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Occasional use of the Ointment will always keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of flesh—so long as disease and sickness is known—just so long will this Ointment be used and recommend. When man ceases from off the earth, then the disease and will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the constituted courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.
M. F. CUSHING, and PIATT DEAKE

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and begs leave to say that he is now prepared to meet the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has just returned from the city and opened on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpacca, Calico, Muslins Bleached and unbleached, diapers, towelling, napkins, Americ, French, English and Scotch Prints, stripes, cambrooms, of different qualities and colors—Cassimeres, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, canton flannel, canvass, cotton batting, wadding, Linen batts, Hose and Half, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, buffit or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or in corns, cloves, cinnamon, mace, nutmegs, Jamaic rum, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Saleratis, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, Wooden ware of all kinds, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea setts plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do dishes, plates and Cups and Saucers generally.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment;

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, slates, scissors, every comb, horse cards, scythes and rifles, wire, nails from No 4 to 20's and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing the Store and Shop, so as to be more able to do corner sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, I set new double harness, I set new brass mounted single harness, I family pleasure wagon, I second hand buggy, which will be sold or Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the most terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable styles. A Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the above store, which will be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1845.

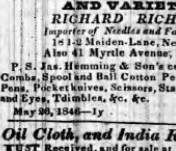
Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*

Just Opened by WEBSTER & MARSH.
June 14, 1845.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S

Stove & Tin Establishment.



GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Copper-Bottoms, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
181-2 Maiden-Lane, New York.
Also at 61 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tidmbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,
JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive, for Bowel Complaint.
Also, Steeling's Worm Medicine,—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 10, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,
THE GREAT AMERICAN
INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNBOUNDED AND TRIUMPHANT success which has resulted from the use of this *Great Healing and Purifying* medicine, in the cure of *Colds, Coughs, Influenza,* and *Consumption,* warrants the assertion, that it is the most healing compound in the world, for any form or stage of *Consumption*—the worst and most *hopeless cases.*

Many *Physicians,* say that the human lungs when once diseased cannot recover, but the testimony of hundreds and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be relied on. *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured many *apparently hopeless cases of bleeding at the lungs,* and even as were called *Consumption* by the most skilful Physicians, some of the most strongly marked and indisputable cases of ulcerated lungs—and diseases as many pronounced incurable, have been cured by

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it a certain virtues which no other remedy possesses. It also possesses all the necessary qualities for facilitating expectoration soothing and removing pain, and allaying cough, that other cough medicines have. This, when, by its use, the lungs are healed, this absorbent, its power of equalizing the circulation and restoring its qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, of healing ulcers, (a wasting cough,) it heals and cures ulcers in the lungs, as certainly as it ever failed to heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract.

is a preparation of this great *Indian* remedy, which is similar in medical virtue to the Pulmonary Balsam, in all its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not possessing the same healing and nervine qualities, which, are only essentially necessary in *Lung* remedies—and it is also a STRONGER and more active *purifyer* of the blood, which, it will *certainly* purify without a shadow of a doubt, in every case, however, where a fair trial is made. We *warrant* and guarantee that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses four times more power to purify the blood and diseases than a bottle of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues,

IT CURES SCROFULA!

without failing in any instance, and also, many other chronic diseases, which are caused by a vitiated state in the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Erysipelas, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Boils, Nursing Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Sores, Copperas, Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases.* And ALL OTHERS cases—of *constitutional* or secondary diseases of the blood. It also by equalizing the circulation and secretions *has proved to be a specific* in curing all debilitated weakness and other derangements *incidental to females.*

These valuable medicines are compounded and prepared *exclusively* from *vegetable substances.* And the wonderful efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and sexual affection of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience for ages. And can be confidently recommended to any of the many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many names of well known and respectable persons who have used this medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates of its virtues and cures of them, and many more testimonies of every case here named and other cases can be seen at the *pamphlets. Every Agent* has a few of them. Get one, and you will be convinced if human testimony can enhance you, that the above is all *a true statement of facts.*

We refer, in the first place to persons who *have been themselves cured* by the use of the Medicine of the advertisement, and also to persons in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. His recommends it highly, having been cured of a bad case of Scrofula in the face, which baffled all skill, and having witnessed its good effects in many other cases.

Mr. Jonathan Deming, Ballston Spa N. Y. who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mr. Gilman Dickey, a farmer and wool merchant, Ellis, Herkimer Co. N. Y. Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. J. Townsend, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Incipient Consumption.

Mr. Peter Thacher, 23 Thacher, 23 Herbstet., N. Y. Consumption of several years.

Mr. R. Cannon, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long sickness of Bronchitis.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. R. N. Simpson, Jobbing Merchant, 22 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. N. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Elias Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles

Mrs. Sarah Barlow, Ballston Spa, N. Y., Salt Rheum of 15 years, in the face, neck and breast.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following respectable persons who are known to have since stated that they have seen the happy results of the use of the *Indian Remedy* in curing cases similar to theirs, of such complaints and diseases, as are described in connection with their name. We refer again thereto, to such proof, to

Mr. C. S. Van Tyckes, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. W. J. Skelton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. D. Banning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Adams Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption, Fever Sore and Scrofula.

Dea. Jos. Bement, 132 Henry st. Brooklyn. N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Dea. Salmon Skinner, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas of the legs, which had baffled the skill of many Doctors.

Dea. T. M. Hunt Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Eruptions and a case of Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Silas Smith, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Eruptions of long standing on his son.

Mr. S. J. Stryker, Mercnant 22 John st. N. Y. suggested eruption on his child, which a celebrated Surgeon had pronounced incurable.

Dect. George Francis, Druggist, Middletown, Conn. Erysipelas of the Eyes.

Mr. Wm. B. Harris, Sheriff of Saratoga Co. N. Y. his wife cured of Consumption.

Mr. John Wait, Merchant, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Consumption.

Mr. H. Chapman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of a long and distressing sickness, which terminated in Consumption—Cure of *Consumption* in another man, and also a lady. *all of whom* the best physicians had given up as incurable.

Mr. Wm. Hall, Merchant, *Mr. Howell, R. D. Howell*, and *Wm. McLaughlin*, Gentlemen well known at Rochester City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We would thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, from whom we have received certificates and statements, but these be not sufficient to prove all we have said respecting the healing and purifying virtues of this Great *Indian Remedy*, then thousands of our references would be equally as unanswerable.

Agents for the following Agents:

Plainfield, Dept. L. Crane,
Scotch Plains, J. M. Osbon,
New-Market, Israel R. Cotrell,
Metuchin, J. J. Clark,
Boundbrook, Joseph Rose,
Bakersridge, D. W. Doty,
Elizabethtown, A. Disco,
Rahway, C. C. Watson,
Millington, Andrew Bowlley.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XL.—No. 17. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1847. Whole number 537.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid until the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be collected. These terms will be strictly charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines is a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

COON'S GERMAN SALVE, and Vegetable Pain Extractor, or Universal Vegetable Plaster.

It is used as a salve, a strengthening plaster, and as a poultice, as the following certificates will testify; and will also show that [in the language of a celebrated physician] the medical world is challenged to produce an article that will more speedily relieve pain, and finally cure wounds of any description, than the above named salve. Burns & Scalds, Inflamation of the eyes, Tetter or Tourin, bites of dogs or other poisonous animals, Biles, Carbuncles, and Felons, Piles, Fistula in Dubjesse of the legs, Soreness of joints, weakness or pain in the back, side, or stomach, obstructions of liver, cough arising from irritation of Throat or lungs, Frost bites, Chilblains, Croup, Inflammation or agent in the breast, Spasms of the heart and wounds of any kind &c. &c. As a proof of what is stated above read the appended certificate

PAIN AND WEAKNESS CURED.

This may certify that my wife has been for years, afflicted with weakness and pain in the Back and Side. After trying the various prescriptions of our most eminent Physician and using many patent remedies of the day without any sensible benefit, she was induced by a friend to make use of Coon's Vegetable Pain Extractor, which to our surprise soon relieved the pain and her strength soon regained. We therefore think it has afforded relief and will cure any disease named purporting to be such, and we do not hesitate to recommend it to the afflicted as being worthy of their confidence.

Dec. 15, 1846.—1y NEW YORK.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. C. Bedell will attend to dentistry professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, and Fridays.—and at his office in Rahway No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may call at his office during a time as above mentioned or a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or notice may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due form.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. P. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835, by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side, Pain in the Breast, Pleurisy, Inflammation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat & Breast. Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases,

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and tenderness in the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but finally grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it till now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am restored, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be put [illegible] off on the public, they would find it one of the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. ISAIAH REICE THOMAS,

In 13th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, in healing the diseases of the throat and lungs, Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy would be named which has so short a space of time attained such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this truly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, be careful of your colds, and not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and lend to show its amazing properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever invented for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Bear what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this wonderful remedy:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold should be cured in, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the citadel of life, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, until it is too late to counteract its potent influence, because the employment of the means required, is often neglected or cannot always be afforded. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time potent in its beneficial effects, with the afflicted, is a public benefactor. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician. His Compound syrup of Wild Cherry is just the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the like diseases. This valuable medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth, and Race streets, and the populating of the Remedy has extended to every part of the city, towns and principal villages in the United States.

Its truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of each doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred such unqualified as boundless a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. No unfavorable are its merits, and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of consumption—that the present season is characterized as the century have not only yielded this (to them unpalatable, fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and the number of deaths is daily upon every occasion, beside the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, but which are not worthy the name of the article, the inquiry particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

17 LIVES ADDRESSED to DR. SWAYNE PHILA. PA.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry has come to save;

Arise ye pale! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption! cast its horrors, from the windings sheet and tomb;

Let beware the base impostors who would desecrate its virtues,

By their Panegyric verses and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health,

Who sells Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth;

Who bottles Panegoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit, The Genuine Wild Cherry! Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the vaunt craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the looking parasite, to truth and justice coil Who'll hover o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That pockets boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'd tar you on the bel of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, this pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black list bear,

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy, and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and first.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came into notice, spurious imitations, under the name of an Expectorant Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that even persons might be deceived, (and it is worthless imitations rely upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Are there symptoms of decay?
Is thy constitution broken
Dripping darkness o'er thy day?
Towering high o'er imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
E'en in icy Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are worthless imitations of Dr. Swayne's, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great caution should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

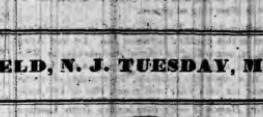
A SAFE and very effectious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every description of worms at the same time cleansing the intestinal canal from the mucus or slimy matter which forms their nests or is fed, and with it which the worms cannot exist. This convenience may be safely taken even if the worms of the child should not be occasioned by worms; and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only generate worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any deleterious substance, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. P. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.



CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Wasting of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving any benefit, they were induced to use it, and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in the following complaints which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing:

It is only sometimes from Irregular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, there fore, either to close it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by representing its virtues to be extraordinary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and "Can BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time,

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps of annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh and blooming victims to his cruel power. No walk or life is sacred from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose years and deeds prepared him for the mansions of life, calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which loses complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset of inour changeable and fickle climate? Think fellow mortals. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it value and to recommend it to favor. Its virtues are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Waft on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 20, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, with beneficial results. In two cases wherein was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure,

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, to every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS.

The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended, together with the success after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large has increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeits and contemptible imitations to exist, of similar name and appearance, for the genuine balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts, on the outside wrapper.* Counterfeits. Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st., Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 29, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It gives a brilliant light, the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with receipts for making the same, are for sale by Hubbs & Butcher, Steam and Hand Planers, in Race street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

JOHN S. EDWARDS,
Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Case or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. He has 40 cases now arriving direct from Boston. Country Merchants will please call and examine for themselves RICHARD M. CRANE.

Jan. 5, 1847. 138 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains.

HORSE LINLMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. P. CUSHING.

From the Colonization Herald.

God save the Plough.

See how the shining share
Maketh earth's bosom fair,
Crowning her brow;
Broad in its furrow springs,
Health and repose it brings,
Treasures unknown to kings—
God save the plough.

Look to the warrior's blade,
While o'er the tented glade,
Hate breathes his vow;
Strife its unsheathing wakes,
Love at its lightning quakes,
Weeping and woe it makes—
God save the plough.

Ships o'er the deep may ride,
Storms wreck their bannered pride,
Waves whelm their prow;
But the well-loaded wain
Garnereth the golden grain,
Gladdening the household train—
God save the plough.

Who are the truly great?
Minions of pomp and state,
Where the crowd bow?
Give us hard hands and free,
Culturers of field and tree,
Best friends of liberty—
God save the plough.

L. H. S.

From the National Era.

The Spirit of the Age—Abolition of Turkish Slave Markets.

The London Daily News, received by the last steam ship, contains a little paragraph, which has impressed us strongly as a very significan; indication of the spirit and temper of the age in which we live, with respect to human slavery. Apart from this view of it, however, the event which it records is, of itself, highly cheering to the heart of humanity;

"Abolition of Slave Markets in Turkey.

The Sul an has ordered the abolition of slave markets. This is the first step in that change which, in its results, will be the most important that has ever taken place in the Ottoman empiro. The Soltan has alluded publicly, in addressing his ministers, to this unhopeful order, and his Majesty's words imply that he enters fully into the humane and philanthropic sentiment of Lord Palmerston, and that all the suggestions of his lordship on this subject have finally adopted."—*Daily News.*

The slave markets of the Mussulman have been fruitful themes of execration, on the part of Christains of all lands, from the time of the Holy Alliance of England and France, in the 13.h century, against the Barbary slaveholders, to the present day. The revolting scenes of the examination, sale, separation, of the miserable beings therein herded together, like beasts that perish, have furnished material for pages of sympathy or invective in every book of Eastern travel. Yet the fact has all along been, that Mahommedan slavery was far more lenient and tolerable than that existing in christain countries. Slavery in the East owes its origin mainly to luxury; in Europe and America to avarice. The Koran recognises slavery, but enjoins upon masters the duty of kindness and consideration towards their slaves, whom they are required to regard as their brethren. The dececoies of Turkish life forbid the selling of slaves, when once they have given birth to a child which is the fruit of a union permitted by the master; or, after any lengthened period of service after the master's death. Manumission is common; it is regarded as an act of piety. The unmuinted negro encounters no christain prejudices against his color; on account of his former condition, he finds no distinction unfavorable to him, in any society he has means of access to. The Mahomedan religion tolerates no distinctions of rank or color in the worship of God: the Mosque has no negro pew; black and white, rich and poor, kneel together on its floor; and the voices of master and servant unite in repeating, "God is God, and Mahomet is his prophet."

Yet, even this lenient form of servitude is now, it would seem, adjudged incompatible with the *general scope and tenor*, the true intent and spirit of the precepts of the Arabian prophet; for the great change which the Sultan proposes could not be carried into effect without the co-operation and cordial support of the Mufti of Constantinople, the religious head of Islam. Many of the moral precepts of the Koran are unquestionably inimical to slavery; and, in the words of Monkton Milnes, in his somewhat extravagant eulogy of the Oriental Faith, its author proclaims that

"in Allah's plan,
The men of every rank and race
Found but one bondage—man."

When Dr. Madden presented, in 1840, the address of the World's Anti-Slavery Convention to Mehemet Ali, that wily chief, with many protestations of his own desires for the abolition of slavery in his dominions, referred the English deputation to the Sheik El Islam, or Mufti of Constantinople. It was a difficult question, he said, to settle in Egypt, as it was one of law, and the proper tribunal was at Stamboul; and not Alexandria. It will be remembered that the Dey of Algiers made the same appeal to Constantinople when pressed by Lord Exmouth to acknowledge the European law in respect to prisoners of war. The British Government have undoubtedly profited by this pretended scruple of Mehemet Ali, and directing their anti-slavery diplo macy to the head of Islamism, at the court of Stamboul, have obtained from the Porte a formal condemnation of the trade of human beings, and the buying and holding of stolen men, duly sanctioned by the Mufti.

Tunis, one of the most ancient and considerable slave markets on the Barbery coast—the terror and abhorrence of Christendom for many centuries, against which the fleets of England, France, Genoa, and Venice, combined in the fourteenth century, and whose territory was the theatre of the romantic invasion of our country-man, Gen. Eaton—it is well known is now a free State; unpolluted with slave marts or slavery. Little did the bold American adventurer who, at the beginning of the present century, led his liberating army across the desert, storming the battlements of Derne, and repulsing with his hundreds the thousands of the Bey of Tunis, and proclaiming freedom to the slave wherever he planted the American standard, dream that a lapse of forty years would show Tunis a free State; her slave marts destroyed; her boodomen, of all climes and colors, rejoicing in freedom, not enforced at the cannon's mouth, but the voluntary gift of a successor of the slave-trading monarch against whom he was then contending for the release of his captive countrymen; her soil sacred from the footprint of a slave; her flag floating over decks trodden only by freemen; while the close of the same period would witness his own land of Christianity and Republicanism tilled by three millions of slaves, and traversed by slave gangs; her flag floating, not as it did over Derne, a signal of hope to be enslaved, but flapping over cargoes of human flesh, from the mast of the domestic slave trader; her very capital city, the home and hearth of her honor and glory, a market for the sale of men, and women, and children, a rival of Tunis herself a century ago.

While we rejoice at this good news from the East, painful questions present themselves to our mind. What can be said of a Republic whose which employs all its resources for the extension and perpetuation of slavery, in preference to a despotism which abolishes that curse? What of a Christianity which regards slavery as a relation compatable with the doctrines of the Master it professes to honor, when even Mahommedans are abolishing it, to use the words of the Bey of Tunis, "for the glory of God, and to distinguish man from the brute creation?" What is the Koran in the hands of the Mufti of Constantinople and the priests of El Azhar of Cairo is made the instrument of freedom and humanity, shall the Bible, in the hands of Bishops, and Evangelican Alliances, and General Assemblies, enslave the world? Let all honest believers in the truths of Christianity and republicanism ponder these things.

J. G. W.

Anecdote of Luther Martin.

We learned an anecdote of this distinguished lawyer a few days ago, which we do not remember to have met with in print, and which is certainly too good to be lost. As the reporters say "Martin was on one occasion riding to Annapolis in a stage coach, in which was a solitary companion, a young gentleman just commencing the practice of law. After some familier conversation, the young gentleman said,

"Sir, you have been remarkably successful in your profession; few men have gained so many cases; will you be good enough to communicate to me, at the beginning, the secret of your success?"

"I'll do it, young man, on one condition; and that is you defray my expenses during my stay of a few days at Annapolis.

Willingly," replied the young man, hoping to profit greatly by the communication.

"The secret of my success," said Martin, "may be discovered in this advice, which I now give you, namely, Be sure to have a good witness for every case you desire to secure."

On their arriving at Annapolis, Luther Martin was not very self-composing in the enjoyments presented by a fine hotel; the sub-tantials and general refreshments were dispatched in manner quite gratifying to "mine host" The time for return at length came. The young man and Martin stood together at the bar, and demanded their respective bills.

Martin's was enormous, but on glancing at it, he quietly handed it to the young lawyer, who running his eye over it leisurely, returned it with the utmost gravity.

"Don't you mean to pay it?" said Martin.

"Pay what?" said the young lawyer.

"Why, pay this bill. Did you not say, on the route downward, that you would defray the charge?"

"My dear sir," said the young gentleman, "have you a good witness to prove what you demand in this case."

Martin a once saw the he was caught, and eyeing his young friend a moment or two, he said pleasantly—"You don't need any counsel from me, young man, you don't need any counsel from me."—Methodist Protestant.

Jersey Yankees—The shrewdness of the Jersey Yankees a proverbial all over the world; and it has been generally conceded that they excel "travel" in almost any society in the world the other day, a discussion between the East and West, as to Jersey Yankees, Mr. Haisted in his argument before the Chancellor, on the injunction case, referring to some transactions by gentlemen concerned in the Transportation Company, said he had always understood that Jersey Yankees, of all other Yankees, manifested the greatest cunning; but that it was generally admitted that a Newark Yankee could beat Old Satan himself.—*Trenton State Gazette.*

The Great Ship Canal.

One magnificent result of the successful prosecution of the war with Mexico will be throwing open to the commerce of the world the isthmus near 16° north latitude between Guatzacoalcos and Tehuantepec, where the Atlantic and Pacific oceans are only separated by a distance of 60 miles, which can be passed either by a railroad or a ship canal. A canal would be preferable, as it would do away with the expense and delay of a transhipment which a railroad would render necessary. The difference between the level of the two oceans on the east and west sides of the isthmus is very trifling. This passage once opened, it would save our merchant ships a boisterous and dangerous passage of 8000 miles round Cape Horn to reach our east ports on the Pacific. It would place New Orleans within four days, instead of (as at present) four months, sail of the Pacific, within about two weeks' sail of California and Oregon, and it would shorten the voyage from New York to China from six to about one and a half-month. This short ship canal of about 60 miles in length, would, at infinitely less expense, produce far greater benefit to commerce than the projected railroad of Whitney, of 3000 miles in length—as transportation upon such a road would be much more expensive than carriage by water through the Mexican isthmus.

This trifling barrier between the two oceans, which has cost the merchant ships of the whole world so many million of unnecessary voyaging, would have been cut through long since had it been in the possession of a civilized nation, but Mexico has always interposed obstacles in the way of this mighty and beneficent enterprise.—Thanks to the energy of our government those obstacles are now removed, and all nations will henceforward be able to avail themselves of this short cut or transit to the Pacific, and its commercial riches. It is an enterprise which concerns the whole world, and France and England would readily unite in defraying the expense of completing a connection between the two oceans, for the sake of the advantage. it would give to their respective commercial marines. The command of this important passway of nations should never be restored to a semi-barbarous country like Mexico. It is now in our possession, and our permanent occupation of it will constitute one of the most splendid, and at the same time useful, results of the war—the benefit of which will not be selfishly restricted to any one nation, but extended to the whole commerce of world.—*Hartford Times.*

Profits of Farming.

At an agricultural meeting in Massachusetts, recently, some remarks were made by Mr. Colman, of Springfield, on the profits of farming as compared with other employments. The conclusion arrived at was that farmers, on the average, succeed better than merchants; that if, by way of experiment, one hundred men should go into a city and trade, and one hundred go to farming, at the end of twenty years the one hundred farmers would be worth the most money.—Mr. Calhoun referred to some facts, statistical and others, to show the risks of mercantile business, and added, with regard to agriculture:

Here is a foundation that may be built on with more certainty than any other. Yet young men are rushing into cities to make their fortunes.—It is all important that the facts which have been here stated, now and at former meetings, should be impressed on young minds. Mr. Brooks says 15 per cent. may be made on capital by assy diligent and systemaic farmer. The Hon. John Lowell said 18 per cent. All this may be done by farming intelligently. He had wondered that farmers generally could get along so well as they actually do in their careless mode of farming. For himself, he had regained his own health by farming. The fresh open air had restored him. He repeated his pleasure on hearing the numerous statements of the profits that may be made in this business. One more consideration should have much weight. It had been truly said by his venerable friend from Framingham, Maj. Wheeler, that this business naturally leads the mind to contemplation, and to gratitude to the Ruler of the Universe, to whom farmers feel obliged to look for a bles-ing on their labors No occupation so directly leads the mind to reflection on the works of creation. All that we eat, drink and wear comes from the ground. In every view this occupation is important.

If the profits of farming in New England can be made as low as 10 per cent. the advantages of our soil and climate ought to enable the farmers of this state to realize a still hig er rate.

Fall of Clark's Flour Mill.—The 4th floor of the large flouring mill at Hackettstown, Warren co., belonging to Mr. Clark, gave way last Tuesday, under the pressure of a heavy weight of kiln dried corn meal, producing serious and fatal consequences. The previous cracking of the timbers had caused apprehensions, and the proprietor with some friends, was engaged in propping the floor, when a section of some 15 feet gave way. Peter Rice, a respectable citizen of the place, was caught by the crushing mass and buried being found dead under some ten feet of meal. Mr. Clark and others, who were by his side, were more or less injured. Mr. Osborn succeeded in jumping over the lower half of a door out of the mill, and manfully seized an old man (Mr. Dagsport) whose crippled limbs would not serve him, and held on to him over the door, as the floor gave way, until relieved by help.

An Illustrative Anecdote.—A school committee recently visited a district school in Hartford Co. Conn., to witness the proficiency made by scholars:—

"During the recitations, a grammar class were agressing from Pollock's Course of Time." Upon which the teacher asked the committee if any of them would have Pollock. None declined. After the school was dismissed, he said she should have taken the Pollock, but he did not like to set it before so many girls!"

This story is from the Courant, which further gives us to understand that the man was elected simply because he "belonged to the party."—There are "plenty more of the same sort," and Connecticut has no monopoly.

A fault once denied is twice committed.

The new Tariff for Mexico exempts imports from our ports. The duties are partly specific and in part ad valorem, the latter ranging from a low rate so as high as forty per cent; the whole averaging about one fourth of the rates of the Mexican tariff. Copies of this tariff, and the announcement of the opening of the ports, went to Europe by the steamer of the 1st inst. And within 60 days, there will be a fleet of vessels at Vera Cruz, with goods and various supplies for the mining companies and merchants, and for the country generally.

It is said there are at Havana 3 millions of worth of goods accumulated for that market and we see it estimated that some 30 millions of our own manufactures will find a market there.

Cheap Sugar—Taste before you Buy.—The N. Y. Herald contains the following. It is worthy of being read and remembered.

Sirt—I send you a sample of newly invented sugar, which has got the color and feeling of the best St. Croix. It is sent to you in order that you may caution families not to buy without examining or without tasting, as this article is now being more than half and a small quantity of molasses. It possesses the form or sugar in every way but taste. It has deceived some of the oldest judges in the city. It goes ahead of down east wooden nutmegs and grindstone bees wax. It is the latest invention.

The Gratitude of Ireland.—Papers and letters received by the Cambria show that Ireland is not ungrateful. On the contrary, the most abundant evidence comes to us that she is fully deeply feels, and fully appreciates the manifestations of sympathy on this side of the Atlantic, and this feeling is warmly expressed with all the exuberance of the Irish heart. It is due to both Giver and Receiver, that the testimonials of a nation's gratitude, should be extensively published in this country, and will give thereto the room we can spare.

The newspapers and public meetings, in London, Dublin and other places, as well as eminent individuals, cordially unite in a universal strain or thanksgiving and grateful expressions of kindred and brotherhood. The following letter from Father Mathew to Mr. Weed, of the Albany Evening Journal is a specimen of the letters and resolutions received, and doubtless speaks the general feeling of the Irish people:

Cork, 31st March, 1847.

My Dearest Friend—The magnificent humanity evinced by our beloved brethren in the States, for the suffering Irish, has inspired every heart in this island with ardent gratitue.

We shall ever regard America as our deliverer in the hour of bitter calamity. The immense supply of Indian corn, wafted into the Cove of Cork, the last few days, and the free-gift cargoes, daily expected, have had an unexpected effect on the corn market. Maize has fallen from £19 to £10 the ton. In the darkest hour of calamity we should never despair. The mercies of the Lord are above all his wondrous works. I am resolved, God willing, to leave Ireland for the States next Summer, should it shall be my constant anxious prayer, that the Lord may remove every obstacle, and allow me to indulge this darling desire of my heart.

As soon as the expected bread-stuff vessels will arrive in Cork, I shall have the pleasure of writing to you again, expressing my thanks. Presenting kindest remembrance to all my friends,

I have the honor to be,
Dear Mr. Weed, yours affectionately,
THEOBOLD MATHEW.

A despatch from Lord Palmerston, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, to Mr. Packenham, British Minister at Washington, (a copy of which was communicated by the latter to Mr. Buchanan) conveying the thanks of the British government and nation to the citizens of the United States for their liberal contributions,—breathes the same cordial and friendly spirit, and exhibits the same warm and generous feeling, as the letter of Mr. Mathew, above given.

From the Liverpool European Times, April 4th.

Revolution in Steam Propulsion.

A discovery has been perfected by Mr. S. R. Parkhurst, a gentleman of great mechanical ingenuity, which must supercede the existing modes of steam propulsion, and revolutionize the traffic by sea. This invention is secured by patent in Great Britain and all her colonies, the United States, France, and all other parts of the world.

It is not merely original, but, like most useful inventions, remarkably, nay beautifully simple. The advantages are three fold—a greatly increased rate of speed, a vastly increased power of stowage, by the reduction of the present complex machinery in the holds of steamers, and a reduced expenditure in the cost of the engine power. A number of submerged vertical propellers are to be fixed to each side of the vessel; those revolving in unison, and by the force with which they take hold of the water, and the power which this combined action gives them, must send forward the ship at a speed altogether unattainable by the present or any known system. It is assorted, by practical men, that a vessel so propelled could cross the Atlantic in nearly half the time of the best steamers now employed in ocean navigation.

This invention has undergone the scrutiny of eminent and practical men in England, by whom the most favorable opinions have been expressed of its practical character. During the past week experiments have been tried by the application of steam power to these propellers, one of which, six feet high, 30 inches diameter, was driven, by 8 h. horse power engine, 324 revolutions per minute, which a practical gentleman present stated would drive a vessel 25 miles per hour. This test has removed all doubts on the minds of those who were previously the most sceptical.

We understand that Mr. Parkhurst leaves by the Sarah Sands, on a temporary visit to America; the object we believe, is to lay his important invention before the Government, whose navy and commerce will be greatly enhanced by an invention which promises to revolutionize the whole system of navigation.

Intoxicating Liquors to the Indians.—The Secretary of War has issued regulations of a stringent character prohibiting, according to law, the introduction of intoxicating liquors among the Indian tribes. They have suffered severely in health, property and morals by the excessive use of ardent spirits, and this effort to arrest the abuse is deserving of praise.

Immigration.—The number of immigrants arrived in this country between Jan. 1st and April 24th, is, according to official documents, is 28,024, the majority of them Germans and Irish—and at a moderate estimate, the number of immigrants for this year will reach 150 or 160,000.

Mr. Bancroft—Private letters from London state that the American Minister, Mr. Bancroft, has been received with an unwonted degree of attention by the public men in England. His high reputation as a man of letters had preceded him, and a very brief intercourse had been sufficient to secure his position among the most brilliant writers and able thinkers of the age. At the Centennial Meeting of Cambridge University, Mr. Bancroft was toasted by Mr. Macauley, and his reply to the compliment was greatly admired.—*Eve. Post.*

Daring Highway Robbery.—John B. Garrison, of Hope, Warren co. a young man engaged in peddling rogue, was stopped on the north side of the Blue Mountain, on his return from Honesdale, about a quarter of a mile beyond the house of David Crane, in this county, on Saturday afternoon last, between 2 and 3, by 2 men—dragged from his wagon, and forced to deliver his pocketbook, containing $57 in bills, and several private papers. A robbery of the character in open day, is something new in the annals of our county.—*Sussex Regist r.*

From the Sandwich Islands.—The most important intelligence, up to Dec. 2d, is the following:—"Five barrels of brandy were emptied in front of the Custom House in Honolulu, in Nov. There had been an attempt to smuggle it ashore from the Hamburg brig Helene, which was compelled to pay a forfeit of $2500.

Of Age.—Chancellor Kent decided that a man becomes of age the day previous to the anniversary of his birth-day; so that a person born on April 2d attains his majority on the 1st.

A Nantucket man has been engaged for three years in training pigeons, so as to establish a pigeon express between Nantucket and the main land. He has been so successful that his line now runs regularly to Cape Poge, which is about 20 miles from the island; and one day last week the bird carried more than one letter before the mail. These birds are very strong on the wing, and there seems to be no reason why they should not realize the expectations of the proprietors.

Racing and Death on Sunday.—The New Orleans Picayune of the 29th gives an account of the death of a race rider who was killed on Sunday in the ninth heat by his horse throwing him and falling upon him.

The Picayune says his name was "Jim" and he belonged to Mr. Kirkland Harrison, who within the past for-night had purchased him expressly as a rider for the sum of $2500.

Value of Night Soil.—The city of Paris derives a revenue of nearly $200,000 per annum for the privilege of permitting certain persons to collect and use this article, from the vaults, for manure.

Chalk and Coal-Fires.—The practical utility of chalk as an art cle of fuel has been lately tested, and with the most satisfactory results. Surrounded with coal, it gives a strong heat, and a clear fire, at half the usual expense; so that to the poor in the chalk districts it must be an invaluable boon.

WHAT boy will make the following experiment?—Measure off in an old grass-field, that is not too wet, a piece of ground 10 rods one way and 16 rods the other. Dig up 160 round patches, two paces across and a rod apart from centre to centre. Plant a broad bill of pumpkins, well supplied with fine old barn-yard manure. Hoe them well through the season, and let the vines run on the grass after the hay is cut.

Why is There so Much Disease Among us?

Because, in numbers of things, we do just what by our nature we were never intended to do. For example,

1st. Man is intended to draw in fresh air every time he breathes. Almost all people, when in their shops, breathe the same air over and over again. To show the necessity of allowing fresh air continually to enter living rooms, and the bad air to escape, it may be stated that every person, during each minute of his life, destroys a quantity of air twice as large as himself.

2nd. Man ought to breathe pure air every breath. Our sewers and drains are so bad, that vapors and foul gasses rise and we breathe them

3rd. Man was intended to take exercise in the open air every day. Neither his heart, his stomach and bowels, his liver, his skin, his lungs, his kidneys, nor his brain, will act rightly, without walking exercise every day. Most of us do not get any walk, or only a very short one, which is scarcely of any use.

4th. Man is formed to take simple, plain, and wholesome food. He eats all sorts of things, which not only do him no good, but do him harm; and drinks large quantities of beer, spirits, and wine, which hurt his stomach, and take away the proper use of his brain.

5th. Man ought to wash himself all over with water every day, so as to cleanse the pores of the skin, else they get stopped up; he cannot perspire rightly, and his skin cannot breathe. The majority of people only wash their hands and faces.

6th. Man should wear clean clothes next his skin, because the body gives off bad fluids. At present, many people wear the same thing day after day for weeks together.

7th Man was intended to live in the light.—Many, very many, have scarce any light in their rooms.

8th. Man, in this climate, must wear warm clothing. Many have no flannel, and are clad with heavy and coolest things.

The Sarah Sands brought out $885,533 specie.

THE UNION

Plainfield, May 4, 1847.

Foreign.—Two days later intelligence from Europe was received by the Sarah Sands which arrived at New York on Thursday evening. In regard to trade the intelligence is rather more favorable. The last prices of our leading exports were generally well supported, and both Cotton and Corn were in demand at improving prices.

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York Cruz, April 14.

We hourly look for the intelligence of the capture of Cerro Gordo, a strong mountain fort, 22 miles this side of Jalapa. The defensive battle is expected at this point, for is the best vantage ground this side of Perote. Vera Cruz is as quiet and well governed as any city in the United States.

If the army takes any more of those beautiful brass 24's, I hope they will be sent home as trophies. There are in the town and castle nearly 100 of them. They are of splendid workmanship, and superior to any the United States has of the same calibre. They are worth about $5000 a piece, and would look extremely well in the "white settlements."

Execution—A colored man, named Kirk, a citizen of the U. S. was hung on the 10th April, at Vera Cruz, convicted of committing a rape on a Mexican woman, and theft. A large concourse of people were present, to witness the first execution under American authority, which has taken place since our occupation of the country. It will, no doubt, prove a salutary lesson to many who would destroy the safeties guaranteed to good citizens; were not such punishments sometimes inflicted.

Most of our navy have gone to Tuspan, where it is reported, Gen. Coe was with 2000 troops and 6 pieces of cannon.

Alvarado has been opened to our commerce.

The Next Congress.—Each party claims that it will have a majority in the next Congress.—87 Whigs and 68 Democrats have been elected already, and 72 members are yet to be elected, of which in the last Congress the Democrats had the majority.

The Virginia Election, it is generally supposed, has resulted in the choice of ten Democrats and five Whigs, to represent that State in the next Congress, which is a Whig gain.

The License Elections in New York have resulted almost universally in favor of Licenses.—Last year, the large majority of the towns voted against license—but we suppose a year's experience has proved its inefficiency in preventing intemperance, and they now vote in favor of license. In fact, voting against intemperance can do no great good, and in this matter, the majority cannot rule. The appetite of the drinker, and the avarice of the seller, will, we fear, ever prove too strong for the law and the public good.

Relief for Ireland.—The Purchasing and Forwarding Committee of the N. Jersey Fund have despatched another vessel the brig Wm. T. Dugan, to Ireland, loaded with the free offerings of the people of this State. The cargo, consisting mainly of provisions, is valued at $8,500 here, and when landed at Cork, will be worth near $12,000. New Jersey has done well.

Anti-Rentism has broken out again in Columbia County, N. Y. as rabid and fierce, apparently as ever. Several recent alarming outrages, have induced the Governor to offer a large reward for the apprehension of the rioters.

☞ In our last week of the officers elected at the last Warren Town Meeting, we meant, and ought to have said, all were Democrats except two or t hre.

About 4000 volunteers are en route for Mexico, and it is thought probable by the Washington Union, that in this month near 6000 troops may be placed on the banks of the Rio Grande, in addition to the large force we have now there.

Lost Woman.—Mr. Elphalet Moore, of Rahway Neck, advertises that his wife, Christiana, left home in a state of derangement, on the 20th April, and a search in every direction in that vicinity has yet proved unavailing. She had on at the time, a dark alpacca hat, dark calico dress with purple spots, black shawl mixed with red and green flowers, and a black cravat on her neck She has black eyes and dark almond colored hair. Any information of her will be very gratfully received, and reasonable expenses will be paid.

The N. J. Methodist Episcopal Conference, met this year at Salem, adjourned on the 27th of April after a session of near a week. Among the appointments, we notice the following:

Plainfield J. O. Rogers
Elizabethtown, R. B. Westbrook
Perth Amboy, A. Gilmore
Middletown Point, L. R. Dunn

Fatal Collision.—The schooner, Francis Cory of Newark, ran into the steam ferry boat, Sussex, between Jersey City and New York, on Friday afternoon. The bowsprit of the schooner swept the ladies' cabin, crushing it in and carrying every thing before it until it reached the wheel house. There were five ladies in the cabin. Mrs. Carter, wife of the proprietor of Phils. Hotel at J. C. was supposed to have been instantly killed, as the bowsprit thrust her body through the opening made in the wheel house, and it was recovered near the Battery a few hours after. Mrs. Demorer, wife of the Mayor of Jersey City, was very much bruised, and it is feared that one of the bones of her leg is broken. The steamboat stopped in order to let the schooner go by, when the schooner altered her course and came down directly upon her.

Vera Cruz, April 14.

We hourly look for the intelligence of the capture of Cerro Gordo, a strong mountain fort, 22 miles this side of Jalapa. The defensive battle is expected at this point, for is the best vantage ground this side of Perote. Vera Cruz is as quiet and well governed as any city in the United States.

If the army takes any more of those beautiful brass 24's, I hope they will be sent home as trophies. There are in the town and castle nearly 100 of them. They are of splendid workmanship, and superior to any the United States has of the same calibre. They are worth about $5000 a piece, and would look extremely well in the "white settlements."

Execution—A colored man, named Kirk, a citizen of the U. S. was hung on the 10th April, at Vera Cruz, convicted of committing a rape on a Mexican woman, and theft. A large concourse of people were present, to witness the first execution under American authority, which has taken place since our occupation of the country. It will, no doubt, prove a salutary lesson to many who would destroy the safeties guaranteed to good citizens; were not such punishments sometimes inflicted.

Most of our navy have gone to Tuspan, where it is reported, Gen. Coe was with 2000 troops and 6 pieces of cannon.

Alvarado has been opened to our commerce.

The Next Congress.—Each party claims that it will have a majority in the next Congress.—87 Whigs and 68 Democrats have been elected already, and 72 members are yet to be elected, of which in the last Congress the Democrats had the majority.

The Virginia Election, it is generally supposed, has resulted in the choice of ten Democrats and five Whigs, to represent that State in the next Congress, which is a Whig gain.

The License Elections in New York have resulted almost universally in favor of Licenses.—Last year, the large majority of the towns voted against license—but we suppose a year's experience has proved its inefficiency in preventing intemperance, and they now vote in favor of license. In fact, voting against intemperance can do no great good, and in this matter, the majority cannot rule. The appetite of the drinker, and the avarice of the seller, will, we fear, ever prove too strong for the law and the public good.

Relief for Ireland.—The Purchasing and Forwarding Committee of the N. Jersey Fund have despatched another vessel the brig Wm. T. Dugan, to Ireland, loaded with the free offerings of the people of this State. The cargo, consisting mainly of provisions, is valued at $8,500 here, and when landed at Cork, will be worth near $12,000. New Jersey has done well.

Anti-Rentism has broken out again in Columbia County, N. Y. as rabid and fierce, apparently as ever. Several recent alarming outrages, have induced the Governor to offer a large reward for the apprehension of the rioters.

☞ In our last week of the officers elected at the last Warren Town Meeting, we meant, and ought to have said, all were Democrats except two or t hre.

About 4000 volunteers are en route for Mexico, and it is thought probable by the Washington Union, that in this month near 6000 troops may be placed on the banks of the Rio Grande, in addition to the large force we have now there.

Lost Woman.—Mr. Elphalet Moore, of Rahway Neck, advertises that his wife, Christiana, left home in a state of derangement, on the 20th April, and a search in every direction in that vicinity has yet proved unavailing. She had on at the time, a dark alpacca hat, dark calico dress with purple spots, black shawl mixed with red and green flowers, and a black cravat on her neck She has black eyes and dark almond colored hair. Any information of her will be very gratfully received, and reasonable expenses will be paid.

The N. J. Methodist Episcopal Conference, met this year at Salem, adjourned on the 27th of April after a session of near a week. Among the appointments, we notice the following:

Plainfield J. O. Rogers
Elizabethtown, R. B. Westbrook
Perth Amboy, A. Gilmore
Middletown Point, L. R. Dunn

Fatal Collision.—The schooner, Francis Cory of Newark, ran into the steam ferry boat, Sussex, between Jersey City and New York, on Friday afternoon. The bowsprit of the schooner swept the ladies' cabin, crushing it in and carrying every thing before it until it reached the wheel house. There were five ladies in the cabin. Mrs. Carter, wife of the proprietor of Phils. Hotel at J. C. was supposed to have been instantly killed, as the bowsprit thrust her body through the opening made in the wheel house, and it was recovered near the Battery a few hours after. Mrs. Demorer, wife of the Mayor of Jersey City, was very much bruised, and it is feared that one of the bones of her leg is broken. The steamboat stopped in order to let the schooner go by, when the schooner altered her course and came down directly upon her.

From the Brazos—Brazos dates to the 18th April, are received. When last heard from Gen. Taylor was at Monterey pushing forward supplies to Saltillo, with the view of hastening the movement on San Luis.

The army was still in its old position, under Gen. Wool. The volunteers were returning to the Rio Grande as their terms of service expired; very few re-entering. The subsistence department at Matamoras had been robbed of $1600.

Gen. Cushing was obliged to be very stringent in the Government of Matamoras, to put down an end to the disturbances so long prevailing there.

The right wing of the Kentucky Legion, whose term of service had expired, had arrived at the Brazos on their way home. Their war-worn, sun-burnt appearance contrasted strangely with the neatness of the fresh Massachusetts men. In handling the muskets however they showed great superiority.

Our wounded men were doing well. In one hospital out of 80 wounded, only 3 or 4 died—the remainder were convalescing.

The Expected Battle.—Official despatches confirm the report of the expected battle between Gen. Santa Anna and Gen. Scott, at Cerro Gordo Pass, 44 miles from Vera Cruz. Santa Anna with La Vega and Canalizo had a force of 15,000—2000 regular infantry, 4000 cavalry—the rest irregulars. The Mexicans found the national bridge not defensible, as there is a path by which Gen. Scott could have sent round a cavalry force to attack their rear. The pass which they have fallen back upon is very strong although there is a hope that it can be turned. They have fortified three heights.

The hospitals at Vera Cruz are full, and the sickness is said to be on the increase. I still cannot learn that there has been any well authenticated cases of vomito, although many have died of fever.

Gen. Taylor, in the year 1841, purchased, it is said, a plantation, stock, &c. near Rodney, in Mississippi, for which he paid, in cash, $95,000. An exchange paper learns from Hon. W. M. Gwin, of New Orleans, a personal friend of Gen. Taylor, that some miscreant opened a breach in the levee, about two miles above the plantation named above, and it is now wholly under water! The loss of the fall crop is the matter of course, and a moderate estimate would set this loss at about $30,000. This is, truly, a most unhandsome way of rewarding a patriot soldier, who stands in jeopardy every hour for his country's sake and service.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical Jus rument makers and Manufacturer of Trusses.—67 Chatham street,

Dear Sir.—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have introduced to public notice, under the name of OLOSAONIAN, or ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effect in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a cough in its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended. Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.

WM. R. GOULDING. 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

A Valuable Testimony.

We like, at all times, to give credit when credit is due, and if at the same time we can relieve the distressed, we are doubly gratified: we, therefore, give the following voluntary testimony as to the beneficial effects of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, by the editor of the Columbian South Carolinian, who appears to have obtained great relief from its use. Old Dominion, Portsmouth, Va.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

We seldom resort to patent medicines, having a great respect for the skill of the medical profession, but chance threw into our way the above named medicine, immediately after the close of the late session of our Legislature, when our Lungs were almost dried up by the highly rarified atmosphere of our stove-warmed State House. The Balsam immediately relieved us of a most harassing cough, which threatened our health in a serious degree. We feel that we are indebted to it for some fifteen pounds of animal weight—which addition being once FELT, cannot be forgotten.

None genuine, unles assigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

Grief, Fright, Much intense Study, Great Excitement—&c. These may be the occasion by the strong impression they have upon the mind, may seriously effect the bodily functions. How few persons are there who consider that the action of these upon the humors is the occasion of their becoming corrupt, or of exciting the principle that occasions their corruption? But so it is, and the supplication to Brandreth's Pills under these circumstances will be productive of more benefit than all the nervous remedies in the world. Practical facts prove it.

External Pains.

People who are affected with chronic sickness, and those crippled, firmly believe that their painful situation, after a fall, or a blow received, or a bad wound, or after having strained themselves, is by and simply the result of the action of these external causes. Let me tell these people that the majority of these cases would have cured had they resorted to Brandreth's Pills. In proof of this, we find a number of persons injured, much in the same manner: the same applications cure some, while others receive no benefit. These latter had that within themselves, which being roused into action by the accident, aggravated the sufferings of their unhappy lot. By resorting to Brandreth's Pills their bodies will be placed upon a par with the o whose humors were in a better condition.

A Case in Corroboration.

A gentleman walking one day at a pretty quick step put his foot upon a piece of orange peel, and fell heavily on his left side. His arm and hand being extended, had to bear the whole weight of his body. His wrist proved a moment after exceedingly painful. This painful sensation in a little, while abated, but soon returned more acute than ever, penetrating to the centre of the system. This gentleman understood the method of curing diseases and pain, by abstracting its cause out of the body, and recollected the case of a carrier or porter, whom he had cured of a strain in his back, by lifting a trunk some fifty pounds in weight. The man described the pain as a tearing of his kidnies. He was unable to move, and was, with difficulty, put to bed. The least touch, the smallest motion, threw him into the greatest agony. The opinion of all present was that the man had badly strained his back, and that alone was the cause of his painful situation.—My friend was of the contrary opinion. He represented that many a time the patient had lifted burdens more weighty, and that the lifting fifty pounds could not be the cause of his extreme pain, that this was surely occasioned by the corruption of the humors on the part where the pain was felt. He had been before affected by rheumatic pain. At length he consented to take ten of

Brandreth's Pills.

The same day he was greatly relieved, and by taking them for a week was quite cured. Now to return to my friend's case, who made this observation: if the pain he was now in was the result of the fall, that pain would not have ceased; but it had, and therefore it must be from some secondary cause. The fall may be considered the first cause, which has acted upon the impure or corrupt humors, which is the secondary cause of the pain. The shock roused, so to speak, these humors into action, which settled upon the place where the injury was sustained most. He therefore went to work to battle the internal cause of disease; and it was four days before he found the pain cease, and took in that time ten Pills a day. At length on the fourth day he evacuated a quantity of highly putrid and corroding humors, and was immediately well. Suppose he had been bled or leached, and trusted to topical applications; he would have fixed the flux on of the humors on the part and perhaps had a lame arm for life. I have known many similar cases to end so, to doubt it for a moment.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

New York Prices Current, April 24, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	7,00 to 7,50
Rye Flour,	4,62 to 4,65
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,50 to 4,62
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,45
Rye,	,92 to ,93
Corn,	,97 to ,96
Oats, Jersey,	45 to 50

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

John S. Edwards, $10,00; William Frame, Sheriff, 5,00; Theo. Vail, 3,75; J. & R. G. Radway, N. Y. 2 00; Israel Squier, 2,00; D. W Ayers, 1,50; Rev. S. J. Drake, 1,12; Mrs. S. Brown, 1,00; Wm. H. Cleaver, 1,00; James Thorn, 1,00; Nelson Drake, ,50; Fraze Cole, ,50.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION.**

CONSUMPTIVES *Beware of Imposition.*—The *Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties.* This, combined with *other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of the first physicians in a quarter of a century* must be *the unfailing specific in three cases of out of four of confirmed consumption in its incipient state.* Such a preparation is *Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, imported by the Agent of the laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not ever has lent anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there was one got up in Philadelphia by Wilkinson & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the sight of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

DIED.

In Somerville, on Monday morning, April 26, after a short illness, Mrs. Mary Hedges, wife of William J. Hedges, Esq in the 60th year of her age.

In Milton, Rahway township, Mr. Scout Drake an old and well known citizen.

House and Lot on Front st. For Sale.

The Subscriber offers For Sale his House and Lot in the lower part of this village. The Lot contains a quarter of an acre of ground. The house is a two storied high, 18 by 24 feet, with an additional room of 12 feet, a good cellar, three fire-places, &c. all in good repair, and as good as new. On the premises are a good Woodhouse, a good well of water, a number of Fruit Trees, &c. &c. $325 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

CLARKSON HOLTON.

Plainfield, May 4, 1847.—1w

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS in variety, including large and illustrated editions.—Baxter's Call.—Protestant Annual.—Methodist Hymn Book, a number of Prayer Books, &c. &c. $3225 of the purchase money

M. F. CUSHING.

May 4.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,

For Sale at the Printing Office.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographs,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes, &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by
May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO

(Successors to JASON H. BOCKOVER,)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:—

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 2s.
10 cases De Lains at 1s. worth 1s 9d and 2s.
5 do. do. at 1s. 3d. worth 2s. and 2s. 6d.
5 do. do. at 1s. 6d. worth 2s. 6d.
Also 3 cases very rich California Plaids from 2s. to 4s
3 cases French Ginghams 1s. 6d, worth 2s. 6d.
10 cases English Long Cloth at 1s. worth 1s 4d & 1s 6d
20 cases Prints, American, from 4d. per yard upwards.
50 pieces Kentucky Jeans, from 1s 4d per yd. upwards.
100 pieces Plaid Alpaccas at 2s. worth 3s 6d.
5 cases French Organdis Muslins only 1s. cold last year at 3s.
3 cases English Prints, former price 2s at only 1s. a yd
100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers' prices.
Heaps and stacks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 25 cts per yard upwards.
50 cases best quality French Kid Gloves at 3s. 6d—worth 5s.
500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all linen at 6d per pair.
50 Cartons Spring Shawls from $1 to $50.
Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.
500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.
500 pieces Counterpanes from 75c. upwards.

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely

new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care; and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—6m

A CARD.

MRS. SARAH BROWN would respectfully inform the Ladies of Plainfield and the surrounding country that she intends to open a Silk and Straw Millinery Establishment in the Main street, opposite Mr. Pedden's Store. She will avail herself of every opportunity afforded her for selecting the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

Plainfield, April 12, 1847.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink.

Also Blank Promissory Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State, Just Received by

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations—in short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all the evils which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others who use Feathers, that he has just received a large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell Low for Cash.*

D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 6th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 1 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M. Boat.

FARE	
From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents
Boundbrook,	" 62 1-2
Plainfield,	" 50
Westfield,	" 37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.	87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	" 68 3-4
Plainfield,	" 56 1-4
Westfield,	" 44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A. M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarry and Mauch Chunk. Pa.; and to Flemington, Goth Branch, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by

D. BULLMAN.

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call

June 30. TRUDEN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he will keep on hand and intends keeping a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES* consisting of

Gents' Fine Calf Boots—Do. double sole do.
Do. Kip and pegged Boots
Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,
Boy's Boots and shoes, Fine and coarse,
Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters,
Morocco Buskins, single and double soles
Black and colored Gaiter Buskins,
Misses and Children's Black and colored Morocco shoes
Polka and Button Gaiters,
Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 29, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the subscriber on Note or Book Account, bond and Mortgage, or any other claim whatsoever, are requested to present them within 30 days—and all dues will be thankfully received within that time.

April 24, 1847. LEWIS M. FORCE.

Two Houses to Rent. Enquire of

WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe Rheumatic Disease above named—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to correct silence to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Fever Sores.—The following letter has just been received by the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the State of an Individual. Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and tried every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure

Plainsbrige, June 12, 1845.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for that length of time, by this dreadful complaint, only about half that time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded me any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I was entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once. Most Respectfully yours,

OWEN O'SLAVIN.

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. O. O'. D. MILLER, M. D.

☞ The following is selected out of a vast amount of testimony, showing the great value of Hunt's Liniment, in cases of Rheumatism!

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.—Sir—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism for upwards of five years in my ancles and feet, and so painful at times that I could not walk, and was assisted to bed and undress myself; and having been under the care of four of five different physicians, and having tried almost every remedy I could hear of, but not to much effect, I had given up all hopes of ever being cured, until I heard of Hunt's Liniment: I tried one bottle of it, and found immediate relief. That is about four months ago, and in that time I have used about one dollars worth, and now feel almost as well as ever I did. My family, as well as myself, can testify to its value; and I would advise all who are afflicted with pains and aches to use Hunt's Liniment. HENRY L. BUCKHOUT.

Sing Sing, Sept. 5, 1844.

☞ A lady who has suffered with a Lame back for many years, was entirely restored to health after using one bottle of Hunt's Liniment.

Mount Pleasant, March 31, 1845.

Mr. Stanton—Sir—It is with sincere pleasure that I am able to give my certificate in favor of your invaluable remedy. My wife has for many years been troubled with a severe pain in her back, every thing that could be thought of was tried, but to no purpose, no lasting effect upon her. Some weeks since, I bought a bottle of Hunt's Liniment, and have applied it thoroughly, and to my great joy, my wife is now as well as ever she was. ANDREW LEWIS.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York,

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142. Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, 100 Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to. GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayers.

Newark,—R. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Elizabethtown,—Mills Bates, A. Stites, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Briscoe, James Cree

Rahway—Dr. Bailey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Milton—Jacob Drake

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellville—Dr. Dorsheimer & Son

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Congar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Gunn, Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. ly

One CENT Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 20th inst. an indented apprentice to the Farming Business—about 16 years of age, common size. This is to forbid all persons harboring, trusting or employing said Boy, under penalty of the law, and I will pay no debts of his contracting.

Plainfield township, April 24, 1847.—3w* DANIEL SHOTWELL.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just receive I at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality, for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces New selins de Laine Chaice Patterns and very cheap by

Sept. 29, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, and black,

Rep De'Laines, a large assortment of the latest most beautiful styles,

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Bleached & unbleached Muslins,

Prints, Merrimack, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,

Diapers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,

Naukeens, Gambroons and Cottonades,

Ladies' Satin Cloth for Summer wear,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cuffs,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,

Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, Ingrain, Venetian and Rag,

Window Shades—a cheap lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted, the N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes

China, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware,

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes,

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage, and to secure their rapid making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application.

I. NEWMING,

April 6, 1847. D. LENOX.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Sp uce-street, Prime Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions, including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a most admired and desirable article: together with every description of Fixtures, in shade in use, at 25 per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings at manufacturers' prices. Signs, Banner and Interior decorations executed in a style not to be surpassed.*

BARTOL & GRIMSHAW,

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the best Merrimack Prints, at 1s. a yard; just received by

March 1, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

Beauty Lost and Found.

IN the commencement of time, when God formed this beautiful earth, we are told by Holy Writ that He looked with pleasure upon His glorious work, and pronounced all that he had performed to be good; but again Almighty Wisdom found a void—He saw that a great beau must be formed to reign over her and He placed man upon earth as a being capable of ruling. And He gave unto woman beauty, in a wonderful degree to dwell with him. She was holy, pure and beautiful, fair as the morning light, pleasing to the sight, and mistress of Paradise. Satan, in the form of a Serpent enticed, the woman saw and was tempted; the fruit was supplied, and these holy beings fell. From that hour the scene was changed. Earth, once so richly decked with all its beauty began to exhibit sterility and unfitness, beauty was no more complete. The skin and complexion of man and of woman became subject to all the annoyances which the poisonous fungus could inflict. A dark sallow and disfigured visage, with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring-worms, Erysipelas, Rash, Salt Rheum, and in fact, all diseases of the skin, assumed its place where beauty had formerly shone. But now, ages have flown by, and still no amelioration of the sufferings and annoyances of the fair and gentle sex has until lately been discovered. But now, thanks to the secret good combined in that mysterious Skin Purifier and Blemish Exterminator, Radway's

Chinese Medicated Soap,

neither man nor woman need fear the appearance of any of those annoyances which so disfigure the cuticle, for a few applications of this valuable Soap will speedily cure all spots, blotches and blemishes.

CHAPPED HANDS, *Bleeding and Sore Lips, Rough, Cracked, and Disagreeable Skin*, will be quickly changed to that beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear.

Gentlemen! for SHAVING this soap is excellent if it produces a rich and copious lather, softens the beard, and renders the skin smooth and pliable.

Sold at 1 72 1-2 cents a cake, at 191 Hudson st. N. Y. Sold also in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not less than 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase,

Among the different sorts those are the

Crawford Late Melocotoons,	Rare Ripe,
Late Rare Ripe,	Morris White
Mexican Free Stone	Early Watson,
Honest Johns,	Albaugo.

P. S. The above are all inoculated from buds.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 2d. per Yard.

Also,

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Cotton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS continually receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 20, 1845.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzarines, Lawns, and Jareges,
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do
M'D'Laines, plaids, Plain, Striped and Figured,
Cashmeres and Paris Reps of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warp do.
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and blue black, of various qualities
Earlston Gingheims, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide,
Bonnets,
Gro de Naples (usual width, and very fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flounce, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, French and English Prints in great variety,
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 2s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.
Sheeting and Shirting Muslins single and double width
Mous de Laines, Plain, Striped and Figured,
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton do.
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Chamber Lawns, Bobbin Net, Edgings and Insertings
Brussels lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas and Long sleeves,
Furnet Cloths, Dyed and colored, with fringe to match, for Sun Shades, Parasols, Pantalettes, Faus, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings of Silk, Satin, Velvet, Figured and Plain,
Satinets of every variety also Beaverettines & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys' suits,
Washington Stripes with a generalvariety of Linsey Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, mahogany, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c., of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

The said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. The Court thereupon Order and Direct the said Administrator to give notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above-named Administrator their claims and demands against said estate, under oath or affirmation, within six months from this day, March 4th, 1847, and that he cause a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the said county of Essex, for the space of two months, and also by advertising the same for the like space of time in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Deceased lived.

By the Court,
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by
May 11, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 81 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia,
Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck, or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after a few more attempts leaves the skin so free from hair as to defy detection. This article is far more effectual and less painful than the Eradicators sold the second or third application forever prevents the growth from any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New Yorkprices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by
M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Indescribable Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rice's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c from Cloths, Silks, &c. without injury.
East India Fine Dye—Spaulding's Cordial—Essences, Delightful Inks, &c. &c.—M'Ayr's Acoustic Oil.
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, viz: Jayne's Hair Tonic, 1.00
Carminative Balsam, 1.00—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 25—Sanative Pills, 25—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.
Also, for sale Kinsey's Fine Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Extra Tooth Paste, 25.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

Chinese Medicated Soap.

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Hands, Head, Scald Head, Dandriff; also excellent for shaving, only 1s. a cake, for sale by
M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.
Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of
McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.
See Advertisement in another column.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street Bond. No efforts have been scrupled, that consistented to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community generally. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of
Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.
Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2 00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2,50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stenography and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5.00; we possitively assert without boasting, that we will qualify fully any student in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamation and Composition every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY box has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf
For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary,

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity, that he continues the above business on the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds &c. &c. at Whole sale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for bleaching, printing, shoes, &c. tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever; are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

The undersigned tenders his hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will thankfully receive corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and will forget it in any way.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at *all* times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in *all* the branches of his above business, as well as repairing of the same, on the most reasonable terms. Orders respectively solicited.

Nov. 22, 1845.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chesnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50, for sale at PRUDEN'S, June 20.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a continuance of their favors. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, De Lanes, Ginghams, Alpaccs, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, Flannels, Sheetings, Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Kentucky jeans, Negro cloth, Americas, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslins, silk and cotton velvet, col'd and plain skirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 18. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, MAY 11, 1847. Whole number 538.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months; if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid until the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $3.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance; otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines is a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without order, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. S. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield, he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—his office in Newark, on Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays—and at his office in Rahway No 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services, may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. P. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Actof Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Consumption, and Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure!

"ever known" by any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my breast, soreness, weakness, loss of appetite, loss of breath, fever at night, sweats, &c., I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but generally grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my mouth, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed to be undermined, and the bones of my breast were so sore as to be painful. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to check the cough, and subdue the violence of the cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it; but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am restored, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all. Any of persons would do justice and the cause and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the credulous public. It ought to be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. EZEKIEL THOMAS.

In Hilbert, 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we believe we are borne out by the fact, when we say that of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures: and has merited and received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think it will go away of itself in a few days, and to give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say 'be careful of your colds,'—to not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, we would advise you to check the first easy and unconcerned cough, by administering a few doses of Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time perfect in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician. His Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry vendicates itself to the candid reader, when we say many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has created agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

In truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence; or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so completely has it succeeded to the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded this (to them unpalatable fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. In the case of the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have been from time to time put out upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

ET LIVES addressed to Dr. SWAYNE PHILA. Pa. All and if ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death.

While there is life there's hope, for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave,

'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;

I do beware the base imposters who would desecrate this sire,

By their fallacious cures and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,

Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thris' deceit,

The 'Balsam of Wild Cherry!' Oh, beware of such a cheat.

If you would shun the venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite, to truth and justice sold

Who'd sell you or your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'd set you on the bed of death and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their rich fame with Tar;

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country. Years after this "redeeming" article came out, up sprung several others, such as Balsams, Candies, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that even persons might be deceived, (and get a worthless mixture palmed off upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Art thou spitting life away?
Thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day?
Tottering high o'er intuition,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even in icy Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, justreceived May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficatious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; at the same time it among the intestines acts as a purgative, carrying off any matter which forms their nests or beds, and with it which the worms cannot extract. This medicine may be safely taken even if the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms, as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are continually producing many diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be given to persons of the tenderest years and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. P. CUSHING, sole agent, and generally by the manufacturer, from whom the ultimate is wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847.

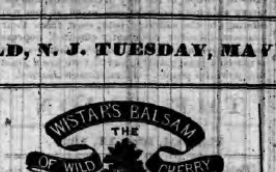
The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, Foot of Courtland street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5-o'clock, P. M.

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A. M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Goth Branch, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

TEAS, TEAS.—A fresh supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call soon. PRUDEN'S

SUGARS.—Just Received a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by D. BULLMAN



CONSUMPTION.

And The best remedy known in the world for the Cure of Asthma, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, Shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured *long and severe suffering from the disease,* without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Morphy has been resorted to—in such cases the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success over its cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the publicby ascribing its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and "Can BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time,

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its dominion. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. None are exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young; all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The wife and the patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of a happy old age, finds consumption fastening on the fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us on our changeable and fickle climate? I think there may be, and if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventurous aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it strength; pure value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Wistar to fame"

be name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Nic., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the Balsam of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my certain knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases of consumption I thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

JOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect, TRUE.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AND IMITATIONS.

The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off upon the unwary a similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition *Burning Fluid*, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain of occasioning any smoke or clouding. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps are of Paint, simple in structure making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Outhouse, Stove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN G. EDWARDS

Sole Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber will sell Boots and Shoes by the Box, or retail, as low as they are bought in New York. In his 40 days notice to purchasers, Wholesale and other dealers in Boots and Shoes will please call and examine for themselves RICHARD M CRANE,

Jan. 5, 1847. 138 Market st. near Broad, Newark.

Seabury's Oleaginous **OPODELDOC**

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Stains, Bruises, Wounding, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. P. CUSHING.

The Heart.

The human heart—no mortal eye
Hath seen its springs laid bare;
A beauty and a mystery
Is all that rests there;
In love, how silently 'twill brood
O'er feelings unconfessed;
A bird that sleeps in solitude
The younglings of its nest!

Its hate is like volcanic fire!
We reck not of its wrath,
'Till burns the lava of its ire
Around our scorching path.
Its friendship!—oh, the blessed seeps
It strews in Time's dark dark bowers,—
That spring through misery's bitter weeds
To crown life's cup with flowers!

The heart's despair—what smile
Portrays its gloom aright?
It is the hell of Memory,—
Unutterable night!
Its holiness!—a tree whose bloom
Eternity supplies,
And flocking to whose branches, come
The birds of Paradise.

In *every* human change, the heart
Is but a living lyre,
Where each fierce passion plays its part,
Upon a separate wire;
But harsh and wild the tones will be,
While passion round them clings,
It never breathes true melody
Till God hath touched its strings.

Sunday Evening.

How calm and sweet this holy eve
Comes stealing o'er the day,
Lifting the feelings and the thoughts
From earth to heaven away.
In whispers low, the soft south wind
Along the forest grieves,
Or stirs the wild and fragrant rose
Beneath its brilliant leaves.

Softly yon rich and changing clouds
Sink in the glowing west,
Their fitting forms, like gorgeous shrouds,
Mirrored in ocean's breast.
One large pale star, set 'and the deep
Dark azure of the sky,
Looks down upon this quiet eve,
With calm and radiant eye.

My spirit on uplifted wing,
Soars heavenward to-night,
And like the sainted seraph hymn
That Power whose might
A hundred years from this still hour,
And where shall I then be?
Wrapt in the future's misty veil,
Lost in eternity!

From the Saturday Post.

The Parson's Ride.

By Edgar Wayne.

In one of the communications of, Mr. Ezekiel Jones to this periodical, there is an allusion to a New England custom which has fallen more than once under my own notice. I allude to that part of the New England country clergyman's duty which imposes upon him the mournful task of being the frequent bearer of bad tidings to afflicted families. That it is part of the clergyman's vocation to visit the houses of mourning is everywhere conceded;—indeed a part of his holy office to bear the consolations of his Divine Master to the afflicted and heart-broken, is a truth to which the conduct of all faithful Gospel Ministers bears practical testimony. Still we cannot wonder that there have been many who have rebelled, and more who would have revolted had they dared, against being themselves the inflicters of the wounds which they are willing to salve to heal. The first gush and burst of grief should be left free. After the natural emotions of the sufferer have had their vent, it is quite soon enough to attempt consolation. Sooner than this, the clergyman may reasonably expect nothing less than inattention to his whisperings, if indeed, he do not receive absolute repulse. Grief is selfish, and no caller of polite phrases.

There lived in a New England village—small, but a seaport, a clergyman of most excellent heart and spirit, who had more than once struggled *to excuse the task of being the messenger of ill.* But it had all been unavailing. Tyrant custom was absolute a despot in country as in town; and the poor parson had hitherto never been able to escape.

One day he was standing in his front door, regarding with curious aspect the proportions of an unbroken colt which was tied with a halter near the watering trough on the opposite side of the road. His coat was villainously shaggy—but no successful effort had been made to reduce it to the discipline of comb and brush. Several sets of fingers had more than once been put in unavailing jeopardy, in the attempt to introduce a bit into the beast's—for he regarded his liberty of tongue with most determined and snappish vigilance and activity. Shoes he had never worn and in a word, he was among horses the paralle of certain factious and rebellious spirits among men. He seemed to have been too late in the annals of horsedom, or else in the wrong place; and should have existed either before civilization, alias servitude, tamed down his kind at all, or else should have been foaled on the Ukrain, and lived there, the representative of the Mazeppa steed. As people passed, men, women and children, gave the horse's a wide berth—for there was in his eye, as he turned his head to each passenger, a look of defiance which needed no interpreter.

As the parson watched this uncomely animal, drawing perchance a comparison between the unbroken colt and some one of his own rebellious charge, a damsel tripped cheerfully toward him, her face all smiles, her eyes dancing in the untamed and unrepressed joy of some anticipated happiness. She would have passed the parson, like a glorious dream—but she was a vision of happiness too palpable to be seen without sympathy, or to be permitted to pass without questioning. As she nodded, and went on the minister called after her—"Here Rachel—stop! You are like all the rest of them I see. When you are wretched, sick, sad or weary, the poor old minister must share it all with you. When you are happy you carry your smiles to another market, and divide them with younger people!"

"Why didn't you know"—said Rachel, impatiently to be gone—

"*Know!* How should I?" said the minister. "Can I read faces? If I undertook it I might say that John and you had fixed the day—but then you ought to blush *some*—Rachel!"

Rachel did blush, as she said quickly, "Oh no, it isn't that!"

"No! yet, hey?"

"You—you are almost a plague, sir, I declare! But the brig Rajah is coming in from India, and I will be the first to tell my mother!"

"That's right my girl!" cried the Parson rubbing his hands, and quite as happy as Rachel, who had now started off at a skip and run, to make up lost time. We are all selfish. Perhaps he did think a little of the preserved ginger, the cheroots, the tandanna for himself, the Spanish chaw for his wife, the crystal sugar, and the divers other remembrances, which Rachel's father, the master of the good brig Rajah, would bring to the parsonage. But if he did think of his own comfort it was but for a moment, and as he leaned against the door-post his thoughts dwelt upon the happy family, whose head would in an hour be with them, after a long absence. *His mind's eye was filled with the little domestic arrangements and comforts which he knew were already prepared on the hearth*—the nice broiled fish—the silver tea pot—the bit of buttered toast in the old family porringer,—the China tea set now spread, the first time since he left—the bootjack brought out and dusted—the whole house put just in the aspect of expectant peace and hope. While he was dwelling in his mind upon this pleasant picture, a real object was introduced upon his attention not at all in keeping with it. Some one touched his arm. Looking round, each of Rachel stood at his elbow—all wet and woebegone in countenance. The poor patson almost sunk to the ground. "You need not speak," he cried—"I read it in your face."

"You will go up and tell my sister?"

The Parson pondered. He hurriedly reviewed the scene of joy which he had been contemplating—he thought of himself as the messenger of woe to mar it all—he hesitated—stammered—attempted to frame excuse or apology for denial of the request—but at length broke out in plain Saxon "No, I won't!" and burst into tears. The brother thus refused, unwillingly started on to carry the unwelcome news himself. The parson was left still at the door, for he had not strength to quit the spot. Again he sank in revery—this time how sad. Again he met with *interruption*—this time how joyful!

"Capt. Thistle isn't dead after all!" shouted a passenger who divined his grief.

"What?" cried the parson, suddenly looking up—"Alive?"

"Alive."

"And well?"

"As well as I am—for I saw him myself not an hour ago."

Away sprang the good minister. He stopped not for hat or cane—but bounding across the road, he seized the mad colt, and at one bound that ramgant beast by vaulting upon his back without a word of warning. Without saddle, bridle or bit, or whip or spur, away he urged him. The colt, perfectly astonished was surprised into submission, and was guided by his ears and mane along the road, at the maddest of gallops. Much was the village aghast, as the Reverend man thus flitted along before their doors—his white head flying, and his little body bobbing up and down on the creature's back like a tin canister to a dog's tail. One old lady declared she was scandalized—but then she was an old maid, and had been young. So had the Parson, and before he was married, people did think. But this is a digression.

Ill news flies apace. The thumb of the Captain's brother was already on the latch—

Suddenly the colt's head was over his shoulder—the Parson's grip was on his ears—and the Parson's voice shouted, "It's a lie! It's a lie!"

Much wondered the woman at the windows at this curious performance at their door. But they did not wonder long. The returned sea Captain was soon at his own fireside—the Parson sat at the supper table the happiest of men, that he had saved the family the episode of grief which had hung over them. As he returned thanks after the repast, all hearts were filled with the fervor of the thanks giving for all thy mercies."

Nor did the Parson's ride end here. The owner of the colt led him the next day to the minister's door—

"Mr.——," said he "if you'll accept the beast, you're kindly welcome. Capt. Thistle put a new saddle on him—and—but to sum

Nobody but you can ride the darned pisen cress tur—and you can't hardly "

The minister accepted the gift. The horse knoweth his owner and never did a better nag champ the oats in a minister's barn, than this same "pisen cretur." On many an errand of mercy did he afterward bear the man, whose memory is yet green and dear in his parish, though the bodies of horse and of master have long since mingled with the dust.

☞ We take the following notice of a *Mammoth Grape Vine* near Burlington, in this state, from a letter in the Horticulist for the present month :

Enormous Grape Vine.—I have lately made an excursion to Burlington, New Jersey, for the purpose of obtaining the exact measurement of the most extraordinary grape vine I have ever heard of. It stands on a farm called West Hill, belonging to my late brother two miles from the city of Burlington, New Jersey, and the truth of what I am about to relate, may be readily verified, though in print it may really seem incredible. At three feet from the ground, it measures six feet one inch in the trunk and at three feet high it is positively three feet in circumference! It is a native male grape, and has been the wonder of the neighborhood as long back as the memory of man reaches. It is still healthy, and its giant folds run over and cover four trees, one of which is a full sized white oak, and the others are quite large.

The casual reader as he glances over these unusual dimensions, scarcely realizes the enormity of this vine. Let us try if we can, to make it comprehensible, by a comparison or two. A string six feet one inch long, will enclose two tolerable corpulent people; and these dimensions are as large as a good sized wash tub. You may thus form an idea of its great growth. This vine grows near a springy soil on upland, its roots no doubt penetrating to the water; May this not teach us a lesson, to *give the rootless*, wherever it is possible, access to a spring of running water; it may be a question too, whether we do not cut down our vines too much.

The Paris correspondent of the Boston Atlas, speaking of the efforts making in France to relieve the poor of that country, says—

The aid given to individuals is enormous, every city, village and hamlet distributing tickets to the poor, with which they can obtain bread at four cents a pound. The Municipality of Paris have for weeks distributed 500, 00 of these tickets every day, and as bread is now nearly six cents a pound, its daily charity is upwards of nine thousand dollars, besides large sums given in cash, wood, medicines, and clothing. Charitable societies and individuals swell this noble work. All the capitalists of the day contributing largely. Ladies have sold their jewelry; one old priest sold the watch he had carried since his boyhood, and several colleges have disposed of their *libraries to relieve* starvation. "About a month since," says a letter to the National, "when it was so very cold, a person went to demand charity of Gen. Drouin, (who died last week) 'I have not a sous,' said the General; but after a pause he added, 'but yes my full uniform yet remains.' The latter he sold and he sold his imperial uniform, with the epaulettes he wore at Waterloo, to purchase bread for the poor of Nancy."

A Bold Trick.—The "swell mob" of London do perpetrate robberies with singular ingenuity and address, and appear never to be at fault. A lady was at the bank, and, presenting a check to the paying teller, received a large amount of bank notes, and returned to the carriage. Just as she had taken her seat, a gentleman came down the steps of the bank without his hat, wearing spectacles, and having a pen behind his ear, and :—"Madam, we have forgotten to take the number of those notes; will you allow me to take them off?" She handed him the notes, and he ascended the steps of the bank, and entered the building. The lady having waited some time, finally returned to the bank, and soon ascertained that no person had been authorized to ask for the notes.

Current Bushes.—Having noticed that currant bushes may as well be made trees as shrubs I conclude to tell you how I have seen it done, in the spring of 1831, my father commenced a garden, and among other things, cuttings for currant bushes. I determined to make an experiment on one of these cuttings, and as soon as it grew, I pinched off all the leaves, except the top tuft, which I let grow.—The cutting was about 14 inches high, and during the summer, the sprout from the top of this grew perhaps ten inches. The next spring I pinched of all the leaves to about half way up the first year's growth, so as *to leave the lowest limbs about two feet from the ground*. It branched well, became a handsome little dwarf tree, when it came to bear fruit, it was more productive than any other bush in the garden, and the fruit larger. It was less infected with spiders and other insects; hens could not pick off the fruit, and grass and weeds were more easily kept from about the roots, and it was an ornament instead of a blemish. Now, I would propose that currant cuttings be set in rows about 4½ or 5 feet apart each way, (let them be long and straight ones) trained into trees.

Cor. Michigan Far.

To Destroy the Canada Thistle.—We extract the following quaint directions for extirpating the Canada thistle, from a lady's portfolio, in which there is much good sense; yet we would not let those vile intruders have a chance of living until August merely for the sake of the experiment :—

"If thistle be out in April,
They appear in a little while;
But if cut in May,
They peep out next day.
If cut in June,
They re-appear too soon;
If in July,
They'll hardly die;
But if cut in August,
Die they must."

Too sooner or later brings misery.

Gen Taylor is expected to move with a force of 12,000 men across the desert from Saltillo to San Luis, which is supposed to be garrisoned by about the same number of Mexicans. His water tanks and India Rubber bottles will supply his army with water during the march. The distance is near 300 miles; he would then be some 300 miles from the capital, and about 400 from Gen. Scott's present position.

In a letter from Waddy Thompson, to the National Intelligencer, occurs the following paragraph :—"There are other considerations which would induce me to reject any further acquisition of territory, even if it was introduced as; and these are, that slavery will never exist in any States beyond the Rio Grande, whether restricted or not by Congressional legislation. Slavery is forever prohibited there by laws more fixed and unchangable than legislative enactments for they may be repealed; slavery there will be worse than unprofitable."

The Union supposes that the ship Canal across the Mexican Isthmus—if the right of way can be secured by negociation—will be made by a union of commercial capital and interests in our country and others: that private enterprise will relieve our government of the responsibility.

When Gen. Taylor's principles have been fully developed, if we approve of his views of the constitution, and of the policy in which the government should be administered, we shall be able to appreciate his claims to the Presidency. We shall weigh them in the best spirit. We are now uncommitted to any candidate, as are hundreds and thousands of the American people.—*Washington Union*.

☞ A counterfeit $3 on the Mechanic's Bank at Newark has been shown to us this morning by Mr. Day, the Cashier, as a recent issue. It has rather the appearance of a lithograph, and may be readily detected by the observing eye. *The signatures are obviously not written*. The name of the Cashier having been first engraved has been traced with ink, but that of the President has not been, in the bill before us. The note is dated May 1st, 1846, and made payable to Charles Dunn. Now the bank never issued a bill payable to that person, nor of that date.—*Newark Daily*.

Indian Rubber Cab Wheels.—In London India Rubber has lately been applied in a very curious manner to the wheels of cabs. A hollow tube of about 14 inches in diameter, composed of Indian rubber, and inflated with air, is made to encircle the wheel, similar to a tire, and all springs to the cab are dispensed with. Thus provided, the vehicle rolls along without making the slightest noise, with a motion, it is said, far more agreeable than if provided with the ordinary springs.

Gov. Johnson, of South Carolina, has issued his proclamation, appointing Thursday, 6th of May, a day of general thanksgiving for the triumph of our arms in the war with Mexico.

It is stated that the Rev. J. N. Maffot has *been deposed from the ministry* and cut from church fellowship.

The first cargo of Anthracite Coal from the Pennsylvania Coal region by way of the Morris Canal arrived here yesterday. The canal has now an abundant supply of water, and the directors are making extra efforts to increase the business on the canal this season.—*Newark Daily 6th inst.*

Baltimore sends great quantities of bread stuff to Europe constantly. There are now 44 vessels in the port loading with bread-stuff and there were *despatched last week cargoes comprising* an aggregate of 15,818 bbls. of flour, 9,923½ bushels of wheat, and 56,764 bushels of corn. Six vessels are now loading with tobacco for Europe.

Troops for Oregon.—The Washington Union says, that of the six thousand volunteers for the army, who are embraced in the call of the war department, for the present month, about 2, 000 are destined for Oregon and Santa Fe.

Ohio Wine.—Col. Warring of Columbia, has just sold his vintage of last year's native Wine, of several hundred gallons, at $1.25 cents per gallon. It was a fine article and chiefly raised at his vineyard on Indian Hill.—*Cincinatta Gaz.*

It is stated that 66 out of 100 pews of the new church recently erected in New Orleans, for the Rev. Dr. Hawks, formerly of Boston, sold at auction for *sixty three thousand dollars*.

The Matamoras paper states that a number of purchases of land on the eastern border of the Rio Grande have recently been made, with a view to immediate occupation and agricultural use.

Water has been let into the Erie Canal, and boats began to run on Friday, April 30.

Among the killed at the battle of Buena Vista was Lieut. William Price of Illinois, in the seventy second year of his age. He had left his home of affluence and ease, with the expressed wish to die in the service of his country.

British Opinion.—The editor of the Kingston, Canada, Whig, says, in alluding to the fall of Vera Cruz,

"Nothing now remains for the *unfortunates*, but their capital city, and that the crest spoilers can take whenever they choose to march upon it. It is somewhat surprising, that would be Mexico confessedly is, she should have the temerity to cope single handed, with what must now be confessed, though somewhat unwillingly, one of the most powerful nations in the two hemispheres."

The following receipt for making old silk as good as new, is from recent publication :

"Unpick the dress, put it into a tub, and cover it with cold water; let it remain an hour; dip it up and down, but do not wring it; hang it up to drain; iron it very damp, and it will look beautiful.

"Do you know how to cast iron?" said the proprietor of a stove foundry to a green country man who applied for work. "Well, yes," said the Pumpkin, scratching his head, "I was reckoned amazin' smart pitchin' quates down to hum."

Our Country.—The power, wealth and resources of the United States have never before been so signally developed to the world, as has been done within the period of the last twelve months. The vast expenses of the war, and the success of our arms in Mexico—the immense amount of supplies furnished to the starving nations of Europe, in the way of commerce, and the heavy voluntary contributions made as free will offerings to the suffering poor, must from their vastness, however reluctantly admitted, impress foreign governments with the sober fact that this is indeed a great country, and that we are a great and powerful people.—*Elizabethtown Journal*.

THE UNION

Plainfield, May 11, 1847.

Public Schools.—We are glad to learn that Dr. King, our State Superintendent of Public Schools, has made arrangements to pay us a visit. It will be seen by a notice in another column that he will lecture in this place, on the interesting and important subject of Common Schools, on Monday evening next. We ask for him a large attendance. Let all turn out, for we are assured *that those who lose the opportunity* will have cause to regret it. This subject is comparatively new to the people of New Jersey, but it is not so with our State Superintendent. Having been heretofore connected with the School System of the State of New York, he entered upon the duties of his present station with qualifications derived from experience and observation. His whole soul is engaged in the cause. He has visited many parts of the State, lecturing in the different towns and villages—and this he does without compensation. He gets no salary, nor asks any reward except the satisfaction of seeing the means of obtaining a good education placed within the reach of every child in the State.

☞ The Elizabethtown Journal has placed the name of Gen. Zachary Taylor, at the head of its editorial columns, as its candidate for the Presidency, "subject to the decision of a Whig National Convention, and the Wilmot Proviso." *This latter proviso looks to us very much like a* fatal bar to that paper ever becoming an advocate of Gen. Taylor's election. It is almost too much to expect of so large a slaveholder as Gen. Taylor to oppose the interests of Slavery, or its extension.

The following from the Newark Daily Advertiser so well expresses our own views, that we prefer copying it, to saying anything ourselves on the subject :

The New Brunswick Fredonian appears this week enlarged and improved in its general appearance. It must be a source of gratification to all men who take an interest in our local affairs to hear that a Journal of such defined and honorable character—one which pursues the ends for which society exists with a high degree of intelligence, constancy, and seriousness, from a love of order and decorum, and with a settled conviction that there is nothing worth living for but the true and permanent,—is extending its means of usefulness.

Mr. Jackson has retired from the Rahway Republican, which is now under the direction of Mr. Shann. A sensible article in the 1st No. of the new arrangement intimates that the growth of Rahway is much checked by the scarcity of money—and that a good share of the currency is in the shape of orders and due-bills. It says "if a farmer brings a few bushels of Corn, or Oats, or Wheat in the place, it is almost next to impossible for him to obtain the money for it. He is consequently driven to seek another market, and where he sells his grain, there will he buy his goods." The Republican condemns this state of things, and we are of much the same mind.

Mr. Jackson, it is said, intends to start a neutral paper in that place.

Specie.—The amount received into the United States since the present movement began, is about twenty millions of dollars, chiefly in gold from England.

The whole amount of specie in the N. York banks on the 1st inst. was $10,150,000.

Notwithstanding the large amounts of specie imported from England during the winter and spring, England is largely in debt to this country.

A statement is published concerning the fatal collision on the North River, which we noticed *last week*, and signed by the *Masters of 4 different vessels*, who witnessed the transaction. They all unite in the opinion that the Master of the schooner, Francis Cory managed the vessel as well as could have been done by any one under the circumstances; and that the accident occurred in consequence of the stopping of the steamboat wheels, or if stopped, in not reversing their motion. They place all the blame on the pilot of the steamboat. The wind was blowing a gale at the time, the schooner was coming to the dock and most of her sails were down.

The Essex Standard is considerably enlarged, and now contains a larger quantity of reading than several of the country papers. From it we learn that the Union Ticket succeeded at the last town meeting in Elizabethtown.

Battle of Sacramento.—Official accounts of this great battle, fought by Col. Doniphan on the 28th Feb. before taking Chihuahua. The Washington Union thinks this battle the most glorious of all achieved by our forces, "whether we consider the disparity of the forces engaged, the comparative loss of the two armies, the skill and prowess of our troops, either in storming the enemy's batteries, or in flanking their position, the utter discomfiture of the enemy, and the capture of the capital of Chihuahua."

The Mexicans were 4000 strong, with cavalry and artillery, posted in a strong and well fortified pass, who were driven from the field by our small force, and utterly discomfitted. Our force was 924 effective men; at least 100 of whom were engaged in holding horses and driving teams.—The loss of the enemy was his entire artillery, 16 wagons, masses of beans and pinols, and other Mexican provisions, about three hundred killed and about the same number wounded; many of whom have since died, and 40 prisoners.

The field was literally covered with the dead and wounded from our artillery and the incessant fire of our riflemen. Night put a stop to the carnage, the battle having commenced about 3 o'clock. Our loss was one killed, one mortally wounded, and 7 so wounded as to recover without any loss of limbs.

On the 1st day of March, Col. Doniphan took formal possession of the capital of Chihuahua, in the name of our government, without further opposition.

Two Weeks' Later Intelligence from Europe.—The steamer Caledonia *arrived at Boston on* Thursday, at 12 o'clock, noon, when her news was immediately telegraphed to New York, taken thence to the office of the Newark Daily Advertiser by express, and reached Plainfield, in that paper at 7 P. M! Truly a quick passage! She brings dates to the 20th of April.

The U. S. sloop of war, Jamestown, laden with provisions for the relief of the distressed Irish, arrived at Cork, April 12th, after the very short passage of 15 days from Boston! She was received with gratifying manifestations of joy. The papers speak of the event as "one of the proudest in American history, which speaks trumpet-tongued for the national benevolence, and is probably the noblest charity on record."

Bread stuffs had risen in price, and large sales had taken place. In London April 19 h, nearly all that was on sale was bought up for France and Belgium. Flour from $9 to $10 per barrel.

Cotton had risen in price.

Affairs in Ireland are improving.—Matters have reached their worst and are now mending, though the accounts are yet quite unsatisfactory. The journals still publish cases of starvation. They also teem with cases of murder and plunder. Cases are reported in which men had committed crimes for the express purpose of getting themselves supported at the public expense. The tillage of the land was better attended to, although vast tracts were yet totally neglected. Many landlords had supplied seed on loan. Emigration was proceeding at a rapid rate from all parts of the country.

Our accounts from Paris are to the 17th, by which we learn that the contemplated extension of the present system of free trade in food to the 31st of July, 1848, is all but certain. Dearth and its concomitants, discontent and disorder, are hourly increasing in France.

The N. Y. packet ship Rochester, from Liverpool for New York, April 18th, struck on the north end of Blackwater Bank, 12 miles from Dublin, and immediately filled. It is feared she will be a total loss.

The West India Royal Mail steam packet Co. have purchased the Great Western for £25000.

The Caledonia is reported to have brought over £500,000 in specie. Her news produced quite a sensation in Wall street, and has a very favorable influence on the business of this country. The advance of price in cotton and breadstuffs was greater than was expected.

New Daily Paper.—Edward O. and Robert Crowell, sons of the senior editor of the Newark Eagle, intend to commence publishing a daily Morning Paper in Newark, to be called the Morning Eagle. To city subscribers 10 cents a week—mail subscribers $5 per annum.

If the new paper is conducted with the urbanity, prudence, and talent that have characterized the Eagle for the last 25 or 30 years, it will be a decidedly good paper, and will deserve and probably receive a large share of patronage.

☞ The Gazette, Whig paper, of Carrollton, Greene County, Illinois, has placed the name of Gen. Zachary Taylor, at the head of its columns for President. Many papers at the South and West have done the same thing.

Hon. Daniel Webster with his lady is now making his long contemplated tour to the South and West, and he is everywhere received with great respect and cordiality.

Fatal Accid nt.—Mr. Benj. Terry, while running with a fire engine in Morristown, April 30, fell down and the wheels passed over him, and so injured him that he died the Sunday following.—He was formerly of Newark.

From the Seat of War.

Another Brilliant Victory—Santa Anna Routed.

New Orleans papers of the 30th inst. contains the following very interesting intelligence of the total rout of the Mexican army under Santa Anna—6000 Americans against 15,000 Mexicans—6000 Mexicans taken prisoners—500 Americans killed and wounded—on the 17th and 18th April.

On the afternoon of the 17th, the advance of our army under Gen. Twiggs, numbering 8,179 troops, encountered the Mexicans—and a severe conflict ensued, entirely decisive in its results. As general orders shew, Scott's intention was only to give battle on the 18th.

The action was brought on by the Mexicans.

The main battle was fought on the 18th, and resulted in the complete triumph of the American arms.

Plate Del Rio, April 17—11 A. M.

The division of Twiggs started two hours since, and heavy cannonading has already commenced upon his line from the artillery of the Mexican forces. At intervals too, the rattling of small arms is distinctly heard from the Dragoons.

5, P. M.

I have just returned from the scene of conflict—and a bloody one it has been—on this side of the farthest Mexican fort.

This morning it was found to be occupied by the enemy's light troops, and to force it at once was deemed indispensible. For this purpose the Rifles under Major Sumner, besides a detachment of Artillery and Infantry were ordered to charge up the rugged ascent. This they did gallantly, driving the Mexicans, after a gallant resistance. They were obstinate in the defence, and great numbers of the enemy were killed, and our entire loss is estimated at 100. Maj. Sumner was shot in the head with a musket.

At 3 o'clock, Gen Shields was ordered to support Gen. Twiggs with 3 regiments of volunteers.

Camp Plate Del Rio, April 18th.

The Americans have achieved another glorious and brilliant victory against an outnumbering force, and occupying a position which seemed as impregnable as Gibraltar. One after another of their works have been taken; five generals, colonels enough to command ten such armies as ours, and other officers innumerable have been taken prisoners, together with 6000 men, and the ammunition, cannon baggage, and baggage trains, and nothing but the impossibility of finding the road, which prevent our dragoons from reaching their works, enabled any of Santa Anna's grand army to escape, including his own illustrious person.

Santa Anna's travelling coach, with all his papers, valuables, and even his wooden leg, has fallen into our hands, together with all the money belonging to the army. No one is excepted, when aroused from his bivouac this morning, such a complete victory; 500 will cover the total loss of the Americans killed and wounded. Had it not been for the positive cowardice of Santa Anna, who before the battle was half lost, it would have been far greater. No one can estimate the loss of the Mexicans.

They have scattered in huts by the road side and in every direction. What disposition will be made of the prisoners is not yet known. They all may be set at liberty on parole on account of feeding them, and in order to accelerate the advanced movements of the army. It was Gen. Scott's intention to push on towards the city of Mexico with all haste.

April 19.

The rout of the Mexicans last evening was total and complete. The remains of the army were pursued to within 4 miles of Jalapa by General Gwiggs, at which point they all dispersed, so that there was none to follow. Santa Anna escaped by cutting a saddled mule from the harness of the magnificent coach, mounting him and subsequently taking to the chapparel.

The services of massa silver, all his papers, money and everything in the carriage, even his dinner, was captured. The Mexican loss upon the height was dreadful. The ground in places around was covered with dead and wounded.—Col. Palacio was found there mortally wounded.

Their loss on the retreat was terribly severe, every bye path was strewed with the dead. Had our dragoons been able to reach them in season, they all would have given up arms to Santa Anna among them. Canales with his lancers had the prudence to vanish early.

The Mexican officer taken prisoners had arrived at Vera Cruz

Gen. Shields, it is feared, is mortally wounded.

Later from Gen. Taylor.

Dates up to the 4th are received. All was quiet. Citizens were returning to their homes, and deserted markets again presented Mexican food.

On the 1st ult. emigrantes of villages 20 miles off a road to China, came and report all to Gen. Taylor.

Twenty-four Mexicans were murdered at Guadalupa, they say, at night, by Americans—the men first tied and then shot in the head. Supposed to have been done by part of the Ohio drafted goons and Texan Rangers, but not yet proved.—Gen. Taylor is determined to hang all who participated.

Urrea was at Linares expecting reinforcements. The term of 13 regiments will expire this next month. Wounded all doing remarkably well.

Mexican loss at Buena Vista officially reported 1138 killed, 1500 wounded.

Gen. Taylor has very appropriately replied to the complimentary resolutions of our last Legislature, in a letter to Gov. Stratton, and also in a letter to Senator Miller. He handsomely refers to the services of Jerseymen at the battle of Buena Vista.

The corner stone of the Smithsonian Institute edifice was laid with much ceremony, at Washington, on the 1st inst.

It is supposed that about 5000 families changed residences in New York city on the 1st inst.—at a cost of some $74,000.

21,883 emigrants entered the port of N. York during the last month.

Lecture on Public Schools.

Theodore F. King, State Superintendant of Public Schools, will Lecture in the Second Presbyterian Church in this place, on Monday evening, the 17th inst. to commence at half past 7 o'clock.

Essex County Work House.—The Board of Freeholders give notice to the Magistrates of the county, that they have complied with the request of the Legislature authorizing them to convert a part of the public Jail of the county into a Work House; that such part is now ready for the reception of all persons liable to be sent there, and that the "act for the establishment of work houses in the several counties in this State," passed Feb. 20, 1846, can now be enforced. Vagrants, beggars, drunkards, night walkers, disorderly persons, &c. may be sent to the Work House for any period not exceeding 6 months.

☞ The advertisement of the Freeholders we shall publish next week.

India Rubber Money.—The New London Star has been shown a "One Dollar Bill of the New Haven County Bank, genuine, the paper of which was of India Rubber, manufactured in Lisbon. It was slightly elastic, but little thicker than the ordinary paper, and perfectly impervious to water. Indeed, to so great perfection had it been brought, both in the filling up and in the ink used for the signatures that the counterfeiter had not the common and even uncommon methods of obliteration. It had been soaked and boiled in strong potash lye, with scarcely perceptable effect."—*New Haven Register.*

We too have seen bills of the above description but are of opinion that paper will after all be preferred.—*Jour. of Com*

Temptation is the half-way house on the road to ruin, and the toll-gate is only passable by the furniture of a very heavy fine, namely, our characters and our constitutons.

Black Snow.—The English papers state that there have been several falls of black snow and black rain, of late, in the Isle of Man.

Sleighing.—It was good sleighing in the city and neighborhood of Montreal on the 14th of April. The snow was two feet deep on a level.

A poet speaks somewhere of "books in running brooks." Very many of the books printed now a days shouldn't be anywhere else.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSVONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir—Your Olosonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little relief from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the diseases since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

It is impossible for us to compress into our narrow limits even a brief allusion to all of the numerous cures that have been effected by Dr. Wistar's Balsam. We can only refer to a very few as specimens of its general efficacy.

A few days ago, a lady called at the office in fine health, and looking as robust as though she never knew what sickness was. To our surprise, she stated that until recently, she had been sick for between three and four years with what was supposed to be consumption—that she had a violent cough, night sweats, with alternate chills and fever, and every usual symptom of confirmed consumption. The result was, that she became so emaciated as to present more the appearance of a skeleton than a living being. Providentially, she at this time, heard of the wonderful cures performed by Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and commenced using it herself. The effect was, that she began to get better at once. By degrees, the cough left her, the chills and fever disappeared, and in two months she again found herself in perfect health.

None genuine, unless seigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

CASE OF CURE.

About five years since, Mrs. Simons, residing at Trinity Place, while walking home from Church was suddenly taken with a sensation resembling the sting of an insect on her leg, between the knee and her ancle. The pain and swelling of the limb soon became alarming, and a physician was called in, and although he had the advice and assistance of two more of the profession, the disease increased to such an alarming degree that it was feared that she would be subjected to the loss of her limb, but it was not only lanced, but the bone was scraped at three different times.

During three months' suffering in this condition it did not once occur to her wise physician that a corrupt state of the vital fluid was the primary cause of her suffering—but at this stage of the disease she was visited by a female friend, who prevailed on her to take the Brandreth Pills to PURIFY THE BLOOD.

She immediately commenced the use of the Pills and two boxes restored her to perfect health, and her limb to soundness.

November 241 Broadway. Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office: 274 Bowery. Retail Office: 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

New York Prices Current, April 24, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	7.50 to 7,88
Rye Flour,	5,00 to 5,12
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,80 to 4,88
Grain—Wheat,	1,40 to 1,50
Rye,	92 to 1,00
Corn,	,99 to 1,00
Oats, Jersey,	45 to 50

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

John Briant, $3,75; Ira Proden, 2,00; T. S. Alberti, 2 00; I. D. Titsworth, 1,75; L. M. Force, 2,04; Jackson Pound, 1,50; E. W. Briant, 1,50; John Stice, 1,44; J. A. Freeman, 1,24; J. Gamberton, 1,15; Elisha Runyon, Esq. 1,00; E. L. Sheppard, 1,00; Oliver Runyon, 1,00; Drake Soper, 1,00; W. W. Dayis, 1,63; Silas Cole, ,56; Wm. Stine, ,56; John C. Moore, ,50.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure *disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION.**

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized and barbarous nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable herbs in the whole science, and practical skill of physicians who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be real admiration/admission to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs or consumption in particular. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar of Philadelphia has for many years sold not a single article of any preparation of Wild Cherry; but there wasone got up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the right of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 24 inst by Rev. J. O. Rogers, Jesse W. Richards to Frances A. Wilson, both of Elizabethtown.

April 27th, J. Edward Barnes, of Summit Hill, Pa. to Elizabeth G. Woodbridge, of Perth Amboy, N. J.

DIED.

In this place, April 27th, of palsy, Mr. Thomas Runyon, in the 68th year of his age.

I am the Resurrection and the Life, saith the Lord, he that believeth on Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live.

In Elizabethtown, April 27th, Mary R., relict of the late Nathaniel Mitchell, aged 71 years.

In Elizabethtown, April 30, Aaron Huey, aged 51 years.

In New York city, April 26th, Mrs. Susan Rozette, formerly of Elizabethtown.

See Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale very low by D. BULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

VENDUE.

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Vendue at John W. Laing's tavern in Plainfield, the following Real Estate, on Monday, 17th of May, 1847:

1st. The Lot of Land of about one acre where the Dwelling and Bakery of the subscriber is, on Front st. in Plainfield, adjoining Ira Pruden's store, with all the buildings thereon.

2d. A Lot and House which James Van Vleet occupied last year, on Front st. adj ining Cornelius Stasts on the east side, and Abijah Titus on the west, containing about a quarter of an acre.

3rd. A House and Lot in the upper part of Plainfield, adjoining Jacob Thorn's and John H. Coward's Lots, containing about half an acre of Land.

4th. A Farm of one hundred and twenty acres of land, in the Short Hills, near Thomas Terry's late residence, and adjoins John Randolph's Farm, and is in a good state of cultivation with a fair proportion of Meadow and Tillable land, well watered and in good repair, with a good apple orchard, 2 Dwelling Houses, and other buildings thereon, situated on the road from Plainfield to Rahway.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Conditions made known on the day of sale.

JACKSON POUND.

Plainfield, May 6th, 1847.

House and Lot on Front st. For Sale.

The Subscriber offers For Sale his House and Lot in the lower part of this village. The Lot contains a quarter of an acre of ground. The house is two stories high, 18 by 24 feet, with an additional room of 12 feet, a good cellar, three fireplaces, &c. all in good repair, and as good as new. On the premises are a good Woodhouse, a good well of water, a number of Fruit Trees, &c. &c. $225 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

CLARKSON HOLTON.

Plainfield, May 4, 1847.—4w

A CARD.

MRS. SARAH BROWN would respectfully inform the Ladies of Plainfield and the surrounding county that she intends to open a Silk and Straw Millinery Store on the 20th inst. in Main street, opposite Mr. Pruden's Store. She will avail herself of every opportunity afforded her for selecting the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

Plainfield, April 12, 1847.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for ash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1846.

THE FAIREST TESTIMONY ON RECCRD.

☞ 15,000 Ladies in the City of New York.
16,000 " " Brooklyn.
9,400 " " Albany.
7,500 " " Troy.
156,000 in other towns and villages in the State, making in all 191,900 ladies, besides a very large majority of the gentlemen population who are true admirers and regular patrons of that very excellent Toilet Emolient:

RADWAY'S CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

Why is Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap preferred to all other soaps, either for Toilet or Medical purposes. Simply, it is truly a medicated preparation. Its medicinal properties are selected from the most rare and choice extracts of the whole materia medica. Its action on the skin and secretory vessels is entirely different to that of any other soap. It opens the pores of the skin, clears from those natural avenues all impediments which prevents the free escape of the impurities of the fluids. Thus keeping the whole in a healthy condition, and preventing the skin from becoming parched, dry or disfigured with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c.

For the Toilet it is superior to all imported soaps, being entirely free from all poisonous admixtures, such as caustic, "muriatic acids," bismuth which tends to irritate the skin—and instead of eradicating the diseases in the system, drives them (the diseases) to the skin. When after a short period they appear again upon the surface in a much worse condition than before. What elevation is it to use the genuine Radway's *Chinese Medicated soap!"* in preference to all others. It is cheaper, better and gives better satisfaction than any other article of the kind in the market. It never fails in removing all excrescences, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, &c. from the surface. It softens, purifies, heals and soothes the skin, and adds beauty to the complexion of all who use it.

Sold for 12 1/2 cents a cake, in Plainfield by

May 11, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Useful Books for the People.

Valuable New Work on Horses.

THE COMPLETE FARRIER,

Or Horse Doctor.

The Habits, Diseases, and Management of the Horse in the Stable and on the Road.

With advice to Purchasers.

Price Twenty-Five Cents.

This celebrated work, although it is sold at so cheap a rate, is the best one ever written on the Diseases of Horses. It is written in plain language that every body can understand, and the directions for the treatment of diseased horses are so minute as not to be mistaken.

Persons can have a single copy of the work by mail carefully enclose a **25** cent piece. The postage on the work will be only 4 1-2 cents to any part of the United States. Five copies for $1.

THE GARDENER.

Or an Account of Every Valuable Production Cultivated for the Table, by the Plough and the Spade, with full Directions for Planting and Raising Flowers.

This useful little book should be in the hands of every man who has a garden. To persons who cultivate vegetables for a market, it is especially valuable, as it contains the fullest directions for raising early and late vegetables of every possible description. It was written by a practical market gardener.

Price 25 Cents per Copy.

Five Copies for One Dollar.

To all Who Buy and Sell Books.

The undersigned is now prepared to supply all orders from Country Agents, Booksellers and Pedlars. We have on hand a large assortment of New Books, Periodicals and cheap publications which we will sell at the Publishers' lowest prices.

Persons in the Country who wish to procure books, no matter who publishes them, will be supplied at the lowest prices.

Address all orders to WM. H. GRAHAM
Tribune Buildings, New York

The above works are for sale by all he Booksellers. Ask for Graham's Editions.

New York, May 11, 1847.—4w

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographs,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes, &c. &c.

A Fresh Supply just received by

May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO

(successors to JASON H. BOCKOVER.)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 2s.

10 cases De Laines at 1s. worth 1s 9d and 2s.

5 do do. at 1s. 2d. worth 2s. and 2s. 6d.

5 do do. at 1s. 6d. worth 3s.

Also 3 cases very rich California Plaids from 2s. to 3s.

2 cases French Ginghams 1s. 6d. worth 2s. 6d.

10 cases English Long Cloth at 1s. worth 1s 4d & 1s 6d

20 cases Prints, Americau, from 4d. per yard upwards.

50 cases Bleached Jeans, from 1s 4d. per yard upwards.

100 pieces Plaid Alpaccas at 2s. worth 3s 6d.

5 cases French Organda Muslins only 1s. roid last year at 2s.

3 cases English Prints, former price 2s at only 1s. a yd

100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers' prices.

Heaps and stacks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 5d per yard upwards.

50 dozen best quality French Kid Gloves at 3s. 6d.—worth 5s.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 9d.

Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair

100 Cashmere Spring Shawls from $1 to $50.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, *Mull* and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care; and having been in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3m

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by

March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and intends keeping a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES* consisting of

Gents' Fine Calf Boots—Do. double sole do.

Do. Kip and pegged Boots

Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,

Boy's Boots and shoes, fine and coarse.

Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters

Morocco Buskins, single and double soles

Black and colored Gaiter Buskins.

Misses and children's Black and colored Morocco shoes —Pulls and Button Gaiters.

Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the subscriber on Notice or Book Account, bond and Mortgage, or in any other claim whatsoever, are requested to present them within 30 days—and all will be thankfully received within that time.

April 24, 1847. LEWIS M. FORCE.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affection, Cramp, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Sore Throat and Quinsy Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of different Disease above named,—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, are the best proofs we can give to the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Fever Sores.—The following letter has just been received by the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of Mr. Adolphus Oliver, of Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure

Fonebridge, June 12, 1846.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.—

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe the pain I have endured. I have used different remedies, but this dreadful complaint, only about half that time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several physicians and tried many of the remedies of the day for the cure of disease, but none of them afforded me any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using but a single bottle I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once. Most Respectfully yours,

OWEN O'SLAVIN:

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BEN. D. MILLER, M. D.

☞ The following is selected out of a vast amount of testimony, showing the great value of Hunt's Liniment in cases of Rheumatism:

Mount Pleasant, Esq.—Sir—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism for upwards of five years in my ancles and feet, and so painful at times that I could not walk, and had to be assisted to dress and undress myself; and having been under the care of four or five different physicians, and having tried almost every remedy I could hear of, but not to much effect, I had given up all hopes of ever being cured, until I heard of Hunt's Liniment: I tried a bottle of it, and found immediate relief. That is about four months ago, and in that time I have used about one dollar's worth, and now feel almost as well as ever I did. Persons as well known as myself can testify to its value; and I would advise all who are afflicted with pains and aches to use Hunt's Liniment. Yours, &c. HENRY L. BUCKHOUT.

Sing Sing, April 5, 1844.

☞ A lady who has suffered with a Lame back for many years, was entirely restored to health after using one bottle of Hunt's Liniment.

Mount Pleasant, March 31, 1845.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—It is with sincere pleasure that I am able to give my evidence in favor of your invaluable remedy. My wife has for many years been troubled with a severe pain in her back, every thing that could be thought of was tried, but nothing seemed to have any effect upon her. At length she was induced to make use of Hunt's Liniment, and have applied it thoroughly, and to my great joy, my wife is now as well as ever she was. Yours, &c. EDWARD LEWIS.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142 Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL & CO. 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark—E. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—J. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield—Elijah Stites, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Elizabethtown—Dr. Wade & Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R Briscoe, James Crane.

Rahway—C. J. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Whitehouse, James Saunder

Cherry Valley—H. H. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Belleville—Van Horseman & Son

Bloomfield—Fraser, Pierson & Congar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison,—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. ly

Hosiery and Gloves.

Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair

100 Cashmere Spring Shawls from $1 to $50.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, *Mull* and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care; and having been in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3m

Potatoes.

100 Bushels Mercer Potatoes, for sale by

March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

One CENT Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 23d inst. ANDREW CONNOR, an indented Apprentice to the Farming Business—about 16 years of age, common size. This is to forbid all persons harboring, trusting or employing said Boy, under penalty of the law, and I will pay no debts of his contracting.

DANIEL SHOTWELL.

Plainfield township, April 24, 1847.—3w*

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Ginghams, a good assortment.

Prints, Merrimacs, Full River, Cochico, &c. new styles, and a good assortment now be opened.

Dimpers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,

Needlework, Gambroons and Cottonades,

Locas' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Satinets, Kentucky, Checks, &c. a large assortment,

Stocks, Dissous, Collars and Cravats,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,

Carpeting and a great assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades—a cheap lot, cheap, sunglasses are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot; of all sizes

China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13, 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of children whom they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage and to see their people making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

I. NEWMAN,
D. KENOX.

April 6, 1847.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink. Also Black Promissory Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State, Just Received by

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including large and illustrated editions.—Baxter's Call—Protestant Annual—Methodist Hymns, &c. for sale by

May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,

For Sale at the Printing Office.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations—in short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing,* Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others, who use Feathers, that he has just received a large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell Low for Cash or Approved Credit.*

Plainfield, March 8, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

3 *CASES* more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received and for sale by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7, 8 & 10 Ann street, Tribune Building

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including paper and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various size and prices; also the late styles of tasteful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at $75 per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other city. Awnings at manufacturers' prices. Paper, Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.*

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the dear Merrimack Prints, at 1s. a yard, just received by

March 1, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Great Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

Peach Trees, Peach trees.

THOSE who are fond of cultivating this delicious Fruit, will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber, who will be happy to supply them with any number not exceed 5,000, and at such prices as cannot fail to suit those who wish to purchase.

Among the different kinds are the

Crawford Late Mulacoon, Kare Ripes
Late Kare Ripes, Morris White
Mexican Free Stone Early Waters,
Honest Indian, Albergs.

P. S. The above are all inoculated.

Plainfield, March 16, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety of

Balzarines, Lawns, and Barèges.
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple, green, blue silk and white do
M' D'Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmeres and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored, Garnet do.
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Lactrian Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Durham and Gro de Rhin 27, 29 and 32 inches wide. [Bonnets,
Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for Bonnets, Velvet Ribbons, also a few Bonnets
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels.
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, French and English Prints in great variety.
Irish Linens of the best brands from 9s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width
Shawls, Balzarine, Mode Lama, Broche, and Merino
Ladies' Dresses and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the first quality and various colors, also
Silk and Cotton do.
Thread and Needle Pringes and Insertings.
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Ladies' dress
Ladies' Collars, Cuffs and Sets, for purse trimming,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers and Overshoes,
Bonnet Boxes, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c
Bags, Satchels, Parasolets, Fans &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Brussel Carpets, American, French, German and English
Canister's Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Venetian, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Sattinets of every variety also Bed ticks, Checks and Selfs
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, and men.
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Locas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, spoons, tea trays, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO

A large assortment of Groceries and Provisions all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847.

ESSEX ORPHAN'S COURT.

Term of February, A. D. 1847.

Joel Dunn, Administrator &c. of Martin Runyon, dec'd
Order to limit creditors on a Representation of Insolvency.

This said Administrator having represented to the Orphan's Court of the County of Essex, under oath, that the personal and real estate of the above named Deceased is insufficient to pay the debts of said Deceased, according to the Statute in such case made and Relief. The Court thereupon Order and Direct the said Administrator to give public notice to the Creditors of said Deceased, to exhibit to the above named Administrator their claims against the said Deceased and settled under oath or Affirmation, within six months from this day, March 2d, 1847, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the County of Essex, for that purpose, for six months, and also by advertising the same for the like period in one of the newspapers printed in this State, which circulates most generally in the neighborhood where said Decedent lived.

By the Court.
JNO. J. CHETWOOD, Surrogate.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by
May 19. 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 31 each, for sale by
July 7 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia,
Sept. 15. 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

Removes superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after subsequent months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first: thereby the Eradicator is a sure, safe, speedy and third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assort ment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Pray's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial.
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lessour's Life Preserving Pill.—Peters' Pills,
Rice's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c from Cloths, Silks, &c. without injury.
Eau Medicinale Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences, Indelible Ink, best quality.—M'Nair's Arcanic Oil, Indian Vegetable Pills of China,
Norsquare Rose Liniment—Rheumatic Magic, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink.
May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from *Philadelphia*, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1 00
Expectorant, 1 00—Alterative, 1,00—American Hair Dye, 50 cents—Carminative Balsam, 25—Tunative Pills, 25—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.
Also, for sale Keath's Indian Vegetable Plaster,
Shavings' soap, a superior article,
Sherman's Cherie Tooth Paste, 25,
Matchless Sesquine. M. F. CUSHING.

Chinese Medicated Soap,

FOR Freckles, Tan, Blotches, Chapped or cracked Skin, a real skin purifier; this excellent for shaving; sold by the cake, for sale by
M. F. CUSHING, Sole Agent for Plainfield.
Also, just received by the above 2 dozen boxes of
McAlister's Celebrated Ointment.
See Advertisement in another column.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Boss. No efforts have been scrupled, that contributed to render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. For motto is, "If any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Table, $2.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Steam Engineering, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, Astronomy and practice, $5.00: we pos Surveying, without hesitation, that we will qualify effectively any young countryman; so sure are we any treat any ordinary youth to two quarters; so sure are we any treat of land, (that is if he is willing to learn.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every month.

Examinations at the expiration of every and quarter

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every and quarter

It is requested, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; this so complete many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Clinton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold in New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Guion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf
For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Lunch, Pilot, Pic Nic, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Cassines of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for past custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, printing, shoeing, hats, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats or feed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them or leave them on the way to pay their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and nothing else in any way.

☞ J. P. forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield. N. J.

And encourage Home Industry

JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in the line of the above business, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors in the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chesnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover str.; Baltimore, 193 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 39 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50 for sale at June 30. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, *Griddles, Gridirons,* Augurs &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S,

THE preceding figures is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body.—It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows unimpeded; it will be seen in health, but rarely when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within it. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. This is to see, with the eye, when the blood is stagnant, or infected it to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Turkish bath for instance, Steams the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist deals out infinitesimals, the Allopathist bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, Syrups, Sarsaparillas, &c.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock ascertained in five days time of one pound of solid matter stomach, passed of by this means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the vital principle of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five eighths of all the virulant matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to develope itself. Hence a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask now, every candid mind what course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, restore the flow of the juices.—Would you give internal STOPS the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know of no objection this maker any internal application to affect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others McAllister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WONDERFUL SALVE. It has power to penetrate, action on the feet, on the head around old sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

Like Bowling in accepts of the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle toits healthy functions.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious articles taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external o. internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, piles, liver, and by the utmost dangers and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of Aetial power.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the *Gospel*—Judge on the bench and the most respectable citizens, Shepherdesses, and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying "McAllister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told by Doctors that they have to open a hole in the lungs as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 20 years standing and is used regularly every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption. Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, *Salt Rheum*, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchits Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chest diseases, such as Coughs, Consumption, Pains, Sore Lips, chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine ever known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world!

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Surface,—its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease acting till the face is free from any matter, that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but redness or dull colored appearance it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines are to worms when taken by them they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. The truth is no one can tell invariably, when worms will always fall if the following is used. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the excision of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are an outlet to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually dated every thing known as well as the history of Methuselah's life would. One man told us that he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any benefit when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

Persons commencing use of the Ointment will always keep Corrs from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the sun will rise in the East—so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of flesh—so long as disease and sickness is known—just so long will his good Ointment be used and esteemed. Disease will fall off the earth, then the demand will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now as there is offered a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the constituted courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.
M. F. CUSHING, and PLATT DRAKE

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage for past favors received in the City of Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage.

He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzarines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Cashcs, Muslins, Bleached and unbleached, diapers, towelling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk ernaris, gingham Sc. cassimeres, tweeds, jeans, Russia sheeting, padding, canvass, wiggin, wadding, cotton bats, Dates and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, brole down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—N. O. Laguira and Rio coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar crackers, common crackers, gin cakes, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, white wash line and brushes scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing twine, fishing twine, shoe thread, tape, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds.

Crockery.

Coffee and Tea sets plain and painted, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes padlocks, door locks, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, plates, scissors, corry combs, horse cards, scythes and sidles, wire, nails from No. 4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Cloaks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings fine do. yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Licencies.—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be given.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing this Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, 1 set new Carriage Harness, 1 pair Brass mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public is solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*

Just Opened by
June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles. Sand cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and Nature, &c. that

They continue hammering and bending.
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you think it needs mending.

They keep on hand and are receiving various pat terns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD MICHARDS,

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,

184 & 2 Maiden-Lane, New York.
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton, Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tdimbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive, for Bowel Complaint.
Also, Steeling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 18, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,

THE GREAT AMERICAN

INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNBOUNDED AND TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has resulted from the use of this *Cure at Healing and Purifying* remedy, in the cases of *Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Consumption*, warrants the proprietor in saying that it is the most *infallible* remedy in the world, for any form or stage of *Consumption*—the worst and most hopeless cases.

Many *Physicians*, say that the human lungs when once ulcerated never can be cured; but if *experience* and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing in community can be relied on, *Brant's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured many of the *worst cases of ulcerated* and *diseased lungs*—such cases as were called *Consumption* by the most skilful Physicians, and that too, after they had given them up and pronounced them incurable. Such cases as these, and indeed cases of ulcerated lungs—such diseases as many persons die in consequence of, every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it curative virtues which no other *Cough remedy* possesses. It also possesses all the necessary qualities for facilitating expectoration, allaying irritation, subduing pain and subduing cough, that other cough medicines have, but then, by its compound *healing virtues* like absorbent, its purifying qualities, and the stimulation and soothing qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, of subduing cough and easing pain,' it heals and cures where in the lungs, *as certainly as it never has failed* to heal, the most virulent ulcers or scrofula, in the legs or arms or any other part of the body.

Brant's Indian Purifying Extract,

is a *purifier of the blood, a great Indian remedy*, which is unrivalled in its medical virtue by any other Balsam in all its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not possessing expectorating and nervine qualities, which, in the Balsam, are necessary in Cough remedies and it is also a Strongest and most perfect *purifyer* of the blood, which, it will *certainly purify* without a shadow of a doubt, in every and all cases, consumption, liver complaint, &c. excepted, and *guarantee* that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses *four times more alterative* and *purifying virtues* than a like bottle of any preparation of *Sarsaparilla* ever offered to the public. Find this, upon a fair trial.

IT CURES SCROFULA!

without fail in any instance: and also, many other chronic diseases with which they are caused by derangement in the secretions and impurity of the blood, *Salt Rheumatism, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Ulcerated Sore mouth and Throat, Nursing Sore Mouth, Blotches, Pimples, Boils, Tumors, Liver, Complaint Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases.* And all severe cases of *scurf, tainted* or secondary diseases of the blood. It also by equalizing the circulation and assimilating the blood *restores a vigor* to the system, whose weakness and other derangements *incidental to females*

This great *Indian remedy* is compounded and prepared entirely from *vegetable substances*, and its wonderful effects on all pulmonary complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience. *No injury* has ever been done to any of the persons who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give but a few of the many names of well known and respectable persons who have used this wonderful medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates and statements of important cures, for full particulars of every case by sending for a pamphlet, *Every agent has it*, the one, and you will be convinced of human testimony can go. Once you, that the above is *all a true statement of facts.*

We refer, in the first place to persons *who have been themselves cured* by the use of the medicine of the severest and deepest cases of consumption, and to numerous others in connection with these names.

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. recommends it highly, having seen its purifying and healing effects in a case of abscess on the liver, and also having witnessed its good effects in many other cases.

General John Dunning, Ballston Spa N. Y., who was for many years sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mr. Gilman Dodge, a farmer and wool mercehant, Elba, Genesee Co., N. Y., Inflammation of the Lungs with bleeding at the Lungs.

Mr. J. Townsend, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co., N. Y. Incipient Consumption.

Mr. Jas. Potter, Penn Yan, Yatesher, 33 Herbert st., N. Y. Consumption of several years.

Mr. R. Capman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long difficulty of breathing.

Rev. John R. Sutch, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. E. N. Simpson, Jobbing Merchant, 22 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the Neck.

Mr. J. Craig, Merchant Moulton, Orleans Co. N. Y. Consumption.

Capt. Lyra Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles.

Mrs. Sarah Barlow, Ballston Spa, N. Y., Salt Rheum of 15 years, in the face and eyes.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following respectable persons who we know to, and have statue that they have seen the happy results of the use of this medicine into exercising cures another persons, and such complaints and diseases, as are mentioned in connection with their names. We refer again therefore, for such proof, to

Mr. J. S. Van Vechten, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for a case of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Mr. W. J. Shelton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. H. Dewing, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Ballston Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption Fever Sore and Scrofula.

Dea. Bessmer, 132 Henry st, Brooklyn, N. Y. for Nature of Consumption.

Dea. Salmon Skinner, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st. Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas of the eyes, and Scrofulous Erysipelas in the legs.

Mr. Wm. M. Hunt, Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Erysipelas and a case of Scrofula in the neck.

Mr. Milo Heath, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Erysipelas of long standing on his knees.

Mr. S. J. Stryker, Merchant 22 John St. N. Y. ulcerated eruption on his child, which a celebrated Saparilla could not cure.

Dea. Wm. Dana, Druggist, Middletown, Conn. Erysipelas of the Eyes.

Mr. Wm. B. Harris, Sheriff of Saratoga Co. N. Y. his wife cured of consumption.

Mr. John Hodge, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Consumption.

Mr. W. Chapman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption, and of Consumption of his brother man, and also a lady, *all of whom* the best physicians had given up as incurable.

Messrs. J. Christopher, W. Howell, & D. Howell, and *Mr. Mc Laughlin*, Gentlemen well known at Rochester City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint.

We could thus go onand refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, for *which* we have received certificates and statements, but if these be not sufficient to prove all we have said respecting the healing and purifying virtues of this Great *Indian Remedy* then thousands of our references would be equally as unsuccessful.

For Sale by the following Agents:
Plainfield, M. Cushing & Marsh,
Scotch Plains, J. M. Osborn,
New-Market, Israel R. Coriell,
Metuchen, J. M. Clark,
Dunellen, Joseph Rose,
Basking ridge, D. W. Doty,
Elizabethtown, J. E. Brisco,
Somerville, Messrs. Voorhees & Mullington, Andrew Smalley.

Plainfield Union.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines to a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. F. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 186 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Railway, in Chester, on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the day they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. Swayne, of Philadelphia, for which there has been a great demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. P. CUSHING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Chest, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any and all such diseases.

In Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, &c., I was induced to send for some of the medicine called your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which I had seen recommended in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of the cough increased, and the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time I recommenced the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of the severe pain in my side and breast, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many a valuable life. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was. EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 12th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, one of the greatest blessings to mankind.

Some of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy could be named which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited, and received such high eulogium from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," as the fact is generally known to be the case. But to such we would say, beware of your colds, do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to have a good old age, use such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Such a remedy is found in Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry, stirred more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and fully prove the wonderful properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all concur in pronouncing it the best and most effectual remedy ever offered for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of this valuable medicine:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so fearfully approaches the standard of life, that the power of man can rarely stay its progress, until it is too late to counteract its silent tyrannies. Hence the employment of the means requires the time which cannot be afforded in a case like this, therefore, we discover a remedy, which is agreeable at all times, and the same time potent in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a Philadelphia Physician, his Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry is the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia, and of the following agents, who have received agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

It truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption, is sufficient guarantee to the public that they are not imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of some doubtful character. In the annals of medical biography, or therapeutics, there has not been a medicinal preparation which has met with so favorable a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. Its introduction into the world, and the remedy has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded their (to them unwelcome fact) but have positively given it the preference in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, the undersigned wish to say the article is to be had particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

LETTERS ADDRESSED TO DR. SWAYNE PHILA. (Post Paid) by countless victims of Consumption's blast-ing breath,

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blast-ing breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death!

While there is life there's hope. for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

To Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the dread

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;

Put beware of the base imposters who would desecrate this tree

By their Paregoric cures and rhyming shaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to temper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,

Who hates Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,

The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite, to truth and justice cold

Who'd hover o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'd bar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their ch cry with Tar;

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in this or any other country, "Years after this," "celebrated remedies" came out, up sprung several other "celebrated remedies" as "a Syrup," trying to build on that already established, so that unless persons will be observed, they will be buying mixture, palmed off upon them,) if they did not hear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Has Consumption's doom been spoken!
Art thou spitting life away?
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day?
Yearning light of existence,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
From sea to Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Agents should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,

OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; at the same time cleansing the intestinal canal from all viscid matter or slimy matter which forms their nests or beds, and with us which they cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even if the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms; and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial; as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but it composes entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be safely given to children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorised by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A. M. and at 2 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtland st, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 1 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by Steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M. Boat.

FARE		
From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,		75 cents
Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R.		87 1-2
Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	68 3-4
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A. M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, and Mauch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Lambertville, New Hope, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

TEAS, TEAS.—A fresh Supply of Green Teas, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call and see. PRUDEN'S

June 30.

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities that are priced to suit all by D. BULLMAN.

CONSUMPTION!

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam" exercise a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed; and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected a

PERMANENT CURE,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a most effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to deceive or to mystify, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness, and future myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and CAN BE CURED." At this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its ceaseless. No walk of life is secure from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from the death dealing shaft. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life, and death, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset all in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations we are at least entitled to credit in veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It comes before it "unconditional aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. It true value and intrinsic excellence is sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Will on to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 20, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY in cases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all of which have given entire satisfaction. In one case I thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUACKERY: NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled success and increasing sale of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry* in all the diseases for which it is recommended curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a sale unprecedented in medicine. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine "WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the *Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield, by Dr. Lewis Craig.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 29, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil, and is far preferred by the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with receipt for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Brothers, Stove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jacob Poun's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO,

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware* which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

For the Plainfield Union.

To a Robin.

When Spring emerging from its wintry tomb,
Adorns the earth with herbage green and sweet,
And beauteous blossoms, bursting into bloom,
Scatter a flowery pathway for our feet;

When shining Sol's invigorating rays,
Chase heavy Winter from the face of earth;
Then, Robin Red Breast, do we hear the lay
The God of Nature taught thee to pour forth.

I love to wander through the silvan grove,
And list the carols of the feathered choir,
The brown thrush, dove, and linnet's song I love,
And often stop their warbling to admire.

Thy voice and plumage, Red Breast, cannot vie
With many birds that hail the rising sun,
But still for thee I oft have heaved the sigh,
When startled by the vagrant fowler's gun.

I, momentary, saw thee proudly soar
Above, thy broken wing forbids thy flight,
Thy red-breast, with thy life's blood, crimsoned o'er,
Thy little eyes are shut in endless night.

O could the cruel sportsmen only feel,
For thee but half my pity, feeling, love,
He would not seek thy fleeting life to steal,
But let thee rove thy native forest grove.

Plainfield, May, 1847. ANTHE.

From the Cincinnati Journal.

A Romantic Love Tale.—That the course of love never did run smooth, has been again proved by circumstance with which we were made acquainted a few days since. For some time back a widow lady had resided in the upper part of our city, whose quiet and retired manners led her to avoid society almost entirely. She was only known to her neighbors and by them slightly. She had no children, was scarce thirty in appearance, and remarkably good looking, with a face of the moonfint cast, which novelists so often choose for their heroines and which lend such a charm to the features of the pensive order. It was known of her that she had been married to a man much older than herself, who had died and left her in comfortable circumstances. About two weeks since the Urbanville omnibus drove up to her door and she stepped into the vehicle with the purpose of visiting the village.—There was but one other passenger, a gentleman about the same age with herself.

A few minutes after the omnibus started, the gentleman made a remark which attracted the attention of the lady, and throwing back her veil to answer, enabled the gentleman to catch a glance at her features. An ejaculation, expressive of surprise, escaped him, and a stream from the lady's eyes also was startled in no slight degree.—"Mary," "Charles," and in a moment's scene, rarely witnessed off the stage, was performed in the omnibus. The people who had entered the carriage as strangers were in each other's arms—the lady in tears the gentlemen exhibiting by his voice and caresses the extreme of joy.

In two days from that time the widow was no longer a widow, nor the stranger a stranger.

The secret of this change of circumstances is thus explained.

Some twelve years ago, the two persons, whose names we have given as "Mary" and "Charles," resided in a little town of western Pennsylvania. The former was the belle of the village, and the latter some two or three years her senior, was her lover. The match was perfectly satisfactory to the friends of both parties, the young man being an excellent character. Before the time fixed for their marriage, however, misfortune came upon the lover, reduced him from comparative affluence to penury, and at the instance of her relatives, the engagement was postponed, and finally broken.—Depressed in spirit by this double misfortune, the youth left his home, no one knew whither.

A year or two afterwards, our heroine still inconsolate for the loss of her lover, attracted the attention of a rich old fellow who resided near the city. He was a bachelor, and had neither chick nor child of his own. Indifferent as to what became of her, the child suffered her relatives to dispose of her hand, and she made what is called a successful match in marrying the rich bachelor.—Three years after the marriage her husband died, leaving her every dollar of his estate. Independent now of the world, she determined to spend the remainder of her days single—a mourner for the cruel fortune which had darkened the happiness of her young love's dream. She moved to this city, where she resided for nearly seven years unknowing and unknown—living only in the world of a mournful memory, enlivened only by an occasional thought but she might yet meet with her heart's choice.

By a singular coincidence he happened to be in our city, where he had arrived a few days before from New Orleans, and was about paying a visit to the garrison on the day on which she called on the same for the purpose of six recursion in the same neighborhood. They recognized each other in a moment, mutual explanations ensued, he was still unmarried, and her widest hopes were realized by her union with the husband of her girlhood's choice.

We have the names of the parties in this little romance in our possession, and would give them if necessary. The bridegroom had gone to the South, success had crowned his efforts, and he is by this time on his way with his bride to his plantation in Louisiana. The history affords materials for half a dozen novels, with proof that romantic attachments are still extant in this humdrum world of ours. We hope the parties may live to enjoy through long years of happiness, the reward of their fidelity to their early vows.

Dick Trot and his Yankee Clock.

"Well sir," said Dick to me one day, "about five years or better ago, I bought a wooden clock from a Yankee pedlar named Tom Jones who used to travel through the country, droppin' one at almost every house. 'Twas the last one he had, and I paid him fifteen dollars for it. She was a perfect goer of a clock—and then such a beauty! Her little, squa ty dumpy figur' dressed out in her painted case, just filled my eye exactly to a gnat's heel. I set her on the mantle shelf, so I might allers see her. Her little pendjum would swing back'ard and for'ards pickin' off the seconds at a proper rate. Thar she'd roll it, peckin day after day and week after week, dead bent on keeping up with the sun, and determined that nary time piece in the settlement should get ahead of her. She'd dig at the hours, never stoppin' to catch breath, but firing away in admirable style. I'd wind up o' nights, and then go to bed, putting every confidence in her, and bein' perfectly satisfied that she'd do her duty faithfully, although I warn't watchin' her, and wouldn't allow the sun to be up before she'd put her hand to the hour for sunrise. And, then, sir, when I'd be restless, and could'nt sleep, or when I was sick, then what company she was to me. To be shure, she could n't talk to me—jist call me by name—that's all. Though sometimes she'd say "Dick" so plain, I'd look up at her and almost expect her to step off a regular built chap. Well, sir, she continued to be good for two years, and my heart's delight. In fact, I may say that she hilt on longer than that, but 'twas about that time she began monstrously to resemble old Dave Wilson's wife—you know how she was?"

"Can't say I do, exactly."

"Why, sir, I thought you know'd. Old Dave used to say that his wife was a chairmin' creatur; one of the best of women that he ever had; believ from old Mother Eve down to the present generation, a better woman ever throwed a petticoat over her head. To be sure, he said, she had her ways; (here Dick snuffled in imitation of old Dave, whom I knew very well;) she would have her ways, and such ways as she did have! Well, sir, my clock got to be the same way; some of her works got outen fix; and for spite she done her business all to pieces. I'll tell you, sir, how she did like all dignation! She'd take a notion to lie off sometimes, and she'd ring it on them wires one hundred and fifty times. At first I was tickled at it, and would set and laugh at her for bein' such a fool as to be cuttin' up them ca'rays at what didn't hurt nobody but herself. But at last I begun to get tired of sich foolery. It seemed to me, whenever I had a tough job before me, and wanted to study it out, or whenever I was right sleepy, I could n't get her chance to come them big licks! I put up with it a long time; didn't do nothin' to her; and then, by lettin' her have her fun out, she might get tired of it herself, arter a while.—But she didn't; she still hilt on stouter 'an ever. On last Saturday, I went up here to muster, and as I allers have done on such occasions, took her to muster too much of the tech-me-tighdy. When I got back, I shot her best place for me, and was bed'd down asleep off the bench. I pulls off and gets in bed; but no sooner did my head tech the piller then up starts the clock—ch-ring. I determined to put a stop to any such capers that night. I got up, loaded my old musket, tuck a chair and sot right down afore her.

"Now, old lady," sez I, "if yer arter the spite game agin, are you? Just go on of ye like it; but dar' to strike a hundred the time, and ding me if ye don't ketch it!" My threats didn't skeer her one bit, but she struck as many, I persarded like bustler than ever. She went so peart, she soon got up to ninety—ninety one—two—three—four—five—six—I see yer gwyin' it," sez I, and I cocks the old musket—ch-ring—I pour it to my shoulder—ch ring—I takes my sight—ch-ring—I lays my finger on the trigger—ch-ring, sez she, stouter 'an ever, and was starting with another ch-r—when I flams away, and in half a secksh' finds myself flat on my back, in the middle of the floor.

"As I picked myself up, I heard the old lady still goin', and darn me, if she didn't strike fifty times more, although twenty-five buckshot took effect all among her countenances, and both of her hands were taken smooth off. I hain't wound her up since; for with the luck she's got, there's no knowin' what she might do, if she had a chance. She's without exception the best game I ever seed.

Moral.—Although it may be well to "take Time by the forelock," yet it would be better not to do so rashly.

Boss. I want twenty-five cents.

Twenty-five cents! How soon do you want it, Jake?

Next Tuesday.

As soon as that? You can't have it. I have told you often that when you was in want of so large a sum of money you must give me four weeks' notice at least.

The Caledonian brought $2,542,369 specie.

Destruction of Wood.—An agent entered by the Commissioner of Agriculture observed to us the other day, that in a single neighborhood in his vicinity, and within the short period of seven years, no fewer than three hundred acres of well wooded forest land, had been cleared of its original growth.

He very reasonably infers that at this rate a very few years will suffice to "do up," for the country, that portion of it, at least, already somewhat enlightened, and under the necessity of paying roundly for every thing we get in the shape of wood, whether it be fuel or not.

There are fewer evils more to be lamented than the destruction of the growing wood. In an able speech delivered a few years since before the French House of Deputies, M. Thiers, in relation to the subject, remarked "That wanton prodigality had famine, are less terrible afflictions than the destruction of wood."

"France," observed the statesman, "will disappear as many flourishing countries have, if she does not follow the examples of Cyrus, who planted forests in Asia Minor. It is only the abundance of forests and water that enables China to support her three hundred millions of population, because in this empire there are more trees planted than destroyed. Spain, so highly cultivated, and so densely populated, in the time of the Romans, the Moors, and even Charles V. owes her desolate aspect at present to the want of wood. The same is the case with the countries of Asia, and the same unquestionably, ere long, will be the case in this country, unless efficient and speedy measures are adopted to prevent it. It is indeed a painful contemplation to behold the wicked and wanton destruction so inveterately waged against our native forests.

Delirium Tremens.—The New Haven Fountain speaks of a case of this disease in which the wretched victim actually gnawed off his own tongue, conceiving it to be a horrible reptile that had crept into his mouth. There is nothing in the slightest degree incredible in the account.—We have seen a man who was laboring under the incipient stages of this disease, and who was agitated that he had swallowed a lizard or some other monster, which was making frequent efforts to crawl up into his mouth. Under this belief, he scraped and gnaged at his uvula, or pendulous palate, in all it was fairly lacerated in his endeavors to tear it away. The clots of blood which were drached, serving to convince him that he had succeeded in securing a portion of the reptile!

Going through a Carriage.—Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, the Senator from Ala. was on Saturday last, in the act of getting into a carriage, on Pennsylvania avenue, when he broke out the bottom of the carriage with his great weight—his legs crossing over the coupling pole, and nearly touching the ground between the wheels, the residue of his person being invisible inside the hack. We can readily believe that it was a curious spectacle to the "outside passengers," and a hack standing by the side walk, with two such substantial legs sticking through the bottom as those of the honorable Chairman on Finance.

Ten Dollars Fine for Kissing!—Among the indictments tried before the Sussex Oyer & Terminer last week was one against Wm. Snyder of Sillsworr, for an assault and battery on Miss Phebe Le Allen, with intent to kiss. The offence appeared by the testimony of the young lady to have been committed against her will. The Court charged the jury that this thing having been done against the will of the young lady, it constituted an assault and battery, of which if they believed the testimony, they must find the defendant guilty, which they did, and the Court imposed a fine of ten dollars. The essence of the crime is said to consist in the fact that the defendant is a married man.

Tavern Keeping Twenty Years ago.—Not a long time since, when the now flourishing city of Buffalo was a small village, a jolly, good-humored landlord—a waggish fellow—kept an inn situated on the main street of the town. At that time it was customary for travellers to call the landlord in person to the door before alighting, to ascertain if accommodation could be had for man and horse—then a matter of uncertainty. A traveller then did not write their baggage in a book their names and consider themselves privileged to swear if they were not placed in the best room in the house and given the most desirable seat at the table. Then no spruce, bewhiskered clerk, rigged out with gold chain, diamond ring and pin, was placed in the office to insult gentlemen by giving them short, surly and snippy answers to questions, asked—giving No and Yes in such a surly manner as to make "the no—no you!" understood if not expressed. No! no! Then when night drew its sable curtain over day-light, all would gather round the fire, blazing high in the capacious fire-place, not made with chips but real logs, that would a Polonian into ecstacies, and spin long yarns, oiling the thread now and then with a lit be tot stuff. But I'll go on with my story.

Just at the close of a real blue-devil day, a traveller on horseback (I take my oath it was James,) reached the door of our friend the landlord's tavern. The rain was pouring down in torrents, and the fatigued and mud bespattered traveller and horse looked more like drowned rats than same led beings. As soon as he pulled up he shouted—

"Hostah there! Landlord!"

Hostess all smiles, soon made his appearance and assured his guest. Our traveller, still seated on his dump animal, asked, in no very amiable tone:

"Can I stay here to-night?"

"Well," says Boniface slowly, "if you can if you want to, but a strikes me that if I was in your place, I'd come into the house."—*N. Y. Spirit of the Times.*

A Good Charity.—The Louisiana Legislature has appropriated $20,000 to the N. O. Charity Hospitals. The is done for the benefit of the sick soldiers arriving from Mexico, and the increased number of emigrants.

Mr. Webster was at Mobile, at last dates.

Doctor Anne left the road and baggage behind in his flight, consisting of all his papers, 10 or $20,000. Besides, he left behind his wife and a young man!

A proposition, we learn, was made to Gen Scott before he started, by Lieut. Maynard of the Navy, that he should be permitted to organize a company of 50 sailors, armed with revolvers and boarding pikes, a block or so, and a little rope, to make a whip or pulley, with which he would pledge himself to scale a height and whip up a field piece while a soldier would be looking at it.

The Isthmus of Tehuantepec.—According to the N. O. Delta, there are officers now in that city, who are to proceed shortly to the point in Mexico, and a topographical survey of the country is to be made, under the protection of a large military and naval force. The Constitution provides for improvements in Mexico, it seems, and not for the United States.

Capt. Fleury Pardoned.—Capt. Peter Fleury was released from Jail at Boston on Wednesday, a pardon having been received from Washington Capt F. was convicted in 1845 of fitting out the schooner Spitfire for the slave trade. The Spitfire was captured on the coast of Africa in Jan. 1845, by Capt. Bruce, then in command of the U. S. ship Toronto.

Jalapa.—McCulloch's Gazetteer says, under the head of Jalapa, "The well known medicinal herb *Jalap* grows abundantly in the vicinity of this town, to which it is indebted for its name."

Proving Guns.—They tested at the U. S. Arsenal, near Pittsburgh, 131 pieces of cannon recently manufactured for the Government. In all 1300 pounds of shot and 3000 pounds of powder were used on the occasion.

Another American Newspaper in Mexico.—A new paper appeared at Jalapa on the 25th April, and went off like steam. It is called the "American Star." It went with a rush, bursting full of news.

The Snow is two feet deep in the woods at Acworth, N. H. We shall have an unusually cold season' induced, no doubt by the mass of ice floating down from the Northern Oceans.

WR. SH'S
NATIONAL CIRCUS.

From the Olympean Amphitheatre, Philadelphia.

The splendid equestrian company composed entirely of *Star Performers*, will exhibit under their superb *Water Proof Pavilion*, commodiously furnished for the comfortable reception of 3000 persons, at *Tuesday 4th, on Friday, May 21st*, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Independent of Wilkes celebrated New York Brass Band, the company will be saluted on their entrance, by Mr. Wallace's String Band, playing airs from the most popular Operas.

Constituting this company will be found Mr J. G. CADWALLADER, who will ride his much admired aces of the Russian Envoy, the Terrors of a Sorcerer of Sam, and the beautiful episode of the Sprite and his Lost Wing, on two, three, and four horses.

Master J. GLENROY, the daring pupil of the above gentleman, will ride an act on a horse without saddle or bridle, leaping and throwing somersets, while his horse is at speed.

Mr. WM. STOUT will ride his fine classic acts, on two, four and three horses, forming a pyramid of five persons, whom he will bear a brief his horses at lightning speed.

Master T. NEVILLE, who has acquired the rare art of riding, and executing the most difficult feats back to back on a single horse.

SIGNOR GERMANI, the mighty Italian equestrian will ride his incredible necromantic scenes, introducing "Les batons du diable," and his Golden Peletons &c. &c. He will also bring forward his two wonderful dogs, whose feats are without equal in the Arena.

Mr. W. HOWARD, the Spanish scene rider, and great representative of the Red man of the Forest.

Mr. CHARLES FOSTER, who rides a great dramatic scene, and a grand Military act entitled.

Honor to our heroes,

or, All for our Country, in which, by aid of correct costume, he will represent the Chief Pawanee chief spraying for his country, Gen. Z. TAYLOR at *Monterey*, Hiram Scott, a Yankee volunteer, Santa Anx, the commander of Mexico, concluding with the SOLDIER OF FREEDOM, bearing the memorable motto.

"Gen. Taylo- Never Surrenders!"

The Rivers Family, whose Union of Talent is without a parallel in the world. CHARLES RIVERS, the most finished artist in his arrangement and execution of scenes and gymnastic groups. FREDERICK RIVERS presents every kind of Foreign act that can surpass by precision, and Master RICHARD RIVERS (the "Inimitable") will perform his act on a single horse as performed before the *President and Senators of the United States*, and by all present declared the most perfect union of *Wonder and Grace* the world ever saw.

Mr. HORACE NICHOLS, the Prince of Ring Masters.

Clown—DAN RICE, the "mirth provoking Dan," whose infinite JEST and FUN, sustained by a DEGREE of *Originality*, places him far beyond the reach of imitation.

Madame LOUISA HOWARD, the great Native Female Equestrian, whose admirable personation on a single horse charm and delight all who behold her, justifying public opinion in awarding to her the high position she has so successfully held amidst a host of rival stars.

Mons. DERIOUS at the "Cirque Olympique," will introduce the Arabian Dancing mare, "Hebe," whom a beautiful dances for surprises any thing of the kind ever yet brought before the public. Also the COMIC PONIES, *Romeo and Juliet*, will, by their comic dinner scenes, leaps, and counter leaps prove their instinctive bent for drollery.

☞ Parents and Guardians may with confidence bring their family to, as under the watchful care of the proprietor, nothing approaching a shade of vulgarity can find its way among the choice representations of the Arena.

THE UNION

Washington, May 21, 1847

Battle of Cerro Gordo—Further Particulars.

Since our last the following interesting particulars of the brilliant victory achieved by General Scott and his army, on the 17th and 18th April, have been received:

A stronger position could not have been selected. The road leads through a prec pitous ridge—before and around which are steep hills, which the enemy had strongly fortified with about 24 heavy guns, and a force which at the lowest estimate could not have been less than 7 or 8,000 men commanding the road for miles, and they be carried before the Cerro could be attacked! The hills were covered and the approaches strongly supported by the regular force of Santa Anna's best infantry. On the other side of the pass, Santa Anna himself was posted with 3000 cavalry—a position admirably chosen to cut off the retreat of a man, or to annihilate his army.

On the 17th, in the afternoon, a strongly fortified advanced position of the enemy was taken, with considerable loss on our part.

On the 18th, the battle was opened in earnest, and by a succession of brilliant charges under Generals Twiggs, Shields, Pillow, and Worth, all the various forts and defences were severally carried at the point of the bayonet. A front attack must have terminated in the destruction of our army; so Gen. Scott had a road cut to turn the enemy's flank. The steep, rough character of the cliffs scaled amid a storm of bullets, render this one of the most brilliant victories ever achieved. Our loss in killed and wounded was about 500—the loss of Mexicans about the same.

Gen. Santa Anna was so hotly pursued in his retreat, by Col. Harney, that he was forced to leave his splendid carriage, trunks, and 15 to $20,000 in specie. Gen. La Vega was again taken prisoner, and is again coming to the United States. Gen. Jarero gave his parole. Gen. Vasquez, who commanded the reserve at Bueno Vista, was killed. Gen. Canalizo, called the Lion of Mexico, fled with Santa Anna. La Vega came into the camp, talking and laughing with Gen. Scott, as though he would make the best of it. The second in command to Santa Anna was a negro. Some officers taken attribute their defeat to the cowardice or corruption of Santa Anna.

Gen Twiggs pursued the enemy to within 3 miles of Jalapa, where he encamped for the night in obedience to the general orders.

The General Orders issued by Gen. Scott, on the evening of the 17th, and read at the head of the troops, on the morning of the battle is much admired and commended. At Washington, it was compared, by many, in respect to ability, and precision, and clearness, with the orders of Napoleon, issued on the morning of the battle of Austerlitz.

Gen. Sommer was out of danger.

In the despatch of Gen. Scott to the Government, he thus speaks of his prisoners captured cannon, &c.

I have determined to parole the prisoners—officers and men—as I have not the means of feeding them here, beyond to day, and cannot afford to detach a heavy body of horse and foot, with wagons, to accompany them to Vera Cruz.—Our baggage train, though increasing, is not yet half large enough to give an assured progress to this army. Besides, a greater number of prisoners would probably escape from the escort in the long and deep sandy road, without subsistence—ten to one—but we shall find again, out of the same body of men, in the ranks opposed to us.—Not one of the Vera Cruz prisoners is believed to have been in the lines of Cerro Gordo. Some are of the officers, highest in rank, refuse to give their paroles, except to go to Vera Cruz, and thence, perhaps to the United States.

The small arms and their accoutrements, being of no value to our army here or at home, I have ordered them to be destroyed; for we have not the means of transporting them. I am, also, somewhat embarrassed with the pieces of artillery—all brass—which we have captured. It would take a brigade, and half the mules of this army, to transport them fifty miles. A field battery I shall take into service with the army; but the heavy metal must be collected, and left here for the present. We have our own siege train and the proper carriages with us.

The Pennsylvanian, a leading Democratic paper thus speaks of the triumphant course of Gen. Scott,—

The military genius and foresight of General Scott shows out conspicuously on the steeps of Cerro Gordo. With signal tact he planned the details and with singular presence inspired for the victory, which his soul must have told him was at hand. The country will find out all of his civil history that is subject to criticism or complaint, and will greet him as one of her worthiest and most distinguished soldiers. It is impossible to over-rate his recent performances at Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo. The first seizes the key to the high road to the capital, next storms the very Thermopylæ of the country, and is doubtless by the time nearly if not quite in the halls of the Montezumas, there to consummate the exciting drama. And all this in the course of a few short weeks!

No Prospect of Peace.

There is no reason however to believe that the victory of Cerro Gordo will bring us any nearer to peace than we were before. The war is not unpopular with the mass of the Mexicans. They has yet suffered none of its horrors. Besides, the controlling spirits of the country keep up the war spirit, knowing that if the country is occupied by the United States, they will lose their offices and their influence. It is believed by Gen. Scott and his officers with him, that it will be necessary to occupy the whole country. This can be done with 20,000 men to be kept permanently in the field, and with 5,000 more to garrison the forts, establish a Provincial Government, and destroy all expenses from the customs and mines. Without this force, Gen. Scott will not be able to move with safety to his communications beyond Jalapa. He will have to occupy the Orizaba road, to prevent the enemy operating against his rear from that position. Having arrived in the Terra Templada, he will not doubt wait for reinforcements before he proceeds further at least than Perote, the next point of attack.

The Vera Cruz Eagle estimates that a force of 40,000 men will be necessary to keep military occupation of Mexico, at a cost of $16,000,000 annually. It is thinks our Mexican revenue from customs at $13,000,000—and recommends a tax of $7,000,000, thus adding to instead of diminishing the means in our Treasury. It further estimates, if permanent possession should be kept of the country, that the sale of the public lands, by encouraging emigration from the United States and Europe, would annually amount to more than a fourth of the above sum.

Later from Vera Cruz.

Taking of Jalapa and Perote, &c.—Vera Cruz dates to April 29th, have been received, which contain very interesting and important intelligence, as follows:

Gen. Scott is vigorously pressing the enemy, affording the defeated Mex cans no respite. Jalapa and Perote have been taken without resistance, and the report was current, that Gen. Santa Anna was upon the point of making a demonstration against Puebla itself.

The heavy Mexican loss at Cerro Gordo, and most of their best officers being taken or slain, has broken up their army altogether. Santa Anna was at Orizaba, with very few men. From the fact of his not falling back on Jalapa or Perote, it is supposed, it is supposed that he fears to fall into the hands of his countrymen. He has not performed any of his promises, and has failed in all his efforts and pretensions.

Jalapa was taken without opposition, the inhabitants not only quietly submitting, but following their usual occupations, apparently not at all displeased with our presence. Col. Childs is the military governor of Jalapa.

The pass between Jalapa and Perote, was abandoned by the Mexicans, and Perote was taken by Gen. Worth, without opposition. A Mexican colonel was there, charged with the defence of the place, and all the arms and munitions of war. He found the castle and guns all in good order.

From the City of Mexico.

Upon the receipt of the news of the defeat at Cerro Gordo, the Mexican Congress held an extraordinary session, at which a decree was passed, dictating to all Mexicans the importance of carrying on the war, and defending the nationality of the Republic. It also prohibits the Executive from making peace with the United States, or concluding negotiations with foreign powers disposing of any portion of the territories.

The decree pronounces all to be traitors, whether private persons or public functionaries, who make any treaty with the United States, and declares such treaty null and void.

A permanent committee is to be installed, should Congress find it impossible to continue its session. On this committee is to devolve the whole duties of the government council, and point in case of vacancy, a temporary Executive. The powers of the committee to cease at the close of the war. There were more than 80 members of Congress present at the extraordinary session, and great unanimity prevailed.

Gen. Salas has issued a proclamation, declaring that he was empowered to raise a guerilla corps, and calls on all good Mexicans to join his standard.

On the other hand, intelligence has been received at Vera Cruz, that Mr. Bankhead, the British Minister, had offered mediation, and Congress was acting on the proposition.

It was reported that a strong party in favor of peace had been formed at the capital.

A few light breastworks had been thrown up in the vicinity of Mexico, but nothing like a regular defence had been undertaken. The citizens seemed to be stupified by the successive defeats of their troops.

Santa Anna had written to the Government from Orizaba, that he had 1500 men and wanted reinforcements and money. His demands were, however, unheeded, and the government and people appear to have lost all confidence in him.

A Puebla paper of the 24th ult. declares that a party of Mexicans, headed by Rejon and Gomez Farias had determined to sell the Republic to the American vandals.

By an express arrived at Vera Cruz on the 29th, information had been received that Lieut. Dixon, in command of a detachment of 102 cavalry escort soldiers, on their way to Jalapa, had been attacked by 300 Mexicans.

A wagon train had also been captured, and fears are entertained for another.

The Mexican accounts of the battle of Cerro Gordo say that Santa Anna sustained himself with 2000 against 14,000, and finally being entirely surrounded, cut his way through the Yankees, with a putamp of the fourth infantry. They admit that two of their generals were killed, but say that Gen. Scott's loss was 2000 killed, and 2000 wounded.

Gen. Worth was at Perote with 2500 men. He had advanced one brigade with its battery, to enlarge the circuit of his supplies.

Santa Anna has at that there is still another Thermopylæ on the road between Puebla and Mexico.

The Government had decreed that every piece in the vicinity of the Capital should be forfeited. The Mexican officers assert that they have no more guns or ammunition to fight with, and that peace must speedily ensue.

From Perote to Puebla is 75 miles, and from Puebla to Mexico, 74, total 149.

Capture of Tuspan, by Com. Perry.

A good part of our Navy in the Gulf, under Com. Perry, made an excursion against Tuspan, which was completely successful. On the 19th April, the smaller steamers entered the river, taking gun-boats in tow, carrying in all 1200 men. After ascending about 5 miles two forts opened upon them, which were immediately stormed—the Mexicans flying before our brave tars could get at them. In a little while another fort on a high hill, commanding the whole city opened on them, but it was soon taken like the other two. The town was then taken possession of, but most of the inhabitants had fled. Our loss was 17 in killed and wounded.

Several guns of the U. S. brig Truxton were found mounted upon the forts, all of which were recovered and brought on board the squadron, also other articles belonging to the Truxton. The forts were destroyed, a force left to command and guard the place, and the main body of our forces returned.

Com. Perry contemplated a movement towards the interior, with a fine body of 2500 tars, thus roughly organized, should such a step be deemed advisable.

From Gen. Taylor's Army.

News from Saltillo to April 14th, have been received. A squadron of 200 of Col. May's dragoons found Gen. Minon near Encarnacion, with 1000 or 1200 lancers, that were unable to draw a fight out of him. Three of the party, separating from the main body, were killed by some prowling Mex cans.

Every thing else remained as at the last accounts. Gen Taylor is often hearing o his nomination for the Presidency, but says nothing.

Official Report of the killed and wounded at the battle of Cerro Gordo,

Regulars, 14 officers wounded, 89 privates killed, 193 wounded, total 249

Volunteers, 1 officer killed; 7 wounded—3 privates killed, 48 wounded, total 59.

Total, 43 killed, 265 wounded—total 308.

☞ The Democrats of Sussex County, the strong hold of the party in this State, have called a mass meeting to be held May 25th, to nominate Gen. Zachary Taylor for the Presidency. The call is signed by about 40 prominent members of the party, and the movement will probably be responded to by the same party in other parts of the State.

The Whigs of Mercer county have recently made the same nomination. It looks now very much as if the two parties would have but one candidate in this State.

The Board of Freeholders, for this county was organized in Newark last Wednesday. Dr. G. R. Chetwood, of Elizabethtown, was unanimously re-elected Director of the Board for the ensuing year, and R. M. Dodd, of Orange, re-elected Clerk. Chas. T. Day was re-elected County Collector, 10 to 11.

Since the commencement of the Mexican War, we have captured from them 600 or 700 cannon, which is rather faster than they can make them. We have taken also at least, 10,000 prisoners, including all their best generals.

An Army recruiting station has been opened in Somerville, also one at Morristown. The station in Sussex has been broken up, 14 recruits having been enlisted.

Virginia.—Six Whigs and eight Democrats have been elected to Congress from Virginia—and one vacancy exists in a Democratic district. In the last Congress, Virginia had but one Whig—the change is now so great in their favor that it is thought they will have the majority in the next Congress.

A Saving's Bank has just been organized, and is now ready to receive deposits, in Newark.

The New York Legislature adjourned last Thursday morning, to meet again in September, having been in session over four months, and passed some 260 acts! Among the last acts passed, was the repeal, by a large majority, of the law allowing elections for license or no license,—that very celebrated law having proved a failure.—The vote in the Senate for the repeal was 25 yeas to 2 nays, and in the House, 68 to 38.

Mike Walsh resigned his seat in disgust, but as it was done orally and not in writing, it could not be accepted.

2,272 passengers arrived at New York from foreign countries, from Friday morning to Saturday noon last. It looks as if we should want all the territory we can get from Mexico, to accommodate the millions of Europe, who are coming into our country at the rate of 1000 a day.

The corporation of Boston have decided by the casting vote of the Mayor, that there shall be no licensed sale of intoxicating drinks in Boston the present year.

They have some splendid hotels in Boston, without any bars.

It is supposed that the first Packet steamers between Havre and New York, and Boston Havre, will be placed on the lines

Fifty-Two Lives from Bridge.—The Britannia arrived at Boston, yesterday morning, after a remarkably short passage of 12½ days.

The price of cotton had somewhat declined, owing to the scarcity of money.

Breadstuffs had advanced. Flour was $9,50 to $10 a barrel. Indian Corn over $1,50 per bushel. The amount sent by the Americans to the starving Irish, has been the universal theme of eulogy in Ireland, and of warm and generous sympathy in England.

Money was very scarce—the English funds had declined—specie was rapidly disappearing—the rate of interest advancing. As a matter of course, business was much depressed.

A diabolical attempt to murder the new Pope, had been discovered, and suppressed.

In France, the news of Gen. Taylor's victories was received with much satisfaction.

Great distress continues to exist, and the Spring was cold and backward.

In England, the weather was fine, and the prospects very fair for an early and abundant harvest.

War Items.—Gen. Shields is recovering, tho' he received a grape shot through his lungs.

Col. Tibbats, of Ky. has recruited 800 men, will soon fill his regiment and proceed to Mexico

It is dangerous travelling between Vera Cruz and Jalapa. Small parties of Americans are often shot down and their throats cut.

The Navy Secretary has written to Com. Perry to enquire after Midshipman Rogers, now a prisoner somewhere among the Mexicans, and to insist upon his release.

NOTIFICATION.

A Public Lecture, will be given by Mr. Van Amringe, (if the weather be favorable) in front of E. Frazee's new Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday Evenings, May 19th and 20th. Seats will be prepared for the Ladies. The Public are invited to attend, and particularly those persons who are opposed to or but little acquainted with the principles of National Reform. An opportunity will be given to ask questions, also to make objections.

The Plainfield Brass Band will be in attendance and will play as an announcement of each stage, when if the weather prove unsuitable, information will be given where we will meet to hear the Lecture. By order of the Com

May 18, 1847. of Arrangements.

Another Outrage.—About 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon a rifle ball was fired through the window of the shop of Mr. S. Greenhalgh, Plumber, on the corner of Market and Mulberry sts. Fortunately there was resting on the inside of the pane of glass, a thick glazed earthen wash bowl, with the hollow side to the window, against which the ball struck, and rebounded, making another hole through the lower part of the same light of glass. Mrs. H was at the time behi d the same window in the shop or ware room. Several persons heard the report of the gun, but no clue could be found to the person who fired it.—*Newark Daily.*

A Relic of the Past.—In testing down the large antique bu ldings owned and occupied in his Estate by that eminent jurist, Judge Patterson.—in New Brunswick—the following card was found by one of the workmen, on the 6th inst. exactly 52 y ars after its date:

"The President of the United States and Mrs. Washington, request the Pleasure of Judge and Mrs. Pattersons' and Miss Pattersons' company to Dine, on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, 6 May, 1795. An answer is requested."

The names and dates are in the neat bold hand of Washington himself.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSIONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Raising of Blood is effectually checked by this remedy, when all other means have failed. Hundreds of cases might be related, where persons in the city have been given up and pronounced as past hope, who have been restored by this great remedy to the enjoyment of health. *Mrs.* Thoubourne, 352 Monroe street; Dennis Kelly, 28 Water st.; Charles Roberts 171 Canal st; Henry Lisbon, 199 Livingston st.; and hundreds of others who have used the remedy can testify to the truth of the above assertion.

Beware of using only palliative remedies. They lull into apparent security, but the progress of the disease is unchecked, and death ensues. Resort at once to this Great Remedy, and you will not be disappointed in your hopes.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

Caution.—In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam, we have no desire to deceive those who are laboring under affliction, so do we wish to eulogize it more than it deserves. Yet when we look around and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor. Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting and unwary, for the genuine Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genuine, as "Phoenix Balsam of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comfrey, &c." "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

Most genuine, unless signed I. Butts, at the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by D. & Edwin Carnes.

CASE OF CURE

About five years since, Mrs. Simons, residing at Trinity Flats, while visiting home from Church was suddenly taken with a sensation resembling the sting of an insect on her leg, between the knee and her ancle. The pain and swelling of the limb soon became alarming, and a physician was called in, and although he had the advice and assistance of two more of the profession, the disease increased to such an alarming degree, that it was feared that she would be subjected to the loss of her limb, but it was not only lanced, but the bone was scraped at three different times.

During three months' suffering in this condition it did not once occur to her, wise physician that a corrupt state of the vital fluid was the primary cause of her suffering—but at this stage of the disease she was visited by a female friend, who prevailed on her to take the Brandreth Pills to

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

She immediately commenced the use of the Pills, and two boxes restored her to perfect health, and her limb is soundness.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office: 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

New York Prices Current, April 24, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	7 94 to 8,00
Rye Flour,	5,12 to 5,25
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,80 to 4,88
Grain—Wheat,	1,65 to 1,75
Rye,	90 to 1,00
Corn,	,94 to ,96
Oats, Jersey,	49 to 50

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

David Bullman, $10,72; Webster & Marsh, 8,00; H. Brandreth, 7,00; Silas Smalley, 3,00; D. S. Blue, 3,00; Miss M. Elgar, 2,38; John Simpson, 2,28; John Layton, 2,00; John Ayers, 2,00; Wm. Dunn, 2,00; Abm. Laing, 2,00; Ira Pruden, 1 25; John C. Moore, 1,04; Randolph Frazee, 1,00; John Randolph, 1,00; Jackson Pound, 1 50; John D. Titsworth, 1,00; Silas Cole, 1,15; Benj Stelle, 50; Drake Soper, 50; E. W. Briant, ,50; Mrs. A. E. Coe, ,50; Jos. Boylan, ,00.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any imperfections of the throat, would find it to their interest to read the testimonial in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations, has been justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a century, must be irrefutable evidence to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate, that they will find in Dr. Sherman's Cough Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, there is no connection of the only genuine by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the right of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you purchase any preparation of the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sherman, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

In New York, 15th inst by Rev. Mr. Crawford, Mr. James Fisher, of Detroit, Mich. to Miss Ann Gray, of Morristown, N. J.

On Monday evening, April 22, by Rev. Mr. Barton, Mr. Asher F. Randolph, of N. Y. to Miss Mary Jane, daughter of Mr. Ephraim Hadden, of Woodbridge.

In N Y. 12th inst. D W. B. Woodhul, M. D of New Brunswick, to Azelia, daughter of Joseph Giraud.

On the 13th inst. Andrew E. Douglass, of Brooklyn, N. Y. to Sarah C. daughter of George L. Gessel, of New Brunswick.

On the 12th inst. Rev. Theo. F. Wycoff, of West Farms, to Elizabeth Ls Grange, daughter of Peter Z. Elmendorf, of New Brunswick.

DIED,

In Piscataway, May 1, of a decline, Ann Hall, only daughter of John and Martha Hall, in the 14th year of her age.

In Upper Rahway, 20th ult. Mr John Burnley, aged 72.

On Sunday the 10th inst. Upper Rahway, Mrs. Hester, wife of Mr. James D Jaques, aged 30.

In N. Y. on Monday, Mr. Wm. B. March, of the house of March & Wykoff and son of Mr. Solomon H. March of Rahway, aged about 32

At Liberty Corner April 8th, Mrs Hannah E. Whitluck, wife of Joseph B. Miller, aged 25 years

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To the Ladies.

A Gentleman well qualified, will teach handkerchiefs, or other articles, with Indelible Ink, for 6 cents each name, and a flower or sprig added according to directions, for 6 cents extra, at short notice. Names not articles may be left at the Printing Office, where they will be left when done.

May 18, 1847.—3w.

BUSH BEANS, and Peas, by the quart, for sale by May 18, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

House and Lot on Front st. For Sale.

The Subscriber offers For Sale his House and Lot in the lower part of this village. The Lot contains a quarter of an acre of ground. The house is two stories high, 18 by 34 feet, with an additional room of 12 feet, a good cellar, three fire-places, &c. all in good repair, and as good as new. On the premises are a good Woodhouse, a good well of water, a number of fruit Trees, &c. &c. Apply on the premises, where can remain on bond and mortgage.

CLARKSON BOLTON.

Plainfield, May 4, 1847.—4w

The Board of Chosen Freeholders, Of the County of Essex, hereby give public notice to the Magistracy of said county, and all other persons concerned, that they have received a Statute act of the Legislature authorizing them to order a part of the public hall of said county into a Work House. That such work house is now ready for the reception of persons liable to be sent thereto, and that the "act for the establishment of work houses in the several counties in this State" passed Feb. 20, 1799. Revised Laws, page 645, can now be enforced within the said county of Essex.

The attention of the Magistracy is particularly called to said act and in "an act to describe, apprehend and punish idle and disorderly persons" passed March 13, 1846. Revised Laws, page 564, by which it appears that all persons sentenced to hard labor and imprisonment, according to the act for the punishment of petit larceny, by any time not exceeding six months, all disorderly persons, including among others, all beggars, vagrants, common drunkards, common night walkers, all persons apprehended having upon their persons any picklock or other implement, with intent to break into any dwelling house, warehouse, stable, &c. or having upon their persons any instrument or other offensive weapon with intent to assault any person, and all persons found in any dwelling house, warehouse, &c. or in any enclosed yard or garden or area, with intent to steal shall upon conviction be sent to said Work House. Signed by order of the Board.

CALVIN DODD,
WM GARTHWAITE,
JOHN SQUIRE,
Committee on Work House.

Newark, May 5, 1847.—19:3w

For Sale.

The House and Lot in the village of Plainfield, New Jersey, recently occupied by the Plainfield Bank. It is situated on the Main street, about three minutes walk from the Depot of the Somerville Rail Road Co., upon which trains are running to and from New York three times a day.—New Halls will be laid upon the roof in a few weeks which will make it a pleasant, safe and rapid conveyance. The House is large, substantial and roomy, and in the best of order. There is also a very excellent variety of fruit and ornamental trees, a large barn, out houses, &c. There are from 6 to 7 acres of land attached, 3 or 4 of which are covered by a beautiful pond of water, the banks of which are shaded by a handsome growth of trees.

The village of Plainfield is one of the most beautiful in New Jersey—lying in a fertile valley at the foot of a picturesque range of mountains.

Also, for sale the two-story House and Lot, adjoining the above, which is also a very desirable property.

If the above property is not previously disposed of at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on the premises on Tuesday, the 25th day of May inst, at 12 o'clock, M.

For terms, &c. apply to L. B. WOODRUFF, Esq. 58 Cedar st. N. Y. DANIEL DODD, jr. 259 Broad st., Newark, or to JOEL DUNN, at Plainfield.

On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank, a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Mahogany Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

THE FAIREST TESTIMONY ON RECORD.

10,000	Lbs.	Manufactured
9,400	"	Monthly.
7,500	"	This
150,000	in other towns and villages in this State, making in all 191,900 bushels, being a very large majority of the gentlemen population who are true advocates and regular patrons of that very excellent Toilet Emolient,

HADWAY'S CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

Why is Hadway Chinese Medicated Soap preferred to all other soaps, either for Toilet or Medical purposes.

Because it is truly a medicated preparation. Its medicinal properties are selected from the most rare and choice extracts of the whole materia medica. Its action on the skin and secretory vessels is entirely different to all other soaps. It opens the pores of the skin, relieves from those natural evasions all impediments which prevents the free escape of the impurities of the fluids. Thus leaving the skin in a healthful condition, and preventing the skin from becoming parched, dry or disfigured with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c.

Hadway's Soap is superior in all imported soaps, being entirely free from all poisonous admixtures, such as caustic, "muriatic acids" bismuth which tends to irritate the skin—and instead of eradicating the diseases which are driven in the system, produces worse ones. When after a short period they appear again upon the surface in a much worse condition than before. What advantage is there then in the genuine "*Hadway's Chinese Medicated soap*" in preference to all others. It is cheaper, better and gives better satisfaction than any other article of the kind in the market. It never fails in removing Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worms, Ringworms, &c. from the surface. It softens, purifies, heals and soothes the skin, and adds beauty to the complexion of all who use it.

Sold at 50 cents a cake, in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING.

May 11, 1847.

Useful Books for the People.

Valuable New Work on Horses.

THE COMPLETE FARRIER,

Or Horse Doctor.

The Habits, Diseases and Management of the Horse in the Stable and on the Road.

With advice to Purchasers.

Price Twenty-Five Cents.

This celebrated work, although it is sold at so cheap a rate, is the best one ever written on the Diseases of Horses. It is written in plain language that every body can understand, and the directions for the treatment of diseases are so minute as not to be mistaken.

Persons wanting a single copy of this work may carefully enclose 25 cents post paid. The postage on the work will be 24 cents to any part of the United States. Five copies for $1.

THE GARDENER,

Or an Account of Every Valuable Production Cultivated for the Table, by the Plough and the Spade, with full Directions for

Planting and Raising Flowers.

This useful little book should be in the hands of every farmer in the country. To persons who cultivate vegetables for a market, it is especially valuable, as it contains the fullest directions for raising early and late vegetables of every possible description. It was written by a practical market gardener.

Price 25 Cents per Copy.

Five Copies for One Dollar.

To all Who Buy and Sell Books.

The undersigned is now prepared to supply all orders from Booksellers and Jobbers, with Books. We have on hand a large assortment of New Books, Periodicals and cheap publications which we will sell at the Publishers' lowest prices.

Persons in any County who wish to procure books, on matter who publishes them, will be supplied at the lowest prices.

Address all orders to WM. H. GRAHAM,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

The above works are for sale by all the Booksellers. Ask for Graham's Editions.

New York, May 11, 1847.—4w

New Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale low by D. BULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mos eline de Laine Chintzes, Patterns and very cheap. D. BULLMAN.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO

(Successors to JASON H. BOCKOVER,)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased from the importers and manufacturers at prices they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:—

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 3c, former price 2s

10 cases De Laine at 1s. worth 1s 6d and 2s.

5 do. do. at 1s. 3d. worth 1s. and 1s. 6d.

5 do. do. at 1s. 6d. worth 2s.

Also 3 cases very rich California Plaids from 2s. to 3s.

3 cases French Gingham at 1s. 6d. worth 2s. 6d.

10 cases Poplins, Lustres and Alpacas at 1s. 6d worth 2s.

50 cases Prints, American, from 4d. per yd upwards.

50 pieces Kentucky Jeans, from 7d per yd. upwards.

100 pieces Plaid Muslins at 4c. worth 7c.

5 cases French Organdie Muslins only 1s. sold last year at 2s.

3 cases English Prints, former price 2s at only 1s. a yd

100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers prices.

Hosps and Socks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 6d per yard upwards.

50 dozen best quality French Kid Gloves at 3s. Cheaper worth 5s.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all linen, only 8d.

Hosiery and Gloves from 4d per pair

50 Cartoons Spring shawls from 6d = $6.

Jaconets, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nainsook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new design, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care; and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 11, 1847.—3m

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Crop, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in the healing of the most dangerous and painful Disease above named,—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call it the *ONLY APPLICABLE* remedy for the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Fever Sores.—The following letter has just been received by the hands of Dr. Benjamin B. Miller, of the city of Brooklyn, L. I. Dr. Miller is very Scientific, and has been under the hands of several Physicians, and several years, yet found no relief, till he was introduced to my Hunt's Liniment. And he offered a preference to all other remedies. Please read it.

Plainfield, June 12, 1845.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I was scarcely ever free from it. I have been under the care of several physicians and tried many of the remedies of the day, but all to no effect. I was induced to use your Liniment, and before I had used one bottle I found it would help me on for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once. Most Respectfully yours,

OWEN O'GLAVIN.

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

Over the following is selected out of a vast amount of testimony, showing the great value of Hunt's Liniment in cases of Rheumatism:

To Gen. E. Stanton, Esq.—Sir—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism for upwards of five years, in my ancles and feet, and so painful at times that I could not walk, and had to be assisted to dress and undress myself; and having been under the care of four or five different physicians, and having tried almost every remedy I could hear of, but not to much effect, I had given up all hopes of ever being cured, until I heard of Hunt's Liniment; I tried one bottle, and found immediate relief. That is about four months ago, and in that time I have used about one dollar's worth, and now feel almost as well as ever I did. Having tried it for me myself, can testify as to value; and I would advise all who are afflicted with pains and aches to use Hunt's Liniment. Yours, &c. HENRY L. BUCKHOUT.

Mount Pleasant, Mass', 31. 1845.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—It is with sincere pleasure that I take the liberty my evidence in favor of your invaluable remedy. For the last many years I have been troubled with a severe pain in my back, every thing that could be thought of was tried, but nothing seemed to give any effect upon the pain, until I bought a bottle of Hunt's Liniment, and have applied it thoroughly, and to my great joy, my side is now as well as ever she was. Yours, &c. ELIZABETH ANN WADE.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York,
HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 149 Walnut Street.
RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.
A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.
ARMINGTON & Co. 96 Williams Street.
Orders addressed as above at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON, Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and B. W. Ayres.

Bridgewater—A. Van Boskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Compton—J. N. Crane ford.

Middlevil'e—N. E. Crowell.

Springfield—Elijah Dixon, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Metuchen—Wm. Hiscock, Jacob W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. B. Benson, James Orris.

Belvidere—D. Bisley, S. D. Bennett, A. G. Watson

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Jaques.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Gray & Bailey

Bellsville—R. N. Jeffreys & Son

Bloomfield—Woodruff, Crane & Co.

Newark—Cornelius Pierson & Congar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Brittain—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846.—1y

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber would inform the public that he has taken the Post Office, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Titsworth, Dunn & Co. where he has on hand for sale a large assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of the following descriptions:

Gents' Fine Calf Skin Boots, both pegged and sewed.

Do. Kip and coarse Boots.

Do. Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers.

Boy's Boots and shoes, fine and coarse.

Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters

Misses' Black and colored Boots.

Do. Black and colored Buskins.

Do. Black and colored Morocco shoes

Do. Polka and Nation Gaiters

Women's Black and colored shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 20, 1847. GEORGE M. SWOPE.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of Webster & Marsh.

April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade,

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of such a stock now on hand:

Real Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Ginghams, a good assortment.

Prints, Merrimacks, Fall River, Cochtes, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed.

Dimpels, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers.

I Bale Carpet Warp, best quality.

Napkins, Diapers and Umbrellas.

Linen Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment.

Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment.

Work by Bodens, Ladies' and Gents'.

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins.

Laces, Edgings, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods.

Carpetings, a good assortment of all qualities and colors, entirely new styles.

Window Shades—also a lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large, and well assorted. The best of goods will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses a choice and elegant lot of all sizes

Clocks, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, near below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of children; where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage. Those who prefer private, making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

I. NEWKING,
D. LENOX.

April 6, 1847.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Inks. Also Black Bronze Ink, for gilding or restoring to the Lyre of this Stone, *Just Received by*

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including large and illustrated editions.—Baxter's Call.—Protestant Annuals.—Methodist Hymns, &c. for sale by

May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 4 shillings, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Calleux Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for many precocious and painful menstruations—in short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J.

Feathers, Feathers,

Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about to commence housekeeping, that all others who use Feathers, that he has just received a large lot of it in bad quality which he is desirous to have for cash. D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 6, 1847.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S. Cheap for Cash.

---

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just receive at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,
Vegetable Hair Oil,
Sun Flower Seeds,
Opera Glasses,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Razors and Brushes &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just rece ved by
May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Cologne Water,
Garden Seeds,
Lead pencils,

Seibert's Oleoginous OINTMENT.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Crumpy, Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, or Chest, Erysipelas, Scalds and Chilblains. As a

HORSE LINIMENT.

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

---

1 BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality for Sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Nov. 7, 1846.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Dress Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzorines, Lawns, and Jaregos,

Grenadine Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses,

Figured Alpacas, very desirable for Ladies and white do

M'D'Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured,

Cashmeres and Pure Merinos, of the latest styles,

Alpacas, plain and striped for Gentlemen's wear,

Merinoes, French, English and German,

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities

Cartoon Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27,28 and 32 inches wide, (Bonnets.

Gro de Naples usual width, and Sewings Silks for Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a fine Assort.

Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,

American, French and English Prints in great variety

Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and plain,

Gent's Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and plain,

Gent's Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do,

Thread Laces, Insertings and Insertings,

Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,

Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched

Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas

Silk Fringe, Gimp, Cord, Tassels, &c. &c. for furnishing,

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, & c

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English

Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, Satinet and Jeanette,

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.

Satinets of every variety also Beaverteens & Kersey,

Tweeds Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits;

Washington Stripes with a general variety of Locas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, hollows, and irons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provisions all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847.

DEAFness.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kind, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A *NEW Supply* of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by

July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Patterns of Prints, just received from Philadelphia,

Sept. 12, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck, or any part of the face without the least soreness. The most inveterate cases will be entirely, and also absolutely, soothe here can be seen a few astonishing hairs of much less size and strength than at first: these apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Constock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York

M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
Hathaway's Arabian Balsam,
Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor,
Hay's Liniment for the Piles,
Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,

Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,

Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,

Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,

Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c from Cloths, Skin, &c. without injury.

East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences, Indelible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,

Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of Chimes,

Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1.00

Expectorant, 1.00—Alterative, 1.00—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminative Balsam, 25—Jaundice Pills, 25—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.

Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster.

Bluchers soap, Boxes and Brushes,

Sherman's Orris Tooth Paste, 25.

Matchless, Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7, Spruce-street, 2 doors Bulldings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including French and Scotch Muslins, other Gothic scenes of various sizes and prices, also the late and popular Views of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article, together with every style and description of shade now in use, 50 per cent cheaper than can be found in any other place. Trimmings of manufacturers' prices. Signs, Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.*

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.

Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the New Merrimack Prints, at 14 cents per yard, just received by

March 31, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,

For Sale at the Printing Office.

The Village School.

THE Spring Session of this School will commence on the first Monday in May, and continue nearly 20 weeks in the residence of the Rev. Mr. Boland. No effort will be spared, that commitment and diligence can secure to the pupils of the Institution, that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. The Summer Session will commence on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the immediate direction of

Mr. and Mrs. DAWSON and ALLEN.

Terms—The course of instruction will be systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences are unhesitatingly declared to be those that we are fully prepared to teach in an accessible manner. Our motto is, "if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Steel Surveying, Book Keeping, Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5.00; we positively assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth to teach in one quarter any tract of land, (that is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the close of every quarter.

Exhibition at the close of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the wavering signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open all the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine: and so complete have been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st. also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Clinton's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary.

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he is constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. All which are made with the best of materials, as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for articles which he prints, shoes, &c. &c. or for wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or seed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement within the next 30 days.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will give in return potatoes, corn, oats, hay or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes here after none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and nothing else in any way.

N. B. Forbids any one to trust him without his written order.

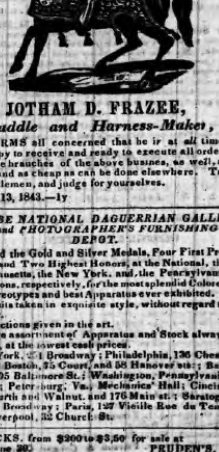
Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above busines, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try me, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, and recently, for the second time, colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather,

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Roe du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $2000 to $3.50 for sale at June 20. PRUDEN'S

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Ovens &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

THE preceding figures is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration, or the EVACUATION for the imparities of the body:—It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all pounts of the surface, which is the impurities of the system thrown off perceptibly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposed by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scripture is, in the blood is the life." It is becomes impure it may be cured directly to the atmosphere of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or inclined to is to open the pores, and irritate or rouse itself from all impurities instantly. Its own hand will readily assist in withdrawing the particles of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All proper means however are direct their efforts to restore the insensible Perspiration. The Thompsonian for instance, Steams the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homeopathist deals out infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and dozes us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of insensible Perspiration we quote the fact that Sanctorius, the celebrated physician, estimated that five-eighths of all received into the stomach, passed of by this means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system, which is fatal. All internal remedies are to be used directly to the stomach of the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases, at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask no, every candid mind what course nature as a reasonable to pursue to unstop the sorry, after they are closed.—Would you give abuse to UNSTOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? Certainly the latter of no person has been known to any external application to affect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others, a HEALING SALVE, called by the name of HILLIER'S WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around old sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severe. It

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, into healthy action.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger, and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not one single case has failed to benefit it, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession to administer it to their patients—Judges and Church Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, unbiased testimony—nothing + Mc'Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing more cases of consumption than any thing else sold. It is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing, who had been troubled by every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system, have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint, Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Broachitis Broken, or Sore Breast, all the other diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and Spine there is positively no medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world!

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Surface—for facial action is to expel all humors—it cannot cease drawing illfake face is free from any matter that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the great annoyance of the sufferer, there is nothing but greasiness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—Parents know how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. The truth is no one can tell positively when worms will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe to the exclusion of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are so out lets to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes these immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of fifteen or twenty doctors. One man sold us he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any benefit when he got a few pots of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Occasional use of the Ointment will always keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

Let a Family Medicines must not pressure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of flesh—so long as disease and sickness is known—just so long will Hillier's Salve be used, and its virtues proved. When man ceases from off the earth, then the disease will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $500 to be paid on conviction in any of the seperate courts of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield

M. F. CUSHING, and PLATT DRAKE.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning public for the liberal patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of the market in enabling him to buy very cheap for cash, will entitle attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk stripes, gingham dress silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric linen hdkf, embroidering silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purse, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton hdkfs; ladies' col'd and white skirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Locas' Goods, plaids, striped gambroons, Kentucky jeans, Kentucky jeans, Cassimeres, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, beize, padding, canvass, wiggin, wadding, cotton batt, Hats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, Loaf and Brown sugar, New Orleans Molasses, Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese, sugar, water and common crackers—Saleratis, tobacco, snuff and segar.

Also, white wash lime and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, sewing silk, clothes lines, knitting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds.

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea setts plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, pedlers' and shoe knives, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, slates, scissors, curry combs, horse cards, scythes and sickles, wire, nails from No. 4 to 30, iron and steel, Dutch Oven and Spiders.

Cedar Ware—Washing tubs, Pails and bay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise—A few Cows, West and Pumalone makes can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do custom sawing and grinding in great work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, 1 set new double harness, 1 set new brass mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand spring wagon, 1 second hand Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, are now ready to sell at the lowest cash terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that are kept in a first class store of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as can be had elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

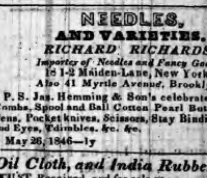
April 28, 1845.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*

Just Opened by June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.



Stove & Tin Establishment.

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES,

RICHARD RICHARDS,

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,

No. 2 Maiden Lane, New York,

Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846.—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth.

JUST Received, and for sale at Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steelling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaints, Cholera Infantum, &c.

Also, Steelling's Worm Medicine,—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. Also Brandreth's, for sale at Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

CONSUMPTION

HAS BEEN CURED BY BRANDT'S PULMONARY BALSAM,

THE GREAT AMERICAN

INDIAN REMEDY.

THE UNBOUNDED AND TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS with which this remedy has met the ills of the Throat, Breathing and Pulmonary Organs, in the cure of Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption, warrants the assertion, that it is the most infallible remedy in the world, for any disease, (short of Consumption—the worst and most hopeless case.

Many Physicians, say that the human lungs when once ulcerated never can be cured; but if experience and the testimony of many persons of the highest standing and character for veracity can be relied on, *Brandt's Indian Pulmonary Balsam* has cured many hundred cases of Consumption, (Bloody Flux—such cases as were called *Consumption* by the unskillful Physicians, some of the most strongly marked and indubitable cases of ulcerated lungs—such diseases as many persons die in consequence of, every day.

The infallible and most wonderful

HEALING AND PURIFYING

qualities of this best of all remedies gives to it curative virtues which no other *Cough remedy* possesses. It stops pulmonary irritation, and gives facilities for facilitating expectoration soothing and removing pain, and allaying cough, that other cough medicines have. Thus, then, by its compound healing virtues (its absorbent, its power of neutralizing the circulating acrimonious, its qualities of cleansing and purifying the blood, its subduing cough and easing pain,) it heals and cures the worst cases of Consumption. It *never has failed* to heal and cure ulcers or Scrofula, in the legs or sores or any other part of the body.

Brandt's Indian Purifying Extract, is a preparation of the Indian Pulmonary Balsam, which is similar in medical virtue to the Pulmonary Balsam in all its *purifying* properties, but, it differs from the Balsam in not containing the healing and allaying qualities, which are only essential in the case of cough remedies and it is also a BRANDRETH and more active purifyer of the blood, which, it will *certainly purify* without a doubt, in the worst case of Scrofula, and all cases, where a fair trial is made. We warrant and *guarantee* that a bottle of this *preparation* possesses four times more alterative and *purifying virtues* than a like bottle of any preparation of Sarsaparilla ever offered to the public. And thus, by its purifying virtues

IT CURES SCROFULA!

without fail in any instance; and also, many other chronic diseases, which are caused by derangement in the secretions and impurity of the blood, viz: *Scrofulous, Scald Head, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Chronic Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Nursing Sore Mouth, Ulcers, Piles, Salt Rheum, Boils, Liver Complaint Mercurial, and all other Skin diseases* And all other cases of constitutional or secondary diseases of the blood. It also by equalizing the circulation and secretions *has proved to be a specific* in curing all debility weakness and other deranged cases *incidental to females* after child birth.

The above medicines are compounded and prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, and therefore, full efficacy in all pulmonary complaints, and as a purifyer of the blood, is the result of practical Indian experience. Over 1000 cases have been cured done to any of the many who have used it, either constitutionally or otherwise.

READ THE EVIDENCE.

We here give a few of the many names of well known and respectable persons who have used this medicine, and who have *voluntarily* given certificates and their names for publication, viz:

For full satisfaction of every case here named and other cases, we refer the *pamphlets. Every Agent has get them.* Get one, and you will be convinced if human testimony can advantage you, that the above is *all a true statement of facts.*

We refer, in the first place to persons who *have been themselves cured* by the use of the Medicine of the severest character and interested in connection with their names. We therefore refer to

Mr. Matthew Hopper, Merchant N. Y. Residence Plainfield, N. J. recommends it highly, having seen it tried in numerous cases of Liver Complaint, abscess and ulcer, and having witnessed its good effects in many other cases.

Grant Davis Deaning, Ballston Spa. N. Y. who was for many years Sheriff of the County of Saratoga, cured of Consumption.

Mr. Gilman Dickey, a farmer and wool merchant, Ballston Spa. N. Y. Inflammation of the Lungs which terminated in Consumption.

Mr. J. Townsend, Merchant, Ovid, Seneca Co. N. Y. Incipient Consumption.

Mr. Peter Potter, Peach Teacher, 23 Herbert st., N. Y., Consumption of several years.

Mr. R. Capman, Merchant, Middlebury, Vt. long standing Cough and Asthma.

Mr. John R. Smith, Merchant, Lee, Ms. Chronic Rheumatism.

Mr. N. Simpson Jobbing Merchant, 22 William st. N. Y. Scrofula in the N. K.

Mr. J. Greig, Merchant Medina, Orleans Co. K. Y. Salt Rheum.

Capt. Enos Knapp, 37 Willow st. Brooklyn, N. Y., Scrofulous Erysipelas, in both legs from the knees to the ankles

Mrs. Sarah Barlow, Ballston Spa. N. Y., Salt Rheum of 15 years, in the face and neck.

And we further refer in the second place, to the following respectable persons who are known to, and have since that they have seen the happy results of the use of this medicine in the effecting cures in other persons, of such complaints and diseases, as are mentioned in connection with their name. We refer again therefore, for such proof, to

Mr. J. S. Fuller, Merchant, Catskill, N. Y. for cures of Chronic Cough and Consumption.

Dr. W. J. Shelton, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn. for Consumption.

Rev. E. Deaning, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Adams Basin, Monroe Co. N. Y. Consumption. For ever Sore and Scrofula.

Deacon Rogers, Nursing Henry st Brooklyn. N. Y. for Nursing Sore Mouth.

Dea. Salmon Skinner, corner of Cranberry and Hicks st Brooklyn, N. Y. for Scrofula and Erysipelas at the very last and dangerous stage of the disease.

Dea. T. M. Hunt Druggist Auburn, N. Y. for cure of Chronic Cough and Eruptions and a case of Rheumatism in the hand.

Mr. Milo Heath, Merchant, Eastown, Pa. Scrofula Eruptions of long standing on his son.

Mr. S. J. Stryker, Merchant 22 John-St. N. Y. aggravated Cough in his child, which a celebrated Parisparilla could not cure.

Dea. George Francis, Druggist, Middletown, Conn Erysipelas of the Eyes.

Rev. Wm. B. Harris, Sheriff of Saratoga Co, N. Y. his wife cured of consumption.

Mr. John Wait, Merchant, Ballston Spa, N. Y. for Hooping Cough and Consumption.

Mr. Jas. Goodrich, Merchant, Shaftsbury, Vt. for the cure of his son of bleeding at the lungs, which terminated in Consumption—Cured *Consumption* in another man, and also a lady, all of whom the best physicians in the country had given up as hopeless and resigned to their fate.

Messrs. J. Christopher, W. W. Howell, R. D. Howell, and *Wm. Mc Loughlin,* Gentlemen well known at Rochester City, N. Y. for Consumption and Liver Complaint in children.

We could thus go on and refer to hundreds of other persons as respectable as the above named, from whom we have received certificates and statements, but it would be unnecessary, as the above are sufficient to convince the *hesitating* and purifying virtues of this Great *Indian Remedy,* that thousands of our sufferers must soon be equally as convinced of.

For sale by the following Agents:

Plainfield, Webster & Marsh,

Scotch Plains, J. M. Osborn,

New Market, Wm. Cox, Jr. Bartell.

Metuchin, J. J. Clarkson,

Boundbrook, Joseph Ross,

Bastenridge, D. W. Doty,

Middlebush, Wm. Stevens,

Rahway, A. C. Wasson,

Millington, Andrew Smalley.

Plainfield Union.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid within the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $3.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive it at the post office by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion. Nothing counted at less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village professionally, at stated, but very frequent seasons. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 176 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note at Elizabethtown or Newark, days in advance, stating the time they will call,—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Indisposition to Exertion, Broken Constitution, sore Throat, Nervous Debility, & all diseases of the throat Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure

ever known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side, difficulty of breathing, loss of lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c., I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the wasting of my powers seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry which immediately began to relieve, and in a few days the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, am restored able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all suffering. All persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not impose with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be put up and offer as the remedy of yours, it only is the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement, for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EUGENE THOMAS,

No. 13 3d st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to say, that Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one exactly suited to the case, which has stood the test of time sufficient to merit confidence with the public, and has performed such marvellous cures; and has merited and received so many testimonials from the faculty and others, to this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think it will go away of itself in a few days, and they give the disease no attention at all. But to such we would say, be careful of your colds,—do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, we would recommend to you the use of Wild Cherry on all occasions. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this valuable medicine, which is daily receiving the highest meed of praise of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanative properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry all concur in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever invented for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of Swayne's Wild Cherry:

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold sometimes, in any result in all the horrors of Consumption. The full distance is continually approaching the middle of life, that the sufferer does not realize the danger until it is too late to counteract its silent invasions, because the symptoms of the means remains the time which cannot elapse, before the disease will be developed, which is another life of all friends, and the time lingered in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community.

Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a Philadelphia physician, in the Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry which the article for these times, taken in early stages of suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. The medicine can be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the proprietary of the Remedy appoints all agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

We truly entertaining success to the most appreciated remedy of Consumption is a subject of importance to the public and deserves to be noticed upon by a worthless nostrums to a preparation of real and doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, as was that has conferred upon mankind an inestimable blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so complete a has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only published this (undeniable fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine, we take them from time to time put most upon the public as genuine, we assure all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

FAIR LINES addressed to Dr. SWAYNE PHILA. PA.

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath.

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

Where there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb.

I unbeware the base *imposters who would* desecrate this tree,

By their Pargoric cures and rhyming ribaldry!

Beware of selling who buys the right to temper with your health!

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.

Who bottles Pargoric, and the calls it, thro' deceit, The 'Balsam of Wild Cherry!' Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the vexal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching perusite, to truth and justice cold Who'd hover over your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold.

That proudly hunts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who's at your ear on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are;

That steal these name from Dr. Swayne, and black the arch cure with Tar;

Learn well to shun this vexal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION.—Dr. Swayne's preparation of *Wild Cherry* are the first that was ever introduced to the public, and are the only genuine. There are other preparations of Wild Cherry came out, up sprung several others, such as Balsams, Candies, &c. Dr. Swayne, trying to build on that as they could not, so that even persons might be deceived, (and it is worthless mixture gained of opposition,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Art thou spitting life away?
Is the gentle stave breaking,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Towering high o'er imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Sprinkling joy through weary nation,
E'en in my Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,

OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms; at the same time of saving the intestinal tract from the irritation of worms in all forms they are found in bed, and without which the worms cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even if the illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial; as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are sure to produce other serious diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but *is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.*

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Bond.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 & 10 o'clock, A. M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, 0 o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

By steamboat, Pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 5 and 5, P. M.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, foot of No. 1 North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M. Boat.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Houndbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Scotch Plains,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R.	87 1-2	
Houndbrook to Jersey City,	"	68 3-4
Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
Westfield,	"	44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A. M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, and Mauch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Corth Branch, Lebanon, Lite House, Lebanon, Clinton, Brickstown, Jogtown, &c. N. J.

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have even had. Call June 30. PRUDEN'S

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by PRUDEN'S

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY GREAT REMEDY

CONSUMPTION.

And "The best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weak-ness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed, and in almost every instance when patients have suffered long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired result.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases *above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy* in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been long and justly celebrated with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not by him, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary *he simply suggests* a trial, from a knowledge of its usefulness and better myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and "Can BECURED." If this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that of Consumption of the human race. Consumption *Day after day, year after year, the insidious* monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb. Death is busy at his work on every hand. The walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this destroyer of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose years appeared him for the enjoyment of life's evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset all in our changeable and cold North American Climate? And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to credibility, may be believed, *there is a preventative and a remedy.*

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its true value and intrinsic excellence is sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Wait on to fame"

he same of its invention, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 20, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge, have been used by my patients, all of which have proved effectual. In two cases, I was *thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the* Wild Cherry effected a cure.

D. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the *diseases for which it is recommended curing many ca-*ses after the skill of the best physicians had failed in giving, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Benjamin Crane, and by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Most Economical and Superior Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will leave neither grease or stain if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or burning, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dudley, Spove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jacob Poand's Bakery.—JOHN S. EDWARDS.

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpacccas, Plaids, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store,

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

Ballad of the Child and the Lord Jesus.

From the German of Herder

Among green, pleasant meadows,
All in a grove so wild,
Was set a marble image
Of the virgin and her child.

There oft, in summer evenings,
A lovely boy would rove,
And play beside the image
That sanctified the grove.

Oft sat his mother by him,
Among the shadows dim,
And told how the Lord Jesus
Was once a child like him.

"And now from highest heaven
He doth look down each day,
And see's whate'er thou doest,
And hears what thou dost say."

Thus spake the tender mother;
And on an evening bright,
When the red, round sun descended,
Mid clouds of crimson light,

Again the boy was playing,
And earnestly said he,
"Oh beautiful Lord Jesus,
Come down and play with me!

"I'll find the flowers the fairest,
And weave for thee a crown—
I will get thee red, ripe strawberries,
If thou will but come down."

"Oh holyholy mother,
Put him down off my knee!
For in these silent meadows
There are none to play with me."

Thus spake the boy so lovely;
And while his mother heard,
And on his prayer she bondered,
But spake to him no word.

That self same night she dreamed
A lovely dream of joy—
She thought she saw young Jesus
There, playing with the boy.

"And for the fruits and flowers
Which thou hast brought to me,
Rich blessings shall be given
A thousand fold to thee;

"For, in the fields of heaven
Thou shalt roam with me at will,
And, of bright fruits celestial
Thou shalt have, dear child, thy fill."

Thus tenderly and kindly
The fair child Jesus spoke,
And, full of careful musings,
The anxious mother woke.

And thus it was accomplished—
In a short month and a day;
The boy so gentle,
Upon his death-bed lay.

And thus he spoke in dying:
"O mother dear I see
The beauti ul child Jesus
A coming down to me!

"And in his hand he beareth
Bright flowers as white as snow,
And red and juicy strawberries—
Dear mother let me go!"

He died, and that fond mother
Her tears could not restrain;
But she knew he was with Jesus,
And she did not weep again.

From the Youth's Penny Gazette.

The Raspberry Girl.

Here I am, at sunset, and hav'nt sold my raspberrico! Well—I've done my best, and mother says I angels can do more. I have been all day out of doors, and I have cried myself hoarse. I think I shall cry out in my sleep, Buy any raspburries.

The rude boys mock me, and laugh at me.—Ah, they don't know how tiresome it is.

One thing distresses me. I can't help mother to get the new cap she wants so much. Never mind; she always says 'The Lord will provide.' And sure enough, there is always something sent to us just at the time when we don't look for it. So it was last Saturday night; when we had not a bit of food about the house, Squire Jones left us three loaves of bread and two cherry pies. Good Squire Jones! I will be sure to pray for him. Mother says, 'Man's extremity is God's opportunity.'

Heigh ho! the sun is down—I must be trudging. I wish my basket was emptier. Never mind, Mother says,' God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb.' I am but a lamb; but if I mind the shepherd's voice, he will take care of me.

See! there is a gentleman coming. Let me see who it is. Oh, it is Squire Jones!

'Well, how do you do, Debby?'

'Very well, thank you, sir.'

'And is your mother pretty well?'

'Yes, sir, thank you, she is very well too.'

'What market have you found for your berries?'

'Oh, sir! you see I haven't sold half of them; but mother says we should always be contented; and I hope, I could bear it if I hadn't sold any.'

'What, sir! Did I hear you right. You will take all the berries I have left? O Squire Jones, I thank you—my mother will thank you! O, sir, you have paid me double—that is a dollar, sir.'

He's gone—and has left me a dollar! Who ever heard such a thing! Good man it is just like him. Now I know the Lord is good. Now my prayer is answered. Now mother will have her cap. O how her eyes will brighten! I must hurry home—but first, let me go into the shady corner of the church-yard and thank the Lord for all his mercies.

Affecting Story.

The following story we heard a short time since from a young female in humble life—an emigrant from Ireland. During the recital, the expression of her fine intellectual face, her flowing tears, attested a truth we all admit—that warm hearts and gentle sympathies may exist where the refinements of polished life are wanting. The narrative is in our hands—it has lost, along with the strong accents of her country, the touching simplicity of her original narration.

"The steerage of our ship was crowded with passengers of all ages, and before we had been long at sea, a malignant disease broke out among the children on board. One after another sickened and died, and each was in its turn wrapped in its narrow shroud and committed to the deep, with no requiem but the burning sigh of a fond mother, and its obsequies but the tears of fathers and brothers and weeping spectators. At last, I sullenly plunged into the sea, and the blue waves closed over them, I clasped my own babe more strongly to my bosom, and prayed that Heaven might spare me only child. But this was not to be. It sickened, and day by day I saw that its life was ebbing, and the work of death began.—On Friday night it died, and to avoid the necessity of seeing what was once so beautiful, and still so dear, given to gorge the monsters of the deep, I concealed its death from all around me. To full suspicion, I gave evasive answers to those who inquired after it, and folded it in my arms, and sang to it, as if my babe was only sleeping for an hour, when the cold long sleep of death was on it. A weary day and night had passed away, and the Sabbath came. Like others, I wore my meanest dress, and put on a smiling face—but no, it was a heavy task, for all my heart was breaking. On Monday, the death of the child could no longer be concealed, but, from regard to my feelings the captain had it enclosed in a rude coffin, and promised to keep it 2 days for burial, if in that time we should make land.—The coffin was placed in the boat which floated at the ship's stern, and through the long hours of night I watched it—a dark speck on the water, which might shut it from my sight forever. In it there I thought of my dear young babe, and my native land and of the kind friends I had left behind me, and longed to mingle my tears with theirs. By night I watched the coffin of my babe and by day looked for the land—rising my heart in prayer to Him who holds the winds in his hand, that they might waft us swiftly onward.—On the third morning, just as the sun had risen, the fog lifted and showed us the green shores of New Brunswick. The ship was laid to, and *then the captain with a few men,* left, in the boat with them. I was not permitted to go, but, from the deck of the vessel I could see them as they dug the grave, under thick shades of the forest trees, on the edge of a sweet glade, which sloped down to the water—and in my heart I blessed them, and prayed that God would reward their kindness to the living and the dead. When they returned on board, the captain came to me, and said—'My good woman, the place where your son is buried is Greenville, on the coast of New Brunswick. I will write it on a piece of paper, that you may know where his remains lie.' I thanked him for his care, but told him the record was already written on my heart and would remain there till my bleeded boy and I should meet in a brighter and happier world."

Lawyers.—It is a singular infatuation—while there so many fields to cultivate, so much land to be cleared up, and so great a demand for active, industrious labor all over the country—that thousands and tens of thousands of our young men rush blindfolded into the profession of law. Scores who have been brought up by farmers and mechanics, who might make a good living and exert a happy influence, forsake the plough and plane, the shovel and the stick, and half starve themselves to death in a lawyer's office—*is it not strange?* Is the law more honorable than a trade? Who thinks so? Surely not one of the least sense and judgment. Lawyers, the most distinguished, advise the young aspirants to stick to their anvils, their hods and their types. They know that unless a man has peculiar talents, skill, and we may add brass, he can never rise higher than a miserable pettifogger. (Jeffersonian.

Common Sense.—He value, who can tell? It is the philosopher's stone; turns every thing to gold, pure gold. Study it. Study it. Young men and nurses, parents and children, lawyers and doctors, tailors and cobblers, min sters and editors, speakers and hearers—study it, study it upon your knees. Some students take a seven years course, come out bright theologians—acute alone, fairly glisten. But, where's common sense? Put on your 'specks.' What! can't see a yard? Well then, take the microscope.—*Scientific American.*

The Breadth of it.—"My dear, come to bed, go to bed, jan," said the wife of a jolly son of Erin, who had just returned from the fair, to decidedly 'how come you so' state. "I must be dreadful tired, there, with your fair work and nice drink."

"Arrah! get away with your nonsense," Pat, "is it the length of the way and all, that fatigued me—'twas the breadth

of it!"

Volunteers from Switzerland.—The war in Mexico has not only aroused the military enthusiasm of our citizens, but it appears that numbers of Europeans are offering their services to the United States Government. The German Schnellpost's correspondent in Basle, Switzerland says 800 young and hardy men, among whom are some of the most distinguished officers in the Swiss service, have offered their services to the United States Government, through the American Consul at Basle. They will engage to serve *during the war, or for five or ten years*, and afterwards form themselves into a military colony in California, upon the plan of colonies which England and Russia have in several of their dominions. Several of these volunteers have families, and are most respectably connected.

Mind Your Own Business.—Yes, mind your own business! What needs it concern you if John Snooks is courting Sal Thompson? They are undoubtedly rational beings, and can conduct *their love affairs in a becoming manner*, without your interference. What if Deb Sashy has got a new dress? It is probably paid for, and cost you nothing. Therefore why need you interest yourself so deeply about it? What if the principal merchant in the place has become *insolvent?* You are not among his creditors, and for heaven's sake why can't you let the man have a little enjoyment? Suppose Dorcas Swift goes to a dancing school, it costs you nothing, and as she has a frail constitution, a little exercise of this kind will benefit her general health. This intermeddling with the affairs of others, to the utter neglect of their own is becoming a great deal too prevalent, with a certain class in small villages. There are none of us also exempt misfortune, or are free from error; but to be made the butt and by word *torn out of your play* intermeddling simpletons, merely on account of inoffensible misfortune or a single error committed is far from being agreeable. If this class of beings have any business of their own we hope that out of shame for themselves; and the credit of their relatives they will attend to it.

Table Talk.—Some of the Representatives to the Legislature are occasionally the subjects of a joke, probably from their inquisitive dispositions. *At the table of one of our Hotels on Washington* street, one of the "wisdom" who was in the habit of asking those around him, instead of the waiter, to wait on him, one day asked Mac, the gentleman opposite.

'Can you reach them *partners, sir?*'

Mac extended his his arm toward the dish and satisfied himself that he could reach the partners, and answered,

'Yes, sir.'

'And will you stick my fork into one of 'em?' asked the Rep.

'O certainly,' said Mac, as he took the fork, carefully stabbing it into the potato, where he left it.

At this the Rep. was somewhat vexed, and asked rather tartly—

'Will you pass me my fork?'

'Ah!—your fork!—oh, yes, sir!' and taking hold of the fork, he drew it from the potato, and passed it back to the Rep. whose nerves seemed not a little shocked.

'Waiter! waiter! I say!' cried the Rep. 'will you pass me a pertater? I've been tryin' for half an hour to get one, and if you don't pass 'em along purty soon, I'll vacate my seat and report your conduct to my insulted constituents!' —*Boston Post.*

THE BIBLE.

It is a book of laws, to show the right and wrong.

It is a book of wisdom, that condemns ill folly and make the foolish wise.

It is a book of truth that detects all errors.

It is a book of life, that shows the way from everlasting death.

It is the most compendious book in all the world.

It is the most authentic and entertaining history that was ever published.

It contains the most ancient antiquities, remarkable events, and wonderful occurrences.

It points out the most heroic deeds and unparalleled wars.

It describes the celestial, terrestrial and lower worlds.

It explains the origin of the angelic myriads, of human tribes, and devilish legions.

It is the most scientific, the most accomplished *mechanic and the profoundest artist.*

It will teach the best rhetorician, and exercise every power of the most skilful arithmetician.

It will puzzle the wisest anatomist, and the acutest critic.

It corrects the vain philosopher, and refutes the wisest astronomer.

It exposes the subtle sophist and drives diviners mad.

It is a complete code of laws, a perfect body of divinity, an unequalled narrative.

It is a book of *lives.*

It is a book of travels.

It is a book of voyages.

It is the best covenant that ever was agreed to; the best deed that ever was sealed.

It is the best testament that ever was signed.

It is wisdom to understand it: to be ignorant of it, is to be awfully destitute.

It is the magistrate's best rule.

It is the housewife's best guide, and the servant's best instructor.

It is the young's companion.

It is the school boy's spelling book.

It is the learned man's masterpiece.

It is the ignorant man's dictionary, and the wise man's dictionary.

It affords knowledge of all witty inventions, and it is its own interpreter.

It encourages the wise, the warrior, and the overcomer.

And that which crowns all, is that the author is without partiality, and without hypocrisy, "*With whom is no variableness, neither shadow of turning.*" —*Selected.*

Keying, Governor General of the two Kwang provinces of China, has issued a proclamation—hereafter every one must absolutely mind his own business.

☞ *It is no disparagement to Gen.* Taylor or to any other American officer or soldier to say that there is probably no man in the country can boast who has more deeply shifting in the small scheme of war, than Gen. Scott—His plans are laid in great judgment, and his far reaching eye scans results long before a sword is drawn or a soldier summoned to the field. He taps down certain general principles, and at the same time seems to provide for every contingency, and if any one will compare the plans and predictions of Gen. Scott which he has penned of the year past, with what has actually taken place, he will, we think, agree with us in our opinion.—*Elizabethtown Journal.*

Programme for a President of the United States.—*Gerrit Smith* declines *peremptorily* a call on him to be a candidate for next President. He says he has all his life been weighed down by the charge of a great landed property left by his father, which has deprived him of a chance to fit himself for the Chief Magistracy; and though there would be no prospect of his election if nominated, he does not consider it right to run for an office without the qualifications for worthily filling it. If he were President, however, he would first stop the Mexican War and ask pardon of God *and Mexico for our wholesale murders of the* Mexican people, returning the territory we have taken by force; 2d Utterly abolish the Army and Navy; 3. Abolish all Customs or commercial restrictions whatever; 4. Establish a system of Direct Taxation alone; 5. Devote liberal expenditures for Light-Houses, Harbors, improving Rivers, &c but none at all for Fortifications, Ships of War, &c.; 7. Interpret and apply the Constitution as at deadly war with Slavery; 8. Stop selling the Public Lands, allow every man *who needs to take a portion of them without* pay, and render the Homestead inalienable; 9. Discountenance distinctions between Native and Adopted Citizens; 10. Appoint no man to office who bases the Right of Suffrage on Property or Color; 11. Give no office to a Slaveholder, any more than to any other pirate; 12. Nor to any man in favor of the traffic in Intoxicating Drinks; 13 Nor to any adhering member of a secret society.—When the people want a President on these principles, we think Mr. Smith may be *induced to overcome his objections to take office.*

Higher.—A nobler motto for a young, higher, —never look down. Aim high—push high. If you can cannot reach the stars, you can have the satisfaction of drawing near to them. He who stands on an elevated position, is sure to catch the first rays of the glorious sun. So he who is always stepping up and reaching up, will first catch the favors of Heaven as they descend. There is no object on which we gaze that gives *us so much pleasure as the upward and continued* progress to moral nature and robust virtue of enterprising young men. When the claims of sloth are broken, the vision is clear—the heart buoyant, and the affections and purposes strong higher and still higher objects will be gained, nobler purposes be achieved, and a sublime elevation obtained that will thrill with joy future generations, as they march on in the same glorious path.

☞ *A dashing fellow, who seemed to think* that he manifested his superiority by the disdain he exhibited for any thing like courtesy to the *humble classes of society, was driving his gig one* rainy day, when he came to a toll gate, and asked what was to pay.

"Eightpence, if you please," said the civil gate keeper.

Instead of handing the money to him our gratious carelessly threw a shilling on the wet and muddy ground.

"There, take your change out of that."

The keeper stooped for the silver, and placing the copper exactly on the same spot, walked coolly into his cottage.

☞ Among the recent improvements on the fine estate of Wm. Gibbons, Esq. of Madison, Morris county, is a *Flour Mill* erected by Mr. Isaac D. Lee, of this city. During a recent visit to the place it was the special subject of observation and remark, as, not simply as a great convenience to the proprietor, but as *admirable specimen* of the skill and workmanship of the builder. It is designed solely for the use of the estate, which comprises some 800 acres, and is worked by animal power—a large stock of cattle furnishing of course an abundance of it, always at hand. The Mill as a whole and in its several parts, is so creditable to the builder that we have thought it worthy of special notice. It is a story brick building and made to correspond with the stables, crib, barns, &c. that are, by the way, of the best construction and embrace some *improvements* which cultivators would do well to look at.

The team works in a room 28 by 36 feet, and 10 feet high: the levers or draw bars so attached as to exert their power as nearly as may be in a tangent, with speed from 2 to 2 1-2 revolutions *per minute, driving the mill-stones in an adjoin*ing apartment, 28 by 30 feet, where the grinding and bolting is done. The mill stones are 3 feet in diameter, with a velocity of 200 revolutions per minute; their ordinary speed will grind feed at the rate of from 6 to 10 bushels an hour.—Merchantable corn meal has been made at the rate of 4 bushels an hour with 2 yoke of oxen and one pair of mules.

From the Grocery (on the opposite side of an alley) to the Mill is extended an iron wire on *which the corn is conveyed in 14 bushel baskets* at the rate of from 150 to 200 bushels an hour, passing into a large hopper holding perhaps 200 bushels, from which, by drawing a slide, it passes into a machine that will shell from 200 to 250 bushels of ears per hour—the cobs and dust passing out of a window; and the clean corn is delivered at the bottom of the elevator which takes it up to a garner above the Mill stones, from which it is drawn as wanted. The same power that grinds the grain also runs a machine for cut*ting hay, at the rate of two tons a day.*—*Newark Adv.*

A man that keeps riches and enjoys them not, is like an ass that carries gold and eats thistles.

A man had better be poisoned in his blood than in his principles.

Arrest of a Fugitive.—The N. Y. Police last evening arrested Elizabeth Montigney, wife of Paul Rifan Montigney, whom the captain found in a house in Reade st. N. Y. she having arrived in the city from Elizabethtown, where she stands charged, on the oath of Ellen Piron, before *Isaac Andruss, Esq. of this city, with causing the* death of a woman, 25 years of age, daughter of the said Piron, by the name of Hassette Justine Hyphene Piron, early in April, by means of poison or other means. It appears that the deceased has been living with a Mr. and Mrs. Montigney for the last 10 or 12 years, on one of the family; and that about 15 months ago she received from Belgium some 2 or $3,000, which was willed to her by her deceased mother; and this money, it seems, from the facts of the case, was in the pos*session of Mr. Martigney for safe keeping.* A few weeks ago the poor girl died rather suddenly; but previous to her death, she made a will leaving all her property and money to Mrs. Montigney, without reference to her father, who is New York—nor was he apprised of his daughter's illness or death until informed by a friend, which was after the funeral had taken place. This, together with other circums ances, led Mr. Piron to believe that some unfair means had been used towards his daughter, which led to the above complaint being made for the purpose of investigating the matter more fully. In justice to Mrs. Montigney, we would state that she volunteered to go from N. Y. to Elizabethtown, which she did, in custody of officer Southard, for the purpose of having the charge properly investigated before the authorities here.—*Newark Adv.* 23d inst.

The Cincinnati Atlas nominates Gen. Winfield Scott as next President, and John J. Crittenden as Vice President of the United States.

The Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad is completed nearly to *Bridgeburk*, the track having been re-laid with a very heavy rail, rolled at the Trenton Mills, of a pattern altogether new.—When the road is completed, and the trains make *their usual speed, this line will connect with the* morning line for New York, by which means Philadelphia passengers will be able to get to N. Y. at 9½ o'clock in the morning. This will make four regular daily lines between the cities.

The Meadow Lands in Salem county, N. J. were inundated last week by the high tides produced by heavy northeast winds. The Standard says some of the owners who have been expending great amounts of money and labor in repairing the damages of last winter, now find their new embankments swept away, and the grass crop destroyed. The damage has been very great.

The Bar of New Orleans is to give a grand dinner to Mr. Webster. The price of tickets is $15. Almost every ticket was taken as soon as offered.

Snow in Massachusetts Yet.—A gentleman who passed through Berkshire co. Mass. on the 13th and 14th inst. reports that in some places snow banks were still to be seen, 2 or 3 feet deep. The season has been colder than usual throughout the country. Wheat and rye generally do quite as well in cool, backward seasons, as in warm ones. Much of the fall sown grain in the Western States.

A Good Toast.—The following beautiful sentiment was given at the Webster dinner, at Richmond, Va.

"The States of the Union!—Distinct, like the billows, but one like the sea."

Price of a Commission.—Col. Perese, of the 15th Lancers, who for 52 years served with such distinction in the Peninsula, America, and India, retired from the army on Friday. Col. Perese received 11000 guineas by the sale of his commission.—*Dublin Paper.*

The Sub-Treasury has in its vaults nearly 5 millions of specie. All the banks are filled to overflowing. Money is very plenty. Drafts on Treasury Notes at 4¼ *per cent, and paper is taken* in in the street at 6 per cent.—*N. Y. Express.*

Troops continue to arrive at Cincinnati from all points. On the 13th inst. the companies of *regulars, numbering about 300 men*, arrived from Illinois and Wisconsin; the balance of the regiment was expected in a few days. The Ohio regiment recently called for is already full—5 of the companies being raised in Cincinnati alone. On the 14th, 103 recruits for Col Tibbatt's regiment arrived at Cincinnati, from Madison, Ind.

A Noble Act.—It is well known that the late heroic Col. Yell, of Arkansas, and the President were warm personal as well as political friends. A letter from Washington states that "the last act which the brave soldier is supposed to have *written, was to Col. Polk, directing the advance* of Col. Yell's pay due to his family. He was poor, and his family were dependent upon him. He had a young lad at Georgetown Col ege, and we learn this evening that the President has adopted this boy, and will educate him and regard him as his own son; and that he will see to the comfort of the family."

A Sharp Dog.—London dogs are not destitute of a sort of cockney utility. We know one which was accustomed to go almost every day with a penny in his mouth to the baker's, and buy a roll for his own consumption. One day the baker's man, in a joke, gave him a roll just out of the oven, which he instantly dropped, seized his money off of the counter, and from that day *changed his baker. He never would go back to* that shop, and spent his penny, like a good, steady customer, with a better behaved tradesman.—*Lit. Jour.*

A Novel Case.—On the 10th inst. a woman named *Hoffnagle*, was put upon her trial before Judge Kelly, in Philadelphia, having been bound over by Alderman Ash on the charge of nuisance, by being a common scold. She was convicted, but recommended to mercy. Sentence deferred.

Quickest Trip on Record.—The steamer Alida left Albany on Saturday morning at 6½ o'clock and arrived at N. Y. at 2 o'clock and 25 minutes, making all the landings. She leaves for Albany every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings at 6½ o'clock. Fare 50 cts.

An intemperate patient makes a cruel doctor.

THE UNION

Published, May 25, 1847.

From the Seat of War.

New Orleans papers of the 11th inst. bring intelligence of the arrival of Col. May *in that city* also other items of much interest.

It is stated that a despatch from Gen. Scott had been received, stating that a deputation from the city of Mexico reached the American lines, offering to surrender the city without opposition, and asking protection for life and property. This was, of course, assented to by Gen. Scott. In consequence, the citizens had discontinued erecting fort fications for its defence.

The city of Puebla had also proposed to surrender.

*These offers at surrender came from the inhabi*tants, who were more fearful of their own soldiers than of the American troops. They dreaded the guerilla system of warfare.

This system had commenced; legally organized bands of banditti, made up from the disorganized Mexican army, had begun their depredations, not only on the American rear and outskirts but upon the peaceably disposed inhabitants of the country.

Jalapa is very healthy and pleasant, and it is said Gen. Scott will remain there until reinforced —as a good number of his troops must soon be discharged, their time having expired—and it would be dangerous to advance with a small force. *Some thousands of troops are now on the way to* join the two armies, and Gen. Scott and Gen. Taylor will both soon be reinforced, and operations will be recommenced, probably, for the military occupation of all Mexico.

Gen. Scott has issued a proclamation to the Mexican people, calling on them to deliver up all public arms and munitions of war, under a heavy penalty, and to avoid a rigorous search among private dwellings.

The New Orleans Delta has been informed that a dispatch was transmitted to Gen. Caswallader, *ordering him to join Gen. Scott with his* present command.

The Swedish Consul visited Santa Anna at Orizaba, and obtained from him a passport to Vera Cruz. He had but a thousand men with him badly equipped, and he looking haggard and very much dejected.

In Vera Cruz every thing is going on smoothly. The business of the city is *increasing in a* wonderful degree. The waters are covered with merchant vessels. Yankee hotels, Yankee action house-, Yankee circus companies, and Yankee ice-houses, are starting up at every turn of the corner.

The advices from Monterey are to to the 28th of April.

The army of Gen. Taylor was melting away by the expiration of the term of service of the volunteers. The troops had not advanced beyond *Agua Nueva, and were awaiting reinforcements.* The second Mississippi regiment had arrived at Monterey.

Capt. Yard and his company, from New Jersey, arrived at Point Isabel on the 9th inst after 25 days' passage, and were *ordered to leave on* the same day, for Camp Palo Alto. The 10th Regiment U. S. Infantry to which it belongs has been ordered to join Gen. Taylor.

Six companies of U. S. marines, numbering about 600, under the command of Major L. Twiggs, for several years past the commandant at the barracks at this station, have been ordered to join the army in Mexico. Eight additional companies, under command of Lieut. Col. Watson, have received preparatory orders, and will follow the *first battalion. The marines in the gulf will join* these at Vera Cruz; and the whole, about 1700, be formed into two regiments, under command of Lieut. Col. Watson and Major Twiggs—the whole composing the brigade of the veteran, Brigadier Gen. Henderson of the marine corps.

A letter in a N. O paper of the 13th, states that Santa Anna has issued, from Orizaba, 100 commissions to as many guerilla officers, authorizing them to command small itinerant parties of 50 to 100 men each. Some of these it is added, *have already commenced operations on the Jala*pa road.

A report comes through a Vera Cruz correspondent of the La Patria, a well informed Spanish paper at New Orleans, that "Gen. Alvarez is marching *from the North of Mexico with 30,-*000 men whom he will scatter in guerrilla parties, covering the plains of Puebla and the country as far as Jalapa, to operate against the Americans upon a plan of war detailed a year ago in the Journal called the Expectador, then published in the City of Mexico." The writer adds,

"I learn that the inhabitants of the villages generally, are arming and going forth as Guerilleros. This class of the people are known to be most adapted to that kind of warfare; from them we may expect deeds of *heroism and valor.*"

The editors endeavor to show in the course of a rather long article that exery thing in Mexican character and condition, and in the circumstances and relations of the two countries, serves to forbid the idea that propositions for a pacification can be entertained by Mexico.

The N. Y. Sun says that England is strenuously endeavoring to bring about a peace, and as soon as we have secured the portion of Mexico which *we seek, she will seize upon* the remainder and retain possession thereof, until the eighty millions due her, is paid.

Gen. *Castvallader arrived at Brazos, May 6th,* and assumed the command of the lower Rio *Grande*, and established a camp at Palo Alto, for the instruction of the new regiments as they arrive. About 1500 were already there, and many more were soon expected.

We have a report from Monterey of the massacre of 24 Mexicans, by our troops, in consequence of the murder of a volunteer.

Important from Mexico.

N. O. papers of the 14th inst. sadly corroborate the intelligence of the unworthy massacre of Mexicans by our troops, at Monterey, and intimates that there is no present prospects of peace. The *Picayune* publishes an order signed by Canales, issued in consequence of the massacre as here alluded to, which recommends retaliation, and directs that no quarter be given to any American, though unable to *resist and without the* means of defence, and without regard to age, sex or condition.

There is a bloody chapter in the history of the war about to be commenced, and straggling parties near our points of occupation on the Rio *Grande will be the victims.* Martial law has been declared throughout the whole valley of the Del Norte and every individual capable of bearing arms is summoned; and in default, is to be regarded as a traitor and instantly shot.

This order of Canales is addressed to the Adjutant General of the National Guard, and any failure to carry it into full effect will be regarded as a crime of the greatest magnitude. So stringent are the provisions of the order that not even *the clergy are allowed to remain at home.*

It is still reported in New Orleans on the strength of private letters, that Gen. Alvarez is marching from Northern Mexico with upwards of 30,000 men, whom he means to scatter in Guerilla parties covering the whole country between Puebla and Vera Cruz; and that the inhabitants of many of the villages are arming and going forth to meet him as guerrilleros.

The N. O Mercury of the latest date has intelligence showing that Santa Anna's orders, and the *movements resulting therefrom*, correspond with those of Canalmo. The Guerilla warfare is about to be commenced with great activity on the part of the Mexicans.

The National Guard is every where rallying, and the armed and helpless will be equally exposed to the Guerilla war.

The collections in England from private subscriptions, for the relief of Ireland, amounted to *£3 6,970 sterling, at the last accounts.*

Sir Walter Scott, the eldest son and only surviving child of the author of Waverley, died at the Cape of Good Hope, recently. With him, the Baronetcy becomes extinct, and the property descends to Walter Scott Lockhart, the only surviving grandson of the author of Waverley.

Capt. R. May, and Majors Gaines and Bore land are still in prison at Mexico.

The great delicacy requisite to introduce another competitor among the thousand and one now before the public notice, is felt in a force when we make the attempt. Without further preamble, the attention of the reader is called to another part of this paper, where will be found statements of truths relating to Pulmonary and Scrofulous Diseases and their cure by Brant's Balsam, which are worthy of attentive perusal.

The amount of money received by the N. Y. *Irish relief committee to this date, is $144 000.*

Two barks, six brigs, and five ships have been despatched by the committee with about 32,000 barrels breadstuffs from the port of New York. To this may be added another ship, the Batavia, now loading, and which will take about 5000 barrels more of provisions.

The exports of Breadstuffs from Baltimore to England and Ireland, during the last w ek were 18 403 bls. Flour; 20 227 bushels Wheat; 50 000 bushels Corn; 35,000 bushels Oats; 13,000 bushels *Shipstuff*; and 2121 bushels Corn Meal—the aggregate market value of which was at least $230,000. Besides 44 vessels are now loading there.

The bark Bachelor sailed from Richmond, Va. laden with provisions, clothing, &c for the poor of Ireland, valued at $15 000. Generous

Correspondence of the Newark Daily Advertiser.

Camp near Jalapa, April 22, 1847.

We are encamped 3 miles from Jalapa, on a plain through which runs one of the coldest little streams in Mexico. There is a very heavy dew at night, and it is so cold that we cannot sleep very comfortably. We have only 2 tents to a company, which makes it very bad for the men. I have lain on the ground ever since I landed, with the exception of a few weeks past, when I was lucky enough to pick up a hammock on the road that some poor fellow had found too burdensome; and so I happened to catch a donkey a few moments before, upon which I had my knapsack and that of my comrade who was driving him, we packed on the hammock also, and have found it a great luxury. I am sitting on the ground as I write this.

This is the most magnificent country in the world, *abounding with every thing the heart* could wish for in natural productions—the food exceed only to be thrown upon the ground, without even ploughing, and it will spring up as if by magic. We find corn, potatoes, rice, pine apples, bananas, sweet potatoes, oranges, lemons, and a great variety of other fruits and vegetables, all growing in the same garden. It is a beautiful country, with pleasure to eat, and no work. You may also have as fine weather as you can ask for (with him) for nothing, except it be the risk of breaking your neck. The flowers are very beautiful, the rose especially, far surpassing our northern rose. The mountain scenery around us is most sublime. The snow-capped mountain of Orizaba, from an eminence above Jalapa, looks as the it were within a stone's throw, yet it is computed to be not less than 40 miles off: it is a refreshing sight after traveling 20 miles on a warm day—see. There is no winter here, and very little variety in the weather. However, there is enough of variety in each day to please the most fastidious. *In the morning you want your great coat on*; at noon nothing is needed but a loose frock and white pants; and in the evening you will feel the want

...ve again. Jalapa is a pretty little place, the residents are very moral in their habits, very polite in their manners and extremely genteel in their appearance.

Later from Vera Cruz.

Yesterday's N. Y. Sun contains the following intelligence from Vera Cruz and Tampico, to the 6th inst. There is said to be much sickness at Vera Cruz and the vomito had begun to make its appearance. Tampico was quiet and more healthy. The Vera Cruz papers strengthen the opinion that there will soon be a negotiation of peace, as it is thought the rulers at the capital will no longer co operate with Santa Anna.

The Sun does not anticipate much harm from the proposed guerilla warfare. They have but few arms left—they have no money, and they cannot expect to obtain much plunder from the Americans. It being but piracy, the better class of the Mexicans themselves oppose it.

Gens. Canales and Alvarez can talk very big, but experience has taught us that the huge boasting of their generals is of but little consequence.

A Mexican letter in the N. Y. Courier des Etats Unis of Saturday, states that the defeat of Santa Anna at Cerro Gordo has completely discouraged the war party, and that the guerilla system has been resorted to as a forlorn hope. No success has attended the efforts to enlist men for this kind of warfare. Only ten men had enlisted under Gen. Salas. The Clergy are backward about furnishing money; the army is in want of cannon; and the positive advantages which attend the presence of the Americans counteract the appeals to Mexican vengeance. The Congress has referred back to the Government the British offer of mediation.

The latest despatch from Gen. Taylor is dated, Monterey, April 21, but contains nothing of importance.

The Arrest of Mrs. Montgney, detailed in the preceding column, is placed in a very different light, by last evening' Newark Daily. The arrest was a case of gross persecution. The girl died a natural death, and was attended by Drs. Chetwood and Whitehead—and she received every necessary kindness and attention during her sickness. Her father is a single man residing somewhere in New York, and his daughter found a home and a mother with Mrs. Montgney.—The innocence of the defendant was so evident that the Justice discharged her at once "as not having the least shadow of suspicion of guilt resting upon her.

Important vote of Voting—Three Whigs were elected to Congress at the late election in Virginia by a united majority of only 117 votes—and three Democrats by only 92 votes.

☞ A company called West Jersey Guards is mustering at Camden, which will be accepted as one of the five companies from the State to be formed under the requisition of the President.—To roll now contains about 50 names, 40 of whom are Philadelphians, and at the election on Saturday, a Philadelphian was selected as captain

Improvement.—We have never known such a spirit for improvement to exist, as is manifested in our city at the present time. Old buildings are being torn down to give place for new ones. Stores are being altered and enlarged, Manufacturing is on the increase, Steam Engines are being set up in all directions, and every thing seems to give evidence of the prosperity of our city.—*New Brunswick Times.*

Rail Road Accident.—A boy about 13 years of age, son of Mr. James Law, was instantly killed in Newark on the 10th inst. by falling under the wheels of the cars in attempting to jump up on the platform at the Centre st. depot.

Rail Roads in Russia.—The Emperor of Russia has given orders that the Railway from St. Petersburg to, Moscow shall be completed with the greatest activity, and that the number of workmen be increased by 50,000 soldiers.

British Deserters.—The Canada papers are loud in their complaints at great numbers of British troops deserting their flag and fleeing to the United States to enlist in our army. It is estimates that not less than 400 have left their posts.

American Newspapers in Mexico.—There are now 6 American newspapers published regularly in Mexico, viz. one at Matamoras, one at Tampico, two at Vera Cruz, one at Jalapa, one at Monterey, and two in California.

Polly Bodine disposed of at last.—Yesterday Mr. Graham moved the N. Y. Supreme Court to allow Mary Bodine to be discharged from custody on the indictments pending against her for arson and also for the murder of an infant child of Mr. Housenan, several terms having elapsed, and no attempt being made to bring the prisoner to trial on these two indictments. The Court granted the motion. There is another indictment against the woman for larceny, which being a bailable offence, she will be in a short time entirely at liberty, after an imprisonment of near 3½ years, and three trials for her life on one indictment, and a detainer on three others, two of them capital, and affecting her liberty if she was convicted. The perseverance and tact of her counsel saved her.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOMACNIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practice Destists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir,—Your Olosomian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies [recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the disease, since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. As a medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

PICTURE OF HEALTH.

Health is Characterized in an individual by the absence of all pain, suffering, or affection in any part of his body; by the free and regular exercise of all his functions without any exception. They consist in having a good appetite at meal times, an easy digestion, free evacuations, without looseness or costiveness, at least once in 24 hours, and without heat, dryness, or burning at the passage; the free issue of the water without acrimony or burning, and without a reddish sediment, which is always a sign of a present or approaching pain; quiet sleep, without agitation or troublesome dreams; no taste of bile or other bad taste in the mouth upon rising in the morning; no sourness or disagreeable rising of the stomach; a clean tongue; sweet breath; no itching, pimples, or spots on the skin; no piles, no burning heat upon any part of the body; no excessive thirst when unexposed to Labor or other known cause; no interruption to any natural evacuation, nor pain at their peri dical return.

Where the state of the system does not harmonize with the above picture of health, it is of the greatest importance that no time be lost in sending for a doctor! or in the use of foolish remedies too often the result of speculation! Instead of this course, let a dose of Brandreth's Pills be administered, which will not deceive, but will, if perevered in, restore health to the organ or part that requires it.

All who wish to preserve their health—all who are determined to defend their life against the encroachments of disease which might send them prematurely to the grave, will, without hesitation, have recourse to the Brandreth Pills when the state of the system does not harmonize with the above picture of health.

Those who live in a country where contagious or other diseases prevail should often think of this true picture of health, and observe themselves with particular attention, in order to act accordingly. The wise and rightly directed will follow this advice—the unwise are left to their own discretion.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; Brandreth House, at. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

Let All Who are Afflicted with Asthma Read the Following Letter.

Mr. Seth W. Fowle:

Sir—Having been afflicted for more than 30 years with the asthma, at times so severely, as to incapacitate me from attendance to business, and having adopted many medicines without any, but temporary relief, I purchased about three years since of Mr. Edward Mason, your agent in this city, several bottles of

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

from the effects of which I obtained more relief than from all the medicines I had ever taken for that distressing disorder. I have by the repeated use of your valuable Balsam, been more free of pressure for breath, and oppression on the lungs, than I had anticipated, and indeed conceive myself as cured of the most disheartening malady

I do most cheerfully tender you this acknowledgment, which you will use as your judgment dictates.

C. D. MAYNARD.

Argus Office, Portland, March 26, 1845.

None genuine, unless asigned I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

New York Prices Current, May 23d. 1847.

Wheat Flour,	8,62 to 8,87
Rye Flour,	6,50 to 6,62
Indian Meal, Jersey,	5,12 to 5,25
Grain—Wheat,	1,65 to 2,00
Rye,	1,44 to 1,59
Corn,	1,10 to 1,12
Oats, Jersey,	65 to 70

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Robt. Anderson, $7,28; D. L. Pound, 6,24; National Circus, 3,50; Titsworth, Dunn & Co. 3,44; Lewis Ayres, 3,37; Dr. J. Blackmore, 2,50; J. Pound, 2,43; Edwd. Thorn, 2,00; M. Stelle, 1,50; R. R. coriell, 1,50; Theo. Vail 1,25; Miss Star, 1,00; Corra Osborn, 1,00; J. Randolph, 1,30; J. Cory, Esq ,50; Matthew Hopper, ,50.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure *disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be the most scientific combination of those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Wistar's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not our way has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but those manufactured by himself. Dr. Wistar attached the Wistar & Co. to each bottle, and put up each bottle in a wrapper, on which is a likeness of Wistar attached, the whole of which is signed by Wistar & Co. Let no one be deceived, if you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sanford, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 12th inst. John H Ayres to Jane S. daughter of Peter Conover, all of New Brunswick.

On the 18th inst. Lebbeus Ayres, of Metuchin, to Ellen A. Gwyer, of Bonhamton.

On the 10th inst. Rev. James M. Compton, of Tyre, Seneca co. N. Y. to Sarah M. Van Sickle, of New Brunswick.

On the 6th inst. John Bernhard to Mrs. Theresa Rhoner, both of Rahway.

DIED.

At Harlingen, Somerset co. on the 9th inst. after an illness of 12 days, Abram Hageman, M. D. in his 57th year, leaving a large family.

Blank Books,

OF all sizes, and of good paper, at 3c. a quire—A good Assortment for sale, for Cash, by
May 25, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

WOOL CARDING

DONE at the Plainfield Factory at 6 cents per lb. Cash. The Subscriber returns thanks to the public for the patronage heretofore received, and solicits a continuance of the same. All wool left at the Store of Titsworth, Dunn & Co. Plainfield, or at the Store of A. C. Mollison, Bound Brook, will be returned to the same places when carded.

Also, Wool carded and spun into Stocking Yarn, Carpet Yarn, or for Blankets, Cloth, &c., at the following prices.

Stocking Yarn double-twisted and reeled, 2c. per lb
Yarn for Blankets or Carpets. 1c. 3d. per lb.
Yarn for Cloth, Warp and Filling, 1c. 6d. per lb.

Also, HAT BODIES of all qualities made of Wool For sale, or Manufactured to Order.
May 25, 1847.—6m. THOS. STEAD.

The Empiricism of our nation is well nigh becoming proverbial. A strict sense of justice, urges us imperatively to resort to those well-defined and simple preparations, which being prepared from

Native Productiona,
BY
NATIVE HANDS

have produced the only actual cures ever made in those remarkably deadly diseases

CONSUMPTION & SCROFULA.

As'hma, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,

and all Pulmonary Complaints.

The particular and wonderful success of

The Great Chief Brant's
INDIAN REMEDIES,

has raised a host of captious enemies, but their assaults we trust fall as harmless now as ever, and we call with

HARMLESS SYMPATHY,

upon every sufferer to lay aside all prejudice and obtain these preparations and by actual trial prove convincingly the

Extraordinary Medicinal
POWER AND EFFECT

so urgently claimed for them. Numerous certificates written with interest and thrilling interest by the residents of persons, are published with attestations and references of the highest respectability, and may be had of the agents WITH OUT CHARGE.

BRANT'S
INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

is prepared expressly for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Breast, Side or Back, and Liver Complaints, and

BRANT'S
INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

Is the Chief's Great Purifier of the Blood, and Liver his Cabin Store

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcerated and Nursing Sore Mouth, Biles, Ulcers, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, and all

Eruptive and Skin Diseases,

and by its extraordinary power in regulating and purifying the circulation,

DYSPEPSIA, PILES AND COSTIVENESS.

Matthew T. Wallace, Proprietor.

JOHN A. CLUSSMAN, General Agent. Office 86 Cedar st New York, who has appointed as Agents,

Webster and Marsh, Plainfield,
Joseph Rose, Boundbrook,
Barlow & Hardcastle, Somerville.

May 25, 1847.—1y

To the Ladies.

A Gentleman well qualified, will mark handkerchiefs, or other articles, with Indelible Ink, for 6 cents each name, and a flower or sprig added according to fancy for 6 cents extra, at short notice.—Names and articles may be left at the Printing Office, where they will be left when done.
May 18, 1847.—2w.

BUSH BEANS, and Peas, by the quart, for sale by
May 18, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

House and Lot on Front st. For Sale.

The Subscriber offers For Sale his House and Lot in the lower part of this village. The Lot contains a quarter of an acre of ground. The house is two stories high, 18 by 24 feet, with an additional room of 12 feet, a good cellar, three fire-places, &c. all in good repair, and as good as new. On the premises are a good Woodhouse, a good well of water, a number of Fruit Trees, &c. &c. $325 of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

CLARKSON HOLTON.
Plainfield, May 4, 1847.—6w

THE FAIREST TESTIMONY ON RECORD.

Let 19,000	Ladies in the City of	New York,
10,000	"	Brooklyn,
9,000	"	Albany,
7,500	"	Troy,

160,000 in other towns and villages in the State, making in all 191,500 ladies, besides a very large majority of the gentleman populations, who are true advocates and regular patrons of that very excellent Toilet Emolient,

RADWAY'S CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

Why is Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap preferred to all other soaps, either for Toilet or Medicinal purposes. Because, it is truly a medicated preparation. Its medicinal properties are selected from the most rare and efficacious of the whole materia medica. In its action on the skin and secretory vessels is entirely different to all other soaps. It opens the pores of the skin, clears away from those natural avenues all impediments which prevents the free escape of the impurities of the fluids. Thus keeping the cuticle in a healthy condition, and preventing the skin from becoming parched, dry or disfigured with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c.

For the Toilet it is superior to all imported soaps, being entirely free from all poisonous admixtures, such as caustic, "muriatic acids," Bromin which render to irritate the skin—and instead of eradicating the diseases from the system, drives them (the diseases) in the skin. When after a short period they appear again upon the surface in a more violent and inveterate form than before. What advantage is it then to use the genuine "*Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap*?" in preference to all others. It is cheaper, better and gives more satisfaction than any other article of the kind in the market. It never fails in removing all excrescences, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, &c. from the surface. It softens, purifies, and whitens the skin, and adds beauty to the complexion of all who use it.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, in Plainfield by
May 11, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

For Sale.

The House and Lot in the village of Plainfield, New Jersey, recently occupied by the Plainfield Bank. It is situated on Main street, about 200 yards west of the Depot of the Somerville Rail Road Co., upon which trains are running to and from New York three times a day.—New Rails will be laid upon the road in a few weeks which will make it a pleasant and speedy conveyance. The House is large, substantial and roomy, and the grounds are in fine order. There is also a very extensive variety of fruit and ornamental trees, a large barn, out houses, &c. There are from 6 to 7 acres of land attached, 3 or 4 of which are covered by a beautiful pond of pure spring water, the banks of which are shaded by a handsome growth of trees.

The village of Plainfield is one of the most beautiful in New Jersey—lying in a fertile valley at the foot of a picturesque range of mountains.

Also, for sale the two-story House and Lot, adjoining the above, which is also a very desirable property.

If the above property is not previously sold at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on the premises, on Tuesday, the 25th day of May inst. at 12 o'clock, M.

For terms, &c. apply to L. B. WOODRUFF, Esq. 88 Cedar st. N. Y. DANIEL DODD, Jr. 259 Broad st., Newark, or to JOEL DUNN, in Plainfield.

On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank, a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Table or Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

The Board of Chosen Freeholders,

OF the County of Essex, hereby give public notice to all persons and corporations, and each and every person concerned that they have complied with the recent act of the Legislature authorizing them to convert a part of the Jail of said county into a Work House. That such part is now ready for the reception of all persons liable to be sent thereto, and that the "act for the establishment of work houses in the several counties of this State" passed March 20, 1846, and the Laws, page 619, can now be enforced within the said county of Essex.

The attention of the Magistracy is particularly called to said act and to "an act to describe, apprehend and punish disorderly persons" passed June 10, 1799. Revised Laws, page 564, by which it appears that all persons convicted of the first offence of vagrancy according to the act for the punishment of crimes, or other law, for any time not exceeding six months, all disorderly persons, including among others, all beggars, vagrants, common prostitutes, lewd, wanton and lascivious persons apprehended having upon their person any picklock or other implement, with intent to break into any dwelling house, warehouse, &c. or having the same upon their person any pistol or other offensive weapon with intent to assault any person, and all persons found in any dwelling house, warehouse, &c. or in any enclosed yard, garden or area, with intent to commit a felony, upon conviction be sent to said Work House. Signed by order of the Board.

CALVIN DODD,
WM. MARTIN WAITE,
JOHN SQUIRE,
Committee on Work House.

Newark, May 5, 1847.—19:3w

Useful Books for the People.

Valuable New Work on Horses.

THE COMPLETE FARRIER,

Or Horse Doctor.

The Habits, Diseases, and Management of the Horse in the Stable and on the Road. With advice to Purchasers.

Price Twenty-Five Cents.

This celebrated work, although it is sold at so cheap a rate, is the best one ever written on the Diseases of Horses. It is written in plain language that every body can understand, and the cause for the treatment of diseased horses are so minute as not to be mistaken.

Persons wanting a single copy of this work may send 25 cents in letters P. P. and the postage on the work will be only 4 1-2 cents to any part of the United States. Five copies for $1.

THE GARDENER.

Or an Account of Every Valuable Production Cultivated for the Table, by the Plough and the Spade, with full Directions for Planting and Raising Flowers.

This useful little book should be in the hands of every farmer in the country. To persons who cultivate vegetables for market, it is especially valuable, as it contains the fullest directions for raising early and late vegetables of every possible description. It was written by a practical market gardener.

Price 25 Cents per Copy.
Five Copies for One Dollar.

To all Who Buy and Sell Books.

The undersigned is now prepared to supply all orders from Country Agents, Booksellers and Pedlars. We have on hand a large assortment of New Books. Period icals and Newspaper publications which we will sell at the Publishers' lowest prices.

Persons in the Country who wish to procure books, no matter who publishes them, will be supplied at the lowest prices.

Address all orders to WM. H. GRAHAM,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

The above works are for sale by all the Booksellers. Ask for Graham's Editions.

New York, May 11, 1847.—4w

See Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Passionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale too, by D. BULLMAN.
May 11, 1847.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mou meline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by D. BULLMAN.
Sept. 29, 1846.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO

(Successors to JASON H. BOCKOVER,)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 2s
10 cases De Laines at 1s. worth 1s 9d and 2s.
5 do. do. at 1s. 3d. worth 2s. 6d.
5 do. do. at 1s. 6d. worth 3s.
Also 3 cases very rich California Fields from 9s. to 4s.
3 cases Paris Gingham at 1s. 6d. worth 3s. 6d.
10 case English Long Cloth as 1s. worth 1s 6d & 1s 8d
20 cases Prints, American, from 4d. per yard upwards.
50 pieces Kentucky Jeans, from 1s 6d per yd. upwards.
100 pieces Bleached Muslins from 3s 6d
5 cases French Organdie Muslins only 1s. rold last year at 2s.
3 cases English Prints, former price 8s at only 1s. 4d
100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers' prices.
Heaps and stacks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 8d per yard upwards.
50 dozen best quality French Kid Gloves at 2s. 6d.—worth 4s.
500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 9d.
Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair
50 Cantrip Sewing Silks from 6d to $50.
Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.
500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.
500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely

new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care and being the largest of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.
New York, May 4, 1847.—3m

Stanton's External Remedy,
CALLED
HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Bones, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL REMEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different Disease above named.—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that we have received from those upon whom it was introduced, gives me the right to call it *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Four Sores Healed.—The following letter has just been received by the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every means in their power for relief, but was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure

Pinesbridge, June 12, 1845..

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For many years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by the dreadful complaint, only about half that time have I been able to work. I have had it attended by several physicians and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded me any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment, which I did after using five bottles I am entirely well of, a hideous sore. that I supposed would bring on me for life. I feel like a new person, and cheerfully recommend the Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once. Most Respectfully yours,

OWEN O'SLAVIN.

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

☞ The following is selected out of a vast amount of testimony, showing the great value of Hunt's Liniment, in cases of Rheumatism.

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.—Sir—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism for upwards of five years in my left shoulder, arm, and so painful at times that I could not walk, and had to be supported to dress and undress myself; and having been under the care of four or five different physicians, and having tried almost every remedy I could hear of, with so much effect, I had given up all hopes of ever being cured, until I heard of Hunt's Liniment. I tried one bottle of it, and found immediate relief. That was some four months ago, and in that time I have used about one bottle, so to-day I never feel almost as well as ever I did. My family, as well as myself, can testify to its value; and I would advise all to call at Hunt's Agents and not be taken in by Hunt's Liniment Yours, &c. HENRY L. BUCKHOUT.

Sing Sing, Sept. 5, 1844.

☞ A lady who has suffered with a Lame back for many years, was entirely restored to health after using one bottle of Hunt's Liniment.

Mount Pleasant, March 31, 1846.

Mr. Stanton—Sir,—It is with sincere pleasure that I am able to give my evidence in favor of your invaluable remedy. My wife has for many years been troubled with a severe pain in the back every Spring that could be thought of was tried, but nothing seemed to have any effect upon her. Some weeks since, I bought a bottle of Hunt's Liniment, and have applied it thoroughly, and to my great joy and my wife is now entirely free as she was. Yours, &c. ANDREW LEWIS.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 149. Walnut Street.

BUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark,—R. Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown,—A. N. Crawford.

Middleville,—N. R. Vreiw.

Springfield—Elijah Stiles, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Hendly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown,—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Briscoe, James Crane

Rahway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Wetzel

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains—Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Jaques.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—J. D. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellerville—N. N. Jacobsman & Son

Bloomfield—Tyrone Pierson & Cooper, Crane, Sanford & Wiles

C. D. Harrison—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. 1y

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber has removed to Front st., nextdoor to the Post Office, where he has on hand and is receiving a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES*, manufactured of the best stock.

Gents' Fine Calf Boots—do. double sole do.

Do. Kip and Seal Pegged Boots.

Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers.

Boy's Boots and shoes, Finer & coarser.

Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters

Misses' and Children's do. do. do. and double soled

Black and colored Gaiter Booties.

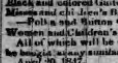
Misses and children's Black and colored Morocco shoes.

—Also, a Variety of Gaiters.

Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 25, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.



Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of

WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of a stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.

Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.

Barege Shawls, striped and plaid

Gingham, a good Assortment.

Prints, Merrimacks, Fall River, Cochico, &c., new styles, and stock this week by surpassed.

Diapers, linen and cotton

Table Cloths and Table Covers,

Bl'k de Laine Wrap, best quality,

Nankeens, Gambroons and Cottonades,

Lucca' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,

Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., a large assortment,

Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,

Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,

Lace, Edgings, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,

Carpetings—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades—in circle, chop, p rchasers are respectfully invited to look over them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,

Looking Glasses, a choice assortment of all sizes

Chairs, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware.

Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.

Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13, 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, one door below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of pupils, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

I. NEWKING,
D. LENOX.

April6, 1847.

Gold Writing Fluid.

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Inks.

Also Black Promissory Notes of Hand according to the late Act.

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including the large and illustrated edition, do.—Baxter's Call—Protestant Annual—Methodist Hymns—&c., for sale by

May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations. In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing housekeeping, and all others, he has live Feathers, that he has just received a large lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell *Low for Cash*.

D. BULLMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

3 *CASES* more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographic,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment.
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by

May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Stebbing's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Brains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns, Scalds and Chilblains, As a

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

1 SALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality for Sale cheap by B. BULLMAN.

Dec. 7, 1846.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Bobbinettes, Laces, and Barages,

Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses

Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do

M'D'Laines plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

Cashmeres and Paris Robes of the latest styles,

Alpaces, Black and colored—silk warp do.

Merinoes, French, English and German,

Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities

Embroidered Cambrics, Dark Plaid and Striped

Silks, Italian and Gro de, Rhine, 27 and 32 inches wide, [Bonnets,

Gro de, Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bombats,

Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,

Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,

American, French and English Prints in the latest styles,

Irish Linens, of various grades, from 2s. 6d. to 8s. 9d.

Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width

Shawls, Balzorine, Mouslin de Laine, and Merino

Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful

Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton Hosiery,

Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,

Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,

Cambric Linen Bdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched

Brussels Lace (the real article) for Dresses Muslins and Long shawls, [for purse trimming,

Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c

Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of

Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English

Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,

Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velveta, &c.

Satinets of every variety, also Kentucky Jeans,

Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits.

Washington Steipes with a general variety of Locas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, covered and long, Table and iron, Knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13, 1847.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by

July 7, 1846. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of New Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Sept. 15, 1846.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck, arms, face or any part where it may be found. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first, and by a third application, or the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York

M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, *Pleurisy*, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,

Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,

Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,

Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,

Rhe's Bosap, for Silver, Plated, Pla, &c from Cloths,

Silks, &c. without injury,

East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences,

Indelible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,

Indian Vegetable Elixir—Bull of China,

Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1 00 —Expectorant, 50—Carminitive, 50—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminitive Balsam, 2s.—Sanative Pills, 25.—and Tonic Vermifuge, 2s.

Also, for sale Kaupp's Indian Vegetable Plaster.

Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.

Sherman's Orris Tooth Paste, 25.

Matchless Sanative.

M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7, Spruce-Street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail *SHADES of all descriptions including Brilliant and Delicate Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent cheaper, than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings of manufacturers' prices. Sign Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.* BANTON & ORMSBEE,

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—dm

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the best Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received at the

March 31, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.

July 7, 1845.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve, For Sale at the Printing Office.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street shortly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been scrimped, that contributed to render it commodious: therefore we fully believe that it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences are unhesitatingly declared to be published and fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, of 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2.00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, per quarter,

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Steel engraving, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5.00 we positively assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, for every day practical use, (that is skilled in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX HEAD is the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural doors of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red paint.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Gibson's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hays, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—tf

for Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary, *JACKSON POUND,*

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. &c. Whole Pies and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for Merchandize, Provisions, Shoes, hats, tailoring, wagon-making, flour, corn, hay, oats, or feed, also tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have them, and will give it up for either, notes, or cash, or any thing else which they have to spare. He hopes hereafter none will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and notwithstanding he has been ENTIRELY UNABLE to trust him without his written order.

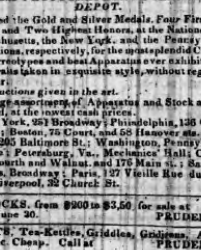
Dec. 25, 1846.—1y*

Come away to the established

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield. N. J;

And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1843.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals. Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and Daguerreotype Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

CLOCKS, from $900 to $3,50 for sale at PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Augers &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S,

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

Now Opened and Selling at the Sign of

Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. BUNN would respectfully announce to the Public for whom and patronage he has received during the past year, that he will keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Gingham, Alpaces, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting, Muslins, table cloths, bombazines, Cassimeres, Kentucky jeans, Tweeds, black satin and fancy vestings, Jaconet, Swiss and cambric muslins, cambric handkerchiefs, sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purse twist, black and colored Bobbinet and Marseilles, silk and cotton bindings, Indian cord and white skirting.

Also, Washington stripe, Lucca' Goods, plaids, stripes, gamroons, of different qualities, Irish linen, cambric muslin, Swiss muslin, Jaconet muslin, flouncing, flouncing, Swiss check, hair cloth, padding, canvass, wiggin, wadding, cotton batts, thread and tape, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Log wood, Fustic and Hyperic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke, clarie, crushed and loaf sugar, coffee ground and in the berry, Java and Sumatra coffee roasted or unroasted and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or in whole—loaf, pearl, and Kerr, soap, castile, lump alum, copperas, bluing, lard, chewing tobacco and cut and common tobacco, Scotch, Macboy's, and Garrett snuff.

Also, white wash lime and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and harrow gear, horse whips, curry combs, horse brushes, shoe thread, letter paper, pins, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets of plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scythe, hoes, sickles, axes, hatchets, files, horse rakes, hammers, screws, hinges, knives and forks, slates, scissors, carry combs, fine combs, scythes and rifles wire, nails from No 4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, &c. &c.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye grain, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Tailoring.—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be given.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work as usual.

Also, A new two horse wagon, painted with bows, 2 set new double harness, 1 set new brass mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale by the subscriber or for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in the Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, on the most liberal terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that enter up the stores of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c., &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of old friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1846.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts*,

Just Opened by

June 14, 1845. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue manufacturing and dealing in Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,

And are ever ready to execute

Whatever you choose to bring in.

They keep on hand, and are receiving vast as patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufactory.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in exchange.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,

Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods;

No. 12 Maiden-Lane, New York,

Also at Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming's Celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton, Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Binding, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, &c. &c.

May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Aug. 18.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Sterling's Carminitive, for Bowel Complaint.

Also, Sterling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. Also Brandreth's, for sale at

Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

Beware of Counterfeits!

THE genuine Comstock's Medicated Cough Candy, Comstock's Medicated Cough Drops, Comstock's Medicated Cough Syrup, Comstock's Medicated Cough Lozenges, Comstock's Medicated Cough Powders, Comstock's Medicated Cough Ointment, Comstock's Medicated Cough Plaster, Comstock's Medicated Cough Pills, Comstock's Medicated Cough Tea, Comstock's Medicated Cough Snuff, Comstock's Medicated Cough Cordial, Comstock's Medicated Cough Liniment, Comstock's Medicated Cough Tincture, Comstock's Medicated Cough Wafers, Comstock's Medicated Cough Troches, Comstock's Medicated Cough Balsam, Comstock's Medicated Cough Elixir, Comstock's Medicated Cough Essence, Comstock's Medicated Cough Extract, Comstock's Medicated Cough Specific, Comstock's Medicated Cough Remedy, Comstock's Medicated Cough Mixture, Comstock's Medicated Cough Compound, Comstock's Medicated Cough Antidote, Comstock's Medicated Cough Preventive, Comstock's Medicated Cough Panacea, Comstock's Medicated Cough Nostrum, Comstock's Medicated Cough Quackery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Humbug, Comstock's Medicated Cough Imposition, Comstock's Medicated Cough Deception, Comstock's Medicated Cough Counterfeit, Comstock's Medicated Cough Swindle, Comstock's Medicated Cough Fraud, Comstock's Medicated Cough Villainy, Comstock's Medicated Cough Rascality, Comstock's Medicated Cough Knavery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Roguery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Trickery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Deceit, Comstock's Medicated Cough Cheat, Comstock's Medicated Cough Humbug, Comstock's Medicated Cough Imposition, Comstock's Medicated Cough Deception, Comstock's Medicated Cough Counterfeit, Comstock's Medicated Cough Swindle, Comstock's Medicated Cough Fraud, Comstock's Medicated Cough Villainy, Comstock's Medicated Cough Rascality, Comstock's Medicated Cough Knavery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Roguery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Trickery, Comstock's Medicated Cough Deceit, Comstock's Medicated Cough Cheat,

THE preceding figure is given to represent the insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body.—It will be noticed that a thick closely most issues from all points of the surface, which is called the insensible perspiration. This perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it may be treated directly by the stoppage of the insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its power is truly wonderful—it is the best and most powerful of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal nauseries. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the functions of Perspiration. The Thompsonian, for instance, beains the Hydropathist strouds as to wet blankets—the Homopathist disbelieves in stimulants the Allopathist bleeds and dosses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Dewenport says a person will throw off in twenty-four hours through the skin, lungs, kidneys and bowels, one pound of matter, the greatest amount of the whole, when the stomach, passed off by its means.—In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate sixteen pounds of it by the insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system all that should be thrown without matter, thus matters should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and disease at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a suppression of the flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Let me ask no, every candid mind what course seems as reasonable, to restore the pores to their proper action, to be chosen.—Would you give physic to UNSTOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? Surely you know of no physician who looks for any external application to affect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others, the INVALUABLE "ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around all sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly, or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is the best salve of the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire article to its healthy functions.

This is Kennedy's that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. Many have been the testimonials of its virtues in cases of the chest, consumption, liver involving the utmost danger and resp ns bility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not one single case has failed to relieve, when the patient was within reach of useful means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession, I have had ministers of the gospel, I have had the clergy of different orders, Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, honest testimony—saying "McAllister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not to be tempting persons of Consumption continued although we are glad to be bodies to do so, as what is said, no doubt as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of fifty years standing by one box only, and by every week, as that vounting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a thousand cases.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchitis Ring Worm, Tetter, Piles, all the sore diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Throats, chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine that will prove a good sound as for Burns has not its equal in the world!

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Surface—Its first action is to "expel all humor." It will not cause curing till the foul matter has been thrown out that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is a humor in the system, it will cause sore eyes, it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to worms children suddenly they would be slow to resort to them.—Especially "Vermifuge" pills &c. The truth is no one can tell invariably, when worms will show, or will not, or that has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so safe and so safe in the exclusion of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some screams an outlet to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the insensible Perspiration. Such sores are but the outputting impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflammation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of Hebron or Jeremy Jacobs. One man has said he had spent five hundred dollars on his children without any benefit when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS.—Persons troubled with corns will always keep Corns from growing. People need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as man needs the earth—so long will Kennedy's Salve be used. Subject to all climates, and used as well as long as disease and sickness is known—just so long will this good Ointment be used and esteemed. Sent to every quarter of the earth, into the deserts and will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALLISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $200 to be paid on conviction to any one counterfeiting the Salve in the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield.

M. F. CUSHING, and PIATT DRAKE.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 52. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1847. Whole number 532.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

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ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines is a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing ordered less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village, professionally, during the present season.

When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Hoarseness, Pain in the Breast, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs.

Longer the instructions and more speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases than Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—About a month since I was afflicted with a very violent cough with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the chest, want of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, and considerable of various symptoms, which soon commenced laying in my powers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such that the blood rushed profusely from my stomach, and my whole system seemed to be upon me; I soon found my whole system seemed prostrated, and the least of my exertion seemed more as hard. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which I accordingly began to use, and from the first dose which I took, I perceived the pain in my side and the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side strengthened and healed my breast, and restored the use of my voice, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it unjust that such a medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many that are offered by unprincipled men which are attempted to be put upon them, as the benefits of those who have used often the repetitions of yours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely give this testimony for the benefit of those who are suffering.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

at 1 Vine st.

In 13th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow st. Mr. Thomas's case above described, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

*Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great portion, which for general use is of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of the present age. Of all the many compounds put forth for the benefit of the afflicted, which effect human nature, not one remedy has been noticed, which has in so short a space of time stepped forward and received such confidence with the public, and been received such unlimited confidence with the people, and been received such unlimited confidence with the people, and been received such unlimited confidence with the people

Statement of the Receipts and Ex-

penditures of the County of Essex,

From May 8th, 1846, to May 7, 1847, published by order of the Board of Chosen Freeholders, and in pursuance of an act of the Legislature.

Receipts.

By cash from State Treasurer, amount of School Fund apportioned to Essex County,	2664	00
By cash from do. for sundry bills of costs in cases of Inquests,	209	94
By cash for Tavern Licenses,	200	00
By cash from Wm. Dow, Esq. late Sheriff, on account of fines collected,	100	00
By cash from J. Van Wagenen, Esq.	15	00
do do do	265	38
Wm. A. Caldwell, Esq. do do do	291	65
Wm. Frame, Esq. Sheriff. do do	7835	01
By cash borrow'd in anticipation of taxes		
By cash from Township Collector's amount of State and County taxes, viz:		
North Ward, Newark,	1593	49
East Ward, do	2174	42
West Ward, do	2013	43
South Ward, do	1737	62
Belleville,	821	56
Bloomfield,	643	72
Caldwell,	758	41
Clinton,	714	43
Cheshirtown,	1495	10
Livingston,	491	97
New Providence,	388	40
Orange,	1141	71
Railway,	1004	94
Springfield,	744	28
Union,	844	66
	17,552	00
Total Receipts,	$29,309	98

Disbursements.

To cash due collector at last settlement	11	68
do do expenses building and repairing bridges,	2784	31
do do do expenses of elections,	210	60
do do do swearing in Sheriff,	15	00
do do sundry bills of costs in cases of Inquests,	380	40
do do Expenses of Lunatics at Bloomingdale Asylum, &c.	737	61
do do Repairs and Fixtures to Court House and Jail, including Fuel,	871	39
do do Expenses of Courts, Jurors, and criminal costs,	3369	20
do do support of prisoners at Jail,	1533	94
do do constables attending Court	615	75
do do Clerk of the Board 12 years,	75	00
do do Physicians attending Jail,	60	00
do do expenses of advertising notices, &c	21	50
do do interest on county bonds,	85	00
do do Fare of Board and committees,	160	93
do do Members of Board, their services	751	24
do do Bonds and Notes,	9000	00
do do for standard of Weights and Measures,	191	25
do do Court Records,	12	38
do do Town of Newark,		
do do School Fund,	1104	42
do do do	226	41
do do do	176	02
do do do dence,	55	37
do do do	102	75
do do do	73	45
do do do	159	70
do do do	119	49
do do do	69	71
do do do	201	70
do do do	113	29
do do do	111	51
do do do	121	22
	2664	00
do do Treasurer,	3552	00
do do Acting Laws,	20	00
do do Collector's	276	87
do do Collector,	1456	66
	$29,309	98

I, Collector of the County of Essex, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct statement of the receipts and disbursements of the County of Essex, from May 8, 1846, to May 7, 1847.

JOHN WEBSTER,
Collector.

Attest, JOHN C. BALL,
Clerk of the Board.

The above statement is ordered to be published.

Ordered.—We are happy to learn that on Wednesday last, the Court of Somerset County, assembled at Somerville, for the purpose of taking into consideration, to repair and improve the Court House in this village conformably to the plan and specification prepared two years since by a Philadelphia architect. The present building, which are sound, but the additions designed will entire change in its appearance of the most beautiful, and convenient buildings in this State. The probable purpose of a jail and sheriff's residence is estimated at $12,000, which is moderate, compared with the cost of other buildings, in adjacent counties.

The governor of Maine declines answering to the question propounded to him touching the subject with reference to the following passage from the Constitution of the United States, viz: "The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States;" and whether, in his opinion, the existing laws of that State, which prohibit the sentiment of the citizens of other States, and almost deprive upon professional business, is not in violation of the existing treaties between the United States and Great Britain, because the citizens of the latter country are thereby denied the privilege of pursuing their professional business in the United States, without being subjected to the degradation of being imprisoned as slaves, and to submit whenever slavery may be required.

The Small-Pox is reported by the Health officer to be an epidemic at St. Louis. There were 30 new cases last week.

Gen. Patterson has reached home in Philadelphia from Mexico, expecting soon to return.

A Hail storm did great damage in York county, Pa. on Tuesday. One farmer suffers a loss of $2000 in crops, &c.

Sad Accident.—A little boy and girl of the ages of 6 and 11 years, children of a Mr. Williams, of Milton, were drowned on Tuesday. They were playing on the swing-gate thrown across the stream near the house of Mr. Wm. P. Brown, from which they fell into the water, and were soon after taken out dead.—*Rahway Advocate.*

The sale of Pews in Calvary Church, N. Y. (Mr. Southard's) last Wednesday, brought $22,250. Thirty-six pews were taken at the valuation, $500 each.

☞ Capt. Denman, who has been for some years in the coasting trade, and had acquired considerable property, hung himself at Elizabethport, on Tuesday evening. The cause is attributed to recent pecuniary losses, as he had engaged in some oyster speculation, which lost him some $7,000. He leaves a wife and children.

The Body of a Female was found in the Jersey woods, (near Devil's Run, Camden Co.) on Sunday, May 30, by a gentleman and his dog. It was detected by the stench in a thicket, covered with leaves and brush and entirely destitute of clothing—in such a state of decomposition that identification was impossible. The Coroner had the remains interred, after a fruitless examination as to the cause of the death—doubtless a case of murder.

The Coroner's Jury pronounce it a case of murder. Fractures in the skull and other appearances indicate it. Mary Ann Williams, a domestic in the family of Wm. Paterson, of Camden, has been missing since October, and it is supposed to be her body. She represented herself as a married woman from Indiana, who had been deserted by a brute husband in Phila. The investigation was conducted by Attorn'y General Browning.

Public Whipping.—The Wilmington, (Del.) papers state that Anna Maria Jones, "a very pretty looking, young white girl, who had been convicted of larceny at the Court of General Sessions setting in Newcastle, has been sentenced to receive 21 lashes on the bare back well laid on."

Baron J. De Rothschild has devoted $5,000,000 to the purchase of grain and flour for the supply of Paris, to be sold at the current prices.—If the operation proves a losing one, the loss is to be his; if there be profit, it is to be converted into bread to be distributed to needy families in the capital.

The Hartford Central Association of Congregational Ministers, at their annual meeting held [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. C. W. Tinis's barn and Cow House at East Madison, Morris county, was burnt May 29th with two tons of hay, a wagon, sleigh, &c.—supposed to have been fired by a boy playing with matches.

Cost of Travel from Boston to New Orleans, by a recent traveller:

Boston to N. York, time 12 hours,	$4
N. York to Philadelphia, 6 hours,	4
Philadelphia to Harrisburg, 8 hours,	4
Harrisburg to Pittsburg by canal 2½ days,	9
Pittsburg to Cincinnati by steamboat, 2½ dys,	8
Cincinnati to New Orleans, 7 to 9 days,	15
Add to this about $3 for baggage, &c.	3
From Boston to New Orleans, only	$47

Mrs. Partington says she has always noticed that whether flour was dear or cheap, she had invariably to pay the same money for half a dollars' worth.—*Boston Post.*

The "Nobility" Coming.—Among the Hibernia's passengers were the Countess of Elgin, Lady E. Bruce, Lady Alice Lambton, the Earl of Durham, and the Count and Countess of Monthelon.

Riot at Carlysle.—Escape of Slaves.—A desperate riot occurred at Carlysle, Pa. on Thursday, occasioned by a large portion of the colored population of that town attempting to rescue 3 slaves (a man, a woman and a little girl) who had been arrested as fugitives. Stones and clubs flew in every direction. The excitement was intense. Several persons were severely injured. The result was that the woman and girl escaped, while the man was secured and taken back to Maryland.

Louis Philippe has, as his guest at dinner, the distinguished English nobleman Lord Brougham. Ceremony was laid aside and he withdrew himself with his guest, from the trammels of state, and the conversation was carried on as if between equals —when his majesty among other things, remarked that he was the only sovereign now in Europe fit to fill the throne. Lord Brougham, somewhat staggered by this piece of egotism, muttered out some trite compliments upon the great talents for government which his royal entertainer had always displayed. &c. &c. The king here in a fit of laughter exclaimed, "no! no, that is not what I mean; but kings are at such a discount now-a-days there is no saying what may happen; and I am the only monarch who has cleaned his own boots, and I could do it again."

Frederick of Prussia, wishing to test phrenology, dressed up a highwayman and a pickpocket in uniforms and orders, and sent for a scientific phrenologist to examine their heads and give his opinion of their qualifications. It was done, and the professor turning to Frederick, said, "Sir, this person, (the highwayman) whatever he may be, would have been a great general had he been employed. As for the other, he may be, or it be not, he would make an excellent financier." Frederick inclined to be satisfied that there was some truth in the science.—"For," as he observed, "what is a general but a highwayman, and what is a financier but a pickpocket?"

THE UNION

Plainfield, June 8, 1847.

Four Days Later from Europe.

By the arrival of a packet ship at N. Y. Liverpool dates to May 8th have been received.—*The news is of a more favorable character* in relation to trade than that before received.

There was still great pressure in England from the scarcity of money.

Deaths by famine in Ireland are happily becoming rare, but Fever in many districts, is thinning the population.

Subscriptions in the East Indies for Ireland amount to $100,000.

Awful Civil War in China.—The Chinese Repository gives an account which could hardly be credited, had we not positive proofs of the density of the population of the Chinese empire. A civil war, or rather feud took place between the two neighboring departments of Chang-Chau and Tsuen-Chau in the province of Gokien, in which 24,515 houses and 606 huts were pillaged and burnt to the ground, and 130,632 persons killed and wounded. It appears that wars of this kind are of frequent occurrence in the interior of this country, without the government attempting or rather caring to interfere. It is stated that when riots of this description take place, bearing no political character, the authorities care little about the result to the inhabitants. It is not long since that the authorities of Canton allowed two villages to be destroyed, and the population murdered, as the question was only certain losses at gaming. The empire, say they, is too thickly populated, therefore there can be no harm in allowing turbulent people to make room for a more quiet sot.

Our Victories in Mexico were the subject of comment by the London Press. The Chronicle of the 7th says—

We never entertained the slightest doubt as to what would be the ultimate result of the attack upon the citadel and town of Vera Cruz, when the United States forces were fully brought into the field. Still, considering the vast additions that have been made to the fortifications and batteries of the citadel of San Juan d'Ulua since the French attack upon it, we confess we *are* surprised at the intelligence of its fall. In ordinary hands, if well victualled (and the garrison had ample notice of the attack,) the citadel should for months have been impregnable.

It is quite idle to speculate upon what may be the result of this capture. We cannot at all see that Mexico is a bit more conquered because Vera Cruz is taken; but in the hands of Commodore Connor, &c. Vera Cruz might well become a U. S. Gibraltar. Many persons in this country are disposed to sneer at such a result as being [illegible] Atlantic interest; but [illegible] and French states of civilization, we can scarcely lament for the interests of civilization, we can scarcely lament over the calamities of Mexico, still less can we rejoice in the success of the United States.

Continued American Munificence.—On Sunday morning, the American brig Overman, from Newark, New Jersey arrived in our harbor, after a passage of 15 days, with donations of provisions and clothing for the sufferers of New Jersey to the destitute of Ireland.—*Cork Examiner.*

11 Days Later.

Cotton Falling—Bread Stuffs Rising.

The steamship Hibernia arrived at Boston last Thursday morning, having left Liverpool May 19th.

The Cotton Trade has suffered severely from the scarcity of money. The week ending May 14th, a decline of 1d per pound took place. The stock at stock at Liverpool was one-third less than at the same date the year previous.

The scarcity of Breadstuffs all over Europe, had caused a still farther advance. The quantity on hand together with all that was expected from other countries, as not deemed sufficient to supply the demand till the next harvest, in England, and wheat and flour had gone up to such a price, that the lower classes must do without them altogether. Wheat at over $3, and Indian Corn near $2 a bushel. Flour about $12 a bbl. American provisions sold well, at good prices.

The pressure upon the money market had been very severe but was improving. The quantity of bullion in the Bank of England had been increased, and was estimated to amount to ten millions.

France.—The prospects of the next harvest were very promising, nevertheless the price of breadstuffs continued high.

Mexican Prizes.—By Barcelona date of the 3d May we learn that the brig Privateer Unico, of Vera Cruz, carrying 6 guns and 58 men, had been captured in the waters of Africa, and brought in to Barcelona, the American ship Carmelita, 198 tons, Capt. Edwin Luttrell, bound from Ponce, P. R. with coffee to Trieste.

The Carmelita is a new vessel and belongs to Hiram Stetson and others.—She left Ponce March 20, for Trieste, with a cargo insured in Wall st. It will be seen whether the Spanish Government will allow the vessel to be condemned in one of her ports.

The death of Sir David Gould, Admiral of the Red, is announced, aged 99. He was the shipmate of Nelson.

☞ Breadstuffs have gone up already in New York, in consequence of the foreign news. We hear that wheat flour is selling at $10—Corn $1.06—oats 68. Our farmers are flourishing; but another crop will bring down prices, if another arrival from Europe does not.—*Newark Daily.*

Important from Mexico.

The N. O. Delta of May 26th has received letters and papers from the city of Mexico, which contain intelligence to May 8th.

The Mexican papers still breathe war and defiance to the North Americans, and urge the people to unite in adopting rigorous measures of defence. They complain of the desertion of members of the National Congress, 77 of whom had *deserted* their posts without excuse, and many others declined to attend the sittings, on the ground of sickness, which was feigned. The Government had appointed a committee to receive subscriptions for the purpose of carrying on the war, and solicited alms from both the rich and the poor. Anything at all would be received, no matter how small—a shilling or $1000.

The guerilla system of warfare is prosecuted on a small scale, but as yet nothing serious had taken place except the capture of an American baggage wagon, containing $50,000 in specie, which was on its way to the army.

Santa Anna at the last accounts, was exerting himself to increase the army, which he was augmenting rapidly.

The fortifications of the capital are going on under the direction of Gen. Guzman.

The Bishop of Oajaca had contributed twenty thousand dollars for the prosecution of the war, and the churches were giving their plate, &c. for the same purpose.

The Government had issued a decree suspending the liberty of the press, with a long address from the people.

Col. Childs will remain at Jalapa with 2000 picked troops, when Gen Scott moves on to Puebla. Jalapa was perfectly quiet.

Gen. Braqo has issued a decree, ordering all citizens from 15 to 60 years of age, to enlist, and all persons having two or more horses in his possession to deliver one of them to the Commissary.

A Mexican paper says Santa Anna needs only money and arms to give the Americans much trouble. "This great genius," says the admiring Mexican, "works from six in the morning until late at night, and is every day becoming more worthy of the national gratitude."

According to the Monitor of April 27, the President Substitute ordered a "Yankee," to be incarcerated because he had the audacity to appear before his Excellency and expostulate with him the advantage of entering into an amicable arrangement with the United States.

At San Luis Potosi, the priests were striving their utmost to raise the enthusiasm of the people, and prevail on them to take up arms in defence of their country. In consequence of these appeals enlistments were going on rapidly. At the last accounts they had 7000 muskets and 50 pieces of artillery.

Capitulation of Puebla, A Skirmish.

New Orleans papers of the 27th contain news from Jalapa to the 21st, and from Vera Cruz to the 23d.

Worth entered Puebla, the second city of the country on the 15th, no opposition from any party or Lancers seen to oppose him. Four Mexicans were killed; no Americans. There was no opposition in the city.

It is said that Santa Anna had been in the city a moment before our troops entered, but left and pushed on towards the capital with a considerable force. Twiggs also, and Gen. Valencia was between Puebla and Mexico, with 14,000 men—and that 15 battalions of the National Guard were thoroughly organising at the capital, and there was a prospect of another hard fight, considered by many certain.

Herara President—Peace.

It was confidently reported at Jalapa on the 21st, that Herara was elected President, and generally believed by the Americans there. Herara was President before the war,—was deposed by Paredes, and is generally supposed to be in favor of peace. We hope the report will be confirmed.

The Army was expected to leave Jalapa on the 22d, following Gens Worth and Quitman

Jalapa, May 21.—Capt. Walker is encamped with his recruits close to the town. It was generally supposed he would be arrested for the course he pursued in reference to a guerilla party he came in contact with. But I understand his course is approved of. The Alcalde near Vera Cruz, who had been harboring the bandit, and in whose possession the property and clothing of the murdered Dragoons were murdered Dragoons were found, had to share the same fate as those who committed the murder.

A party of guerillas, 15 in number, was surprised and taken close by Vera Cruz.

There is a rumor afloat that the Mexicans had captured a waggon train on the way to Gen. Scott. This must be expected, until reinforcements arrive at Vera Cruz in sufficient force to protect the provisions, munitions, &c. that may from time to time be forwarded to the army.

The departure of volunteers from Vera Cruz, exceeds the arrivals almost 4 to 1.

The vomito has not yet made its appearance at Vera Cruz as an epidemic, although the weather is insufferably warm.

All was quiet at Puebla; the people appeared satisfied under the presence of Gen. Worth.

Cowards by the Mexicans.—The Delta correspondent at Vera Cruz, 23d, just as the boat was leaving, writes as follows:—

120 Quartermaster's mules, loaded with flour and pork, on their road to rendezvous at Santa Fe, were attacked late last evening, 6 miles from here. The muleteers were fired upon, but I cannot learn whether any were killed. Most of the muleteers have just returned, and report that the entire train was captured. This is no rumor. I have the facts from the Quartermaster here.

The Journal of Commerce of Saturday, has the following letter concerning the state of things in Mexico:

Washington, June 3d.

Mr. Black, late Consul in Mexico, has arrived here; also Major Robiou, the latter with despatches. *I do not learn that they embrace any thing of importance unknown to the public.*

But I do learn that information has been received here, from the most intelligent sources in our army, all of which tends to convince men high in office here that we are not on the eve of peace with Mexico. So far as official facts go, there is nothing in them to warrant the belief that the Mexicans will make peace. So far as the inferences of individuals go, they are uniformly and strongly adverse to all hopes of peace. Some of our most intelligent men in Mexico state that the question of peace or war is to be decided by the Mexican clergy, and that they are all practically hostile to peace.

One letter from Jalapa, which has been shown to me, states that Gen. Scott is in a state of great anxiety as to his condition, in respect to the promptness of keeping up his supplies, and of obtaining, in time, adequate reinforcements. This letter does not confirm the impression that Gen. Scott is so willing, as has been stated, to cut off his communications, and throw himself, with a small force, upon his own resources, as did his type, the first conqueror of Mexico' Cortez—when he burnt his ships. The same letter, however, states that the citizens of the Mexican capital have determined that their property shall not be harassed by the defence, but that the plains and passes will be defended.

The N. O papers of the 28th, bring further letters from Gen. Scott's Army, but nothing of later dates. It is thought if Santa Anna has made a stand at Rio Frio (Cold River,) our troops will have to fight the most bloody battle of the season. It is a fearful Pass. The road for some distance beyond Puebla, is excellent, but near Jalapa it reaches the mountains, and passes through deep, narrow defiles and over steep and rugged heights.

The Foreign News.—Prices of Breadstuffs.—The Foreign News will be found in another column, and its effects on the price of farmer's produce will be seen in our Price Current. The price has never before been so high in this country, in a time of general abundance. Prices advanced in nothing but breadstuffs. The cotton market in New York was laid prostrate by the news.

But very little was doing in England by the manufactures, and the state of the lower classes in that country is represented as very bad. They are overrun with the starving Irish, but little work is to be had, provisions are very high, and money very scarce.

☞ The Odd Fellows' Celebration in New York on Saturday, was a splendid affair, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of a new Hall. The Procession was a mile in length and numbered 10,000. With their gorgeous paraphernalia, [illegible] and silk banners, and several cars drawn by 6 and 8 horses, they made a most imposing and splendid display.

☞ We learn by the Rahway papers that the dwelling of C. C. Hoff, in Milton, was entered on Monday night, May 31, and a pocket book stolen therefrom, containing about $100 in Bank Bills, and $400 in Promissory Notes, Orders, &c. Mr. Hoff offers a reward of $25 for the recovery of the Pocket Book and contents.

The President of the United States is expected to visit New York about the 20th of this month.

"The New Jersey Union" is the title of a new Democratic weekly journal at New Brunswick, by A. E. Gordon. It is started in opposition to the Times, as it seems the Democrats there are at variance.

A Monmouth County Democratic meeting, on May 29th, followed the example of the Sussex Democrats, and nominated Gen. Taylor, as their candidate for the Presidency.

☞ *A Pirate, not a Privateer.*—The vessel with Mexican colors which captured the American bark Carmelita, was a pirate. The Carmelita was liberated at Barcelona, and the pirate condemned.

Recruits.—We do not hear of but two recruits having for the U. S. army having been obtained in this place—David Stewart and Wm. Mundy.

Great Destitution.—The Halifax Sun says the people of the Magdalen Islands in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, are in great destitution. Flour is $20 a barrel.

At Cape Breton, also, the cattle and horses are dying of starvation, and most of the farmers have no grain or potatoes for seed. The Cape Breton Spectator says the condition of the country is frightful.

The social and friendly intercourse and relationship of females is often interrupted by the inroads of these fearful ravagers of health and life, Consumptive and Scrofulous Disease, racking the bones, and wasting the flesh, and driving to despair the most beautiful, interesting and delicate forms, alike with those of sterner and more enduring strength. Most providentially, has a singular coincidence of circumstances revived and placed before us the remarkable native medicines of Russia, which have proved so invaluable as a sure reliance for cure in these distressing complaints.

A joke never gains over an enemy, but often loses a friend.

☞ New Orleans papers of May 30 contain nothing further from the Army. Small detachments of troops were daily arriving from up the Mississippi, and a detachment of 600 with numerous teamsters, embarked for Vera Cruz on the 29th.

Serious Accident.—The numerous friends of Dr. Lewis Craig will regret to learn that on Saturday afternoon last, between this and Scotch Plains, his horse became frightened and ran away by which the small bone of his leg was fractured. A lady was with him, but we do not learn that she was very much injured. His horse recently purchased for $150 was a very spirited one, and it is feared is ruined, and his carriage a new and valuable one, was broken to pieces.

☞ The steamer Southerner which left Charleston on Saturday afternoon, May 29, arrived at New York soon after 10 Tuesday morning, with 150 passengers, including Hon. Daniel Webster, family and suite. Mr. returns by advice of the physicians on account of the feeble state of his health.

Ireland and America.—The following incident is related by a paper in the north of Ireland, as indicating the state of feeling entertained there towards America, though the matter itself is comparatively trifling:—An American sailor found guilty of smuggling tobacco was sentenced to pay a fine of £100, which was afterwards reduced by the Board of Customs to £2 But it was much the same to the man, as he had not £2 to pay, and he continued in jail. The circumstance having been mentioned on change the sum was at once raised, and measures adopted for his immediate liberation.

☞ The Illustrated "New York Sun" for the 4th of July is already out, price 1 shilling. It is quite a splendid sheet and contains upwards of forty engravings.

Jared W. Williams, Democrat, has been installed Governor of New Hampshire. His inaugural address is 11½ in length. In his inaugural address he alludes to the war as having been commenced by Mexico and approves of the Wilmot Proviso. He is for opposing the extension of Slavery by all lawful means.

Jersey Volunteers.—Capt. Nagle's company of New Jersey volunteers raised under the late requisition, was mustered into the United States service in this city on Saturday, by Capt. M. Knowlton. Capt Miller, Assistant Quarter Master, was also here, for the purpose of providing for the subsistence of the company. The 2d Lieutenant of Capt. Nagle's company is Mr. Mickle, of Camden. This company is rapidly filling up.—*Trenton State Gaz.*

Strawberries are more abundant than ever in Cincinnati. One cultivator, Capt. Colbertson, has 100 pickers engaged on a patch of 60 acres, who gather some 100 bushels a day.

Jersey Ahead in the Sheep Lane.—Under this head, the Goshen Democrat states that Mr. Joseph Walling, of Vernon township, in this county, recently sheared 12 sheep which yielded an average of 10 lbs. of wool each, and he then sold the sheep for $110. Can all Yankeedom beat this?—*Sussex Register.*

A young lady who had not received as much attention from the beaux as her female associates, said to her lover, "I told them I would wait until the chaff had blown off, and then I would pick up the wheat."

A mason speaking of the difficulties of making a cellar rather deeper than it is usual to have them, was answered by the owner of the property that he could have it as deep as he pleased, for he owned all the way through.

This remark is on a par with that of the Frenchman, who built a four-story house adjoining his Dutch neighbor's two-story house. Being on the roofs of their respective houses one day, the one on the left hands out to the other:—"What for you build so high tare?" To which the Frenchman replied,—"De ground ees verai shaky up here."

The Tongue.—There is a world of meaning in the following from an old scrap book:

If thou wishest to be wise,
Keep these words before thine eyes—
What thou speakest and how beware,
Of whom, to whom, when and where.

Scolding.—I never knew a scolding person that was able to govern a family. What makes people scold? Because they cannot govern themselves. How then, can they govern others? Those who govern well, are generally calm. They are prompt and resolute, but steady and mild.

A man's folly ought to be his greatest secret.

The Cincinnati Times says that the following notice, in a country paper, might be usefully applied on board some of our hurrying steamboats:

"Travellers should be careful to deliver their choice articles to proper persons, as a gentleman a few days since, entrusted his wife to a stranger, and he has not heard of her since."

Quantity of Food consumed by a Man.—The difference between eight ounces and a half of boiled meat and ten ounces appears very trivial; but if the greater of the two quantities be persevered in regularly every day for a term of a man's adult life of half a century, it may excite a little surprise in the person who practises it to learn that he will have consumed a flock of sheep, consisting of about 53 head, in excess above what he ought to have made use of. In a life of 65 years, allowing 6 ounces and a half per day for 50 yrs, two-thirds of that quantity for 10 years, and 3 ounces a day for 3 years of childhood, the total surplus food amounts to 350 sheep. If to this be added the excess above mentioned the number of sheep the cooked meat of which is devoured by one man during a life of 65 years, is about 400; along with 5 tons of potatoes, about the same of turnips or other vegetables, 9 tons weight of common drink, and 6 tons weight of wine, at 1 pint per day for 30 years only; thus for dinner alone about 30 tons we ght of solids and liquids must have passed through the stomach—inordinate work will wear out any machinery before its time, especially if the work performed be of a peculiarly wearing character. Whether it is advisable to add the 53 unnecessary sheep to one's dinner, is a question which every reader must answer for himself as he thinks proper.—The food of old Parr, who died at 153 years of age, consisted of cheese, coarse bread, milk, and small beer. Would it have made no difference in the duration of his life, if he had swallowed 1 to sheep, for about this share at the usual rate, along with his 20 tons of wine? It may assist in drawing a conclusion, to recollect that when he was brought to London, and lived in splendour, he fed high, and drank plentiful of the best wines," he soon died; and his death was generally attributed to that cause, for he had vigor of body "to have lived a while longer," as the reporter says.—*Donovan's Domestic Economy.*

Profitable Farming.—At a late meeting of the Massachusetts Legislative Agricultural Society, E. B Derby, Esq. of Boston, said that he had given some attention to farming, and was seared in the country amidst merino sheep, which his father imported from Spain. Some years ago, he bought a farm on an island in Lake Winnipiseogee, N. H. It was carried on by an agent who had lived on it several years. At first he gave the agent and his wife $200 a year, then $250, and afterwards 2 cts. a pound on the butter he made, 1 ct. a pound on the cheese, and 1 ct. on the pork he raised, exclusive of their board. He purchased the farm for $2,100, and paid out for stocking it $1,700 more, amounting in all to $3,800. The sales, he said, had sometimes been as high as $1,700 in a year. For several years he got little or no profit, while in others he cleared from 15 to 20 per ct. according to the season. On an average he got a good percentage, and after 8 or 9 years he sold the farm for $2,800, with the view of buying one near Boston, to which he could retire in the summer for the benefit of his children. When his agent first came in the farm he was worth about $800 or $900—when he left it he was worth $9,000 or $10,000!

Costiveness—its Cure.

Many well informed persons suppose costiveness cannot be cured except by diet, exercise, &c. Now, the fact is not capable of being permanently removed by the greatest attention to diet and exercise. No question but diet and exercise are import, as well as cold bathing, upon getting out of bed in the morning, to aid in cure, but they will be of no avail in the cure without medicine as thousands know very well.

Again, it is said medicines whose action is upon the bowels, only tend to make the case worse I admit that all purgative medicines, save the Pills known as Brandreth's, have that tendency. But it is not so with Brandreth's Pills—the longer they are used the less, ordinarily will be required to produce effect. Long standing cases are not cured in a day or with one dose. The Brandreth Pills do not cure "by magic"—they cure because they cleanse the blood of all impurities, and this being done, the bowels and the secretions become healthy and adapted fully to perform the office nature has assigned. A gentleman can be referred to who resides in the city of New York, who took them every day for five years for Constitutional Costiveness. He had not for fifteen years previously ever had any thing pass the bowels without using medicine or an injection, and every year he was confined to his bed three or four months. For five years he took Brandreth's Pills. And why? Because he found his bowels become stronger and stronger from their use; and from all other purgatives he had taken they became weaker and weaker. In fact, he found that at first he required six, eight and ten pills to produce an operation but in a year four pills were a dose, and before the full term of five effected, two pills were sufficient to produce a good evacuation. Finally, he became as healthy as any man; and for five years he took the Brandreth Pills and was never confined to his bed a single day during that five years.

Dr. Brandreth has cases every day sent to him—he inserts one of very recent date. He can refer to relations of Mr. Stone, of New York, if further particulars are required.

The cure of Dyspepsia, Palpitations of the heart, Consumption, Coughs of all kinds; Colds, Asthma Rheumatism and small Pox, depend for their cure altogether upon the cure of costiveness which invariably attend these diseases. Cure Costiveness, and you will have health. There is no doubt of it.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Nelson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city:

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are troubled with Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, for who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

☞ When housekeeper is done so long as she thought that she sprinkle the boiling clothes with salt, and put the Saleratus into the soup, it is time that she paid more attention to domestic cookery and less to the last novel.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOGUONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

The following testimonial was received from WM. M. GOULDING, well known throughout this city and country, as one of the most celebrated Surgical Instrument makers and Manufacturer of Trusses,—57 Chatham street,

Dear Sir.—I have been frequently questioned concerning the remedy which you have introduced to the public notice, under the name of OLOSACONIAN or ALL-HEALING BALSAM. I have been surprised at its effects in cases where I have known it to be used, and have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a Wonderful Medicine. It speedily cures a Cough, its effects in Asthma or difficulty of breathing are unprecedented, and in diseases of the Lungs I believe it to be the best medicine that has ever been recommended. Wishing you success,

I am Yours, &c.

WM. R. GOULDING, 57 Chatham St.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, June 5th, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	9,00	to	9,25
Rye Flour,	7,00	to	7,50
Indian Meal, Jersey,	5,69	to	5,89
Grain—Wheat,	2,00	to	2,20
Rye,	1,25	to	1,40
Corn,	1,15	to	1,20
Oats, Jersey,	65	to	70

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Caleb L. Price, Newark, $2,16; Ira Pruden, 2,00; Webster & Marsh, 1,36.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or any impure disease of the blood, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION.**

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The *Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. Therefore without other and unsuitable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skilful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of Wistarization for nearly a quarter of a century, must be valuable acquisition to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Sawyer's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not ever ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there wasome got up in Philadelphia by the name of Wistar's Wild Cherry, one bottle of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sawyer, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

In New Market, last Wednesday morning, 2d inst. by Rev. Mr. Barker, Mr. John Simpson, of Plainfield, to Miss Almira, daughter of Peter Brokaw, of New Market.

In Plainfield, in the Second Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Wm. Whitaker, May 30, Wm. B. Shotwell, and Phebe Maria Compton, both of Perth Amboy.

At Westfield, on Wednesday evening, May 26th, by the Rev. James M. Hunting, Talmage R. Marsh of Elizabethtown, to Evaline, daughter of Moses Pierson, of the former place.

In the city of N. Y. by the Rev. Vincent Shepherd, on Thursday the 20th ult., Mr. William E. Terrell, of Rahway, to Miss Mary A. West, of N. Y.

May 18th, Edward Gardner, jr. of New York, to Miriam daughter of Timothy J. Bloomfield, Esq of Metuchin.

DIED.

At Germantown, N. J. on Friday last, June 4th, John Kirkpatrick, Esq. aged 72, father of Elias Kirkpatrick, Esq. Postmaster of Plainfield. His remains were brought to this place, and interred on Sunday afternoon, followed to the grave by a very large concourse of relatives and friends.

In Rahway Nuck, on Sunday 23d, Thomas Moore formerly of England, aged 73.

In Westfield, on the 21st of May, Wm. Pierson, aged 60 years.

Portrait Painting

THE Subscriber from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield, that he has taken the room over the Store of J. M. Smith, where specimens of his Painting can be seen. He would particularly call the attention of those wanting a plain but faithful likeness to some of his Ten Dollar Portraits.

As his stay will be limited, early application will be necessary to ensure his services.

W. T. BLACK.

Plainfield, June 8, 1847.—6

WOOL CARDING

DONE at the Plainfield Factory at 6 cents per lb. by the Subscriber. The Subscriber returns thanks to the public for the patronage heretofore received, and solicits a continuance of the same. All wool left at the Store of Titsworth, Dunn & Co. Plainfield, or at the Store of C. E. Mellicn, Board Brook, will be returned to the same places when carded.

Also, Wool carded and spun into Stocking Yarn, Carpet Yarn, or for Blankets, Cloth, &c., at the following prices.

Stocking Yarn double-twisted and reeled, 25. per lb.
Yarn for Blankets or Carpets, 2s. 6d. per lb.
Yarn for Cloth, Woof and Filling, 3s. 6d. per lb.

Also, HAT BODIES of all qualities made of Wool For sale, or Manufactured to Order.

May 25, 1847.—6m. THOS. STEAD.

BRUSH BEANS, and Peas, by the quart, for sale by May 16, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

JUST OPENED, 2 Pieces More mellon de Laine Plaids, Colors and very fast. by

Sept. 29, 1846. J. BALLEMAN.

For Sale.

The House and Lot in the Village of Plainfield, New Jersey, recently occupied by the Plainfield Bank. It is situated on Main street, about three minutes walk from the Depot of the Somerville Rail Road Co., upon which trains are running to and from New York three times a day.—New Hails will be laid upon the road in a few weeks, which will make it a pleasant, safe and rapid conveyance. The House is large, substantial and modern, and the grounds are in fine order. There is also a very excellent variety of fruit and ornamental trees, a large barn, out houses, &c. There are from 6 to 7 acres of land attached, a part of which is under a beautiful pond of pure spring water, the banks of which are shaded by a handsome growth of trees.

The village of Plainfield is one of the most beautiful in New Jersey—lying in a fertile valley at the foot of a picturesque range of mountains.

Also, for sale the two-story House and Lot, adjoining the above, which is also in very desirable repair.

If the above property is not previously sold at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on the premises on Tuesday, the 25th day of May inst. at 12 o'clock, M.—For terms, &c. apply to L. WOODRUFF, Esq. 89 Cedar st. N. Y., DANIEL DODD, jr. 259 Broadst., Newark, or to JOEL DUNN, of Plainfield.

On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank, a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Table or Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

☞ The Sale of the above property stands adjourned to WEDNESDAY, June 16th, at the same hour and place.

May 25, 1847.—3w.

THE FAIREST TESTIMONY ON RECCRD.

☞ 15,000 Ladies in the City of New York.

10,000	"	"	Brooklyn.
9,500	"	"	Jersey City.
7,500	"	"	Troy.

150,000 in other towns and villages in this State, making in all 200,000 ladies, besides a very large majority of the gentleman population who are true advocates and regular patrons of that very excellent Toilet Emolient,

RADWAY'S CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

Why is Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap pref rred to all other soaps, either for Toilet or Medical purposes.

Because; it is truly a medicated preparation. Its medicinal properties are adopted from the most rare and choice extracts of the whole materia medica. Its action on the skin and secretory vessels is entirely different to all other soaps. It opens the pores of the skin, cleanses from those natural avenues all impediments which prevents the free escape of the impurities of the fluids. Thus keeping the cuticle in a healthy condition, and preventing the skin from becoming parched, dry or disfigured with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c.

For the Toilet it is superior to all imported soaps, being entirely free from all poisonous admixtures, such as caustic, "muriatic acids," bismuth which tends to irritate the skin—the instead of eradicating the diseases from the system, drives it very deep seated into the skin. When after a short period they appear again upon the surface in a much worse condition than before. What advantage is it then to use the poisons of the day, these use Medicated soap !" in preference to all others. It is cheaper, better and gives better satisfaction than any other article of the kind in the market. It never fails in removing all cutaneous diseases, Spots, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, &c. from the surface. It softens, purifies, heals and soothes the skin, and adds beauty to the complexion of all who use it.

Sold at 12½ cents a cake, in Plainfield by

May 11, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Good News for Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale too, by D. BULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

THE EXPERIENCE of our nation is well nigh becoming proverbial. A strict sense of justice, urges us imperatively to resort to those well-defined and simple preparations, which being prepared from

Native Productions,

BY

NATIVE HANDS,

have produced the only actual cures ever made in those remarkably deadly diseases

CONSUMPTION & SCROFULA,

Ashma, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,

and all Pulmonary Complaints.

The particular and wonderful success of

The Great Chief Brant's INDIAN REMEDIES,

has raised a host of captious enemies, but their assaults we trust fall as harmless now as ever, and we call with

CONFIDENT SYMPATHY,

upon every sufferer to lay aside all prejudice and obtain these preparations and by actual trial prove convincingly the

Extraordinary Medicinal

POWER AND EFFECT

so urgently claimed for them. Numerous certificates written with intense and thrilling interest by the restored, are published with substantiation and reference of the highest respectability, and may be had of the agents WITH OUT CHARGE.

BRANT'S

INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

is prepared expressly for the cure of CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, ASTHMA, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SPITTING OF BLOOD, PAINS IN THE BREAST, SIDE OR BACK, and all LATER COMPLAINTS, and

BRANT'S

INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

Is the Chief's GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD, and never has failed to cure

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcerated and Nursing Sore Mouth, Piles, Ulcers, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, and all

Eruptive and Skin Diseases,

and by its extraordinary power in regulating and equalizing the circulations,

DYSPEPSIA, FITS AND COSTIVENESS.

Prepared by T. WALRACE, Proprietor,

JOHN A. CLUSSMAN, General Agent. Office 66 Cedar st. New York, who has appointed as Agents,

Webster and Marsh,	Plainfield,
Joseph Ross,	Boundbrook,
Barkelow & Hardcastle,	Somerville.

May 25, 1847.—1y

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO'

(Successors to JASON H. BUCKOVER.)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:—

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 2s

10 cases Fine Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 9d.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 9d.

Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair

50 Cartons Spring Bonnets in from 1s 9d to $5.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3m

Stanton's External Revenge,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in stirring the most severe cases of the different Disease above named—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives great the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort to this *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

☞ The following letter from Edmund M. Blunt, Esq. whose name has been rendered immortal as the author of the Coast Survey, and many other valuable Works, is most reliable evidence of the great value of the celebrated *External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment.*

Sing Sing, July 15, 1845.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For more than half a century I have suffered by Rheumatism. A few months since, in consequence of this disease which sticks closer than a brother, I fell and injured my left arm, including my applying Hunt's Liniment, from which I had immediate relief; subsequently feeling an attack of my old companion, I applied it to the part affected, which at once removed it. As a law suspends all other business, so does Rheumatism cease when it sees Hunt's Liniment at work, none should go without this, as I think one bottle for external purposes worth all the medicine they ever swallowed. You may use this communication at your pleasure.

Very respectfully yours,

EDMUND M. BLUNT.

A gentleman of high standing in the Society of Friends, speaks as follows of the great remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

Newcastle, 11th Month 1st, 1844.

George E. Stanton,

Esteemed Friend:—They letter of the 20th ultimo is received. In my reply I would say, the I have been troubled with a lame knee for several years, during which time it has distressed me much. I procured a bottle of Hunt's Liniment at thy store, early last spring and I have used it freely, and I can say that since that time I have had little or no trouble with my knee. A friend, to whom I sent a bottle, informs me that it was a great benefit to her in a rheumatic affection. I have no hesitation in recommending it to any person needing an external remedy. RICHARD MOSHER.

Bedford, Sept. 4, 1845.

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Sir—Sometime since I overheated myself in working, and on a sudden time my calf broke out in pimples, which by scratching so enlarged the sores of the worst description. The irritation and swelling was so great that I could not rest day or night; I used but one bottle of your Liniment, and I am now entirely well. I was also afflicted by a swelling in the groin from the same causes, and the application of the Liniment relieved me at once, and I most cordially recommend it to the public as an invaluable remedy.

RICHARD MOSHER.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 182, Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 36 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON, Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—K. & A. Baskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown—I. N. Crawford.

Middlesex—N. E. Brown.

Springfield—Abijah Stiles, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Headly, James W. Wade

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Reid

Rahway—J. O. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson

Westfield—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains—Joseph M. Osborn

Milville, James Jones,

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange—I. L. Freeman

Springfield—Day & Bailey

Belleville—Wm. Freeman & Son

Bloomfield—Frame, Pierson & Cougar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison,—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. 1y

Blank Books,

Of all sizes, and of good paper, at the Gazette. A great Assortment for sale, for Cash, by

May 25, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and intends keeping a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES* consisting in part of

Gents' Fine Calf Boots—The double sole do.
Do. Kip and pegged Boots.
Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,
Boy's Boots and shoes of all kinds and sizes.
Ladies' black and colored Gaiters
Morocco Buskins, single and double soles
Black and colored Cloth Buskins.
Misses' and children's black and colored Morocco shoes
Do. and Button Gaiters.

Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of WEBSTER & MARSH.

April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Superfine and low priced Cloths, also black;
Rep De'Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles,
Barege Shawls striped and plaid
Ginghams, a good assortment,
Prints, Merrimacs, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed,
Bleached Muslins and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,
Needles, Gilenbrenner and Gottonades,
Laces, Edgings and Trimming for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,
Tarlaig Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,
Sticks, Linen, Cotton and Canvas,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Gimps, Fringes, and other fine drawer goods,
Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and widths, one entirely new design,
Window Shades—a chi e t lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The Subscriber will be satisfied every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,
Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes
China, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.

April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage, and to see that those making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to

D. NEWMING,
April6, 1847. D. LENOX.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black Ink and Red Ink.

Also Blank Promissory Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State, Just Received by

April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including large and illustrated editions,—Baxter's Call—Protestant Annual—Methodist Hymns, &c. &c. for sale by

May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by

May 13, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all *uterine diseases*, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers,
Live Geese Feathers!

The subscriber would respectfully inform these of who are about commencing house keeping, and will assure them he has just received a large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell Low for Cash.* D. BULMAN.

Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

3 CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just receive at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographs,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment.
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes, &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by
May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

New Spring and Summer Goods!
For 1847.
WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Ballorines, Lawns, and Jareges,
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do
M'D'Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cassimeres and Paris Repps, of the latest styles,
Alpines, Black and colored—silk warp do.
Mennoes, French, English and German,
Sombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Barleton Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide, [Bonnets,
Gro de Naples most in vogue, and a few fancy Silks for Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Boncts,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, French and English Prints in great variety
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 8d. to 8s. yd.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width
Shawls, Balzorine, M'de Laine, Brocha, And Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do,
Thread and Silk Braids, Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas and Long shawls, [for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of
Bread Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimere Plaids and Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Sattinets of every variety, also Beaverteens & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys wear,
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; *including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths*, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provisions all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.

April 13. 1847.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by

May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by

July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, Sept. 15. 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness. The first application removes the hair entirely, and after the space of two months there can be seen no growing hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second application will forever prevent the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.

WEBSTER & MARSH.

May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by

M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Clothes, Silks, &c. without injury
East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences,
Indellible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1.00
Expectorant, 50—Alterative, 50—American Hair Dye, 50—Carminitive Balsam, 2s.—Sanative Pills, 2s.—and Tonic Vermifuge, 2s.
Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster.
Shaving soaps, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Orris Tooth Paste, 2s.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.
No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings
Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including paper, Self-Adjusting colored Gothic scenes, of various styles and prices; also the late styles of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at the lowest cash prices. Shades of any device made to order.*

Trimmings of manufacturers' prices. Store Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed. BARTOL & FURBEE.
Manufacturers and Importers.

New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Real Merrimack A. Prints, at 4c. a yard, just received by

March 31, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S

July 7, 1845.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,
For Sale at the Printing Office.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at
Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the advantage he possesses of the market for sending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzarines, De Laines, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, shetting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham de,—silks, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and needles, Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bindings, ladies' col'd and white skirts.

Also, a large assortment of Ready Made Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, bags, padding, canvas, wadding, crash, carpet, bats, flats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New *Orleans, broke down, crushed* and lump *sugar, molasses*—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt, ground or unground, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Saleratus, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, white wash brushes and brushes for painting and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, steelyards, carriage bolts, horse nails, axes, hatchets, rifles, wire, nails from No.4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do. wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye for distillation and cows.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

A few Cheap and Fashionable Watches can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be taken.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, 1 set new double harness, 1 set new three quarted single harness. 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of the latest and fashionable styles. Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.

April 28, 1847.

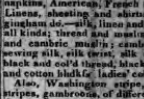
Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts*,

Just Opened by

June 14, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.



Stove & Tin Establishment.

GIBBS & BUTCHER thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue Manufacturing and Sending,
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are always ready to accommodate
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES,
AND VARIETIES,
RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
No 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,

Also, Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming-son's celebrated Needles, Combs, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tablelles, &c. &c.

May 28, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth.

JUST Received, and for sale at Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steelings Carminitive—for Bowel Complaint.

Also, Steelling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. Also Brandreth's for sale at Feb. 14, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. M. Bond. No efforts have been accepted, that contributed to render it commodious; the present year, has been, has it will steer with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of Messrs. DAVIDSON & ALLEN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences are unhesitatingly declared to be those that have fully adequate to teach an scientific principles. Our motto is, "if any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $2.00

In addition to the above, of Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $3.00

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, Book theory and practice, $5.00 per quarter exclusively smart without hesitation, that we will qualify any healthy youth in two quarters to survey any tract of land, (that is if he is skilled in Arithmetic).

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Composition once every other week.

Examinations at the conclusion of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter.

Be it understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL,

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND *BE CAREFUL* NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless *every box* has on it the written signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open ALL the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine: and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral: but upon examination by Dr. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label, an engraved Indian figure, crossed with one red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Gunn's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hall's, 139 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 11, 1845.—tf

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established
Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary
JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at the old stand—where he has on hand and is constantly supplied, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Zinger Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. &c. Wholesale and Retail, which any one can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

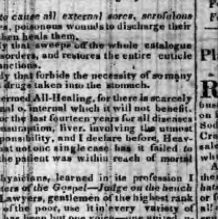
Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, painting, shoes, hats, tinning, shingling, carting corn, hay, oats, or feed, the tavern, doctor's and lawyer's bills, and all other demands whatsoever, are requested to present them for settlement within one month.

Those indebted to him he hopes will not put them selves out of the way to pay up their accounts, but when convenient he would like to have it, and will take it in potatoes, corn, oats, wood or cash, or any thing that they have to spare. He hopes here after not will ask him for trust, as he intends to do a cash business, and nothing else in any way.

ET I. P. Childs any one to trust him without his written order.

Dec. 25, 1846.—1y

Come away to the established
SADDLERY WAREHOUSE
Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.
And encourage Home Industry



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,
Saddle and Harness-Maker,

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive, and ready to execute all orders in all the branches of the above business, as well, as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.

Nov. 13, 1846.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes, and for the most extensive exhibition of Pictures taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st; Boston, 75 Court, and 96 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 36 Church st.

CLOCKS, from $2.00 to $2.50, for sale at Jan. 26. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Spiders, Pot Hooks, &c. &c. at PRUDEN'S.

I. F. CUSHING, and PIATT DRAKE.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 23. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1847. Whole number 543.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON P. CUMMING,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.50, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00 per annum.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. E. ARMS will visit their village professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Monday, Tuesday and Saturday—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays.—and at his office in Rahway No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may do so by dropping a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which he has been so long in demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. P. CUMMING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup,

Broken Constitution, sore Throat,

Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure

ever known for any of the above diseases, is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—I was taken for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, want of appetite; night sweats, &c., I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse.—The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed upon me from my nostrils, and at times paroxysms of coughing came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it: but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my business. I feel it my duty, invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not pamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 13chest, 2 doors from the corner of Wood st.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we hesitate not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as the greatest discovery in modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one remedy would be mentioned which has so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such miraculous cures; and has merited and received so much indignation from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think it will go away of itself in a few days, and they are sometimes correct in so thinking. But as much we would say, 'be careful of your colds,'—do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, use such remedies as will give you health and preserve it. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which are the property of the proprietor, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sanitive properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Press, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry, are unanimous in proclaiming it one of the best remedies ever invented for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of the wonderful power of

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold unattended to, may result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fell disease so insidiously approaches the citadel of life, that its sufferers are often deceived, until it is too late to counteract its silent intentions, because the employment of the means requires the time which cannot always be befriended. It, therefore, who discovers a remedy, which is sensible at all times, and in the same time operates in its beneficial effects, deserves well of the whole community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician, in his Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry (see the article for these times, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This valuable cure be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Race streets, and the proprietors of the Remedy has creations in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

The truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, influenza, Hoarseness &c. &c. has not impressed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of some doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there have not been a medical preparations which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so incalculable blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that its genuine properties are thereby known the country have not only yielded this (to them unparalleled fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing.—To attend to the many particulars necessary to the satisfactory which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to procure purchasing Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

☞ LETTERS ADDRESSED TO DR. SWAYNE & PHILA. ☜

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,
All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,
While there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;
Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.
'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom
Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb;
Put beware the base imposters who would desecrate this tree,
By their nefarious curses and rhyming rhabdry;
Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;
Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,
Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit,
The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!
If you would shun the venal cast, be healthy and be blest,
Trust not the leaching parasite, to truth and justice cold
Who'd hover o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold:
That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,
Who'd tar you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.
Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are
That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black theirels ame with Tar!
Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,
Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION. Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever introduced to the public, in the or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came out, or sprung several others, such as Shiloam, Candee, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that even persons might be deceived, (and got a worthless mixture palmed upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
And does spitting life away!
Is the merciless hand of death
Bringing darkness o'er thy day!
Towering high o'er imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
E'en in icy Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are counterfeits and worthless, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada.

Jan. 26th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received
May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,

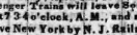
OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms: at the same time it cleans the intestinal canal from the mucus or slimy matter which forms their nests or beds, and with it which the worms cannot exist. This medicine may be safely given to children. All illness of the child should not be occasioned by worms; and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial; as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which otherwise may favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substance, but is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. P. CUMMING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it,—wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.



Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847,

The Passenger Trains will leave Somerville for New York, at 7 3-4 o'clock, A.M., and at 1 P. M.

Returning, will leave New York by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

By Steamboat, Pier No. 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 1 and 5, P. M.

FREIGHT TRAIN

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-4 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leave New York for Somerville, by steamboat, pier No. 1, North River, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Persons purchasing their freight tickets will be through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M. Boat.

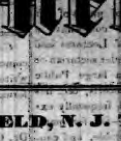
FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
" Boundbrook,	"	62 1-2
" Plainfield,	"	50
" Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R.R.		87 1-2
" Boundbrook to Jersey City,	"	68 3-4
" Plainfield,	"	56 1-4
" Westfield,	"	44

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 9 o'clock, A. M. from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Wilkesbarre; and Munch Chunk, Pa.; and to Flemington, Gerrit Smith, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Bricktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

TEAS, TEAS.—A Fresh Supply of Green Tea, the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call
June 20. PRUDEN'S

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of Beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of quality, size and prices to suit all by
D. BULLMAN.



CONSUMPTION.

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more effectual than any remedy ever employed: and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and modes of treatment, have been restored to health, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by concealing its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply endeavor to give a true statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and "Can BE CURED." If this medicine be resorted to in time.

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh victims to his ever ready maw. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death-dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are the victims of this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered the system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whom gentle death has prepared him for the closing of life, calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, over bright as minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset all in our changeable and fickle climate? We think there is, for, if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a

Positive Agent,

in

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry

as offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "advertising aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it interest; its value and virtues are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Waft on to fame"

the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 20, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used in this town, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARCKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, may be relied upon as correct.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended, has induced imposters after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it which has caused several worthless and designing persons and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY*, with the signature of SETH W. FOWLE, *Written Signature of I. Butts! All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,
Proprietor and General Agent,
138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.
And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.
Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferrable to the fluid now in use, and less dangerous, as it will not ignite if accidentally dropped on clothing. The lamps are used for all domestic purposes, no smoke or disagreeable odor arising from the burning, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick only serves as a conductor. The Lamps and Fluid, with a recipe for making the same, are for sale by Gibbs & Dutcher, Stores and Dwelling houses, in Market street, opposite Jack son Pound's Bakery.

JOHN S. EDWARDS,
Agent for the township of Westfield.
Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Cannon Flannels, &c.
Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

IRA PRUDEN,

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.
Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
March 23, 1847.

From the National Era.

Song of the sailor.

By J. M. Fletcher.

O'er the ocean blue our gallant bark
Like the joyous sea-bird flies;
Our sails o'erhead to the gale we spread,
Our flag to Freedom's skies.
And swiftly from our native land
Speeds on our vessel brave;
In triumph now, while foaming prow,
We ride the mountain wave.

To the breeze we give the landsman's fears,
With a free and hearty cheer,
And oft again, on the rolling main,
Is heard our wild career.
Oh! warm is the sunburnt sailor's heart,
Its wild note always true,
As the ocean tide in freedom's pride,
He braves far off from you!

On the broad blue wave his home shall be,
His hope above shall rest,
And far though he flies from his native skies
Still 'tres in the Sailor's breast
Oh! while to him you kindly thought,
While ploughing the ocean wave,
A welcome smile to his lambs of toil,
A prayer to his ocean grave.

From the National Era.

The Angel of Patience.

A free Paraphrase of the German.

To weary hearts, to mourning homes,
God's meekest Angel gently comes;
No power has he to banish pain,
Or give us back our lost again,
And yet, in tenderest love, our dear
And Heavenly Father sends him here.

There's quiet in that Angel's glance,
There's rest in his still countenance!
He mocks no grief with idle cheer,
Nor wounds with words the mourner's ear,
But ills and woes he may not cure
He kindly learns us to endure.

Angel of Patience! sent to calm
Our feverish brows with cooling palm!
To lay the storms of hope and fear,
And reconcile life's smile and tear;
The throbs of wounded pride to still,
And make our own our Father's will!

Oh thou, who mourn'st on thy way,
With longings for the close of day,
He walks with thee, that Angel kind,
And gently whispers "Be resigned!
Bear up, bear on, the end shall tell
The dear Lord ordereth all things well!"

J. G. W.

The Last Offer.

"Oh love will master all the power of art."

'So, Clara, you have rejected Mr. Tinsford! I own that I do regret it,' said Mrs. Crosby to her niece.

'My dear aunt, would you wish me to marry a widower, with as many children as followed John Rogers to the stake? but whether there were nine or ten, has been a puzzle to me. Do you think Mr. Tinsford could solve that question? I wish I had asked him.'

'Mr. Tinsford has but three children as you very well know,' said Mrs. Crosby.

'But you know, also, my dear aunt, that my imagination, always expatiates in the 'rule of three,' that is making three of one, which brings out the nine without any remainder.'

'Come, Clara, pray leave this trifling, it does not become you, and Mr. Tinsford is not a character which should excite ridicule,' said Mrs. Crosby, gravely. 'You acknowledged yesterday that you thought him excellent and agreeable.'

'I do think him worthy of nearly every good adjective in our language,' said Clara Dinsmore, earnestly. 'I esteem his character as highly as you do; but I could never, never think of marrying him.'

'Oh, Clara,—'

'Spare me, dear aunt; I know all you would urge in his favor, and I know too, many reasons which your tenderness for my feelings would spare me. I am twenty-nine—O, so is me, that I have arrived so near the verge of old maidism! My beauty is gone—nay, don't shake your head; Miss Jones says I look positively old and that she is quite shocked, (you know her benevolent affection for me,) to see such a change.'

'I do not see it my dear Clara, nor it is so. Your cheek is not as blooming as it was at nineteen, but there is at times a more lovely expression in your countenance, a chastened thought fulness, which gives promise of that tenderness and goodness which I always knew was in your disposition, but which in the years of your brilliant youth, you did not display.'

'Who would blame me for being vain, if they knew my sum flattered me thus?' exclaimed Clara, tears of gratitude and pleasure filling her eyes. 'But I must not flatter myself that mirrors see with partial affection. I know well that there is change in my mirror, as well as Miss Jones, reminds me of it; and the young ladies whose who were in the nursery when I came out, call me old.'

'It is a great pity that girls are permitted to come out so young, said Mrs. Crosby.

'There is no use of preventives, in my case, dear aunt,' replied Clara, smiling with her usual cheerfulness. 'I am twenty nine, with little beauty and no money to all. How can I expect another offer?'

'My dear child, it is none of these motives which induce me to wish this marriage to take place,' said Mrs. Crosby earnestly. 'But I know that Mr. Tinsford loves you; and he estimates your worth of character, or he would not, in the maturity of his judgment, when he has sought such a high eminence in his profession, and required such distinguished reputation, he would not thus assess the homage he paid you ten years ago. I do not see how you can have the heart to refuse a second time.'

'Simply because I have no heart to give him,' said Clara, with a sigh, and then gaily added, 'you know aunt, that he has been married, and appeared to love his wife most tenderly; he doubtless loves his children, so that between the regret he is inclined to cherish for the memory of the one, and the affection he must bestow on the other, there can be little room in his heart for love toward me. This second disappointment will not affect him; so do not urge the match on his account.'

'I wish it on your own, dear Clara. Since a the loss of my property, by the failure of the bank my whole concern has been for you. Lucius Howard is dead to you, and I feel my strength failing daily. Do not look so sorrowful, my dare ling; I should welcome the change with joy, were your welfare secured. And to Mr. Tinsford I would entrust your earthly destiny with perfect confidence.'

'I wonder if there ever was a good mother-in-law,' said Clara, striving to turn the conversation from her aunt's ill health, which she never could bear to be named, although she felt there was hardly any hope that she could be saved.

'You would make a good one, Clara; I know your heart is overflowing with affections and tender sympathies; you would love those little children dear, if their mother was your intimate friend, and if their father was your husband, esteeming and valuing him as he deserves, you would feel that they were yours. I cannot bear to think you will finally refuse him, and be left to struggle alone with the hardships, and cares, and sorrows, which a single woman without relations, or fortune, must encounter.'

'How careful you are, my dear aunt, for my happiness,' said Clara, gratefully. 'How you could follow your advice; but I should wrong Mr. Tinsford's generous heart, if I married him when I do not love him.'

'You could love him, Clara'—

'Oh! never attempt to persuade me that love can be awakened after marriage, when there is no kindling of affection before the ceremony. I should undoubtedly esteem him; I hope, treat him with propriety; but I never should love him, and you know I have always declared that I would not marry except I loved the man to whom I pledged my faith.'

Mrs. Crosby looked distressed. 'I must then relinquish all hope,' said she.

'You think, that if I have lived twenty-nine years without being in love, that my heart is cold, I suppose,' said Clara, laughing.

'I think when a young lady has had the number of admirers and offers which I know you have had, and rejected them all, that there is little reason to expect she will receive others. I have made up my mind that it is to be your lot.'

'You need the same, dear aunt, when I rejected Mr. Bellows.'

'He was a good man, and is highly prepossessed. It would have been an excellent match for you!'

'A most wretched one—for I positively disliked him; he was so prosing and particular, he would have driven me crazy with his small sayings and solemn reflections. I rather prefer living like Madame Roland, in a garret, or being chained to have married him though he had been as rich as Rothschild.'

'Then there was William Hopkins; he was a fine, talented young man; I thought for a long time that you liked him.'

'I did like him as a child does his rattle, for the amusement he always made me; but I could not respect a man whose manners were so frivolous—so like my own. Is not that a candid admission?'

'But what could you have found to cavil at in the character and manners of Lucius Howard?'

'He was too perfect for me, dear aunt,' replied Clara; a blush crimsoning her cheek, and there was a slight tremor in her voice as she added, 'he never offered me his hand.'

'Clara, I am sure I understood, at the time, that you rejected him.'

'Why, no, dear aunt—you were deceived; Clara's voice grew firmer, though her face grew deadly pale, while she continued, 'I have long wished, long intended to confide my weakness and disappointment to you; but it is so humiliating to own one has been deceived in love, that I never could find the opportunity when my mind was in the right mood. Now it shall be done that you may feel convinced I do right in declining to wed Mr. Tinsford; you would not wish me to wed a man I do not love him, when my heart is irrevocably devoted to another. Yes, I did, I do love Lucius Howard, and—he—loved me, but the time was unworthy to be his wife.' She covered her face with her hands, and burst into tears.

'Clara, my darling, this cannot be. How could have thought you unworthy; but has he fear you would reject him,' said Mrs. Crosby.

'No, no,' replied Clara, in a voice of agony; 'no, he knew that I loved him, and every one else had made the doubt I would accept him, but he thought I permitted or rather encouraged attentions from others. You know I had admirers; had so those days, when Mr. Tinsford and a dozen others—'

when no shadow on my beauty, and I triumphed in the power it gave me. Fatal power, most foolishly I used it to vex the noble heart that loved me, and whom now I returned. I told Lucius Howard thought me a contemptible coquette, and when he acknowledge his deep affection for me, he told me he did it to prove to me the constancy of his principles; as he knew he had often betrayed his love, he came to make the avowal openly, but at the same time to let me see that he did not seek a return, that he did not set my hand—he believed our dispositions and tastes were too dissimilar to allow him as hope for happiness with me. He kneeled to heaven to protect and bless me—and took leave of me—forever.

Mrs. Crosby sadly distressed and confounded by this disclosure. She had always thought her niece remained single because she found no one to suit her fastidious taste. Never had she imagined that Clara, the gay Clara Dinsmore had sustained a hopeless passion. Mr. Howard, she well knew, had left that part of the country; he was settled in the ministry at the South; she had heard that he was one of the shining lights of the age, and she felt almost certain she had heard of his marriage, too; so she could not flatter her dear Clara with the least hope of ever renewing her acquaintance with him. But if she could be persuaded to accept Mr. Tineford, who she doubted not would be too glad to marry her, tho' she had loved another, the good aunt thought the bright still look forward to days of happiness for her niece. So she began her work of comforting, remarking that no person can expect an unshadowed lot. She reminded Clara of the fortitude with which she had, hitherto, borne this disappointment of the heart—entreated her not to allow the remembrance of a scene so long past to overcome her now—that her now much of good had already arisen from this disappointment as fruitless that improvement in Clara's character, which had been remarked by every one, that had been effected in consequence of the reflections awakened by the parting words of Lucius. Mrs. Crosby hinted if Clara would only consent to marry Mr. Tineford and as she was well qualified to do, train his motherless children in the way they ought to go, and make his home the place of happiness to him, as she might, that she would be a terrible indeed, as much superior to those who marry at the end of the fashionable novel, as Rebecca the Jewess was to Rowena.

But poor Clara was resolute to her vow of single blessedness, and really felt that her aunt had almost compromised her dignity, when she acknowledged that she had invited Mr. Tineford to take tea with them that evening; and further more, permitted him to bring a friend who was at his house. "I told him truly the state of my heart," said Clara. "I felt it was due to the disinterested regard he had manifested for me that he should know why I could not return his affection. And I told him then, that I should for the future, avoid his society, lest I might be tempted to forget Lucius Howard. I fear he will think I have no consistency of character."

Mrs. Crosby promised to do the honors of the evening to her guests, but thought Clara must be present and finally she consented. At the appointed hour, Mr. Tineford and his friend arrived, and were warmly welcomed by Mrs. Crosby. Mr. Tineford approached with a smile of much meaning for Miss Dinsmore.

"She will be with us soon," said her aunt. "She has not been quite well to-day." The friend of Mr. Tineford looked distressed. Just then Clara entered; the excitement of her feelings deepening the color of her cheeks, till she looked as blooming as she did at nineteen—and more beautiful, Lucius Howard thought, as he stepped forward to greet her.

Poor Clara; she was quite overcome for the moment, as she looked at Mr. Tineford, and the confession she had made to him, and felt her hand in the clasp of Howard's. But all was soon happily settled, and good aunt Crosby, as she prepared for the marriage of her beloved niece with Lucius Howard, declared that the Last Offer was the best which Clara ever had, and she had become convinced that a woman had better live single than marry one man while her heart was given to another.

Gen. Scott's course receives the highest commendations from the Army and the people. The Washington correspondent of the Courier says—

There is every indication that Gen. Scott is conducting the plan not only of the war, but the more important movements for negotiating a peace, with a sagacity, prude ce, moderation, and firmness which have never been surpassed, and that must earn for him the name of a statesman warrior.

I have good reason to believe, that although Gen. Scott does not object to the acquisition of New Mexico and Upper California, he attaches still more importance to the railroad and canal through the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which is another evidence of his foresight and wisdom, and that he will strain every nerve to secure to our country this important communication, which divides a Continent to unite the World.

This, you will recollect, was a favorite object of the great statesman, Cortez, the first conqueror of Mexico: and after the lapse of several centuries, the second conquest of Mexico by the brave and illustrious descendants, seems now likely to realize this grand and magnificent project. Still, as this communication could probably be secured after a peace, neither Gen. Scott nor Mr. Trist will make it a sine qua non of the negotiation.

The Spy in Washington.

A letter from the Army thus refers to the Gen in connection with Lieut. Ewell, who was first person that mounted the enemy's breastworks on Cerro Gordo:

"Soon after Ewell was wounded, Gen. Scott came to the hill where he lay, knelt by his side, took his hand, spoke in the kindest and most manner of his services that day. * * * Ewell is only one among many brave men we have our great *The foreigner which planned and executed* every turn of the struggle at Cerro Gordo was to the chimmon mind. And then our soldier-like! He is a man for all of us would do all things, bear all all things. An inferior general wasted his strength by an attack all Scott struck at the de-

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For the Plainfield Union.

To the Public.

Mr. Editor:

It has long been the wish of many of our fellow citizens, that we could have a suitable room for the purposes of Lectures and Public meetings, without being under sectarian or party influences. The want of a large Public Hall for business meetings, concerts, &c. has long been very sensibly felt and frequently expressed in our thriving village,—for, for many purposes the churches are not suitable, and cannot be obtained, and the rooms which could be obtained, were not large enough. We are happy to say that these wishes of our citizens are at length gratified, and the long experienced want is now supplied. Mr. Randolph Evance has with considerable expense erected a large and beautiful building in a central position on Main street, in which he has finished a splendid Hall, the best in this section, large, high, light and airy, and well furnished, with chandeliers, &c. which with his other rooms, is finished very tastefully, and beautifully painted, which reflects much credit on the artists employed. Mr. Evance has also obtained a license, and proposes to keep a first rate Hotel—and what is better, he assures us that no pains will be spared, to accommodate travellers and the public generally, who may wish for good cheer and order; for he will neither receive nor sell to any man under the influence of ardent spirits. We therefore hope our citizens who love nice things, will mete out to him that encouragement which he deserves.

Public Improvement.

For the Plainfield Union.

Mr. Editor:

The views expressed by you in relation to a new county to be formed of the seven southern townships of Essex, meet the opinions and wishes of a very large majority of the people of those townships. The unequal amount of taxes paid by the people, especially the farmers in those townships, as compared and corresponding with the causes of taxation created in those townships, is very great, and continues to increase every year. Another apparent unequal burden is occasioned by the severe jury duty which the people of those townships are called upon to perform at the courts in Newark, calling them from their homes and business, three or four weeks at a time, four terms in a year, making nearly one quarter of the whole year that jurymen are obliged to be at Newark attending the courts, on business which the people of those townships have very little interest in, as the greater part of the business done in the County Courts, comes from the city of Newark, which at this time has a population of very little short of 30,000, and annually increasing to a greater extent than any whole county in the State. In a new county, a week or ten days would be sufficient time for a term of the Courts, and all the business would come from those townships only. One half of the people of those townships do not know the heavy expenses attending the courts and jail of the county of Essex, and the unequal taxation they are subjected to in sustaining them. Look at the accounts of the last year, published by the Board of Freeholders, in your paper last week, and in the other papers of the county:

"Repairs and fixtures to court house and Jail, including fuelinding fuel,	$871 39
"Support of prisoners at the Jail,	1633 94
"Expenses of courts, jurors and criminal cases,	3369 20
"Constables attending court,	615 75
"Physicians attending Jail,	60 00
	$6559 28

Another item of expense, by increasing the litigation at the county court, was added to the list of unequal and unjust taxation upon the people of these townships, by a supplement to the charter of the city of Newark, passed by the Legislature at the last session, which authorizes an appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of the county from judgments obtained against persons who violate the numerous ordinances of the Common Council of the City of Newark. Why should the people of these townships be taxed to pay for costs ables and other expenses attending the courts in the trial of such appeals? This is an expense which belongs exclusively to the city of Newark, and the farms of the people of these townships should of right and justice no more be taxed for that purpose, than for lighting the streets of that city by night, or for supporting a night watch. The people of these townships are not consulted, and have no interest in making the ordinances of the common council of Newark, why then should we be taxed for enforcing them? The application for a new county ought to have succeeded before the Legislature last winter. For two successive years petitions have been presented, signed by hundreds of the people in those townships, of all political parties, complaining of the evils and burdens imposed upon them by the present state of things, which most continue and increase, until a new county is made out of the southern townships; and the suggestion which has been made of holding a convention of the people of those townships to take measures, above all party considerations, to accomplish an object so just and necessary will be responded to by

The People of the Southern Townships of Essex.

THE UNION

Plainfield, June 16, 1847.

Communications.—We invite attention to the communications in the preceding column. The writer on the new County appears to be well informed, on the subject.

Common Schools.—At the last Town-Meeting, Dr. C. H. Stidman was chosen Town Superintendant of common schools, for this township—to whom, we understand, among other duties, falls that of examining teachers and giving licenses, without which no teacher can legally obtain any portion of the public money. We rejoice that a gentleman so well qualified in every respect has been elected to this important and responsible station. Our whole village is comprised within one School District, in which are some 430 children between 5 and 16 years of age,—and there is not a single public School House in the District. At a District Meeting called by Dr. Stidman, a few weeks since, eight Trustees, one from each church congregation, were elected, as follows:—

William P. Williamson, First Baptist Church,
William Sutton, Second do
William Dunn, Seventh-Day do
Caleb Freeman, First Presbyterian,
Robert Anderson, Second do
Zachariah Webster, Orthodox Friends,
Jonas Wood, Hicksite Friends, (so called)
John Harris, Methodist.

We believe it has been proposed by the Trustees to open two public schools, one up-town and one down town, if suitable rooms and teachers can be obtained, employing a licensed teacher and assistant in each, making room for some 200 scholars. We trust the Trustees will deliberate fully before adopting this plan, for it is evident so material a change should not be effected, unless some important benefit is likely to accrue. We doubt not this able Board of Trustees will adopt the best plan, but for one, we should prefer, if legal, to have the public money appropriated for buy the best bills and purchase books for the poor, as tending to the more general diffusion of the blessings of a common school education among all classes.

The new School Law is generally considered a good one, and a principal aim appears to be to prevent the employment of uneducated and immoral teachers—and, in this respect every good citizen will wish to have it regarded. The principal teachers should unquestionably be able to undergo a strict examination in Reading, Writing, Spelling, Geography, Arithmetic, Grammar, and Natural Philosophy,—and the teachers of the younger classes, male or female, in the first three branches—should also have the ability to teach, and a good moral character,—all such can easily obtain a license.

☞ We are happy to say that the Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road Company employ none but men of temperate habits, and prohibit strictly the sale of intoxicating liquors at any of their depots.

Munificent Donation.—Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, has given $50,000 to Harvard University, at Cambridge, for the purpose of erecting suitable buildings and endowing professors for teaching the practical sciences, such as Engineering, Mining, the invention and manufacture of Machinery, and kindred branches. Liberal as the Lawrences have ever been in their gifts for the promotion of education and virtue, this instance exceeds all individual acts that have preceded it.

The influx of *pauper Immigrants in a squalid* condition, diseased and destitute, is giving rise to serious concern in New York and Boston, and stringent laws have been passed to impede their landing. Much sickness has been brought in by them. The authorities of the city of Albany have forbidden the *landing of any more immigrants* from the North River steamboats at their wharves. The North River steamboats lines have refused to take any more immigrants; and the "Bay State" and the "Massachusetts" decline for the present taking any emigrants eastward, having been warned by the authorities to be cautious.

☞ Maj. Gen. Pillow, the next in command to Gen. Scott at the battle of Cerro Gordo, is published by his own officers, as shamefully ignorant of military tactics, and utterly incompetent to fill the high station to which he has been appointed. He was formerly law partner to Mr. Polk, and it is said, was appointed more from personal friendship than for his fitness for the office or the public good.

Return from a Campaign.—The Tennessee Regiment, under Col. Campbell, which one year ago marched to Mexico with 900 men, recently returned to New Orleans, after having engaged at Monterey and Cerro Gordo, with just 350 about one-third the force with which it left. And the loss it has sustained in a 12 months' campaign. Disease made as much havoc in their ranks as the bullet.

Glad to Hear it.—The State of Mississippi is making efforts practically to repudiate repudiation.

From the Seat of War.

From the New Orleans papers, of 1st inst.

Commodore Perry has captured a host of *little* towns on the coast. He was about to attack Tobasco, where the enemy was 2000 strong.

The vomito had made its appearance at Vera Cruz, but as yet, in Vera Cruz has already nearly recovered from the effects of the seige. The people were resuming the knocked down houses are being rebuilt; the streets cleaned, shops opened, and all the activity of a sea port is beginning to be displayed.

A most deplorable duel occurred at Chiua, on the Rio Grande, May 21st, between two Virginia Lieutenants, one named Mahan. They fought with muskets, loaded with bucashot, and both were killed.

The Jalapa Stage Robbed.—The entire country around Vera Cruz is overrun with the disbanded soldiery of the defeated Mexican armies, who, having no other way of living, become brigands, and in bands of 100 to 200 infest the vicinity of villages, indiscriminately plundering friend and foe. The stage from Jalapa to Vera Cruz was robbed, and, it is feared, the passengers murdered, on the 25th ult.

El Republicano, of May 19th, from the city of Mexico, is profoundly indignant that so much sympathy is man fested by its fellow citizens as to the defence of the capital. We infer from it that should Gen. Scott advance, no vigorous resistance would be made. This intelligence is 11 days later from the city of Mexico than that previously received.

An arrival at New Orleans on the 2d inst. from the Brazos, confirms the news of Doniphan's arrival at Parras, after a march of 1500 miles, with about 1000 men and 10 pieces of artillery.

Col. Mitchell, with the advance of Doniphan's command, including a picked party, was expected at Buena Vista on the 15th.

Gen. Cushing has received orders to join Gen. Taylor immediately at Monterey, with the Massachusetts regiment.

Three men of the Massachusetts regiment recently deserted and were all murdered by the Camanches.

A letter from San Luis Potosi says the hospital there is crowded with Mexican soldiers, who are dying by scores, of starvation and neglect—Even the citizens are suffering for want of the common necessaries of life. The enemy has evacuated San Luis. The troops have all left.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer says,—

"My intelligence from New Orleans, leaves no doubt that Gen. Scott is most actively engaged in all proper arrangements with the friends of peace in Mexico, to break the ice so far as to open negotiations. The General fully believes that that only real obstacle is the first step, to hear and answer overtures of peace; but this accomplished and all the rest will speedily follow. No American has yet made so favorable an impression on the Mexican people as Gen. Scott."

Later from Gen Scott's Army.

The steamer Fashion has brought to New Orleans, Vera Cruz dates to the 30th of May. The robbery of the sage and murder of the passengers is confirmed. Among the victims was Capt. Sowers, the bearer of despatches from the Government to Gen Scott. He left Vera Cruz with an escort of 5 men to whom 2 more were since wards added. The murder was committed two miles beyond Puente National. The driver and one soldier were all that escaped. Their bodies were found atrociously mutilated.

Santa Anna was reported to be at Rio Frio, with 3000 men.

There is a report of the election of Herera as President, but it is not traceable to an authentic source.

Gen. Scott was to leave Xalapa for Puebla, on the 29th. Gen. Twiggs's division had already left.

A party of Mexicans who were coming into Vera Cruz had been attacked and robbed by their own countrymen.

There are nearly 800 sick in the hospital at Jalapa.

Col. Benton defines his position in relation to the next Presidency, in a letter, published in the St. Louis Union, 29th ult. He is opposed, like a true patriot, to another candidate from the slave states, and in favor of a northern man.—The South are so pertinacious in having none but slaveholder for President, and in conducting the whole course of the Government so as to extend, sustain and perpetuate Slavery, and to promote its interests, that, he feels it his duty to oppose them, and the more so, as he represents a Slave State. He thinks the course of the South in this matter, is calculated to array the North and South in hostile bands, and create sectional feeling.

We have received the 1st number of the Newark Morning Eagle, a new daily paper of good size, well conducted and well edited.

Also, of the tri-weekly Jersey City Advertiser

The U. S. frigate Macedonian left New York last Thursday for Cork, Ireland. Her cargo consists of 12,000 barrels of flour, and several boxes, bales, and hiercs of other kinds of food, &c. the free gift of America to suffering Ireland.

The sharp pangs of affliction, which seem so concentrated and pointed when driven by disease, are alleviated or assuaged only by using those natural means only which accord with our natural state of body. Thus, Herbs being given to us in every variety of medicinal power and virtue, are the natural means of relief. The Indian, schooled by nature, has for generations used only such medicaments; and the great remedies of Brant noticed in another part of this paper, are the result of his greatest medical experience.

Dreadful Disaster on Lake Erie.—About 1 o'clock, Thursday morning, the regular line steamer Chesapeake, and a brig came in contact, about 8 miles from Ashtabula. The brig sank immediately, the crew barely escaping on board the steamboat, and the steamboat was so much injured that she started for the shore. The fires of the steamer were extinguished by the rush of water through the leaks, and she came to anchor 1½ miles from shore. She continued to sink gradually, and soon went down in 40 feet water.—The upper cabin parted from the hull, and the upper deck remained above water, on which all those who had not previously left the boat were gathered and saved. Several had left in rafts, 8 of whom, it is known, were drowned. The small boat reached the shore, and calling another steamer to their assistance, all and were saved who stuck by the wreck, according to the advice of the captain. She had 40 or 50 passengers.

All the baggage and freight was lost—also about $8000 in money, in the clerk's charge.—In the brig 4000 bushels of corn and 70 barrels of pork were lost.

The Patterson Academy Building was burned down on Saturday. Loss $1100—Insur $750.

Yesterday morning's N. Y. Sun says:—

Reinforcements for the army are going forward rapidly, and by the middle of June, as we learn from the Washington Union, Gen. Scott will have 7,000 regulars, to take the place of volunteers whose term of service had expired.

The Porpoise has arrived at New Orleans, accompanied by a prize schooner, captured by the Bonita.

A gentleman direct from Jalapa says Gen. Scott will soon push from Puebla towards the capital.

More Immigrants and More Fever.—Last Thursday, five ships, with 2000 immigrants arrived at the Quarantine, having from 15 to 20 cases each of ship fever on board. Several deaths occurred on their passages. The hospital building are entirely full—a public store is converted into a hospital, and sheds are in process of erection, but still there is not room for all to be taken in out of doors.

Convulsions—Nervous Affections.

☞ Whatever may be said to the contrary, I have no doubt but convulsions are very often caused by worms, as well as nervous diseases in general. I knew a young lady who had terrible nervous attacks. Sometimes she had convulsions for hours together, and when able to be up, was in the greatest state of suffering. She consulted me. I told her she had worms; but she had been told by other physicians that it was the extreme delicacy of her constitution that was the cause of her affection. For some time she determined to try what change of air might do, and careful diet. She became worse and worse. Her sufferings were of that nervous character which could not be described, and she often told me if she would give anything to be able to lay herself down and die. One night she dreamed that Brandreth's Pills cured her. Then she thought of the advice I had given her. She commenced immediately with the Pills, night and morning in doses of two pills at night, and two in the morning; the 2d day, 4 pills at night, and 2 in the morning; the 3d day, 6 pills at night, and 2 in the morning. She felt herself full, and took two pills at night on the 4th day, determining to rest a day or two. She felt herself much better on the 5th day, but she 6th and 7th, she began to feel as bad as usual. She then began again, as at first, and when she got to 8 pills at night and 2 in the morning, having increased 2 each night, she parted with an immense quantity of raw worms, nearly 2 quarts, in weight nearly 6 lbs. She continued to take the Pills almost constantly then, for six weeks, and then restored her to a most possible state of health. To this case, and numerous others similar, I shall be happy to refer any respectable applicant. Agents in every part of the country are able to refer to cases of cure of almost every description of character in their immediate vicinity. So there is no want of Evidence.

Other cases of worms might be given, in which the Pills have done the most remarkable cures. Let it be well understood that worms are the consequence of Acrimonious Humors—that these humors occasion all diseases, of whatever name, and that the Brandreth Pills by being taken in such doses as will fully purge, will surely cure. Also, that these pills may be used without any danger; no fear of an over dose; want nothing to work them off. If they do not work off plentifully, take another dose on those already taken; be sure to do good and act pleasantly, never unpleasant but when too small a dose has been taken. In other words, when the disease is too strong for the first dose.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tuswarth, Dunn & Co.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This is a chemical extract from Wild Cherry and Tar. Every body knows that Wild Cherry possesses important medicinal properties—and Tar Water has always been administered in consumption, and Lung affections generally, by our oldest and best physicians. This preparation embodies all the virtues of Tar and Wild Cherry in a much smaller compass than any other ever produced. The manner of preparing it, and its success in all Pulmonary and Liver affections the last thirty prove this. We say confidently, no medicine ever effected such wonderful cures.

At no one give up to Consumption's fatal grasp without giving this a trial. Being formed from vegetable substances, congenial at once to our and system, it is simple, safe and efficient. A treatise relating to the subject may be had at wagons for the Balsam. Call and see it. Be sure and get Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, as there are imitations abroad.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

From the Fall River Monitor, April, 1846.

This medicine, prepared by a long experienced and skillful physician, tested and approved by a great number of intelligent, discriminating and respectable persons in various parts of the country is now received and ranked with entire confidence and with great success by those afflicted with pulmonary complaints. It is also recommended as a valuable medicine for other diseases, such as colds, coughs, and particularly diseases whose tendency is to consumption. Should its efficacy continue as it has thus far been proved in various obstinate cases, it will indeed be a most invaluable medicine.

M. P. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, June 5th, 1847.

Wheat Flour;	8,75 to 8,87
Rye Flour,	7,00 to 7,25
Indian Meal, Jersey,	5,56 to 5,62
Grain—Wheat,	1,75 to 2,00
Rye,	1,25 to 1,30
Corn,	1,18 to 1,20
Oats, Jersey,	65 to 70

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

G. R. Pound, $2,57; L. Lincoln, Esq. 1,50; J. I. Compton, 1,00; J. O. Maurice, 1,00; M. A. Lapardus, .54; Rev. D. T. Hill, .50; J. McLeran, .50; James C. Ayers, 1,00.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION**.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be a valuable acquisition to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous affections of the lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has for many years had in daily use in his own practice a preparation of Wild Cherry, but there reasons got up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the height of which was sold out to many merchants in the West and South, and to get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. P. CUSHING.

See advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

At Westfield, 1st inst. by Rev. Mr. Hunting, John Leveridge to Emily Holt, youngest daughter of Stephen Pierson, all of that place.

In New Brunswick, May 13th, Jehiel Petty to Rebecca Coombs.

On 3d inst. Saml. W. Searing, of Connecticut Farms, to S. Caroline, daughter of Andrew Meeker, of Morristown.

In Warren township, May 15th, Peter Mundy to Mary Ann Moore.

DIED.

In Morristown, 5th inst. Mr. Simeon Cory, aged 73 years, one of their most upright citizens, —father of Mr. Henry A. Cory, of Plainfield.

In Elizabethtown, 6th inst. Lusetta, widow of the late Uzal Reeve, aged 49 years.

In Wes field, 19th ult. Adeline, aged 3 months —on the 25th. Susan Frances, aged 3 years, daughters of John T. Headley.

In Rahway Neck, on the 6th inst. Wm. M. Martin, aged about 56 years.

In Piscataway, 26th ult. Sarah, widow of Phinias King, in her 85th year.

At Rahway, 5th inst. Thomas Lee, in the 95th year of his age. He was one of the Revolutionary patriots of New Jersey having been engaged in the battles of Long Island, and of Monmouth, and also in most of the actions on the line during the revolutionary struggle. During his long life he has sustained a high character for probity and good citizenship, and goes down to the grave, bearing with him the respect and veneration of the community.

At Rahway, May 19th, Mr. James Frazee, in his 70th year.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Essex Common Pleas.

Henry J. Beers and Peter L. Bogert vs. William Randoll.

Fi. Fa. de Bonis et Terris.

By Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed I shall expose for sale at *Public Vendue* at the house of Henry J. Detmery at Stouch Plains on the 6th day of July next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant of, in and to the Real Estate whereof he died seized, and also on a Lot of Land and premises purchased of Jonathan Osborn jr. and wife, and Alex. Wilson and wife, situate at Scotch Plains in the township of Westfield in the county of Union and State of New Jersey, be the same more or less.

WILLIAM FRAME, Sheriff.

May 1, 1847.—23:4w

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that DUNN & ATREE, of the township of Plainfield, hath this day made an Assignment to the subscriber of their estate for the equal benefit of their creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims under oath or affirmation, within the term of three months.

JAMES C ATREE, Assignee.

Plainfield, June 14th, 1847.—3w*

BUSH BEANS, and Peas, by the quart, for sale by M. P. CUSHING.

May 18, 1847.

JUST OPENED, 9 Pieces Mou seline de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap. D. BULLMAN.

Sept. 29, 1845.

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are informed that *Dr. E. C. ARMS* will be at Laing's Hotel on Thursday, the 10th of June, for one day only.—This will be a very desirable opportunity for those who desire Artificial Teeth set on Gold Plates, to have their mouths prepared by the removal of diseased roots which are an injury to health and cause an unpleasant breath: *This Operation will be Performed Gratuitously.*

Dr. A. will be prepared to perform other operations if desired.

☞ Those who wish operations are requested to call early in the day.

The Maried Woman's Private Medical Companion.

By Dr. A. M. Mauricean,

Professor of Diseases of Women.

[Third Edition. 18mo. pp 250. Price $1 00.]

25,000 *Copeis sold in Three Months ! !*

The great demand for this most important work, (of which 25,000 copies were sold) bids fair to equal the issue of another edition. It is intended especially for the married, as it discloses important secrets; which should be known to them particularly. Here every female can find a description of her complaint, and the most efficient remedies and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

Married females will here learn the art whereby they may retain their beauty, vigor, beauty, delicacy of form, buoyancy of spirits to an advanced age, instead of being afflicted, as thousands and thousands are, into whose hands this book has not yet fallen.

It is an important question to the married why it is that we behold so many married ladies sickly, debilitated, and prostrated ? as also the causes; and whether they are susceptible of remedy. The work has been find those important matters, connected with discoveries in medical and physiological science, which meet this question.

This work is destined to be in the hands of every wife and mother who has a regard for her own health and welfare, as well as that of her husband.

Many certificates contained in the pages have already proved a blessing to thousands, as the following extracts (and there are innumerable ones of similar import) will attest.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dayton, Ohio.

"Dayton, May 1st, '47.

" Dr. A. M. Mauricean.

"My Dear Sir.— The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion, for which I enclosed one dollar to your address, came safely to hand. I would not have troubled you with these few lines, but that I am impelled by a sense of gratitude, for myself and wife, to give utterance to our sincere and heartfelt emotions.

"My wife has been perceptibly sinking for some 3 years or more in consequence of her great anguish and suffering some months before and during confinement, every succeeding one, more and more debilitated and prostrated her, putting her life in imminent danger; and which was, on the last occasion despaired of. I supposed that there was no hope for her, and resigned myself to meet the worst. At this time, (now about two months,) I heard your book highly spoken of, as containing the matters touching my case. On its receipt and perusal, I cannot express to you the relief it afforded my distressed mind, and the joy its pages imparted to my wife, on learning that the great difficulty in her case was explained, and a remedy proposed a prospect to me which I little conceived was possible. No pecuniary consideration can ever repay the obligations I am under to you, for having been the means of imparting to us the matters set forth in the Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.' But for this, ere another year would have passed over my head, I should, in all probability, have been doomed to been in her grave, and my children left motherless."

From a Physician.

"Rome, N. Y. April 18th, 1847.

Dear Sir: I received your work on the 10th, and it is truly entitled to be called the *'Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.'* I unhesitatingly say that it should be in the hands of every medical man, on account of its many valuable communications. Cases which "broken or inflamed breasts' are impossible of occurrence. In view, therefore, that there are thousands thus afflicted at every confinement, it is invaluable not only to every physician, but to every female.

In regard to the great discovery of M. M. Desomeaux mentioned in your work, I have known many within the sphere of my own immediate practice, whose health would have been preserved, and many others whose lives would have been preserved had they known and availed themselves of it, although, of course, it may be sometimes, of perversion, as indeed ever are our greatest blessings.

Letters are daily received of this character unnecessary to present.

To the married or unmarried, but contemplating marriage, or perhaps, hesitating as to the propriety of incurring the responsibilities attendant upon it, the importance of being possessed of the revelations contained in these pages, as intimately involving their future happiness, cannot be appreciated.

It is of course impossible to convey more fully, in a public journal, the various subjects that are treated of in this work, or the various subjects that a female, as a mother, or a sister may be subject, can be obviated.

Copies will be sent by Mail free of Postage.

Over 10,000 copies have been sent by mail within 3 months, with perfect safety and certainty. In no instance has a remittance failed to reach the publisher, or the book not come to hand where it has been sent.

On the receipt of $1 the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent free of postage as a payment of the United States. A letter must be addressed (post paid) to Dr. A. M. Mauricean, Box 1224, New York city. Publishing Office 129 Liberty street, New York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by booksellers in New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Boston, Mass., Columbus, O., Albany, Buffalo, St. Louis, Charleston, New Orleans, and in every principal city in the United States. Also in Philadelphia, Zeiber & Co.—New York, Burgess & Stringer. All letters, however, must be addressed as above.

N. B. The trade supplied on the usual terms.

New York, June 14, 1847.—23:13w

Portrait Painting

THE Subscriber from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield, that he has taken the room over the Tin store of J. M. C. Smith, where some specimens of his Painting can be seen. He would particularly call the attention of the Ladies to having plain but faithful likeness. No some of his Ten Dollar Portraits.

As his stay will be limited, early application will be necessary to ensure his services.

W. T. BLACK.

Plainfield, June 8, 1847.—tf

WOOL CARDING

DONE at the Plainfield Factory at 6 cents per lb Cash. The Subscriber returns thanks to the public for the patronage heretofore received, and solicits a continuance of the same. All wool left at the Store of Titsworth, Dunn & Co. Plainfield, or at the Store of A. C. Mollison, Bound Brook, will be returned to the owners places when Carded.

Also, Wool carded and spun into Stocking Yarn, Carpet Yarn, or for bed Blankets, Cloth, &c., at the following prices,

Stocking Yarn double-twisted and reeled, 2s. per lb

Yarn for Blankets or Carpets, 1s 3d. per lb.

Yarn for Cloth, Warp and Filling, 1s. 6d. per lb.

Also, HAT BODIES of all qualities made of Wool Furnished or Manufactured to Order.

May 25, 1847.—6m. THOS. STEAD.

For Sale,

THE House and Lot in the village of Plainfield, now occupied by the Plainfield Bank. It is situated on Main street, and commands a delightful view of the top of the Somerville Rail Road Car, upon which trains are running 20 times a day from New York three times a day.—New House will be sold upon the road in a few weeks, which will be 3 miles from Plainfield, and 20 minutes by rail road. The House is large, substantial and roomy, and the grounds are in fine order. There is also a very excellent variety of fruit and ornamental trees, a large barn, out houses, &c., &c. There are 6 acres of land attached, 3 or 4 of which are covered by a beautiful pond of pure spring water, the banks of which are shaded by a handsome growth of trees.

The village of Plainfield is one of the most beautiful in New Jersey—lying in a fertile valley at the foot of a picturesque range of mountains.

Also, for sale the carpenter's tools and Lot, adjoining the above, which is also a very desirable property.

If the above property is not previously sold at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on the premises on Tuesday, the 25th day of May inst. at 12 o'clock, M.

For terms, &c. apply to L. B. WOODRUFF, Esq. 66 Cedar st. N. Y.; DANIEL DODD, Jr. 293 Broadway, Newark, or to JOEL DUNN at Plainfield.

On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank, a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Table or Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

☞ The Sale of the above property stands adjourned to WEDNESDAY, June 16th, at the same hour and place.

May 25, 1847.—3w

THE FAIREST TESTIMONY OR RECORD.

☞ 15,000 Ladies in the City of New York.

10,000	"	"	Brooklyn.
9,400	"	"	Albany.
7,500	"	"	Troy.

150,000 in other towns and villages in this State, making in all 191,900 ladies, beside a very large majority of the gentlemen population who are free advocates and very high patrons of that very excellent Toilet Emolient,

RADWAY'S CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

Why is Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap preferred to all other soaps, either for Toilet or Medical purposes.

Because, it is truly a medicated preparation. Its medicinal properties are selected from the most rare and choice extracts of the whole vegetable medica. For action on the skin and secretory vessels is entirely different to all other soaps. It opens the pores of the skin, clean ses from them all natural secretions & impurities which prevents the free escape of the impurities of the fluids. Thus keeping the cuticle in a healthy condition, and preventing the skin from becoming parched, dry or disfigured with Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, &c.

For the Toilet it is superior to all imported soaps, being entirely free from all poisonous substances, such as caustic, muriatic acids, bismuth which tends to irritate the skin—and instead of eradicating the diseases from the system, drives them (the disease) in the skin. It also offers a silent preventive to all medica. for action on the surface in a much worse condition than before. What advantage is it then to use the genuine "*Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap?*" in preference to all others which is cheaper, better and gives better satisfaction than any other article of the kind in the market. It never fails in removing all cacrescences, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ring Worm, &c. &c. &c. It acts as a dispersive, heals and soothes the skin, and adds beauty to the complexion of all who use it.

Sold at 12 1 2 cents a cake, in Plainfield by

May 11, 1847. M. P. CUSHING.

See Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale low by D. BULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

THE Extremities of our nation is well nigh become the prey of the diseases of impure blood. It is imperatively to resort to those well-defined and simple preparations, which being prepared from

Native Productions,

BY

NATIVE HANDS,

have produced the only actual cures ever made in those remarkably deadly diseases

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA,

Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Coughs,

Colds, Bronchitis,

and all Pulmonary Complaints.

The particular and wonderful success of

The Great Chief Brant's

INDIAN REMEDIES,

has raised a host of captious enemies, but their assaults we trust fall as harmless now as ever, and we sell with

HARMLESS SYMPATHY,

upon every sufferer to lay aside all prejudice and obtain these preparations and by actual trial prove convincingly the

Extraordinary Medicinal

POWER AND EFFECT

so urgently claimed for them. Numerous certificates written with intense and thrilling interest by the repentant parties, are published with attestations of references of the highest respectability, and may be had of the agents WITH UT CHARGE.

BRANT'S

INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

Is prepared expressly for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Breast, Side or Back, and all Pulmonary Complaints, and

BRANT'S

INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

Is the Chief's Great Purifier of the Blood, and never has failed to cure

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcerated and Nursing Sore Mouth, Piles, Ulcers, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, and all

Eruptive and Skin Diseases,

and by its extraordinary power in regulating and equalizing the circulation,

DYSPEPSIA, PILES AND COSTIVENESS.

Prepared by JEFFREY C. WALLACE, Proprietor.

JOHN A CLUSSMAN, General Agent. Office 66 Cedar st. New York, who has appointed as Agents,

Webster and Martell, Plainfield,

Joseph Rose, Boundbrook,

Barkelow & Hardcastle, Somerville.

May 25, 1847.—3w

Great Attraction!!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO

(Successors to JASON H. BOCKOVER.)

No. 218 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:—

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 2s.

10 cases De Laine at 7d. worth 1s 9d and 2s.

5 do. do. at 1s. 3d. worth 2s. and 2s. 6d.

5 do. do. at 1s. 6d. worth 3s.

Also 3 cases very rich California Plaids from 2s. to 4s.

3 cases French Ginghams 1s. 6d. worth 2s. 6d.

10 cases English Long Cloth 4s. worth 1s 4d & 1s 6d

30 cases Prints, good patterns, from 4d. per yard upwards.

50 pieces Kentucky Jeans, from 1s 6d per yd. upwards.

100 pieces Plaid Alpaccas at 12c. worth 3s 6d.

5 cases Perkins Organdi Muslins only 1s. sold last year at 2s.

3 cases English Prints, former price 2s at only 1s. 8 3d

100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers' prices.

Heaps and stacks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 5d per yard upwards.

50 dozen best quality French Kid Gloves at 3s. 6d—worth 5s.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all of Linen, only 6d

Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair

50 Cartons Spring Shawls from $1 to $50.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 75c upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care; and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, and are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3m

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the most severe cases of the different Disease above named,—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort at once to the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Sing Sing, July 26, 1845.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For more than half a century I have suffered by Rheumatism in the Shoulder. A few months since, in consequence of that disease which sticks closer than a brother, I fell and injured my side, inducing my applying Hunt's Liniment, from which I had immediate relief; subsequently feeling the old complaint coming on, I applied it to the part affected, which at once removed it. As a law compels all ship-masters to carry a medicine chest whilst on sea, I deem it should go without this, as I think one bottle for external purposes worth all the medicine they can carry. You may use this communication at your pleasure.

Very respectfully yours,

EDMUND M. BLUNT.

A gentleman of high standing in the Society of Friends, speaks as follows of the great remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

Newcastle, 11th Month 1st, 1844.

George E. Stanton:

Esteemed Friend:—Thy letter of the 28th ultimo is received. In reply I would say, that I have been troubled with a lame knee for about 20 years, during which time it has distressed me much. I procured a bottle of Hunt's Liniment at thy store, early last spring and I have used it freely, and I can say that since that time I have had little or no trouble with my knee. A friend, to whom I sent a bottle, informs me that it was a great benefit to her in a rheumatic affection. I have no hesitation in recommending it to the afflicted as being an external remedy.

JACOB GRIFFEN.

Bedford, Sept. 4, 1845.

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Sir—Sometime since I overheated myself in working, and in a short time my calf broke out in pimples, which by scratching soon became fever sores of the worst description. The irritation and swelling was so great that I could not bear my clothes. I used but one bottle of your Liniment, and I am now entirely well. I was also affected by a swelling in the groin from the same cause, and by the application of the Liniment relieved me at once, and I most cordially recommend it to the public as an invaluable remedy.

RICHARD MOSHER.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142. Walnut Street.

RUSHTON & CO. 110 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL & CO 98 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. P. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newmark,—Van Buskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Quintytown—J. N. Crawford.

Middlesville,—N. H. Brown.

Springfield—Miller & Stone, S. Stone, W. S. Cooper

Union—Edwin Donnelly, James W. Wade.

Elizabethtown—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Rainor, James Craig.

Rahway—D. G. Bibley, S. D. Burnett, A. C. Wilson.

Westfield—Chester Clark, W. H. Pierson.

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Millville, James Stewart

Clinton—W. G. Smith

South Orange—J. L. Freeman

Orange—Day & Bailey

Bellville—Jacob Jerome & Son

Bloomfield—Frazee, Farnes & Cougar, Crane, Sanford & Wilde

C. D. Harrison,—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1846. ly

Blank Books.

OF all sizes, and of good paper, at 3s. a quire—A good Assortment for sale, for cash, by

May 25, 1847. M. P. CUSHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and intends to keep a general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES*, consisting of—

Gents' Fine Calf Boots.—Do. double sole do.
Do. Pegg and Sewed Boots
Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers.
Boy's Boots and shoes. Fine & coarse.
Ladies' Morocco, Kid, Goat & Gaiters.
Misses' Morocco, kid and double soles
Black and colored Gaiter Buskins.
Misses and children's black and colored Morocco shoes
—Polish and Bitten Gaiters.
Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.

All of which will be sold cheaper for cash than can be bought at any similar establishment in the place.

GEORGE S. UNCON.
April 29, 1847.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of
WEBSTER & MARSH.
April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks, very rich, also black.
Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.
Barege Shawls, striped and plaid.
Ginghams, a good assortment.
Prints, Merrimack, Hamilton, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed.
Dimpers, linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
1 Bale Carpet Warp, best quality,
Nankeens, Gambroons and Cotonnades,
Lucka Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, a good assortment,
Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c., a large assortment,
Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Edgings, and other fine drawer goods,
Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.

Window Shades—a lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, over on hand and For Sale
Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot, of all sizes
Chies, Glass, Britannia, Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Nest Shades,
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.
April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on *Main street*, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars; where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to
I. NEWNING,
D. LENOX.
April 6, 1847.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink. Also Blank Promissory Notes for Sale according to the Laws of this State, Just Received by
April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including large and illustrated editions,—Baxter's Call—Protestant Annual—Methodist Hymns, &c. for sale by
May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullen Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others who need Feathers, that he has just received a Large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell Low for Cash*.
Plainfield, March 8, 1847. D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

3 *CASES* more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpet enough of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographs,
Perforated Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes, &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by
May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Seabury's Oleaginous, **OPODELDOC.**

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains, As a
HORSE LINIMENT,
It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M F. CUSHING.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

1 BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality for Sale cheap by D BULLMAN.
May 7, 1846.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of those recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Balzarines, Lawns, and Barages,
Graduating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, blue silk and white do
Mull Muslins, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured,
Cashmeres and Paris Reppe, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warp do.
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Earlston Ginghams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide,
Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bombs,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
Americas, French and English Prints in great variety,
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 5c. 6d. to 9s. 9d.
Sheeting and shirting, Bleaching and Undewriters
Shawls, Balzarine, M'de Laine, Broche, and Merino
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and tasteful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do,
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Handkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas and Long shawls, [for purse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings, tassels, &c
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

Also a Fresh Supply of
Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Velvet and Cord,
Satinets of every variety, also Denvertines & kersey,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits.
Washington Steipes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles, including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, and irons, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

—ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.
April 13, 1847.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHERIAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by
May 18, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness The first application removes the hair entirely, and after that time it never can be seen as it is of a very tering hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any hair upon the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
May 13, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, *Pleurisy, &c.* for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
Hathaway's Arabian Balsam,
Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor,
Hay's Liniment for the Piles,
Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lieseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, Silks, &c. without injury.
East India Hair Dye—Godley's Cordial—Essences,
Indellible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1,00 —Expectorant, 1,00—Alterative, 1,00—American Hair Dye,—Sanative—Carminitive Balsam, 25—Sanative Pills, 25—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.

Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster, Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes,
Journal of the Mouth Paste, 25.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7, Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings

Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the late style of beautiful Rural and Landscape scenes, a most desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Trimmings at the manufacturers prices. Signs, Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.*

BARTOL & ORMSBEE.
Manufacturers and Importers.
New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the Real Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by
March 31, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S
July 7, 1845.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup,
Vegetable Antibilious Pills,
Tonic Pills; and
Healing Salve,
For Sale at the Printing Office.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!

New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and he hopes that the same liberal patronage he possesses will be extended to him in the city west week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, De Laines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, Americas, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk, cravats, *gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of* all kinds; thread and muslin edgings; Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric, linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, corsets, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bindits. ladies' col'd and white skirts.

Shawls, Balzarine, Merino stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimere, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, batze padding, canvas, wiggin, wadding, cotton bats, Hats and caps, and ladies dress trimmings, &c. &c.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, broke down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or unburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole, spices, mackerel, soap, candles, starch, pickles, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar butter and common crackers—Saleratus, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, white wash lime and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, playing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pan and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, padlocks, door latches, files, sparables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, plates, scissors, carry combs, horse cards, steel traps, rifles, wire, nails from 4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise.—A few Cost. Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mill, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, I set new double harness, I set new brass-mounted single harness, and a quantity of second hand harness, buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N. J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a Good and General Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c. will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.

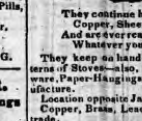
TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.
April 28, 1847.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts*,
Just Opened by
June 14, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, Sand cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*



GIBBS & DUTCHER, thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that they

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in mending
Whatever you choose to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.
Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.
Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.
Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES,

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
15 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Cotton, Spool and Ball Cotton, Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Stay Bindings, Hooks and Eyes, Tuthobles, &c. &c.
May 26, 1846.—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive,—for Bowel Complaint.

Also Steelling's Worm Medicine.—*All just received* and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WEIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

THE preceding figures given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body.—It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist appears on the internal parts of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scriptures is, in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it must be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is sluggish, or infected is to open the pores, and relieve itself from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. Therefore see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thomsonian for instance, blames the Hydropathists around him, and the Homeopathist declares that infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills. Why? Wishing to restore the Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock ascertained that five-eighths of all we receive into the stomach, passed off by the pores in other words, that we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. This is the only way sustaining life, when system five eighths of all the virulant matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

Now what can be more easy and natural, than of course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, after they are closed.—Would you give physic to UNSTOP the pores? Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know of no physician who makes any external application to effect it. Under these circumstances we are compelled to resort to physicians and Mc'Allister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the usual ground old sores, upon the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach.

It is rightly termed a Family Medicine, for there is scarcely a disease asserted, to internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and impossibility, and found relief in every case on and man, that not one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest rank and multitudes of the poor to testify to its worth in every way, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying "Mc'Alister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told it is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I have Persons coming a thousand miles yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 13 years standing and who had it regularly every week, as the Vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or back, falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, *Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint* Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchits Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chest diseases, such as Asthma, Oppression, Pains, also Sore Lips, Chapped hands, Tumors, Felons, Whitlows, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world?

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Surface.—Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face is free from any matter whatever. It may be lodged under the skin frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and continues until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly they would be slow to resort to them—Especially "Worm Spirits, Pills, &c. The truth is no one can tell invariably, when worms will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every vestage of them away.

There is probably no medicine in the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the exculsion of worms.

OLD SORES.—That some sores are an outlet to the impurities of the system is because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up the impurities must have some outlet—trouble, or it will endanger life. This will always provide an such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM.—It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling when the pain of course ceases.

SCALD HEAD.—We have cured cases that actually defied every thing known as well as the ability of fifteen or twenty doctors. *One man sold us he had* spent five hundred dollars on his children without the benefit when a few boxes of the Ointment cured them.

CORNS—Occasional use of the Ointment will always keep Corns from growing. You need never be troubled with them if they will use it.

As a Family Medicine no one can measure its value. So long as the stars roll over the Heavens—so long as man treads the earth subject to all infirmities of life, so long will this Salve be in demand. So long as so long will this good Ointment be used and esteemed. When man ceases from off the earth, then the disease will cease and not till then.

JAMES McALPISTER & CO.

Price 25 cents.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. is WRITTEN with a PEN upon every label.

Now we hereby offer a reward of $100 to be paid on conviction in any of the counterfeiters of the United States of an individual counterfeiting our name and Ointment.

Agents for Plainfield,
M. F. CUSHING, and PIATT DRAKE.

The Village School,

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street nearly opposite to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been accepted, that comfortable, a render it commodious; therefore we fully believe that it will vie with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLEN.

Our mode of instruction is decidedly systematic and thorough. We endeavor to discipline the mind and to prepare it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. The motto is, "if anything is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tables, $3,00.

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $3,50.

If, English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and A rithmetic are included with those that have been mentioned, $3,00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Geography, and Natural Philosophy, $5,00.

Surveying and Mathematics, $6,00; we positively assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth to two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (this self taught) with skill in Arithmetic.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4,00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every quarter.

Exhibitions at the expiration of every 3rd quarter.

Be it understood, that there is no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1845.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET ALL THE WORLD TAKE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open all the natural drains of the system—viz: the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine, and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is *at once proved to be groundless.*

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label an engraved Indian figure, crossed with fine red print.

The genuine may also be bought with safety at Dr. Quion's, corner of Bowery and Grand street and Mrs. Hayes, 71 Myrtle-Street, Brooklyn, and at respectable stores throughout the United States.

Feb. 17, 1845.—1

For Sale by M. F. CUSHING.

The long established

Plainfield Bakery and Confectionary,

JACKSON POUND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Plainfield and its vicinity that he continues the above business at his old stand—where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale, Large Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Soda Crackers, Milk Biscuit, Pilot Bread, Sugar Crackers, Candies of all kinds, &c. &c. at Wholesale and Retail, as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere, and many thanks for all custom.

Any person having any claims or demands against the subscriber, for blacksmithing, painting, shoes, hats, tailoring, waggoning, &c. before

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 24. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1847. Whole number 544.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.25; and if not paid till the close of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, $2.00, payable quarterly. To those who receive the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for them, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, (16 lines in a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without orders will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. S. LARMS will visit their village, professionally, at intervals, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—at his office in Newark, 180 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays—and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to regard their professional services, are to be so by leaving a note to him at Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper.

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitutions, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy remedy ever known for any of the above diseases.

Is Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very severe cough, pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I made trial of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers and by my friends, but all to no avail. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing, which were frequent, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of the Syrup, and through the blessing of the effect of your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and should be used in every family where consumption would put chase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it ing t be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

In 13th st. 2 doors from the corner of Willow.

Mr. Thomas's case above alluded to, was a very severe one, and his evidence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day, and they are a great variety, which profess to be of great value to the human family, we scarcely know of one which has gained a greater Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern science. Of all the many Compounds put forth for the cure of diseases which affect human nature, not one, we could so unreservedly recommend to the public, and has performed such unanimous cures, and been tested and received so unbounded confidence from the faculty and others, as this justly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many people are very apt to consider a cold but a trifling matter, and think it will go away of itself. In a few days, and they give themselves no trouble about it. But to such we would say, 'be careful of your colds,'—do not tamper with your constitutions. If you desire to live to a good old age, do such remedies as will effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has cured more Colds than any medicine offered for sale in this country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this valuable medicine, which the proprietor is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its sucsalive properties and the high rank it holds in public estimation.

The Public, the Medical Faculty, and thousands who have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all unite in pronouncing it one of the best remedies ever introduced for the cure of all PULMONARY AFFECTIONS.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of the wonderful efficacy of

AVALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a cold must be cured, to any result in all the horrors of Consumption. This fact obvious as unanimously appreciated the world of life, that the sufferer does not delay the application until it is too late to counteract its salient incasions, because the employment of the means requires the time which cannot always be spared from the pursuits of business. A remedy, which is accessible at all times, and at the same time possess with so beneficial effects, deserves well of the whose community. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, a regular physician, in his celebrated Compound of Wild Cherry Bitters. Many of the most eminent members of the faculty recommend the article for their patients, when so many people are suffering from colds and the disagreeable attendants. This valuable medicine may be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth st. & Race streets, and the popularity of the Doctor and his medicine is evidenced by the numerous agencies in all the cities, towns and principal villages in the United States.

The truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that there are no imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a preparation of even doubtful character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry. So undeniable are its merits, and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the practising physicians throughout the country have not only yielded to it them unparalleled fact) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have been from time to time palmed upon the public as genuine, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry

ALL LETTERS ADDRESSED to Dr. SWAYNE PHILA. PA. All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there is life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the winding-sheet and tomb.

But beware the base imposters who would desecrate this tree,

By their Paregoric cures and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buys the right to tamper with your health;

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth.

Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit, The 'Balsam of Wild Cherry!' Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite, to truth and justice cold Who'll barter o'er your latest breath to catch a gleam of gold;

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

Who'll tie you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black therich eme with Tar;

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's *Wild Cherry*, the original and best.

CAUTION. Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever offered to the public, in this or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came out, up sprung several others, such as Balsams, Candies, and even Syrups, trying to build on that already established, so that even persons might be deceived, (and great numbers have actually palmed off upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne.

Hath Consumption's doom been spoken!
Are thou spitting life away!
Is thy constitution broken,
Wasting darkness o'er thy day!
Tottering high o'er imitation.
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy through many a nation,
Even unto Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada

Jan. 29th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior, just received May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC,

OR UNIVERSAL

WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms at the same time of causing the intestinal canal from the mucus or slimy matter which forms their food, and which they cannot live. Aperients would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many spurious and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it ing t be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

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The truly astonishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption is a sufficient guarantee to the public that there are no imposed upon by a worthless nostrum, or a pre-

CONSUMPTION.

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER,

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES.

After every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by over-rating its virtues; on the contrary I shall simply refer to it as a brief statement of its usefulness and flatter myself that the surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption may and can BE CURED." If this medicine be resorted to in time,

There is, perhaps no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its con quest. No walk of life is spared from its blighting influence. None is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. Many a fond and patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose gr ood deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life a calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who vouch for the following certificates may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world on the strength of the following testimonials" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. It true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

" Wistar to fame"

he name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all of which have proved highly beneficial to them, and I thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician in Exeter Corner.

NO QUACKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended, during many cases of the most distressing character, in which it was tried, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeits and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S *BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the Written Signature of I. Butts. All others are Counterfeits.* Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington st. Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Condit, and Dr. Andrew Bunnell, Steve and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery. JOHN S. EDWARDS,

Agent for the township of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. 3d. per Yard.

Alpacca, Plaids, Checks, Cotton Flannels, &c. &c.

Call at PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

IRA PRUDEN.

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce.

Plainfield, June 30, 1845.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

From the New Yorker.

Growing Old.

Older, older, older growing!
Never ceasing—onward flowing
To the mists where wrecks are strewing
Life's great sea;
Where the sun is dimly beaming;
Where Earth's visions lose their seeming;
Where the dream of Youth must fade,
By the murky tide is swallowed
Mournfully.

On this dark and sluggish ocean,
Dead, yet trembling with emotion,
Dies the din of Life's commotion
Evermore.
Not a sound moves through the glooming,
Where dim shadows vast are looming,
Save anon some frail bark's bustle,
As the waves, with faintest rustle,
Close it o'er.

Here fond youth, with heart despairing,
Sees unearthly spectres staring,
From the hollow eye-pits glaring
Desolate;
And to fears his thoughts awaken,
And his spirit goes forsaken,
As he feels the power that ever
Bears him on the unyielding river,
To his fate.

Bright gay the rill goes leaping,
Through the sunny meadows creeping,
Where the nodding flowers are peeping
O'er its breast;
Onward—ever onward flowing;
Calmer, deeper, wider growing,
Till the river bears the billow
Sweeping by the mourning willow,
No'er at rest.

All the hopes, the joys, fruition,
Of long Man, his strength, ambition,
Are but as the vapory vision,
Known awhile;
Then to unknown cares are hurried,
In the misty Ocean buried,
Thus ends all his hopeful dreaming,
Which to him is given, seeming
To beguile.

We are daily growing older,
Weaker, sadder, paler, colder;
Soon these perfect limbs will moulder
'Neath the sod.
Chilly thoughts will get her o'er us,
Viewing our cold form before us,
So unlike it, once so sprightly!
Let it rest; 'tis freed from toil.

Oh why should it ever grieve us
That the grave will soon receive us!
Will it not for aye relieve us
From our foes?
If the Poor we've ne'er forsaken,
And to Truth true we've woken;
Like a weary bark at even,
We shall find a quiet haven,
Of repose.

From the Cincinnati News.

Early Times in Indiana.

Said Major Oudesley as he casually dropped in on us yesterday morning, and commenced making away in his usual quiet, chatty and peculiar manner.

"I'm sick and tired of this artificial way of doing things in these latter days."

"Why so Major?"

"There is an infernal sight too much parade about every thing that is going on."

"I was at a wedding last night—the daughter of one of my most esteemed friend was to be married, and I was so urgently invited, that I could not help going; there was so much fuss and parade that I was perfectly disgusted. I couldn't help comparing the proceedings where a couple was married in Lawrenceburg many years ago when Indiana formed a part of the great North Western Territory. At that time the settlement of emigrants was mostly confined to the rich bottom lands of the water courses. Lawrenceburg was then a small village with a few log cabins. My father was acting magistrate for the district and very promptly attended to all the various duties of that office, in addition to which he was in the habit of doing a good deal of manual labor on his own block."

"That was when you wasn't big enough to do much, Major?"

"Exactly, I was new headed brat of some 8 or 10 years old, when the incident I am about to relate occurred, but I remember all the particulars as well as though it occurred but yesterday. You see it was about dinner time one day in the fall of the year, when the cold man being engaged in laying in a supply of wood for the winter—drove up his ox team with a pretty solid load of fuel.

Just then a young and unsophisticated couple entered the village, hand in hand, inquired for the Squire, and were duly directed to the house. The youth was barefoot and wore a coarse but clean new shirt and pants, and a rough straw hat of home manufacture. His fair companion was dressed in blue striped cotton frock, pink cotton apron, fine bonnet, and coarse brogan shoes without stockings.

These were their wedding dresses, and their severe simplicity, and the thorough independence they manifested made an impression upon my mind that will never be effaced.

"You are going to be married," said the young man to the old lady my mother, who was properly busy among pots and kettles.

"That's a very good business," said the old lady smiling graciously, though you appear rather young, but then she's the better to bring up, he'll splice you in less than no time," so out she bolted, to give that important functionary due notice of the business in hand.

"I can't stop till I unload this wood," said the old man, 'tell them to come here.'

And out they came—the old man was on the top of the cart, and every time he threw off a stick he asked a question. Before he was fairly unloaded he had the youth's whole story, having ascertained the names, ages, residence of the parties, how long he had known the young woman, if he really loved her, and was willing to labor honestly to promote her happiness, &c. The youngster gave ample and satisfactory answers to all the questions propounded.

In the meantime, the old lady perfectly understanding Dad's way of doing things had sent me out to say to the people that there was a wedding coming off at the house and by the time the wood was unloaded, quite a crowd had collected to witness the ceremony.

The old fellow having pitched out his last stick, and picked up his long goad, stood up in the cart and commenced the performance.

"Just jine hands," said he to the young couple; it was done accordingly.

"I'm satisfied with both of ye," continued he, "you've a perfect right to get married," and he united them in short order.

"As the rafters on this house are joined together, so I jine you—you are now man and wife—salute your bride. I don't charge anything for the operation. Whoa haw, Buck, get along, Bright,"—and with an eloquent flourish of his long stick, he started his load of wood leaving the newly wedded pair amid the whilst gave kissing each other with very distinct and and peculiar evidence of satisfaction.

"That was a wedding worth having," said Major Oudesley; "I know the couple afterwards, and know them yet, for they are both living in a high state of prosperity. And I know their children after them too, and mighty fine children they are, for one of them is at this very time, Governor of the State of Indiana.

A Juvenile Whaler.—The Monthly Rose tells the following very good story of a young whaler in Nantucket. No wonder the hardy seamen of that island can handle the harpoon with such singular dexterity, when they begin so early in life:

"Passing through Nantucket, last summer, we stopped at an out of the-way house for a glass of water. As we approached the half-open door, we beheld the following scene, which excited our risibility at the time, to be considered a breach of decorum.

An urchin, some six years old, had fastened a fork to the end of a ball of yarn which his mother was holding, which he very dexterously aimed at an old black cat quietly dozing in a corner. Puss no sooner felt the sharp prick of the fork, than she darted off in a jiffy, while the experimenter sung out in high glee, "Pay out, mother, pay out; there she goes through the window!"

Correspondence of the Newark Daily Advertiser.

Carlisle, (England,) May, 1847.

The condition of Ireland continues to be most pitiable indeed. The high death rate is not so no now as a few months ago, kept down as it is by the charities of the whole civilized world, yet it has given birth to a fearful issue of disease not so easily managed. Every work-house in that unhappy country is literally packed with wretched skeletons, burning with fever, contaminating the air by their numbers, and the making death so sure and by the very means taken for safety. So numerous are the deaths in these abodes of infection, that it was seriously discussed recently by the board of guardians of a parish whether to bury the paupers without coffins! And although the proposition was rejected, it tells in a striking manner what an unparalleled state Ireland has reached. Indeed, the coffins generally used for the poor are said to be mere shells, so hastily put together as to be scarcely able to hold their contents. In such cases the naked and wretched manner are the bodies often placed in the ground, that the grave yards frequently present the most horrid spectacles. Dogs, no longer fed as usual by the living, gather together in these houses of the dead, and digging up these scarcely covered corpses, gorge themselves on putrid human flesh!

The pestilence is not confined to the poor. It is rapidly making its way through all classes of society, and has even reached the shores of England. The fever already at Liverpool are at this moment crowded with diseased paupers from Ireland, and unless great circumspection be used by public authorities, they will prove radiating points of contagion to England itself.

Such an example of utter national paralysis as Ireland now presents has never before been witnessed in Christendom. The question naturally arises here, as whose fault must this be laid? Much no doubt is due to Irish landlords. Possessed of estates so burdened with debt as to be little better than nominal, yet unable, if they wished, to sell those estates or any part of them, so as to get rid of an encumbrance, and at the same time place the land in the hands of men having the necessary capital to improve it; forced by the usages of an aristocratic state of society to keep up domestic establishments much beyond their real means, and led by the same usages to spend their private incomes in the midst of poverty around them, instead, as in other countries, of living on a neighboring island, thus leaving their affairs in the hands of mercenary agents and draining their own country to enrich another; these and these circumstances they have had to a great

a system of exaction and oppression, destructive to the welfare of the people. But the brunt of the blame is in another quarter—in the conduct of the English government towards Ireland. This has ever been characterized by supreme selfishness. Its bitter fruits are now visible. By constant restrictions on Irish commerce and manufactures, a people the most prolific on the earth, within the contracted limits of an island, less in extent than the state of New York, have been driven for support mostly to agriculture. The necessary consequence has been a constant and clamorous competition for land, raising its value unnaturally high, and thus giving a dangerous license to beggared or rapacious landlords. *Individuals are frequently known to take land at a rent which they know it impossible to pay*; yet they have no alternative except in starvation.—With a bit of land they can eke out a sort of *living till rent day comes*, and then they trust to the tender mercy of their landlord hoping, if he be humane, to obtain some modification of their *agreement, or prepared, if he be otherwise*, to suffer distraint of the produce, or perhaps ejectment.

There has arisen also a system of under letting—those farming a number of acres letting small patches to others. Thus much of the land is divided into very small portions, the possessors of which, wishing to produce a crop which will go farthest in the support of their families, have universally had recourse to potatoes; not a together from a partiality to this vegetable, as is generally supposed, but because it will support a family on a less portion of land than any thing else. For instance, if 3 or 4 acres in wheat or oats feed a certain family, one of two in potatoes *will feed the same family. This is the reason* why the poor Irish have lived on potatoes. Not having manufactures to absorb their labor, their only resort is to the land, and obtaining this in only small quantities, at an exorbitant rent, they have been forced to make the most of it by subsisting on a precarious article of food. So they lived till their only dependence was blasted, and then appeared the wretchedness of their expedient. The prophecy of Cobbett, that a people depending on potatoes would eventually come to starvation, is fearfully fulfilled; yet how the catastrophe could have been averted by the miserable sufferers, circumstanced, as they were, is difficult to see. The blame lies alone with those who by selfish legislation brought on such a state of things. Let the English government then remedy the gigantic evil created by itself. No temporary measure or measures will be sufficient. They must go to the root of suffering, but they not touch the seat of the disease. The soil must be freed from its trammels, manufactures and *commerce receive the same encouragement as in England*, education must be diffused among the people, and Irishmen have the same political rights as Englishmen, before Ireland will seat aside her rags, and look up without begging.

But what has the wisdom of British legislators devised to meet the case? It has voted millions *for the relief of present distress*, it proposes millions more to lend to Irish landlords for the improvement of their estates, and to Irish railway companies for continuing their works; but what in the name of common sense will all this do for the permanent good of the laboring poor? Does it not leave them as much as ever to depend on the produce of a paltry patch of land and the mercy of the absentee landlord? The only permanent measure yet introduced into Parliament is one called the 'Irish Poor Law Bill,' which makes Irish property support Irish paupers, instead of shipping them to the shores of England and Scotland, or letting them starve at home, but this is in a fair way of being so completely crippled by the "amendments" of Irish landholders as to be rendered almost ineffective.

The true interest of the poor Irish in this state of things seems least understood by themselves—that is to leave such a miserable country as soon as possible. Meeting a short time since an Irishman just from the sod, I asked him what the people of Ireland were doing. *He replied* that those who could, were going to America, and those who could not, were coming to England. One would suppose the latter part of his answer literally true, as the droves of half-clad, starved looking objects that crowd the roads of this country. As regards the emigrants to America, they are, I believe, generally of a higher class than usual, persons of respectability, having a little capital which they see no prospect of retaining except by gaining a more favored land; and I anxiously hope that Americans will not lose their wide spread character as human benefactors, by turning the cold shoulder to such.—*May* America never tarnish her glory by flinging from her the supplicating refugees from oppression. Yours, &c. *Rangi-hau.*

A Great Iron Casting.—One of the "bed plates" for the engines of the steamship United States, one of four giant steamers for Charles H. Marshall's line between New Orleans and Liverpool, was cast on Saturday at the large establishment of Secor & Co. It is the largest yet cast in America, measuring 7 feet by 8, and weighing about 17 tons. 29 tons of iron were melted for the casting, and the operation employed more than 60 men, with 3 furnaces more than 3 hours.

The United States will be somewhat larger than the Washington, and her engines will cost $38,000. They will be of 1000 horse power each. She will be ready by Oct. 1st.

From 40 to 60 Miles an Hour!—On the occasion of the opening of the Birkenhead Docks, at Liverpool, a train of 7 large cars left London at 8 o'clock in the morning, and reached Liverpool, a distance of 212 miles, at 12 o'clock, M. There was some delay owing to the heated state of the gearing, but the speed attained for the whole distance was exactly 40 miles an hour; including stoppages 35 miles per hour. One mile was run at the rate of 61 miles per hour. The train left Liverpool on its return at 24 minutes past 6 P. M. and arrived at London at 18 minutes past 12, thus making the round trip—424 miles—in 11 hours 54 minutes.

The collections of the United States in favor of Ireland, amount thus far, it is estimated, to more than $100,000.

Pittsburgh, with its adjacent towns, has a population of some 70,000. With a the space of 4 miles square, the population is estimated at not less than 100,000. This population, *every man of it, is a working population*—the place is in constant stir of industry and activity. As an evidence of the resources of Pittsburgh, and the energy of her people, it is stated that the great fire which destroyed property to the value of $5,000,000, caused not a single failure in any mercantile house of standing; and the rapidity with which the burnt district has been rebuilt shows the vigorous spirit of the enterprise of Pittsburgh, not less than the superior style of the new edifices.

The cheapness of coal at Pittsburg—the whole *country around for miles, in every direction*, being one vast coal bed—enables her to drive an immense amount of steam machinery for manufacturing purposes. There was worked up last year at Pittsburg an aggregate of 60,000 tons of pig metal, and it is estimated that 75,000 tons will be used this year. There are between 300 and 4 0 engines in daily operation in the manufacturing business, consuming daily 75,000 to 100,000 bushels of coal. Capital employed in the *iron manufacture*, $12,000,000—cotton, 1,500,000—glass 1,000,000—white lead 1,000,000.

Our Country.—This is a glorious country, possessing every element of prosperity and greatness. Its vast extent of territory, its immense resources, its commercial advantages, together with the character and intelligence of its people, combine to render the United States the greatest nation on the earth. But the most populous and powerful empires have fallen, and the fruitful earth has been drenched with the blood of revolutions, *civil and domestic*, as well as foreign invasions. When we feel most secure there is often the most danger, mankind being ever prone to exult in their superiority, individually and nationally. The North is great, the South is great, the East and West are great, Oregon and Texas are great; yet many of our people *are crazy for the acquisition of more territory*. Canada and Mexico would not satisfy them.

Conflicting interests and sectional prejudices grow stronger and stronger every year. And, at this time the strife between the North and South grows more and more animated—a Southern President promotes Southern interests, and a Northern President Northern interests.

Our right to the woole of Oregon was declared "clear and unquestionable" by the highest officer of the government, until the annexation of Texas was secured, when Oregon was no longer a Southern measure. The South are willing to take a share into United distracted Mexico with scarcely an inhabitant whose principles, tastes, and feelings are congenial with our own. *What will all this lead to?* What has it led to but the most bloody war of modern times with a fair prospect of demoralizing a large number of our people.

We go for the good of our common country, for the utmost development of its almost unlimited resources, for the encouragement of agriculture, commerce, manufactures, arts and sciences, literature, for the union of the North and South, and above all her advancement under the benign influence of the gospel of peace, but we deprecate war and deplore its consequences. "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God."—*Smith's Herald.*

Eloquence at a Premium.—'May it please the Court,' said a Yankee lawyer before a Dutch Justice the other day, 'this is a case of the greatest importance. While the American Eagle, whose sleepless eye watches over the welfare of this mighty Republic, and whose wings extend from the Alleghanies to the Rocky Chain of the West, was rejoicing in his pride of place'—

'Shtop dare! Shtop, I say, vat has dis suit to do mit eagles? Dis has nottin to do mit the wild bird. It ish von sheep,' exclaimed the Justice.

'True, your honor, but my client has rights here'—

'*Ya's glient has no right to de eagle!*'

'Of course not, but by the laws of language,'

'What cares I for de laws of language. I understand de laws of de State, and dat ish enuff for me. Confine your talk to de case.'

'Well, then, my client, the defendant in the case, is charged with stealing a sheep, and'—

'Dat will do! Dat will do! Vere your glient is charged mit stealing a sheep, just mine shillin. De court will now adjourn to Bill Ferguson's to drink.'

Live Feathers.—The editor of the Boston Bee tells a good story of his peregrinations "down South." He was a young lawyer, in attendance upon Court, and the village where the Court was held was thronged to overflowing. Having with some difficulty however, procured a bed, he jumped into it but he was out again almost in "no time."

"What kind of a bed do you call this?" said he to the negro who officiated as a master of ceremonies.

"Feather bed massa."

"Feather—" (I fear I used too warm an expression, but I don't remember what it was,) I should think it contained entire chickens!"

"Can't be dat are 50 dollar nigger, sm, trow de chick'n in!" murmured the waiter, dubiously, as he proceeded to insinuate his hand into the coarse bagging tick. "Squash if he hab't tho," said he, as he drew forth a partly plucked rooster. "I tole de stupid jack behind this morn, when he was a featherin' de chick'ns for dinner, to empty de feathers in the first class beds to prove the verwality; and de old blind bit overlook de chick'n! In de hurry on business, massa," he continued in an apologetic tone, "dese here little accidents can't alwis be avoided. We have a dozen niggers trimmin' chick'ns all de time, and 'casionally a foot or a head am oberlooked in de feathers when we pute em way in de beds, but dis here are de *fuse* time I eber foun a hull chick'n!"

Affection and Adversity.—Oh! how strong is our affection when all things else around us are fleeting away and breaking; and when in spite of them all, the bonds of love are unbroken, and the light of love undimmed, and it clasps our shattered beings and spirits in its firm embrace, like the rainbow, bending, unmoved and unchanged, *over the scattered waters of a cataract!*

Burglary.—The Tailoring Establishment of Mr. S. S. Smylie, was broken into on Tuesday night last, and robbed of Cassimers, Vestings and Ready made Clothing, to the amount of about $180. No trace of the thief has as yet been discovered, and a reward of $25 is offered for his detection.—*Elizabethtown Journal.*

New Orleans Custom House Receipts, during the month of May, 1847,—$245,126 41
do do 1846 169,937 68
Excess this year over the last, $76,169 13.

A Faithful Messenger.—Mr. Solomon Hayes, who is in the service of Messrs. Livingston & Wells, Express forwarders, has travelled on railroad and river since 1839, without accident, 83,560 miles! He has never missed a trip, and has carried safely for his employers, at a moderate calculation, during these 18 years of service, 558 millions of dollars without the loss of a single cent.—*Jour. of Com.*

☞ *La Patria* says that all the beggars of New Orleans have suddenly become wounded and sick volunteers returning from the battles of Mexico.

A New Era in Navigation.—A few days since the new three masted schooner New Brunswick, loaded with 18,000 bushels of wheat at Chicago, and cleared for Liverpool. She goes by the way of the Welland Canal and the St Lawrence. This is the first clearance of this kind ever made from the head waters of the great lakes for an European port, and constitutes a new era in the history of navigation.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Mrs. Nancy Kendall, of Leominster, Mass. *has left $2000 to promote the circulation of the* Bible.

Beware of unripe fruit—potatoes, apples, &c.

Another Steam Engine Accident.—Mr. Isaac Wells, a journeyman in the employ of Mr. John T. Jenkins, of New Brunswick, while engaged in work over the steam engine of Messrs. Harjenburg and Janeway on Thursday last, had his foot crushed between the crank and frame of the first engine. The foot was taken off at the instep, by Dr. Van Deuson. Nothing but great presence of mind saved the life of Mr. Wells.—His foot was caught by the crank in its downward motion, and it required the exercise of all his strength to prevent the drawing in of his whole body.—*Times.*

Gen. Tom Thumb's soirees in Philadelphia, during 22½ days, gave him a net profit of over $14,000. In silver this is 56 times his own weight—and in gold 4 times his own weight, that he cleared in that short time!

The Farmers in the Western States have sent pressing orders to New York for hiring all the European immigrants who land there. Every immigrant who is in health and willing to work, is placed on board conveyances for Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Wisconsin and Iowa.

Retort Courteous.—A young lady, who was formerly a member of a church of the old school and left it and joined another. On Sunday morning, as she was on her way to meeting, she met her old minister, who bowed to her coldly, and said—'Good morning, daughter of the devil.'—'Good morning, father,' she replied.

Nourishment.—The following table of the amount of nutritious matter in different grains, is well worth preservation for reference;

100 lbs. Peas contain	93 lbs.	nutritious matter	
do Beans	89 to 92	do	
do Rice	90	do	
do Wheat	85	do	
do Barley	83	do	
do Rye	80	do	
do Meat, average,	25	do	
do Potatoes	25	do	
do Beets & Carrots	14	do	
do Greens & Turnips	8	do	

Dreadful Steamboat Explosion.—The 4 boilers of the Edna, Capt. Phillips, from Coushita, La. for New Orleans, exploded as she was leaving the wharf, killing 6 passengers and 14 hands, and wounding others. She sunk instantly with every soul on board. On the 17th 17 bodies were recovered. The disaster is attributed to those having charge of the boat, and the crew *were under the influence at rum.*

Since 1st Sept. last, 9 months, there have been exported from the United States to Great Britain and Ireland, 13,387,000 bushels of Indian Corn, of which over 5 millions of bushels went from N. York, and over 3 millions from New Orleans.

Agriculture is the nursery of patriotism.

A wise government will not be slow in fostering the agricultural interest.

Let every farmer who has a son to educate, believe and remember, that science lays the foundation of every thing valuable in agriculture

Science must combine with practice to make a good farmer.

The opposition against book farming rests on the shoulders of two monsters, ignorance and prejudice.

If you separate science from agriculture, you rob a nation of its principal jewels.

Agriculture, aided by science, will make a little nation a great one.

All the sonetry of the here, and all the science of the philosopher, may find scope in the cultivation of one farm.

A skilful agriculturist will constitute one of the mightiest bulwarks of which civil liberty can boast

Natural Compass.—In the vast prairies of Texas a little plant is always to be found, which under all circumstances of climate, change of weather, rain, frost, or sunshine, invariably turns its leaves and flowers to the North. If a solitary traveller were making his way across these track less wilds, without a star to guide or compass to direct him, he finds an unerring monitor in an humble plant and he follows its guidance, certain that it will not mislead him.

A convict employed in the penitentiary, Allegheny city, has made a clock, the works of which are entirely composed of leather. The clock is in operation in the penitentiary.

As a wise child maketh a happy father, so a wise father maketh a happy child.

THE UNION

Plainfield, June 23. 1847.

Fourth of July.

The Citizens of Plainfield and vicinity are requested to meet at Randolph Frazee's Long Room, on Tuesday Evening, the 22d of June inst. to take into consideration the propriety of celebrating the coming anniversary, on Monday, the 5th of July next, in this place.

MANY CITIZENS.

Plainfield, June 18, 1847.

We insert the above at the request of those making the call, and hope there will be a large attendance, at the appointed time and place, that there may be a general expression of the wishes of the people, for or against a celebration. Nothing of the kind has been done in this place for many years, though in all the places about us as large as this, the day is celebrated in some way, and it would seem full time to do something here.

Ireland.—An article in our paper to-day, from the English Correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser, gives a very interesting account of the causes of the present distress in, and utter prostration of Ireland. We ask for it an attentive perusal.

The Tariff.—Six months' experience of the actual operations of the new tariff enables us to judge somewhat accurately of its effects, and it is already evident that it will not produce sufficient revenue. Its author supposed it would produce some 30 millions annually, while its enemies predicted that but 20 millions could be raised under it. From the receipts thus far it appears that our revenue under it will amount to about 25 millions, which is at least 10 millions short of what it should be, under present circumstances, —and it will be imperative on the next Congress to raise the duties materially to meet our expenses. We have not thus far experienced any evil from the lack of sufficient revenue, because *the vast amount of specie in the country* caused by want in Europe, has enabled the Government to borrow at home all it wanted; but this debt principal and interest, must be paid, to do which and to meet current expenses, at least $35,000,000 of revenue must be raised annually.

In Mr. Van Buren's administration, during the Florida war, our expenditures one year went up to 31 millions—and now with a much more expensive war on our hands, a larger extent of and more populous territory, our expenditures will of course be proportionably increased.

From the Seat of War.

From the New Orleans papers, of 5th inst.

Capt. Lauma, of the Pennsylvania volunteers, says that the enemy were fortifying Rio Frio (said to be a more formidable Pass than Cerro Gordo,) and is rapidly progressing with the *fortifications; that an English Courier had arrived* at Vera Cruz, who said, positively, that 20,000 Mexicans were engaged on the works; but another account reduces the number to 12,000.

He estimates the total number of effective men that Gen. Scott can concentrate at Puebla, at 5,000 independent of those recently arrived.

Gen. Alvarez is said also to have 10,000 men in the vicinity of the capital.

The British Courier mentioned that when he left the capital, had not been elected, but Santa Anna continued to enjoy the title with less discretion than reported.

The seat of government had been removed to a small place south of the capital. The city is in a beautiful state of confusion.

Guerilla parties had laid waste all the ranches on the road up, and had also driven off all peaceably disposed proprietors.

The Yellow Fever had commenced its ravages in earnest at Vera Cruz. Some valuable lives have fallen victims.

The New Orleans papers of the 10th inst. furnish nothing later from the seat of war. The Delta publishes a long despatch from Santa Anna urging the vigorous prosecution of the war until ample justice is obtained from their unjust aggressors, declaring the salvation of the capital indispensable, and proposes to resign as commander-in chief and first magistrate, if necessary.

Arreya's reply coincides with the views of Santa Anna, and invited him to come and take formal possession of the capital.

The Mexican papers are silent with regard to the reception of Santa Ana in the capital. His countrymen are profoundly indignant at his repeated failures.

It was not ascertained who had been elected President.

The N. O. papers of the 12th contain but little news. There had been an arrival at New Orleans from the Brazos, with advices from Monterey to May 24th. Gen. Taylor had with him 7 or 8 regiments, who were in excellent health, and waiting patiently for reinforcements before marching on San Luis Potosi.

It is stated that the Mexican Gen. Minon has published a refutation of Santa Anna's charges, declaring the assertion of the latter to be false that the army wanted either provisions or water, at the battle of Buena Vista, and pronouncing the defeat as unjustifiable.

Advices from Yucatan to the 2d, state that the 3 commissioners appointed by Com. Perry, had satisfactorily arranged with the authorities for the maintenance of a neutral position by that country.

Lieut. Mumford, wounded in a duel, is dead.

Two Weeks' Later from Europe.

The steam packet Cambria arrived at Boston, last Thursday morning, bringing English dates, to the 4th inst. after a passage of 13 days.

Hon. Daniel O'Connell died at Genoa on the 15th of May, aged 71 years. For the last 30 years he has been the most powerful man in the Roman Catholic body, and obtained many privileges for them, from the British Government.—He was the first Roman Catholic that occupied a seat in the House of Commons for centuries, and the first Lord Mayor of Dublin, of that persuasion, for 300 years. While up to 1792, Irish Catholics were prohibited from pleading a cause in any Irish Court, either as attorney or counselor, he was offered by a British Ministry the offices of Master of the Rolls, with $20,000 a year income for life, or Lord Chief Baron, worth $26,000 a year, and he refused both, that he might better serve Ireland.

Dr. Chalmers, the eminent Theologian, of Scotland, is also dead. He died of apoplexy on the night of the 30th of May, at Edinburg. He had suffered no previous illness, and was found dead in his bed. He was in his 67th year, and had been 45 years in the ministry.

The price of breadstuffs had materially fallen, caused by the unusual fineness of the weather, which promises a favorable harvest. Flour had fallen from 50s to 44s. and corn from 67s to 57s still the price is monstrously high, in England, say $10,56 a *barrel for flour*, and $1,50 a bushel for Indian Corn,—sufficiently high we should suppose to satisfy any body.

The total exports of breadstuffs from the U. S. to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1st 1846 to May 14th, 1847, appears to be—Flour 1,656,802 bbls. Corn Meal 434 432 bbls. Wheat 1,513,274 bush. Indian Corn 13 387,000 bushels, Oats 271,555 bush. Barley 145,94? bushels.

The effect of the foreign news on our markets will be seen in our Price Current.

The Cotton Market has much improved and prices considerably advanced. Money was more abundant and easier to be had, and the Bank discounted much more freely.

Typhus Fever was raging with great and increasing virulence in the south of England. Several Roman Catholic clergymen had fallen victims to it.

By the Overland Mail from India, we have advices from Singapore to April 9th, by which gather that the American ship Mary Ellen, Capt. Dearborn, has been totally lost and 3 of her crew. She sailed from Whampoa Feb. 3d, for New York, with a full cargo, chiefly teas.

She struck at 3 P. M. on the 8th of the same month, on a large ledge of reefs on the east side of the island of Sabi. Soon after striking, as the ship went over the starboard side, the masts were cut away when she righted and soon broke in two in the middle, a heavy surf washing everything out of her. In the evening, it still blowing hard and thick with rain, Capt. Dearborn and 20 of the crew made out to reach the shore with the help of plank, which they effected after morning, and wading through the surf for upwards of six hours, but not without losing 3 of the party, whose strength gave out, and were washed off and drowned, the remainder of the crew arrived at Singapore on the 15th.

The London Chronicle has the following article in regard to Gen. Scott, and the battle of Cerro Gordo,

The opinion entertained by the U. S. officers of the powers of resistance of their opponents may be inferred from Gen. Scott's orders issued *to the various generals of division on the day* preceding the action. Never, in the directions issued by any of the greatest European commanders, do we remember to have seen a greater confidence manifested in what must be the result of his operations. Success is assumed on every point, and the directions to be taken by each division, after forcing each point of the Mexican intrenchments, is as clearly marked out as the result had already taken place.

We are bound to say that the indimitable confidence placed by Gen. Scott in the troops under his command has been justified by the event.—His victory at Cerro Gordo appears to have been by far the most brilliant affair of the war.

Grand Concert.—We invite attention to the advertisement of the Virginia Serenaders in another column, who give a Concert in Frazee's New Hall, on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week. They have been performing in New York for some time past, and most of the New York papers speak much in their praise.

☞ The President of the United States, it is officially announced, will visit New York on Saturday of this week, 26th inst. and the authorities are taking measures to receive him.

☞ The Bank of Watertown, N. Y. has probably failed.

Doubtless there is no greater actual pleasure, capable of producing more heartfelt gratification than that of ministering to the sufferings of others. Whether guided by Christian precept, or merely by the impulse of the heart, we feel in its force, when disease assails another, the maxim, "*Let us do good unto all men.*" *Let every reader of* this paper look with care over the advertisement of Brant's Remedies, and see if it would not furnish a balm for himself or a friend.

A hypocrite pays tribute to God only that he may impose upon men.

The prospects of Peace with Mexico are very disheartening. The letters of one day state that the prospects of an immediate peace are very fair, which the next day are contradicted, and it is stated that we are no nearer peace than we were several months ago. Gen. Scott was at Puebla, 91 miles from Mexico, preparing to advance, and much in want of reinforcements, which were daily arriving at Vera Cruz. One or two battles more, it is confidently expected, must be fought before the army can arrive at the capital, and the nature of the ground is such as to give the Mexicans greatly the advantage. Very interesting news is therefore ere long expected from Gen. Scott's advance.

Mexican Privateers.—Capt. Ingersoll, of the bark Nautilus, arrived at Boston last Friday, from Palermo, says that four lateenee under Mexican commission, were known to be cruising in the Mediterranean, and one, formerly of Gibraltar, was said to have been stopped on the Barbary coast, by the French authorities, while fitting out. A river to the south of Mogadore on the Barbary coast, was said to be the place where they carried their prizes. One of the lateenes was supposed to be cruizing to the west of the straits.

Two Anti-Renters were convicted at Hudson, last Friday, and threats were made of their rescue. The prison was strongly guarded. It appears somewhat as if the anti-rent war was about to be resumed.

Morality of Medical Men.—From a return of prisoners given in the Parisian Moniteur, a fact very satisfactory to the medical profession has been made public, y z; that of all the professions the medical is the most moral. From 1828 to 1838, there were in France, 41,667 public persons, aged above 25, under criminal charges.—Of these there were 33 priests, 33 barristers, 9 attorneys, 75 notaries, and not one medical man!

Whitewash.—It is said that a pint of varnish mixed with a bucket of whitewash, will give it in a great degree the qualities of paint, and it will withstand all kinds of paint, and it will withstand all kinds of weather. At this is the season for whitewashing, a knowledge of the above may be of some use to our readers.

Farming by Steam.—The leading article of the London Agricultural Gazette, May 8, is on the employment of steam in farming, to which the Editors are favorable, considering it a more docile and less costly power than either man or horse. Every 100 acres of ploughing involves the passing over 1000 linear miles, by 500 consumers of food. They calculate the saving by steam on every ploughing at $1 per acre, or $100,000,000 on as many acres.

In great matters of public moment, where both parties are at stand, and both are punctilious, slight condescension cost little, but are worth much. He that yields them unwise, inasmuch as he purchases peace with farthings. A few drops of oil will set the political machine at work, when a ton of vinegar would only corrode the wheels, and canker the movements.

Every art is best taught by example.

Convulsions—Nervous Affections.

☞ Whatever may be said to the contrary, I have no doubt but convulsions are very often caused by worms, as well as nervous diseases in general. I knew a young lady who had terrible nervous attacks. Sometimes she had convulsions for hours together, and when able to be about was in the greatest state of suffering. She consulted me. I told her she had worms; but she had been told by other physicians that it was the extreme delicacy of her constitution that was the cause of her affection. For some time she determined to try what change of air might do, and fear-ful diet. She became worse and worse. Her sufferings were of that nervous character which made life itself a burthen, and she often told me if she would give anything to be able to lay herself down and die. One night she dreamed that Brandreth's Pills cured her. She also thought of the advice I had given her. She commenced immediately with the Pills, night and morning in doses of two pills at night, and two in the morning; the 2d day, 4 pills at night, and 2 in the morning; the 3d day, 6 pills at night, and 2 in the morning. She felt fearful, and took two pills at night on the 4th day, determining to rest a day or two. She felt herself much better on the 5th day, but the 6th and 7th, she began to feel as bad as usual. She then began again, as at first, and when she got to 8 pills at night and 2 in the morning, having increased 2 each night, she parted with an immense quantity of matter worms, nearly 2 quarts, in weight nearly 6 lbs. She continued to take the Pills almost constantly then, for some weeks, and they restored her to the best possible state of health To this case, and numerous others similar, I shall be happy to refer any respectable applicant. Agents in every part of the country are able to refer to cases of cure of almost every description of character in their immediate vicinity. So there is no want of Evidence.

Other cases of worms might be given, in which the Pure Juice done the most remarkable cures. Let it be well understood that worms are the consequence of Acrimonious Humors—that these humors occasion all diseases, of whatever name, and that the Brandreth Pills by being taken in such doses as will fully purge, will surely cure. Also, that these pills may be used without any danger; no fear of an over dose; want nothing to work them off. For they do not work off nothing; hardly, take another dose on those already taken; here to do good and act pleasantly, never unpleasant but when too small a dose has been taken in other words, when the disease is too strong for the first dose.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tiswonth, Dunn & Co.

Another Voluntary Tribute to Wistar's Balsam

Winthrop, Kennebec Co. Me. Aug. 12, 1845.

Dear Sir:

If my testimony in favor of your valuable medicine will be to you any good, or be of any service to the sick and afflicted you are welcome to make such use of it as you please. For 7 or 8 years I have not enjoyed perfect health, in the spring of 1844 I had some cough, I was then in Worcester Co. Mass. and applied to a physician, who gave me some medicine, but it did not relieve me. I was not able to work during the summer. Last fall I was much worse, so reduced by coughing, and sweating nights, that I was obliged to take my room. My physician tried in vain to remove my cough, and restore me to health, but I did not expect to recover; I however concluded to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; I was then troubled with very frequent spells of coughing, night and day; before I had taken one bottle my cough was easier; I continued to take the medicine until I was able to leave my room. I have taken several bottles, and I think Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has cured me; at least I feel as well, and as strong as I have for twelve years.

I am acquainted with the subscriber, and believe his statement to be true.

HOWARD B. LOVEJOY.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Raising of Blood is effectually checked by this remedy, when all other means have failed. Hundreds of cases might be recited, where consumption in the city have been given up and pronounced as past Hope, who have been restored by this great remedy to the enjoyment of health. Mrs. Thoubourne, 352 Monroe street; Dennis Kelly, 20 Water st.; Charles Roberts 171 Canalst; Henry Lisbon, 189 Rivington st.; and hundreds of others who have used the remedy can testify to the truth of the above assertion.

Beware of using only palliative remedies. They lull and appease security, but the progress of the disease is unchecked, and death ensues. Resort at once to this Great Remedy, and you will not be disappointed in your hopes.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Touch Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, June 19th, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	7,00 to 7.50
Rye Flour,	6,00 to 6.25
Indian Meal, Jersey,	5,50 to 5.12
Grain—Wheat,	1,60 to 1.75
Rye,	1,09 to 1.12
Corn,	,95 to 1,01
Oats, Jersey,	56 to · 58

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

J. Pound, $4,50; G. S. Coon, 3,87; Mrs. J. A. Martin, 3,28; Abm. Laing, ,63; Dr. E. Runyon 59; Rev. J. O. Rogers, ,50; David Pound, 3,00.

☞ *To whom it may concern*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed **CONSUMPTION.**

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties. This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of the best physicians of nearly a quarter of a century, must be a valuable acquisition to those who are laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Wistar's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has now been over ten years before the public, and his preparation of Wild Cherry, but there seasons got up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and the name of Wistar attached, the sight of which has sold out to some merchants in the West in one month just the genuine article like his own, prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sanger, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

DIED.

In Elizabethtown, 9th inst. Moses Ogden, aged 73 years.

Near Somerville, 10th inst. William Wilson, aged 67.

At Perth Amiboy, 15th inst. Charles Ford, aged 61 years.

At Springfield, on the 17th inst. Ithamar Bonnell, in the 19th year of his age.

GRAND CONCERT.

of the Virginia Serenaders, at Frazee's New Hall, Plainfield.

The Virginia Serenaders, by particular desire, will give a Grand Concert, on Thursday and Friday Evenings, June 24th and 25th, 1847, when they will have the honor of presenting some of their best Songs, Parodies, Glees, Trios, &c. &c.

Admittance only 12½ cents.

The beautiful Young Lady of Brooklyn; and Radway's

CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

LAST Fall we published a letter from a young lady of this city who was a victim to Fever Sores in South New Jersey had suffered severe pain from the bites of musquittoes and experienced great annoyance from the unnatural darkness of her tanned complexion. Her skin was rough, peeled, dry and unhealthy, of course with Fever Sores, Pimples, Blotches, and other excrescences. She was recommended to use Radway's celebrated Chinese Medicated Soap. A few days use of this medicine Toilet Emollient cleansed the secretory vessels of all impurities, opened the pores, removed from the surface every vestige of Tan, Sun-burn, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules and other blemishes, rendered her skin pure, soft, clear, delicate and healthy, and imparted to her complexion the rich hue and beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear. Our general Toilet purposes Radway's Soap is superior to all its rivals in Toilet purposes Radway's Soap is superior to all its rivals in Toilet purposes Radway's Soap is superior to all its rivals in

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has removed to Front st. next door to the Post Office, where he has on hand and keeps a large and general assortment of *BOOTS AND SHOES*, consisting of

Gents Calf and Kip Boots—fine, double and single Sole.
Do. Kip and rugged Boots
Men's Calf and Kip Brogans and slippers,
Boy's Boots and shoes, fine and coarse.
Ladies' Black and colored Gaiters
Morocco Shoes, single and double soles
Ditto Velvet and Silver Buskins.
Misses and Children's Boots and colored Morocco shoes —Full's and Button Gaiters.
Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.
All of which will be sold cheap for cash, by
April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of
WEBSTER & MARSH.
April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

DULLMAN has recently made large purchases of staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he begins the attention of the public at the following reasonable prices, a part of which are on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.
Rep Do. Silks, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.
Barege Shawls, striped and plaid
Ginghams, a good assortment.
Paints, Merinoes, Bombazines, Cashmere, &c. new styles, which cannot now be surpassed.
Drapers, linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
Bible Crapes Warp, best quality,
Nankeens, Gambroons and Cottonades,
Lucia Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings. A good assortment,
Tweeds, Jeans, &c. &c. A large assortment,
Shocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,
Jaconet, Swiss, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Thread Laces, Edgings, and other fine dress goods.
Carpetings—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—a cheap lot, cheap, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.
N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with for prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,
Looking Glasses, a choice and elegant lot of all sizes
China, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.
All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.
April 13 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers opened a school on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, on Monday, the 5th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches of an English education; and hope, by close attention to their business, to merit a share of public patronage and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to
I. SEWING,
April 6, 1847. D. LENOX.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper, Silver Paper, Indelible Ink of the *best quality, also best Black, Blue and Red Ink.*
Also Blank Promissory Notes of Hand according to the Laws of this State, just Received by
April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including large and illustrated edition—Baxter's Calm Protestant Manual—Methodist Hymns, &c. for sale by
May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, recommended to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhea, but for suppressions and painful menstruations —In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to effect a cure.
For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about commencing house keeping, and all others who need Feathers, that he has just received a large Lot of the best quality which he is disposed to *sell Low for Cash.* D. BULLMAN.
Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

CARPETS.—300 Yards Carpeting, for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

3 *CASES*, more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just received at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lead pencils,
Perfumed Card Paper, and Bristol Board,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes and Paste,
Shaving Soap, Boxes and Brushes, &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by
May 4, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Seabury's Oleaginous OPODELDOC.

As effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains.

HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at PRUDEN'S.

1 BALE CARPET WARP, of the best quality for sale cheap by D. BULLMAN.
Dec. 7, 1846.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Offence recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety;

Balzarines, Lawns, and Barages,
Gradsating Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, also blk and white do
M' D'Lanes, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmeres and Paris Reps, of the latest styles,
Alpacas, Black and colored Mouslin de Laine do.
Merinoes, French, English and German,
Bombazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Earleton Gingh'ams, Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 32 inches wide, [Bonnets,
Gro de Naples assal width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets,
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels,
Diapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 2s. 6d. to 6s. yd.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins single and double width
Shawls, Balzorine, M'de Laine, Brocha, and Merino Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also Silk and Cotton do.
Thread and Cotton Edgings and Insertings.
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric, Linen Handkerchiefs, plain and hemstitched
Bonnet Lace (the real article) for trimming Mantillas and Long shawls, [for parse trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored. with rings tassels, &c
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.

—ALSO—

A Fresh Supply of Groceries received weekly
Second Clothes, American, French, German and English Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Sattinets of every variety also Beavertines & kersey
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys suits.
Washington Steipes with a general variety of Lucas' Goods.
Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, and iron, knives and forks, smoothing irons, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for Cash or country produce.
April 13, 1847.

or DEAFness.

COOPER'S *ETHEREAL OIL*, is speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds. For sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as $1 each, for sale by
July 7, 1845. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia, Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness The Eradicator applied to remove the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first; then apply the Eradicator, and the second or third application forever prevents the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.
Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices.
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla, Hathaway's Arabian Balsam, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Hay's Liniment for the Piles, Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesseur's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths,
Lee's Ointment for Sore Eyes,
East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences,
Indelible Ink, best quality—M'Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of China,
Nerve and Bone Liniment—Rheumatic Specific, &c.

INK. JUST RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1,00 —Expectorant, 1,00—Alterative, 1,00—American Hair Dye, 50c.—Carminative Balsam, 25c.—Sanative Pills, 25.—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25c.
Also, for sale Kunpp's Indian Vegetable Plaster.
Shaving soap, Boxes and Brushes.
Sherman's Paris Tooth Paste, 25c.
Matchless Sanative.
M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7 Spruce-street, Tribune Buildings
Established in 1840.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions including superb and brilliantly colored Gothic scenes, of various sizes and prices; also the last style of beautiful Rural Landscape scenes, a much admired and desirable article; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at fifty per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place. Paintings of every description, Signs, Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.* BARTOL & ORMSBEE,
Manufacturers and Importers.
New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the above Merchandize Prints, it is a yard, just received by
March 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S
July 7, 1845.

Dr. Steelling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve,
For Sale at the Printing Office.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!
New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and begs that the advantage he possesses of the market in attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business to obtain a still larger share of their patronage. He has constantly on hand and is constantly receiving on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLanes, Ginghams, Alpacas, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk cravats, gingham do—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and insertion edgings; Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, black and col'd thread, black and colored muslin, silk bobbin, cotton do, ladies' calf and shoe strings.
Also, Washington stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons of different qualities and colors—Cassimers, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia duck, bosie padding, canvas, serging, wadding, tailors bats, Hats and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, brake down, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Santos coffee, burnt or ground and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork mackerel, soap, candles lamp oil, vinegar, butter, lard, cheese—soda, sugar, butter and common crackers—Silvertia, tobacco, snuff and segars
Also, white and brown, scrubbing and hand brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughing and clothes lines, netting and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, butter paper, pipes, sand and bone, paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea setts plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.
EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.
HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes padlocks, door latches, files, squarables, screws, hinges, knives and forks, steelyards, currency scales, horse cards, nails and rifles, wire, nails from No 4 to 20, and wrought nails.
Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.
Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, wheat and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.
All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
Likewise.—A few Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers can be accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be paid.

Once More.

The above has been a considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, 1 set un-d double harness, 1 set new brass-mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure carriage, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.
Brooklyn, N J July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and in the usual terms, a General Assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer Goods of late and fashionable style. A Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.
PITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.
April 28, 1847.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for
Ladies' Skirts,
Just Openedby
June 14, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, Sand cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that,

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet Iron and Tin;
And are ever ready to mending
Whatever you chance to bring in:

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufactory.
Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.
Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.
Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.
Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
18 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Cornelia, Spool and Ball Cotton, Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket-knives, Scissors, Stay Binding, Hooks and Eyes, Tidimbles, &c. &c.
May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.
Aug. 18.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steelling's Carminitive, for Bowel Complaint.
Also Steelling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS,
Also Brandreth's, for sale by
Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

THE preceding figures is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the imperfections of the body. It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all pointsof the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows unincurredly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, it is a necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Its own heat and vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practitioners however direct their efforts to restore the Insensible Perspiration. The Thomsonian for instance, Steam of the Hydropathist sweats us in wet blankets, the Homepathist deals out infinitesimals the Allopathist bleeds and dozes us with mercury, and the Botanic empties our purses with "Life Drops."

To give some idea of the amount of Insensible Perspiration we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock ascertained that five-eighths of all we receive into the stomach passes off in this manner, and that a man who sweat and drank eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the body placed in a proper state for the use of new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five eighths of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.

Now the hidden transition from heat to cold the pores are stopped the perspiration ceases, and diseases at once begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices originates so many complaints.

Let me ask now, every candid mind what course seems as reasonable to pursue to unstop the pores, as to keep them closed.—Would you give physic to UNSTOP the pores. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know often physicians who makes any other application to effect it. Suffice it to say in reminiatures, I present to physicians and to all others Mc'Allister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around the temples, on the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious mixtures, and nostrums in the stomach.

It is rightly termed All-Healing, for there is scarcely a disease external or internal which it will not benefit. I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, throat, lungs, liver, bowels, kidneys, urinary organs and responsibility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within reach of mortal remedies.

I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench Aldermen—and gentlemen of high standing, and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying "Mc'Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

CONSUMPTION.—I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually although we are told in the first stages only can it be used, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEADACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing and who had it regularly every week, by using it, for the slightest rush.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with a like success.

COLD FEET.—Consumption, Liver complaint pain in the side or chest falling off of the hair, one or the other always accompany cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet.

The Salve will cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Liver Complaint Sore Eyes, Quinsy Sore Throat, Bronchitis Broken, or Sore Breast, Piles, all the chest diseases, such as Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, Lips, chapped hands, Tumors Cutaneous Eruptions, Nervous diseases and of the Spine there is probably no medicine now known so good—and as for Burns has not its equal in the world.

Pimples on the Face, Masculine Skin, Gross Suface.—Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cause drawing till the face feels from any matter that may be lodged under the Skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness or dull repulsive surface it begins to soften and when all the skin becomes as smooth and delicate as a child's.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children they would hardly dare to use them. Whatever you chance to bring in:

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufactory.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

The Village School.

THIS School is beautifully located on Second street in the most healthy portion of the village of the Rev. Mr. Bond. No efforts have been scrupled, that contributed a reader it commodious; therefore we fully believe but it will meet with the approbation of the community in general. It will open on Wednesday, the 1st day of the following October, under the instruction of

Messrs. DAVISON and ALLYN.

Our mode of instruction is deemed highly systematic and thorough, well calculated to discipline the mind and prepa.e it for almost any ordinary occupation. The following sciences we unhesitatingly declare to the public that we are fully adequate to teach on scientific principles. Our motto is, "if any thing is worth learning, it is worth learning well."

Terms per Quarter, or 60 days.

Spelling, Defining, Reading and Arithmetical Tablets, $2.00

In addition to the above, if Writing, the Elements of Geography and Arithmetic are used, $2.50.

If English Grammar, Elocution, Geography and Arithmetic are included with these that have been mentioned, $3.00.

Navigation, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Stenography, and Natural Philosophy, $4.00.

Surveying, both theory and practice, $5.00; we positively assert without hesitation, that we will qualify any ordinary youth in two quarters, to survey any tract of land, (that is of ordinary difficulty.)

First Lessons in Latin Grammar, $4.00.

Declamations and Compositions every other week.

Examinations at the expiration of every 6 weeks.

Exhibitions at the conclusion of every 2nd quarter

Best understood, that there will be no extra charges, for Rent and Fuel.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1846.—6m

CAUTION TO ALL.

GET ALL THE TRADE NOTICE AND BE CAREFUL NOT TO BUY THE (SUGAR COATED) IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, unless EVERY BOX has on it the WRITTEN signature of the original inventor and patentee,

G. BENJAMIN SMITH, M. D.

These pleasant pills possess powers to open all the natural drains of the system—to purify the LUNGS, KIDNEYS, SKIN, and BOWELS—hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine; and so complete has been their triumph over all other medicines, that many have been led to suppose they contain some powerful mineral; but upon examination by Drs. Chilton, Randolph, Huntington, and others, this supposition is at once proved to be groundless.

Sold New York, at the principal Office, 179 Greenwich st also by Rushton & Co. Broadway corner Fourteenth street.

Pamphlets to be had of the agents gratis.

N. B.—Persons will also notice on the top label of the pots. Or would you apply something that would do this on the surface where the clogging actually is? And yet I know often physician who makes any other application to effect it. Suffice it to say in reminiatures, I present to physicians and to all others Mc'Allister's ALL HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head around the temples, on the chest in short whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious mixtures, and nostrums in the stomach.

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I have had physicians, learned in its profession I have had ministers of the Gospel—Judge on the bench Aldermen—and gentlemen of high standing, and multitudes of the poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—one united, universal voice—saying "Mc'Allister, your Ointment is GOOD."

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WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children they would hardly dare to use them. Whatever you chance to bring in:

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufactory.

Location opposite Jackson Pound's Bakery.

Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.

Tin Roofs, and Gutters made to order.

Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES.

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
18 1-2 Maiden-Lane, New York,
Also 41 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.

P. S. Jas. Hemming & Son's celebrated Needles, Cornelia, Spool and Ball Cotton, Pearl Buttons, Steel Pens, Pocket-knives, Scissors, Stay Binding, Hooks and Eyes, Tidimbles, &c. &c.
May 26, 1846—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth,

JUST Received, and for sale at PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.
Aug. 18.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steelling's Carminitive, for Bowel Complaint.
Also Steelling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

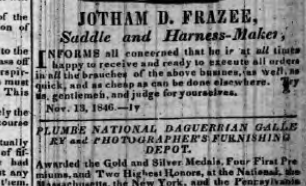
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS,
Also Brandreth's, for sale by
Feb. 16, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

Come away to the establishment

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts. Plainfield N. J.

And encourage Home Industry.



JOTHAM D. FRAZEE,

Saddle and Harness-Maker;

INFORMS all concerned that he is at all times happy to receive orders and ready to patronize all orders in all branches of the above business, as well as quick, and as cheap as can be done elsewhere. Try us, gentlemen, and judge for yourselves.
Nov. 13, 1846.—1y

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY and PHOTOGRAPHER'S FURNISHING DEPOT.

Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals. Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieilla Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st.

CLOCKS, from $200 to $3.50 for sale at
June 20. PRUDEN'S.

POTS, Tea-Kettles, Griddles, Gridirons, Ashes &c. Cheap. Call at PRUDEN'S.

Plainfield Union.

Volume XI.—No. 25. PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1847. Whole number 545.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

MILTON F. CUSHING,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Terms of Subscription.—To Village Subscribers, $2.00 per annum, if paid during the first three months, if paid in six months, $2.50—and if not paid within one of the year, $2.50 will in all cases be charged. To those who are served by Carriers, payable quarterly, in advance. To those receiving the paper by mail, and those who call at the office for it, $1.50, if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except the option of the publisher.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, (16 lines to a square,) will be conspicuously inserted three weeks for one dollar; and continued at 25 cents per week. Longer ones in proportion, and nothing counted less than a square. A liberal discount will be allowed to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements sent without directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

DENTISTRY.

THE Citizens of Plainfield are respectfully informed that Dr. C. E. Hyde will visit their village occasionally, as heretofore, during the present season. When not in Plainfield he may be found at his office in Elizabethtown on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays—his office in Newark, 191 Market st. on Thursdays and Fridays,—and at his office in Rahway, No. 1 Cherry st. on Mondays. Those who desire to engage his professional services may call on by drop a note at his office in Elizabethtown a few days in advance, stating the time they will call—or names may be left with the Drs. Craig and will receive attention in due time.

It has come!!

IMPORTANT NEWS!!

THE GENUINE COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, of Philadelphia, for which there has been so great a demand all over the country, is now for sale in this place, by

M. F. CUSHING, Editor of this paper,

The Greatest Remedy of the Age.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

Established in 1835 by Act of Congress.

THE GREATEST REMEDY FOR

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Fatpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup,

Hooping Cough, Sore throat,

Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases,

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry Read the Testimony.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1846.

DR. H. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very severe cough, pain in my side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c. I took a vast of various remedies, which were recommended highly in the papers, but gradually grew worse. The violence of my cough was such, that the blood boiled profusely from my nostrils, when the paroxysms of coughing came upon me, my whole system seemed prostrated, and the hour of my deparr it seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. It continued the use of it, and now, thanks to God, and to Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine for the afflicted, and feel it my duty to the public to let it be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not imposed upon by counterfeits and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the reputations of yours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was.

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

In 12th-st. 2 doors from the corner of Willing.

Mr. Thomas is a very worthy colored man, was a very severe case, and his residence is within the reach of all, so any one can call and have the above substantiated by a personal interview.

Of all the remedies of the day and they are a great many, there is not probably a great value to be known, generally, so keenly not to pronounce Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry as one of the greatest discoveries of modern times. It has received the unqualified praise of the first men of science which effect human nature, not one remedy said to unmed which has in so short a space of time acquired such unbounded confidence with the public, and has performed such wonderful cures, and has merited and received so much eulogium from the faculty and others, as this truly celebrated remedy.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR COLDS.

Many persons from very great inattention to cold take a trifling matter, and think "it will go away of itself in a few days," and they give themselves no trouble about it. But in such cases it is very careful of your health to not trifle with your constitution, or of your desire to feel in a good old age as such remedies as shall effect an easy and permanent cure. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has been found to be a safe and effectual remedy in every country. The Certificates of Cures effected by this invaluable medicine, which the proprietors is daily receiving, are of the most gratifying character, and tend to show its superiority over the host of boasted pretenders that from time to time are brought before the public.

The Prussian Medical Faculty, and thousands who have tried Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, all join in proclaiming it one of the best remedies ever discovered for the relief of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, &c.

Read what the "Temperance Pledge" says, speaking of its wonderful remedy:

"A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Every one knows that a bad cough, cold, or hoarseness, often leads to Consumption. This fell disease so fatefully approaches the period of life, that the sufferer does not think, oftentimes, that he has to prosecute its silent invasions, because of the unpleasant of his usual occupations, for which purpose he is afflicted. He, therefore, who discovers a remedy, easily accessible at all times, and at the same time potent to conquer, is a benefactor to mankind. Such a remedy has been discovered by Dr. Swayne, of Vine street, Philadelphia. His Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry has effected many cures in this community, people of all ages from colds and the incipient stages of consumption. They are to be obtained of Dr. Swayne, corner of Eighth and Vine streets, and the popularity of the Remedy has become so great, that all the prominent druggists throughout the United States."

In truly establishing success in the most aggravated cases of Consumption, is a sufficient guarantee to the public that Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, is a pure

purchase of rare good full character. In the annals of medicine, since the days of Hippocrates, there has not been a medical preparation which has obtained so boundless a confidence, or one that has conferred upon mankind so inestimable a blessing as Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. It is undeniable over the world, and so completely has it succeeded in the attainment of its specific object—the cure of Consumption—that the young the plaintive as throughout the country, are not only saved from the grave, (a melancholy fact,) but it is positively used by the Faculty in their daily practice, and that to a degree that is daily progressing. To avoid the many spurious imitations of this medicine which have from time to time passed upon the public, we advise all who wish to use the article to inquire particularly for Dr. Swayne's Compound syrup of Wild Cherry.

☞ LETTERS ADDRESSED to DR. SWAYNE PHILA. ☜

All hail! ye countless victims of Consumption's blasting breath,

All hail! ye stricken mortals, ere ye sleep the sleep of death,

While there's a life there's hope for you—Wild Cherry yet can save;

Arise ye! oh! arise ye from the margin of the grave.

'Tis Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry that will save you from the doom

Of Consumption and its horrors, from the windings sheet and tomb;

But beware of the base impostors who would desecrate this tree,

By their Purgative cures and rhyming ribaldry;

Beware of him who buy the right to tamper with your health—

Who adds Wild Cherry to his name by treachery and stealth,

Who bottles Paregoric, and then calls it, thro' deceit, The "Balsam of Wild Cherry!" Oh, beware of such a cheat!

If you would shun the venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Trust not the leeching parasite, in truth and justice cold. Who'd invest o'er your latest breath to coin a glean of gold,

That proudly boasts his stolen name, and wondrous skill to save,

While o'er you on the bed of death, and haste you to your grave.

Learn well, then pale consumptive, who these reckless wretches are

That steal their name from Dr. Swayne, and black their ink over with Tar:

Learn well to shun this venal craft, be healthy and be blest,

Take none but Swayne's Wild Cherry, the original and best.

CAUTION. Dr. Swayne's preparation of Wild Cherry was the first that was ever before the public, in this or any other country. Years after this "celebrated remedy" came out, up sprung several such as Balsams, Candies, and Cordials, &c. &c. trying to build on the fame of the original, so that even persons might be deceived, (and it is worthless mixture palmed off upon them,) if they did not bear in mind the name of the two Swaynes.

Hark Consumption's doom been spoken?
Art thou sparing life away?
Is thy constitution broken,
Bringing darkness o'er thy day?
Tottering high'st imitation,
Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry stands,
Spreading joy abroad among a nation,
Even in icy Switzerland.

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne.

Great care should be taken to purchase from the regularly appointed agent.

Principal Office, corner of Eighth and Race sts. Philada.

June, 30th, 1846.—1y

Prime Cheese.

A FEW Boxes of very superior just received. May 4, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SEABURY'S ANTHELMINTIC, OR UNIVERSAL WORM DESTROYER.

A SAFE and very efficacious medicine for destroying and expelling from the system every variety of worms: at the same time counteracting the intestinal acidity, and the mucous or slimy matter in which generally worms breed, and with it whatever worms cannot exist. This medicine may be safely taken even if the worms of the child should not be ascertained to be worried, and in any case will be likely to prove beneficial as it purifies the system from those corrupt humors which not only favor the generation of worms, but are conducive to various other diseases.

This beautiful preparation contains no mercury in any of its forms, nor any other mineral substances, but is a compound entirely of vegetable extracts, which may be taken by children of the tenderest age and of the most delicate constitution, without injury.

Sold in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING, sole agent, authorized by the manufacturer, from whom he obtains it wholesale or retail. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Elizabethtown and Somerville Rail Road.

Spring & Summer Arrangements.

ON and after Monday, April 5th, 1847:

The Steamboat Pier No 1, North River, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and at 3 and 5, P. M.

Returning, leave New York, by N. J. Railroad, foot of Courtlandt street, at 9, o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

Will leave Somerville for New York at 4 1-2 o'clock A. M. Returning, leave New York from Pier No. 1, North River, at 4 o'clock, P. M. Persons wishing their freight to go directly through from New York, will send by the 1 o'clock, P. M. Boat.

FARE

From Somerville to New York by Steamboat,	75 cents	
Bloundbrook,	"	62 1-2
Plainfield,	"	50
Westfield,	"	37 1-2
From Somerville to New York by N. J. R. R.		87 1-2
Bloundbrook to Jersey City,		62 1-2
Plainfield,		56 1-4
Westfield,		43

Stages will be in readiness on the arrival of the cars at Somerville by the 2 o'clock, A. M from New York, to convey passengers to Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Pa. and to Flemington, Groth Branch, White House, Lebanon, Clinton, Reaktown, Jugtown, &c. N. J.

TEAS, TEAS.—A fresh Supply of Green Tea, for the best for 4s. I have ever had. Call June 29. PRUDEN'S

SUGARS.—Just Received, a Good Assortment of beautiful, Fresh Sugars, of qualities and at prices to suit all by. D. PULLMAN.

CONSUMPTION.

And the best remedy known to the world for the Cure of Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the side, breast, &c. and all

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER;

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed and in numerous instances where patients had suffered long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has proved the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not by any means therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by warranting its virtues; on the contrary it simply endeavors to give a brief statement of its usefulness and leave myself, that the surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most credulous, that Consumption can and CAN BE CURED. If this must be be resorted to in time.

There is perhaps no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption Day after day, year after year, this insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its con quest. No walk of life is secure from its deadly shafts. The old, the middle aged and the young all alike, are food for this consuming fiend. Scarcely a family has escaped patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life a while evening, finds consuming fire among his fang upon his chain, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the thousands of those who are at this moment suffering, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs neither "nauseating aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety" its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the people, and

"Well on to fame"

be name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 20, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended Dr. Wistar's Balsam of WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients—all of whom speak highly of it. In cases of consumption it has thought confirmed Consumption had taken place. the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUARRELING! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine are, are, in every respect, TRUE.

THE GENUINE CONTRIVED AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended during many cases where the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and unscrupulous dealers to manufacture spurious imitations of the genuine Balsam, under various names and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always bears the written signature of Seth W. Fowle, All others are Counterfeits. Address all orders to

SETH W. FOWLE,

Proprietor and General Agent,

138 Washington street, Boston.

For Sale in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

And by Dealers in Medicine generally throughout the state.

Oct. 20, 1846.—1y

Light! Light! Light!!

A NEW and Valuable Invention, for making the Portable Composition Burning Fluid, to burn in lamps, superior to Oil or Gas. It is far preferable to the common oil and will be no other grease or stain. It is entirely free from explosion. The Fluid is recommended for all domestic purposes, as smoke or disagreeable odor arising from them, and requiring but little care and no trimming or snuffing, as the wick will burn away. Lamps and Fluid for sale at Pruden's, with a variety of fixtures for making the same, for sale by Giles & Duncker, Stove and Tin Dealers, in Main street, opposite Jacob Drake's Hotel, Somerville, JOHN B. EDWARDS, Agent for the tin ware shop of Westfield.

Plainfield, July 7, 1846.

Just Received

2500 Yds of Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from 6d. to 1s. per Yard.

ALSO

Alpaccas, Plaids, Checks, Cashmeres, &c.

Call and see PRUDEN'S Cheap Store.

IRA PRUDEN

IS constantly receiving New Goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Hardware which he will sell low for cash or Country Produce at Plainfield, June 30, 1846.

Dried Fruit! Dried Fruit!!

DRIED APPLES, Peaches and Plums, Just Received by WEBSTER & MARSH.

March 23, 1847.

The Man of Toil.

By John Chrichley Prince.

Man of toil, would'st thou be free,
Lend thine ear to reason's call!
There's folly in the drunard's glee,
There's madness in the midnight brawl,
The ribald jest, the vulgar song,
May give a keener sting to care!
The riot of a reckless throng,
May lead to ruin and despair;
Let truth unloose thy fettered soul,
There is no freedom in the bowl.

Man of toil, would'st thou be wise,
The pages of moral right explore;
Pierce the human heart's disguise,
And track its motives to the core!
Creation's boundless beauties scan,
Observe its wonders, search its laws,
Look on the vast impression plan,
And learn to love the eternal cause!
Let truth illume thy darkened soul,
There is no wisdom in the bowl.

Man of toil, would'st thou be blest,
Give thy purest feelings play!
Bring all that's noble to thy breast,
Let hate's worthless pass away!
Let generous deeds bid sorrow cease,
Let generous words thy lips employ,
Scatter the seeds of love and peace,
And reap a harvest full of joy!
Let truth make glad thy harrassed soul,
There are no blessings in the bowl.

From the Dublin Mail.

Grand Scheme of Emigration for 1847.

The Brewers should to Malta go,
The Buggerheads to Scilly,
The Quakers to the Friendly Isles,
The Furriers to Chili.

The little squalling, brawling brats,
They break our nightly rest,
Should be packed off to Babylon,
To Lapland or to Brest.

From Spithead Cooks go o'er to Greece;
And while the Miser waits
His passage to the Guinea coast,
Spendthrifts are in the Straits.

Spinsters should to the Needles go,
Wine bibbers to Burgundy,
Gourmands should touch at Sandwich Isles,
Wags in the Bay of Fundy.

Musicians I hasten to the Sound—
The surplized priests to Rome!
Waiters at the door of Thy pocrites
At Canton are at home.

Lovers should hasten to Good Hope,—
To some Cape Horn is pain,
Debtors should go to Ohio,
And Sailors to the Maine.

His Bachelors to the United States!
Maids to the Isle of Man.
Let Gard'ners all to Botany go,
And Shoeblacks to Japan.

Thus Emigrants and misplaced men,
Will then no longer roam,
And all that aint provided for
Had better go to Texas.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Remarkable Deliverance.

[We met the following singular narrative, the other day, in the volume of a Canadian missionary who has recently published certain reminiscences of his life and labors. The story is well told, and the incident which forms its subject, whether called 'accidental,' or 'providential,' was certainly remarkable.]

At about this period I went to attend the sale of the effects of Mr. M.'s respectable farmer, who had been for some time out of settlement a few months before. He had left a widow, a very amiable and pious woman, and three children to mourn his loss. The love widow thought her self unequal to the management of a large farm which her husband had occupied. She therefore took a cottage in the village where I lived: and she now selling everything of except a little furniture.

After the sale was over I went into the house to see her. I congratulated her upon the plan she had just adopted, and remarked that she would be much more comfortable, one only in being relieved from the cares of business she could not be supposed to understand, but in a feeling of security, which in her condition must be truly tonely to one who could safely enjoy.

"Oh! no," she said, "not unprotected, sir. Even at this moment, I feel surrounded with a mysterious shield, that I am under the protection of God, and he cares for the fatherless and the widow," and I was quite confident that He will protect us."

And He did protect them, and that very night in a most extraordinary and wonderful, and I may add, miraculous manner. The farm-house was probably two steps or so without another in the rear of the premises. That night the mercury sunk to zero, and the cold was intense. They had retired to rest some hours. The wind was howling fearfully, and shook the house fearfully at every blast.

They kept the poor mother awake, and she thought she heard, in the pauses of the tempest, some strange and unnatural noise, seemingly at the back of the house. While eagerly listening to catch the sound again, she was startled by the violent barking of a dog, apparently in a frenzy, in the front part of the house immediately under the chamber. The alarmed her self and boys as they had no dog of their own.

She immediately arose, and going to her children's room awoke her, and they went down together. They first passed into the room where they had heard the dog. It was moonlight, at least partially so, for the night was cloudy; still it was light enough to distinguish objects, although but imperfectly. They saw an immense black dog scratching and gnawing furiously at the door leading into the kitchen, whence she thought that the house she first heard had proceed-d.

She requested the servant to open the door which the dog was attacking so violently. The girl was a determined and resolute creature, devoid of fear, and she did so, without hesitation; when the dog rushed out, and the whole crew through the open door into the kitchen window, which was open. The men instantly retreated, and the dog leaped through the window after them. A violent scuffle ensued, and it was evident from the occasional yelping of the noble dog, that he sometimes had the worst of it.

The noise of the contest, however, gradually receded, till Mrs. M. could hear only now and then a faint and distant bark. The robbers, or perhaps robber, had taken out a pane of glass which had enabled them to undo the fastenings of the window, when, for the dog, they would doubtless have accomplished their purpose. The mistress and maid got a light, and secured the window as well as they could.

They then dressed themselves, for to think of sleeping any more that night was out of the question. They had not, however, got down stairs the second time before they heard their protector scratching at the same door for admittance. They immediately opened it, when he came in wagging his bushy tail, and fawning upon each of them in turn, to be patted and praised for his prowess.

He then stretched his huge bulk, at full length, beside the warm stove, closed his eyes, and went to sleep. The next morning they gave him a breakfast any dog might have envied, after which nothing could induce him to prolong his visit. He stood whimpering impatiently at the door till it was opened, when he galloped off in great hurry, and they never saw him afterward.

They had never seen this dog before, nor did they ever know to whom they had obliged. It was a very singular circumstance, and they could only suppose that he came with some stranger to the sale. The family moved the following day to their new cottage in the village, and never saw nor heard more upon them. Mrs. M. remarked me that, when I last saw her, she had sold me they were not unprotected.

From Smith's Hotels, for May.

Our Finances.—When the last United States Bank was incorporated, to be located in Philadelphia, the Cashier of every branch had instructions on the last day of the month, to make up the *aggregate amount of receivables*, when due, *deducting* the names of the promissory notes of the banks all deposited as paper. All branches were under the control of the President of the Mother Bank, —most of the directors of the branches were men of the first respectability. During about the first two thirds of its existence, it was conducted with the most advantageous results to the currency of the country. As the purchase of cotton for the New England manufacturers became extensive at the South, drawn at 60 days at the North, and mostly from the interior branches, the President down to the smallest discount that might be derived from his power, if he saw fit to use it, and being too great a temptation to let it pass, he would write to the different cashiers east of Philadelphia, to stop discounting until further orders, and call in the balance from other banks, and as the board of directors had no right to make any further discounts while this order lasted, they would rise in two days from 40 to 42 per cent. Loans in banks would be made at the Mother Bank, payable in checks on the Eastern Branches for the purpose of buying cotton at 6 months notes at 1 per ct. a month. The loans were mostly made to the friends of Mr. Biddle in Philadelphia and New York, which became a regular system of panic making, when the amount of paper at the North favored it, and continued until the charter run out. This system became very extensively known, that it was the cause of the defeat of a new charter by Congress. The power to control the currency of the country was so desirable to Mr. Biddle and his friends, that he soon obtained a charter called "Bank of the United States," located in Philadelphia, for $35,000,000 capital, and began his business of exchange at the enormous premium of 2½ per ct. on Philadelphia and Baltimore funds, and 5 per ct. on New York, and under the most extraordinary pressure for exchange on every part of the country, believing that the whole United States currency was under his control. In about 12 months he Biddle failed, having cut his whole capital, and nearly thirty millions in debt, when he went down, carrying the whole United States with him. He ultimately got about 12 millions of cash and property, and the balance for the United States Bank, which he sold to European capitalists, who failed in their turn. When the crop came on in 1845, in consequence of the sell ing and pressure to pay for Cotton, and swelling of the specie circular, Congress enacted, that if the per cent on foreign bills, it would be a Gold Point, at which time he was compelled to suspend specie payments. In order for Congress to get a revenue in England, they were compelled to

Just Received

A FRESH Supply of Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Soaps, Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, Pipes, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Window Shades, Fixtures, Brushes, Combs, Cutlery, Stationary, Confectionary, Fruits, Nuts, Spices, Pickles, Sauces, Preserves, Jellies, Wines, Liquors, Cordials, Cigars, Tobacco

THE UNION.

Plainfield. June 29. 1847.

From the Seat of War.

The Matamoras Flag, of June 7th, says that Col. Doniphan and a portion of his command passed down the river on the 5th, with Clark's battery, and 10 pieces of cannon captured at Sacramento. A fight occurred between 80 of the advance guard of Doniphan's force and 100 Comanchees, 20 miles from Parras. One Mexican was wounded. 12 Indians were killed, and several wounded. Six Mexican boys and 2 women were re-taken and liberated.

Gens. Scott and Worth have done much to conciliate the clergy, who are much pleased with them, and through their influence, it is hoped peace may be obtained.

From Mexico.—Dates from the city of Mexico, to May 22d have been received.

Every thing was in a state of confusion and unlicensed anarchy. Gen. Bravo had resigned his command of general in-chief and also as general of division. Gen. Rincon is said to have done the same thing.

Two American officers, prisoners at the Capital, say the expected revolution on the 26th, and that Gen. Scott was expected there within 8 days, and no formidable opposition was anticipated. The Republicano, Mexican newspaper, urges no defence of the Capital, but the removal of the seat of government, that in the event of its fall, it may have a rallying point. The States were to garrison the Capital on the 26th. About 9000 men were to arrive immediately.

Another paper ridicules the idea of defence.—Nothing is said in the papers of a formidable defence at Rio Frio, they speak only of fortifications in the immediate vicinity of the Capital and mention that an advance party of Gen. Worth had reconnoitred as far as Rio Frio.

Gen. Alvarez writes from Iguala, on the 22d, and informs the Government that he would arrive at Cuernavaca with his forces, about the 27th, and be in readiness for the defence of the capital.

500 infantry, perfectly armed and equipped, arrived at the city of Mexico, May 24, from Queretaro. They belonged to the National Guard of that State and were sent to aid in the defence of the capital.

A copy of the new constitution has been published, and addresses have been made thereon by several of their leading men. Herrera says a *people truly free, were never conquered by foreign invasion.* Cinqueros says the Mexicans may decide by causing their submission to unite and support the law and constitution. This being done, the defence and, independence of the country cannot fail. It is said that the administration has deprived all officers who retired from Cerro Gordo, without permission, of their commissions; that great preparations were making at Cuanjuleo, and supplies for the army being raised of artillery.

It was believed at Monterey, that Gen. Taylor would move on San Luis by the last of June.

Gen. Bravo had proposed to the Supreme Government, that American prisoners should be sent coastwise and with due security, sent to Tampico and there set at liberty, in consideration of *the Mexicans liberated at Angostura and Cerro Gordo.*

Information to May 25th from San Luis is received. All was quietude and indifference there. The inflammatory address of the clergy produced no effect upon the Potosians, who had long been subject to the infliction of a large army quartered upon them, and supported by extortions and impositions upon the poor people. No preparations had been made to defend the town against Gen. Taylor's army.

The U. S. Steamer Massachusetts arrived at New Orleans on the 16th, by which dates to the 11th inst. from Vera Cruz have been received.

The vomito is represented as on the increase at Vera Cruz. 20 deaths a day, chiefly Americans. The Garrison was weak, but no fears are entertained of an attack, as the Mexicans from the country, have a greater dread of the Vomito, than the Americans

We regret extremely to say that Paymaster *Bosworth, who sailed from New Orleans on the* 18th ult. sickened and died in Vera Cruz of the vomito. His remains were brought back on the Massachusetts in charge of his brother.

The most important *intelligence* brought by this arrival relates to an attack upon a large train by the Mexican guerillas, which proved partially successful. The train consisted of 125 wagons and 600 pack mules, having in charge $350,000 in specie, and guarded by 800 troops. It left Vera Cruz on the night of the 4th inst. and on Sunday the 6th, after advancing about 25 miles, it was attacked by a large party of guerrillas. The place was well selected for the purpose by the Mexicans, being represented as a defile, crowd enough for a single wagon only. It is said, too, that slight works had been thrown up by the *Mexicans, to obstruct our advance.*

The first attack was repulsed, but on the second some of the wagons containing ammunition and some of the mules were captured by the Mexicans, and 5 of our men killed. Not being willing to advance, despatches were sent to Gen. Cadwallader, who immediately joined the escort, with a reinforcement of 700 men, and a battery. The object of the Mexicans was to obtain the specie, in which they were foiled, and succeeded in obtaining what they did, owing to the great length of the train.

Nothing later had been received from the army of Gen. Scott. The reason is obvious. For the present at least, the communication has been entirely cut off. We do not regard this as at all alarming, for Gen. Cadwallader will, no doubt, open a passage at once. The brigands which infest the road are in much greater force than was anticipated, to attack a train guarded by 800 troops.

But the audacity of the guerillas does not stop here. They are entering Vera Cruz and stealing. For several nights alarms had been created in the city by their preadatory attempts. 60 horses were stolen from one pen.

The companies of Col. Doniphan's command have arrived at New Orleans, and he is soon expected with the remainder, where they will be paid off and discharged. About $700 will be coming to each man, for pay and forage for the whole time. They have conquered the States of New Mexico and Chihuahua, and traversed Durango and New Leon, travelling 5000 miles consuming a whole year, in which time not one word was received from the Government, nor any supplies of any kind, or orders to pay. The army lived on the country exclusively, and supplied itself with ammunition taken from the enemy. 11 pieces of brass cannon, trophies of Sacramento, are now on their way to Missouri.

The column made forced marches from Chihuahua to Matamoras, and performed the distance of 900 miles in 45 days, bringing with it 17 pieces of heavy artillery.

Gen. Taylor is not to advance on San Luis, as Gen. Scott had required 7 of Gen. Taylor's 10 regiments to join him via Vera Cruz. It is thought, however, there will be some skirmishing between Montery and Camargo as Urrea is in the vicinity with 4000 cavalry.

Saturday's Newark Daily Advertiser has the following:

The Prospect of Peace is becoming more clear and satisfactory. The recent news indicates that Gen. Scott's skilful and pacific operations have materially modified the exasperated feelings of the Mexican clergy, and it is understood that *some influential persons of the country are heartily* disposed to concur in the views of a pacification. That Mr. Trist and Gen. Scott have the treaty with them already for immediate ratification by the government of Mexico, and the consequent and immediate cessation thereupon of hostility, is said to be certain. And an intelligent letter writer, The Spy in Washington, tells us he has strong reasons for believing that Mr Buchanan has very recently procured, in cash, the three million appropriation from the Treasury, and that the gold and silver are on their way to Mexico." The writer adds—"With these three millions the peace party could organize at once and discard their military leaders, especially if Gen. Scott should accept an invitation, to himself and his army, to enjoy the hospitalities of the city *of Mexico for a few months after the ratification* of the Treaty."

Late and Important from Mexico.

Yesterday's N. Y. Sun contains the following interesting intelligence from the N. O. papers of the 20th inst.

A party of 150, half armed lef Puebla 8th inst. for Vera Cruz, and were attacked at the National Bridge, by the same party of guerillas, and set 5 men killed and a wagon of trifling value. Capt Duperus' party U. S. dragoons were charged, 14 miles from Vera Cruz, upon by a greatly superior force, which they gallantly repulsed, killing many of the enemy. It was said that some of our wagons were cut off and the drivers taken prisoners. Capt. Duperu arrived safely at Vera Cruz, having lost 3 men killed and 5 wounded.

Gen Cadwallader with 1600 men was attacked by a large force, whom he repulsed after a hard fight of several hours. Mexican loss over 100—our loss 15 killed and 30 or 40 wounded. Gen. C. resumed his route to Jalapa.

The estimated loss of Col. Melntish's party is $4000. Great dissatisfaction with him is expressed, and there will be a court of inquiry. This success has given great confidence to the guerrillas, who are swarming in great numbers thro' the country, and attacking all our parties, large and small.

There are no preparations to defend any point between Puebla and the capital; all the odds and ends of the army are collected in the city, about 20,000 in number, but poorly armed, and are miserably provided for.

The garrison of Jalapa has been broken up, by order of Gen. Scott, and all the sick and government stores have been sent to Perote castle.

We have about 6000 men at Puebla, where Gen. Scott would remain until reinforced.

There is much sickness at Vera Cruz, but very little in the Castle.

The gallant Capt. Walker has commenced his work of retaliation on the guerrillas. On the morning of the 8th inst. he started with his command from *Perote, on an expedition into the interior*, and captured 9 guerillas and an alcalde.—He has employed them in cleaning the streets and sicks.

Common Schools.—We learn from the papers that qualified or licensed teachers are much wanted in various parts of Somerset county, also in the vicinity of Rahway. There appears to be a general disposition manifested to comply with the new school law, and as that requires a somewhat strict examination, many teachers have been found not properly qualified, hence the demand, we suppose.

We understand, that in this town the new arrangement in regard to Common Schools, spoken of by us a few weeks since, will go into effect about the first of August. Efforts are making to build a Public School House in the lower part of the village, at a cost of some $600, to effect which many of our citizens have subscribed very liberally. A House is much needed in that section.

Since the above was in type we have received a well, considered communication on this subject, from one of our best men, to which we invite attention.

The July number of the Columbian Magazine has been received. We suppose it is the most original of the 93 monthlies, and is filled with contributions from the most talented and eminent authors of the country, mostly ladies, who in the department of Literature are fully equal to our authors of the other sex. It is highly embellished, as it always is, with 3 steel engravings, specimens of the highest style of the art.

The Charleston Mercury has come out in favor of Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. The Mercury is Mr. Calhoun's organ, the leading journal of the Slaveholders and Southern Free Traders, a real Radical Southern Democrat! How does the Elizabethtown Journal like *its company?*

A convention of persons interested in the navigation of the Western Lakes and Rivers, is to be held at Chicago, on the 5th of July. 68 delegates have been elected to attend from the city of New York. At a meeting at Newark held on the 21st inst. two delegates from each county in this State were appointed delegates to attend. The Convention is likely to be a very large and important one.

Mexico is often spoken of as a Republic, but altogether inappropriately, as it is a military despotism. We might better call China a Republic, for in China the common people have more power than in Mexico. If Mexico is a Republic *give us* in preference, the absolute despotisms of Turkey and Russia.

Snow in June.—The Wilmington (Del.) Journal says a severe snow storm visited the farmers near and above the Pennsylvania boundary line on Monday, the 14th inst. Snow fell for nearly an hour in some places, and must have injured *the crop, but we hear of no serious damage.*

Snow fell in Boston, on Sunday morning, 20th inst, between 1 and 2 o'clock. The snow was very fine, continuing about 15 minutes, but melted as it fell.

The Mobile Advertiser says of the Lowndes Company Mississippi Volunteers, who passed through Mobile on the 15th, that the number is reduced to about 30, not quite half what it was when they departed!

Bunker Hill Monument.—It appears by a report of the annual meeting of the Bunker Hill Monument association held on the 17th, that over 20,000 persons ascended the monument during the past year, and that the receipts from these *visitors have been sufficient to keep the grounds* around the monument in order, to pay the interest on the debt contracted during the previous year, and $5000 of the principal. It is believed that the entire debt can be extinguished in two years, and various improvements also made on the grounds around the monument.

The Mormon Temple Sold.—The Warsaw (Ill.) Signal of the 12th inst. states that the Mormon Temple has been sold to a Committee of the Catholic Church, for $75,000 and that the proceeds had also been bought some corn for the whole property in the city. It is understood the building is to be appropriated to educational purposes.

Attempt to Break Jail.—Three prisoners in the Morris Jail were discovered while making preparations to escape on Saturday evening last. They had cut through the plank ceiling and plastering in the rear of their bed, broken the thin sheeting rolled on which covered the brick wall, and made considerable progress in excavating the wall.

Mrs. Ira Burnet of Madison, Morris co. sheared from 2 yearling twin lambs 20 lbs. of wool this spring when 7 lbs. wool from 1 ewe that raised a pair of twins this spring.

The City Council of Philadelphia have fixed the salary of the President of Girard College at $4000 a year, and the matrons are allowed each $1000. Too high by half.

The owners of Pennsylvania Hall, Philadelphia, were last week paid $27,942, from the County Treasury, for damage done their property by a mob in 1838.

Emigration from the Northern States to Virginia still continues. Several farms have recently been purchased by the new comers in Fairfax county.

Affecting Death of Col. Edwards.—Many of our readers will be grieved to hear, as we were this morning, that our worthy and honored friend, Col. J. D Edward, principal of the Wool Cloth Manufacturing Company at Elizabethtown, died at Boston on Thursday afternoon of injuries received on the Rail Road in the morning. Being in the cars from Providence to Boston he stepped upon the platform for an instant at the *stopping place at Mansfield*, about 5 o'clock, A. M. and just as the train started was thrown between the platform and the next car with his right arm across the track. The cars passed over his arm cutting it off between the elbow and shoulder. He was taken to Boston by the accommodation train, and conveyed to the Massachusetts hospital, where proper medical and surgical aid was afforded. He lingered in great agony for 12 hours and expired about 5 o'clock, P. M.—Providentially his daughter, (Mrs. James W. Woodruff of Elizabethtown) and her son, were with him to minister to his necessities in the dreadful extremity.

Col. Edwards was among the honored and useful men in the business circles of the vicinity, and his most melancholy death will be deeply deplored, especially in the place where his personal virtues were best known, by a wide circle of attached friends. He died by a remarkable coincidence on the very day which closed the 47th year of his age. The funeral services took place at the residence in Elizabethtown on Sunday.—*Newark Daily.*

Particular interests of different individuals, in matters relative to the generality of purposes, appear much to conflict, but when attention is directed to what effects the common weal, there is a concert of action truly to be desired, and pleasing to be observed. In trying the effects of curative medicines in sickness, one purpose and intent animate all, and this known they and pleasure is complied with in rousing its public influence to the remedies of Brandreth, the great Indian Chief of the Six Nations.

Emancipating Slaves by Thousands.—A number of the Democratic Pacifique received by the Cambria, contains a highly interesting letter from its correspondent at St. Petersburg, dated May 13th, from which it appears that the work of abolishing slavery in Russia has just taken a vast step, thanks to the generosity, as noble as it was unexpected, of M. Rumine, one of the principal proprietors of that country. Yielding to the impulses of a noble heart, this wealthy individual *has suddenly granted complete enfranchisement* to 8,000 serfs of both sexes, who belonged to him in the government of Nijni and Rasan, and what is more admirable in his conduct is, that completing the work of charity, he has abandoned to this population, rescued to liberty by him, for a trifling ransom, the enjoyment of the domains over which they are diffused. This double deed of charity has moreover been accomplished with a simplicity which still further enhances its merit.

John Wadleigh's Trial for Sleeping in Meeting.

Justice Winslow.—What do you know about John Wadleigh's sleeping in meeting?

Witness—I know all about it; taint no secret, I guess.

Justice—Then tell us about it; that's just what we want to know.

Witness, (scratching his head.)—Well, the long and short of it is, John Wadleigh is a hard working man; that is he works mighty hard doing nothing; and that is the hardest work there is done. It will make a feller sleep quicker than poppy leave. So it stands to reason that Wadleigh would naturally be a very sleepy sort of a person. *Well, the weather is sometimes naturally* considerable warm, and Parson Moody's sarmons is sometimes rather heavy-like.

Stop, stop! said Justice Winslow. No reflection upon Parson Moody; that is not what you are called here for.'

Witness—I don't cast no reflections on Parson Moody. I was only telling what I know about John Wadleigh's sleeping in meeting; and it's my opinion, especially in warm weather, that sarmons that are heavy like, and two hours long, naterally have a tendency—

Stop, stop, I say, Squire Winslow; if you expect to put these reflections on Parson Moody again, I'll commit you to the cage for contempt of court.'

Witness—I don't cast no reflections on Parson *Moody. I was only telling what I know about* John Wadleigh's sleeping in meeting.

Squire Winslow.—Well, go on, and tell us all about that. You won't called here to testify about Parson *Moody.*

Witness—That's what I'm trying to do, if you wouldn't keep putting me out. And it's my opinion, in warm weather, folks is considerable apt to sleep in meeting; especially when the sarmon—I mean especially when they get pretty tired. I know I feel pretty hard work to go by seventy odd eighths in the sarmon myself; but, if I once get by short, I generally get into a kind of a waking train again, and make out to mouther it. But it isn't so with Wadleigh. He generally comes if he begins to gape at seventh by and eighths. He's a good deacon with him before he gets through sundays, and he has to look out for another prop for his head somewhere, for his neck isn't stout enough to hold it up. And lastly and pertickly he's as dead as a door nail till the amen brings the people up to pray-

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For the Plainfield Union.

Mr. Editor:

Permit me through the medium of your paper the indulgence of a few remarks in regard to Public Schools in this village, concerning which our worthy Trustees are deliberating on the best course to pursue in order that the greatest good *may result.* I believe a Public School rightly conducted would prove highly beneficial in its effects to the present and rising generation, and I think I may not hesitate to say, meet the approbation of nine-tenths of its population. Those parents who have not the means to educate their children, that the more favored possess, could not fail to regard it a great blessing, and those that have the means and the advancement of education in view, should unite their endeavors to sustain an institution of so great importance.

I would propose for the accomplishment of this object, to raise funds by an increase of our taxes sufficient as to erect a building of suitable dimensions, to be located about central in the town, with a male and female department, without any communication, and with grounds suitable for convenience and health. Or if the people should prefer two buildings conveniently located for the accommodation of both up and down town, managed by one Board of Trustees, constituted as at present, it would meet my views.

In consideration of an object so worthy and desirable, let every citizen feel deeply interested, and especially our Trustees, and duly consider the importance of this enterprise, and of adopting a system that shall insure success; therefore I think it advisable not to adopt any plan for the present, that we may give the subject that consideration it demands. For its consummation let every citizen that appreciates the benefit to be *derived from education, make it manifest through* the ballot box, at our next town meeting. If we have Teachers in our midst, that are well qualified as to knowledge and deportment, who are willing to engage in a station of so great a responsibility, I would recommend them to the consideration of the Trustees—if not, spare no pains in securing *the best talents on the most favorable* terms,—remembering that we are laboring for the public good, and should not suffer any pecuniary interest, or political or religious bias, to influence us in the choice of teachers, or anything pertaining to the welfare of the institution.

Education is desirable as it expands the mind of man, enlarges his heart, and divests it of those selfish and envious principles which characterizes mankind, and prepares him for usefulness. Education elevates the thoughts, it brings into action those powers of mind which a beneficent Creator has bestowed on man; it refines the taste and prepares him to admire and enjoy the beauties of nature. Education is the basis of the young man of small means to build on, it is his capital and qualifies him for business and is his passport, *through life.*

TAX PAYER.

The N. Y. correspondent of the New Brunswick Fredonian writes:

Letters received here, state that the Russian and Belgian governments have combined to put four large new steamers afloat between Antwerp and New York. In about a year from this time there will be 24 regular steam vessels between the United States and Europe, and occasional ones besides. Two or three a week will arrive and depart from this port alone. What a wonderful progress is commercial enterprise making, and who can estimate its social and political results!

Professor Farel Gouraud, the celebrated lecturer and writer on Phreno-mnemotechny, died at Brooklyn on Wednesday last. His wife died not a month before, and it is supposed this circumstance hastened his death. Although he made $20,000 in one winter by his lectures, he died a poor man. He was much admired, both for his pleasing manners and his quickness of intellect.

The Pope, having heard of the failure of the bill to repeal entirely the personal present disabilities heretofore imposed on Catholics in England, is said to have exclaimed—"The question of send ng a Nuncio to England is now put to rest. I will never consent to renew my diplomatic relations with England so long as a vestige of the penal law remains in that country." God bless Pope Pius IX.

Mr. Chandler, editor of the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette, is about to bid farewell forever to the professions which he has so long adorned. He has disposed of his establishment to the publishers of the Phil. North American for $45,000 cash; and retires with a competency honestly earned by years of persevering and devoted editorial labor.

Mr. Astor has in his will left nearly a half million of dollars for the establishment of a free library in New York. He made the legacy, not expecting from his great age to survive long.

Look out for Burglars.—On Monday night the house of Mr. Isaac Demarest, in Weehawken bridge, was broken into and robbed of all the silver ware. About three weeks since the house of Mr. Smith, the Woodbridge Postmaster, was also robbed of a quantity of silver ware.—*Rahway Adv.*

Peppermint in Demand.—The Baltimore American states that there is quite a demand for the essence of peppermint, and that a large quantity has been purchased on speculation for the Army in Mexico.

Religious Notice.

Christopher Healy, a Minister in the Society of Friends, from Bucks Co. Pa. has appointed a Meeting to be held in Friends' Meeting House on Front st. this afternoon, at half past 3 o'clock, and gives general invitation.

Plainfield, 6th Mo. 29th, 1847.*

NOTICE

The Directors of the American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Plainfield will meet at John Ayers' Hotel, on Monday, July 5th, 1847, at 3 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance is requested.

L. CRAIG, Sec'y.

Free Lecture on Phrenology,

By L. N. Fowler, of New York,

On Thursday Evening, July 1st, at the Seventh-Day Baptist Church.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield are invited to attend.

The reception of the President of the United States at New York, on Friday last was every thing that was anticipated. The crowd in attendance was very large. A number from Plainfield went to see him, and were gratified.

He left for New Haven on Monday morning, on his route to Maine, by way of Boston.

The N. J. Historical Society at its meeting in New Brunswick, last Friday, resolved that the Library and Cabinet of the Society shall be located in Newark.

Impurity of the Blood causes pain and occasions disease upon that part of the body which, from any cause, may be the weakest. Thus, in persons whose blood is impure, should they have a cold, the impure matter would settle upon the lungs, and consumption be the trouble; so with other affections. All trouble is saved by using Brandreth's Pills, which cannot injure, and cannot be overdone. Only use them in the commencement of any disease, use them in full doses, and you will be up and well, while those who are too wise to take such a simple medicine, are bedridden, or prematurely end their days. The Brandreth Pills are only beginning to be appreciated; they are found never to deceive; they are the only internal medicine required in this climate. Be careful of pretended universal purgatives which cannot be used without injury to the body, as Brandreth's Pills can. What are they? Are they not imitations of the Brandreth Pills recommended in advertisements stolen from Dr. Brandreth? Were they not originally counterfeit Pills, purporting to be the genuine Brandreth Pills? But in consequence of the new labels on the Brandreth Pill boxes, are they not obliged to come out under colors equally false? Observe the makers and travelling agents! Are they not men whom Dr. Brandreth has cast off—not for bad conduct, truly? Is not this true as applicable to the pretended "Indian," and in fact to nearly all the advertised Pills of the day? Should the public trust their lives in the hands of those unprincipled men? Surely not. The Brandreth Pills give strength for weakness; they are liked best by those who have taken the most of them. Dr. Brandreth can give personal reference to thousands who have been restored from a bed of sickness by their use, when every other means have been entirely unavailing. These cases are continually occurring in New York every, and in every part of the Union.

Get Brandreth's Pills.

If you are not perfectly healthy, and they will restore you, if medicine can do it, because they expel those humors which are the cause of impurity of the blood, and at the same time the body is strengthened by the operation of this most excellent medicine.

Remember: 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery, Retail Office; 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Titsworth, Dunn & Co.

Harper's Family Bible, splendidly bound, for sale. 916. M. F. C ASHING.

☞ *Happiness the Aim of All.* ☜

☞ *Happiness is doubtless the aim of all* — The question is, how it shall be obtained. It cannot be denied that one indispensable condition is health, to be possessed and enjoyed alike by the husband and father, the wife and mother, and children. The wife and mother is subject to many complaints incident to her sex, from which the husband and father is free; it is thus that we see her often dragging out a sickly existence, painful to contemplate. Let the husband then, as he values his own happiness and that of the companion of his bosom, and the mother of his children, avail himself of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," by Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, in which he will find those matters treated of of which he should not be ignorant. (See advertisement.)

Maryland.

Snow Hill, Feb. 21, 1846.

Mr. Seth W. Fowle:

Sir—Please send me as soon as possible, another lot of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I have been selling the valuable medicine in this town for many years. It has proved to be highly useful in many cases. Much has been said and written in commendation of this article, justly, too, I think from my observation of its effect upon others, and my own experience in using it. Some months since, having a bad cough, I lost my appetite and strength, and my health was much impaired. I tried this Balsam; to my astonishment and joy, when I had taken two bottles, my cough was removed, my appetite returned, my strength and general health restored. — Now, I have any symptoms of the kind coming on, I immediately resort to this medicine, and find it to have the desired effect. I believe this to be one of the best medicines in the world for coughs and incipient consumption, and that invalids in more advanced stages may be relieved by using it. Signed by LEVIN TOWNSEND.

Firm of Townsend & Upshur.

We say unhesitatingly, and without a blush, this medicine can't be beat." Beware of counterfeits.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Lewis Craig.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 8, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your Olosaonian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the diseases since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.

Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Tooth Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, June 26th, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,75 to 7,25
Rye Flour,	5,75 to 6,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,50 to 5,00
Grain—Wheat,	1,45 to 1,60
Rye,	1,09 to 1,10
Corn,	,85 to ,99
Oats, Jersey,	50 to 51

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

T. D. Williams, $1,75; Edw. Drake, 1,50; P. Drake, 1,50; J. Briant, 1,25; Lines Tucker, ,75; J. E. Vail, ,75.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties). This, combined with many other valuable vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, must be valuable acquisition to those who are laboring in the grasp of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Sanford's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by Dr. Sanford, Physician, of Philadelphia. Dr. Sanford's Wister, of Philadelphia has not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there assume get up in Philadelphia by Williams & Co. and Dr. Sanford's Wister attached, the right of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular Physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sanford is on each box, or on each bottle.*

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See Advertisement in another column.

MARRIED.

On Thursday Evening last, in the 2d Baptist Church in this place, by Rev. D. T. Hill, Mr. ABM. RUNYON, Junr. son of John Runyon, Esq to Miss SARAH ANN WHITEHEAD, all of Plainfield.

On the 16th inst. Rev. Safrinus Seeber, of Centreville, Michigan, to Catharine C. Nevius, of New Brunswick.

On the 23d inst. Augustus Howe, of New York, to Ann E. Massie of Elizabethtown.

On the 23d inst. Silas Woodruff to Elizabeth Birby, both of Elizabethtown.

DIED.

On the 20th inst. in New Brunswick, at the residence of her son-in-law (A. D. Hall) Elizabeth, relict of the late John Johnson, of Hunterdon county, aged 90 years.

Bargains; bargains!

In DRY GOODS, in the new Store of P. Mosher, corner of Front st. and Exchange Alley, Plainfield, where Goods will be sold at 25 per ct. less than at any other store in New Jersey, to prove which I will give a list of prices.

Balzorines,	worth 2s. at 1s. per yard	
Colored Lawns	worth 2s. at 1s. per yard	
Women's Cotton Hose,	worth 1s. at 6d.	
Children's do do	1s. at 6d.	
Lace Edging	worth 3c at 1c per yard	
Summer Vesting,	worth 4s. at 2s. 6d.	

Many other Goods at still less prices.

Storekeepers and all others invited to call and buy.

D. T. WILLIAMS.

June 29th, 1847.

The beautiful Young Lady of Brooklyn; and Radway's CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

LAST Fall we published a letter from a young lady who while on a visit to her friends in South New Jersey had suffered severe pain from the bites of mosquitoes and experienced great annoyance from the unusual darkness of her tanned complexion. Her skin was rough, pimpled, dry and unhealthy, covered with Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and other excrescences. She was induced to use Radway's celebrated Chinese Medicated Soap. A few days use of this delicious Toilet Emollient cleansed the secretory vessels of the cutaneous system, removed the pores, removed from the surface of the vestige of Tan, Sun-burn, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules and other blemishes, rendered her skin pure and healthy, and imparted that soft, sweet, pure, clear, fair and healthy, and empurpled tint to her complexion the rich hue and beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear. For general Toilet purposes Radway's Soap, is superior to all imported French, English or Berlin Soaps, it is entirely free from deleterious ingredients, such as Mercury, Corrosive Sublimate, Muriatic Acid, and Mercurial Preparations, which irritate the cuticle, and clog up the pores, the effect of you wish to avoid these disfiguring complaints, Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap, and use no other. Guard against counterfeit agents and you will get the genuine. See that each cake bears the signature of R. G. Radway.

Sold at 12½ cents a cake, in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING, and at WEBSTER'S MARKET.

J. & R. G. RADWAY,

June 22d, 1847. 2 Courtland st. N. Y.

For Sale.

The House and Lot in the village of Plainfield, New Jersey, recently occupied by Mr. Plainfield Perry, as a tavern stand on the Main street, about three minutes walk from the Depot of the Somerville Rail Road Co., upon which trains are running to and from New York three times a day. For terms, &c. apply to D. WOODRUFF, Esq. 88 Cedar st. N. Y., DANIEL DODD, Jr. 230 Broad st., Newark, or to JOEL DUNN, at Plainfield.

On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank; a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Table or Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

☞ The Sale of the above property stands adjourned to WEDNESDAY, June 16th, at the same hour and place.

May 25, 1847.—3w

☞ The above sale is further adjourned to Friday, the 2d day of July next, at the same hour and place.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Essex Common Pleas.

Henry J. Beers and Peter L. Bogert vs. William Rodell.

Fi. Fa. de Bonis et Terris.

By Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed I shall expose for sale at *Public Vendue* at the Hotel of William S. Dunn, in Newark, in the Township of Newark, on Saturday the 6th day of July next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant of, in and to the Real Estate whereon he resides, and also the No. of Land and premises purchased of Jonathan Osborn jr. and wife, and Alex. Wilson and wife, situate at Scotch Plains in the township of Westfield in the County of Essex, and State of New Jersey, to the same more fully described and bounded.

WILLIAM FRAME, Sheriff.

May 1, 1847.—23-4w

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that DUNN & AYERS, of the township of Plainfield, hath this day made an Assignment to the subscriber of their estate for the equal benefit of their creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims under oath or affirmation, within the term of three months

JAMES C AYERS, Assignee.

Plainfield, June 14-h, 1847.—3w*

THE EMPTICISM of our nation is well nigh becoming proverbial. A strict sense of justice, urges us imperatively to resort to those well-defined and simple preparations, which is being prepared from

Native Productions,

BY

NATIVE HANDS,

have produced the only actual cures ever made in those remarkably deadly diseases

CONSUMPTION & SCROFULA;

Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,

and all Pulmonary Complaints.

The particular and wonderful success of

The Great Chief Brant's

INDIAN REMEDIES,

has raised a host of captious enemies, but their assaults we trust fall as harmless now as ever, and we call with

EARNEST SYMPATHY,

upon every sufferer to lay aside all prejudice, and obtain these preparations and by actual trial prove convincingly the

Extraordinary Medicinal

POWER AND EFFECT

so urgently claimed for them. Numerous certificates of the most intense and thrilling interest by the restored persons, are published with attestations and references of the highest respectability, and may be had of the agents WITH OUT CHARGE.

BRANT'S

INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

Is the Chief's GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD, and never has failed to cure

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcerated and Nursing Sore Mouth, Piles, Ulcers, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, and all

Eruptive and Skin Diseases,

and by its extraordinary power in regulating and equalizing the circulation

DYSPEPSIA, PILES AND COSTIVENESS.

MATTHEW B. WALKER, Proprietor,

JOHN A. CLARK, N. Y. General Agent, office 60 Cedar st New York, who has appointed as Agents,

Wilsons and Marsh,	Plainfield,
Joseph Rose,	Boundbrook,
Barkelow & Hardcastle,	Somerville,

May 25, 1847.—1y

The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion,

By Dr. A. M. Mauriceau,

Professor of Diseases of Women.

[Third Edition. 18mo. pp. 250. Price $1 00.]

25,000 *Copies sold in Three Months!!!*

The great demand for this most important work, (of which thousands are sold) has compelled the issue of another edition. It is intended especially for the married of the opposite sex, and every one should be known to them particularly. Here every female can discover the causes, symptoms, and the most efficient remedies and most certain mode of cure, in every case of disease to which her sex is subject.

Married females will here learn the art whereby they retain their youth, vigor, beauty, pleasantry of body, and buoyancy of spirits to more advanced age, instead of being afflicted, as they are, with pains and maladies, into whose inside this book has not yet fallen.

It is an important question to the married why it is that we behold so many married ladies sickly, debilitated, and prostrated? are also the causes; and whether they are susceptible of remedy. They will here find those important matters, connected with *ill* secrecies in medical and physiological science, which never dare *question.*

This work is destined to be in the hands of every wife and mother, more or less regard for her own health and welfare, as well as that of her husband.

The revelations contained in its pages have already proved a blessing to thousands, as the following extracts and those are instances alike cases of similar import) will attest.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dayton, Ohio.

"Dayton, May 1st, '47.

"Dr. A. M. Mauriceau,

"My Dear Sir.—The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion,' for which I enclosed one dollar to your address, came safely to hand. I would not have troubled you with this letter, but that I am impelled by a sense of gratitude, for myself and wife, to give utterance to our sincere and heartfelt emotions.

"My wife has been perceptibly sinking for some 3 years past in consequence of the most excruciating and suffering some months before and during confinement; every succeeding one, more and more debilitated and prostrated, increasing life in imminent danger; and which was, on the last occasion, despaired of. I supposed that this state of things was inevitable, and resigned myself to meet the worst. At this time, (now about ten months,) I heard of your highly popular work, of, as containing some matters reaching my case. On its receipt and perusal, I cannot express to you the relief it afforded my distressed mind, and the joy it brought to my wife, on learning that the great discovery of M. M. Desomeaux provided a remedy. It appeared a prospect to me which I little conceived was possible. To my inexpressible delight, my wife regained the obligations I am under to you, for having been the means of imparting to us the matters contained in 'The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.' But for this, ere another year would have passed over my head, in all human probability, my wife would have been in her grave, and my children left motherless."

From a Physician.

Dear Sir: I received your work on the 10th, and it is truly entitled to be called the *'Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.'* I unhesitatingly say that it should be in the hands of every medical student, and account of the mode of treatment you prescribe, by which broken or inflamed breasts are impossible of occurrence. In view, therefore, of the benefit to those thus afflicted at every confinement, it is invaluable not only to every physician, but to every woman.

Yours truly, &c. Dr. [illegible]

The great discovery of M. M. Desomeaux mentioned in your work, I have known and considered in the sphere of my own immediate practice, whose health would have been preserved, and many others whose lives would have been saved, had they availed themselves of it, although, of course, from the susceptible of perversion, as indeed ever are our greatest blessings. Yours, &c. Dr. [illegible]

Letters are daily received of this character unnecessary to present.

To those yet unmarried, but contemplating marriage, or, perhaps, hesitating as to the propriety of incurring the responsibilities of the married life, from a fear of being possessed of the revelations contained in these pages, so intimately involving their future happiness, we say, hesitate no longer.

It is of course impossible to convey more fully, in a public journal, the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married or those contemplating marriage; neither is it necessary, since it is every one's duty to become possessed of knowledge, whereby the sufferings to which a wife, a mother, or a sister may be subject, can be obviated.

Copies will be sent by Mail free of Postage.

Over 10,000 copies have been sent by mail within 3 months, with perfect safety and certainty. In one instance has a remittance been received, which ordered the book those to whom it has been directed.

On the receipt of $1 the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent free of postage to any part of the United States. All letters must be addressed (post paid) to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1224, New York city. Publishing Office 129 Liberty street, New York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by book sellers in New York, Richmond, Philadelphia, Boston, Mass., Providence, R. I., Albany, Buffalo, St. Louis, Charleston, New Orleans, and in every principal city in the United States. Agents in Philadelphia, Fisher & Brother—New York, Burgess & Stringer. All letters, however, must be addressed as above.

N. B. The trade supplied on the usual terms.

New York, June 14, 1847.—23-12w

Portrait Painting

THE Subscriber from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield that he has taken the room over the Tin store of J. M. C. Smith, where some specimens of his Painting can be seen. He would respectfully call the attention of those wanting a plain but faithful likeness to some of his Ten Dollar Portraits.

Those wishing to be painted, early application will be necessary to ensure his services.

W. T. BLACK.

Plainfield, June 7, 1847.—4w

WOOL CARDING

DONE at the Plainfield Factory at 6 cents per lb. Cash. The Subscriber assures thanks to the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and solicits a continuance of the same. All wool left at the Store of Titsworth, Dunn & Co. Plainfield, or at the Shop of A. S. Mosher, Bound Brook, will be return ed to the owner as soon as carded.

Also, Wool carded and spun into Stocking Yarn, Carpet Yarn, or for Blankets, Cloth, &c., at the following prices.

Stocking Yarn double-twisted and reeled, 2s per lb

Yarn for Blankets or Carpets, 1s 3d. per lb.

Rolls, Cash, Warp and Filling, 1s. 6d. per lb.

Also, HAT BODIES of all qualities made of Wool for sale, or Manufactured to Order.

May 25, 1847.—6w. THOS. STEAD.

See Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale low, by D. BULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

BUSH BEANS, and Peas by the quart, for sale by May 18, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

JUST OPENED, a Choice Mop seline de Laine of Choice Patterns and very cheap by D. BULLMAN.

Sept. 29, 1846.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

(Successors to JASON B. BUCKOVER,)

No. 215 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following:

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s, former price 10 cases DeLaine at 1s. worth 1s 9d and 2s.

5 do. do. at 1s. 3d. worth 2s. and 2s. 6d.

3 do. do. at 1s. 6d. worth 3s.

After 3 cases very rich California Prints from 2s. to 4s.

3 cases French Ginghams 1s. 6d. worth 2s. 6d.

10 case English Long Cloths at 1s. worth 1s 3d & 1s 6d

20 cases Printed American, from 4c. to 6c. very good upwards.

50 pieces Bleached Muslins, from 7c to 9c per yard upwards.

100 pieces Fluted Alpaccas at 2s. worth 2s 6d.

5 cases French Organdy Muslins only 1s. sold last year at 2s.

3 cases English Prints, former price 2s sterling 1s. a yd

100 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, a great from the manufacturers, and are retailing at higher prices.

Hemps and stacks of goods for men's and boys' wear from 8d per yard upwards.

50 dozen *Extra quality* French Real Gloves at 2s. 6d.—worth 5s.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 3d.

Heaps of silk and satin ribbons from 6d per pair

50 Carlsbe Spring Shawls from $1 to $50.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a great assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 pairs Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steambout counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely

new, patterns—very cheap.

Our prices are low for cash or barter, and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auctions, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers. All are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3w

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

IS now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contractions of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague, Sore Eyes, Great and Small Pox, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Diseases.

THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* in curing the most severe cases of the different Disease above named.—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, *gives me the right to say that it is UNEQUALLED as a remedy for the ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

Read the following letter from Edmund M. Blunt, Esq. whose name is well and favorably rendered as the author of the Coast Pilot, and several other Nautical Works, is most reliable evidence of the great value of the celebrated *External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment.*

Sing Sing, July 15, 1845.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For more than half a century I have suffered by Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, in consequence of that disease which sticks closer than a brother. I fell and injured my side, inducing my applying Hunt's Celebrated Liniment, from which I had immediate relief; subsequently finding a sore on my wrist, I again applied it to the part affected, which at once removed it. As a few accounts all ship, I desire to carry a medicine chest which will be of use to me, and could go without this, as I think one bottle for external purposes, would all the medicine they can carry. You may use this communication at your pleasure.

Very respectfully yours,

EDMUND M. BLUNT.

A gentleman of high standing in the Society of Friend's speaks as follows of the great remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

Newcastle, 13th March 1st, 1846.

George E. Stanton,

Esteemed Friend:—Thy letter of the 20th ultimo is received, for my reply I would say, Sir, I have been troubled with a lame knee for several years, during which time it has distressed me much. I procured a bottle of Hunt's Liniment at thy store, early last spring, and I have used it freely, and can say that since that time I have had little or no trouble with my knee. A friend, to whom I sent a bottle, informs me that it was a great benefit to her in a rheumatic affection. I have no hesitation in recommending it to every person needing an external remedy. JACOB GRIFFEN.

Bedford, Sept. 4, 1845.

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Sir—Sometime since I overheated myself in working, and in a short time my calf broke out in pimples, which, by scratching, soon became four sores of the worst description. The irritation and swelling was so great that I could not sleep for days. I used but one bottle of your Liniment, and I am now entirely well. I was also affected by a swelling in the groin from the same cause, and the application of the Liniment relieved me at once, and I completely recommend it to the public as an invaluable remedy.

RICHARD MOSHER.

This Liniment is put up at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York,

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 142 Greenwich Street.

BUSHTON & CO. 130 Broadway.

A. B. N. D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

JAMES ROSE, 26 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing, N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,

Proprietor.

Agents in this County.

Plainfield,—M. F. Cushing, *Dr. Lewis Craig*, and S. W. Ayres.

Westfield,—R. Van Benskirk, Aaron C. Johnson.

Cranbury,—J. N. Crawford

Middlesex,—N. R. Brown.

Springfield,—Elijah Suttes, *A. Stites*, W. S. Cooper

Union,—Wm. Hall, Wm. Vanderveer.

Elizabethtown,—Wm. M. Whitehead, Dr. J. R. Brinsmade, James Cree

Rahway,—J. Hathaway, A. D. Bassett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield,—Charles Clark, W. H. Pierson,

Scotch Plains, Joseph M. Osborn

Middletown, Asbury,—

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange,—I. L. Freeman

Orange,—Day & Bailey

Belleville,—N. N. Jerolaman & Son.

Bloomfield,—Isaac Pierson & Cowgan, Crane, Osborn & White

C. D. Harrison,—Oakland.

Nov. 17, 1846. 1y

Blank Books,

Of all sizes, and of good paper, at 25 cents per quire, for sale at the Office of the Plainfield Journal.

May 25, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Religious Notice.

Christopher Healy, a Minister in the Society of Friends, from Bucks Co. Pa. has appointed a Meeting to be held in Friends' Meeting House on Front st. this afternoon, at half past 3 o'clock, and gives general invitation.

Plainfield, 6th Mo. 29th, 1847.

NOTICE

The Directors of the American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Plainfield will meet at John Ayers' Hotel, on Monday, July 5th, 1847, at 2 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance is requested.

L. CRAIG, Sec'y.

Free Lecture on Phrenology,

By L. N. Fowler, of New York,

On Thursday Evening, July 1st, at the Seventh-Day Baptist Church.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield are invited to attend.

The reception of the President of the United States at New York, on Friday last was every thing that was anticipated. The crowd in attendance was very large. A number from Plainfield went to see him, and were gratified.

He left for New Haven on Monday morning, on his route to Maine, by way of Boston.

The N. J. Historical Society at its meeting in New Brunswick, last Friday, resolved that the Library and Cabinet of the Society shall be located in Newark.

Impurity of the Blood causes pain and occasions diseases upon that part of the body which, from any cause, may be the weakest. Thus, in persons whose blood is impure, should they have a cold, the impure matter would settle upon the lungs, and consumption be the trouble; so with other affections. All trouble is saved by using Brandreth's Pills, which cannot injure, and can not be overdone. Only use them in the commencement of any disease, use them in full doses, and you will be up and well, while those who are too wise to take such a simple medicine, are bedridden, or prematurely end their days. The Brandreth Pills are only beginning to be appreciated; they are found never to deceive; they are the only internal medicine required in this climate. Be careful of pretended universal purgatives which cannot be had without injury to the body, as Brandreth's Pills can. What are they? Are they not imitations of the Brandreth's Pills recommended in advertisements stolen from Dr. Brandreth? Were they not originally counterfeit Pills, purporting to be the genuine Brandreth Pills? But in consequence of the new labels on the Brandreth Pill boxes, are they not obliged to come out under colors equally false? Observe the makers and travelling agents! Are they not men whom Dr. Brandreth has cast off—not for bad conduct, truly! Is not this true as applicable to the pretended "find us," and in fact to nearly all the advertised pills of the day? Shall the public trust their lives in the hands of these unprincipled men? Surely not. The Brandreth Pills give strength for weakness; they are liked best by those who have taken the most of them. Dr. Brandreth can give personal reference to thousands who have been restored from a bed of sickness by their use, when every other means have been entirely unavailing. These cases are continually occurring in New York city, and in every part of the Union.

Get Brandreth's Pills.

If you are not perfectly healthy, and they will restore you, if medicine can do it, because they expel those humors which are the cause of impurity of the blood, and at the same time the body is strengthened by the operation of this most excellent medicine.

Remember 241 Broadway is Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office; 274 Bowery. Retail Office: 241 Hudson st. Retail Office, and the following are agents in

Plainfield, Tilsworth, Dunn & Co.

Harper's Family Bible, splendidly bound, for sale. $16. M. F. CushING.

☞ *Happiness the Aim of All.* ☜

☞ *Happiness is doubtless the aim of all* —The question is, how it shall be obtained. It cannot be denied that one indispensable condition is health; to be possessed and enjoyed alike by the husband and father, the wife and mother, and children. The wife and mother is subject to many complaints incident to her sex, from which the husband and father is free; it is thus that we see her often dragging out a sickly existence, painful to contemplate. Let the husband then, as he values his own happiness and that of the companion of his bosom, and the mother of his children, avail himself of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," by Dr. M. Mauriceau, in which he will find those matters treated of of which he should not be ignorant. (See advertisement.)

Maryland.

Snow Hill, Feb. 21, 1846.

Mr. Seth W. Fowle:

Sir—Please send me as soon as possible, another lot of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I have been selling this valuable medicine in this town for many years. It has proved to be highly useful in many cases. Much has been said and written in commendation of the article, justly, too, I think from my observation of its effect upon others, and my own experience in using it. Some months since, having a bad cough, I lost my appetite and strength, and my health was much impaired. I tried this Balsam: to my satisfaction and joy, when I had taken two bottles, a cough was removed, my appetite returned, and my strength and general health restored. Whenever I have any symptoms of the kind returning, I immediately resort to this medicine, and find it to have the desired effect. I believe this to be one of the best medicines in the world for coughs and incipient consumption, and that invalids in more advanced stages may be relieved by using it. Signed by LEVIN TOWNSEND.

Firm of Townsend & Upshur.

We say unhesitatingly, and without a blush, this medicine can't be beat. Beware of counterfeits.

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

Sold in Plainfield by Dr. LEWIS CRAIG.

DR. SHERMAN'S OLOSANTIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

Read the following from Dr. A. C. Castle an educated Physician, and one of the best Practical Dentists in the city of New York.

New York, Jan. 5, 1845.

Dear Sir,—Your Olosantian has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there has been no recurrence of the disease since. I also tried it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the Bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to Consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c. A. C. CASTLE, M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

M. F. Cushing, Sole Agent for Plainfield, who sells also Sherman's Touch Paste, Poor Man's Plaster, Camphor, Cough and Worm Lozenges.

New York Prices Current, June 26th, 1847.

Wheat Flour,	6,75 to 7,25
Rye Flour,	5,75 to 6,00
Indian Meal, Jersey,	4,50 to 5,00
Grain—Wheat,	1,45 to 1,60
Rye,	1,09 to 1,10
Corn,	,85 to ,93
Oats, Jersey,	,50 to ,51

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

T. D. Williams, $1,75; Edw. Drake, 1,50; P. Drake, 1,50; J. Brisst, 1,25; Lines Tucker, ,75; J. E. Vail, ,75.

☞ *To whom it may concern.*—All persons being afflicted with Consumption, or Coughs, or *any impure disease of the blood*, would find it to their interest to read the advertisement in another column of this paper, headed CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTIVES Beware of Imposition.—*The Wild Cherry Tree in all ages of the world, and in all countries where it is known, both among civilized as well as savage nations and tribes is justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal properties.* This, combined with many other and noble vegetable extracts, and prepared by a skillful physician who possesses the advantages of the experience and practice of his profession of nearly a quarter of a century, and a remarkable reputation in them who is laboring under any of the dangerous diseases of the Lungs so common in our climate. Such a preparation is Dr. Sanger's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, prepared by himself at his Laboratory in Philadelphia. Dr. Wistar, of Philadelphia has not nor ever has had anything to do with any preparation of Wild Cherry, but there assume get up in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, &c. &c. the name of Dr. Wistar attached, the sight of which was sold out to some merchants in the West. If you would get the genuine article the only one prepared by a regular physician, see that the signature of Dr. Sanger, Philadelphia, is on each bottle.

For sale in Plainfield, by M. F. CUSHING.

See *Advertisement* in another column.

MARRIED.

On Thursday Evening last, in the 2d Baptist Church in this place, by Rev. D. T. Hill, Mr. ABM RUNYON, Junr. son of John Runyon, Esq to Miss SARAH ANN WHITEHEAD, all of Plainfield.

On the 16th inst. Rev. Safrinus Seeber, of Centreville, Michigan, to Catharine C. Nevius, of New Brunswick.

On the 23d inst. Augustus Rowe, of New York, to Ann E. Massie all Elizabethtown.

On the 23d inst. Elias Woodruff to Elizabeth Birby, both of Elizabethtown.

DIED.

On the 20th inst. in New Brunswick, at the residence of her son-in-law, (A. D. Hall) Elizabeth, relict of the late John Johnson, of Hunterdon county, aged 90 years.

Bargains; bargains!

In DRY GOODS, in the new Store of P. Mosher, corner of Front st. and Exchange Alley, Plainfield, where Goods will be sold at 25 per ct. less than at any other store in New Jersey, to prove which I will give a list of prices.

Balsorines,	worth 2s. at 1s. per yard	
Colored Lawns worth	2s. at 1s. per yard	
Worsted's Cotton Hose,	worth 3s. at 1s. 6d.	
Children's	do do	1s. at 6d.
Lace Edging worth	3c. at 1c per yard	
Summer Vesting, worth	4s. at 2s. 6d.	

Many other Goods at still less prices.

Storekeepers and all others invited to call and buy.

D. T. WILLIAMS.

June 29th, 1847.

The beautiful Young Lady of Brooklyn; and Radway's CHINESE MEDICATED SOAP.

LAST Fall we published a letter from a young lady who while on a visit to her friends in South New Jersey had suffered severe pain from the bites of musquitoes, she experienced great annoyance from the unnatural darkness of her tanned complexion. Her skin was rough, parched, dry and unhealthy, covered with red freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and other excrescences. She was recommended to use Radway's celebrated Chinese Medicated Soap. A few days use of this delicious Toilet Excellent article removed all the unsightly vestiges of Tan, Sun-burn, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules and other blemishes, rendered her skin pure soft, smooth, pure, clear, white and healthy, and imparted that rich complexion the rich hue and beautiful appearance which nature intended it should wear. For general Toilet purposes Radway's Soap, is superior to all imported French, English or Swiss Soaps. It is entirely free from deleterious ingredients, such as Bromide, Corrosive Sublimate, Muriatic Acid, and Mercurial Preparations, which irritate the pores, and blotch the skin, and render it coarse and dark. Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap, is recommended to all who desire a healthy complexion, soft hands, and fair skin, and take no other. Go to the advertised agents and you will get the genuine. Beware that such cake does not the signature of R. G. Radway.

Sold at 12 1-2 cents a cake, in Plainfield by M. F. CUSHING, and WEBSTER & MARSH.

J. & R. G. RADWAY,
5 Courtlandt st. N. Y.

June 23d, 1847.

For Sale.

The House and Lot in the village of Plainfield, New Jersey, recently occupied by the Plainfield Bank. It is situated on Main street, about three minutes walk from the Depot of the Somerville Rail Road Co., upon which trains are running to and from New York three times a day—New Rails will be laid upon the road in a few weeks, which will make it a pleasant, safe and speedy conveyance. The House is large, substantial and roomy, and the grounds are in fine order. There is also a very excellent variety of fruit and ornamental trees, a large barn, out houses, &c. There are from 6 to 8 acres of land attached, 3 or 4 of which are covered by a beautiful pond of pure spring water, the banks of which are shaded by a handsome growth of trees.

The village of Plainfield is one of the most beautiful in New Jersey—lying in a fertile valley at the foot of a picturesque range of mountains.

Also, the two story frame House and Lot, adjoining the above, which is also a very desirable property.

If the above property is not previously sold at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on the premises on Tuesday, the 20th day of May inst. at 12 o'clock, M.

For terms, &c., apply to E. B. WOODRUFF, Esq. 88 Cedar st. N. Y., DANIEL DODD, Jr. 259 Broad st., Newark, or to JOHN DUNN, on the premises.

☞ On the same day will be sold some articles belonging to the Bank, a quantity of Carpeting, Clock, a Table or Counter, Chairs, Stove, &c.

☞ The Sale of the above property stands adjourned to WEDNESDAY, June 16th, at the same hour and place.

May 25, 1847.—3w.

☞ The above sale is further adjourned to Friday, the 2d day of July next, at the same hour and place.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Essex Common Pleas.

Henry J. Beers and Peter L. Bogert vs. William Randell,
Fi. Fa. de Bonis et Terris.

By Virtue of the above stated writ of Fieri Facias to me directed I shall expose for sale at *Public Vendue* at the Hotel of William S. Devanney at Scotch Plains on the 6th day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title and interest of the said defendant of, in and to the Real Estate whereon he resides, and also on a Lot of Land and premises purchased of Jonathan Osborn, jr. and wife, and Alex. Wilson and wife, situate in Scotch Plains in the township of Westfield in the county of Essex, and State of New Jersey, be the same more or less. WILLIAM FRAME, Sheriff.

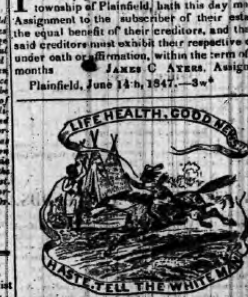
May 1, 1847.—23tw

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that DUNN & AYRES, of the township of Plainfield, hath this day made an Assignment to the subscriber of their estate for the equal benefit of their creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims under oath or affirmation, within the term of three months

JAMES C AYERS, Assignee.

Plainfield, June 14th, 1847.—3w*



THE EFFICIENCY of our nation is well nigh becoming proverbial. A strict sense of justice, urges us impulsively to resort to those well-tried and simple preparations, which being prepared from

Native Productions,
BY
NATIVE HANDS,

have produced the only actual cures ever made in those remarkably deadly diseases

CONSUMPTION & SCROFULA.

Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,

and all Pulmonary Complaints.

The particular and wonderful success of

The Great Chief Brant's
INDIAN REMEDIES,

has raised a host of copious enemies, but their assaults so truth fail as harmless now as ever, and we call with

EARNEST SYMPATHY,

upon every sufferer to lay aside all prejudice, and obtain these preparations and by actual trial prove convincingly their worth.

Extraordinary Medicinal
POWER AND EFFECT

so urgently claimed for them. Numerous certificates written with intense and thrilling interest by the restored persons, are published with attestations and references of the high respectability, and may be had of the agents WITHOUT CHARGE.

BRANT'S
INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

is prepared expressly for the cure of CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, ASTHMA, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SPITTING OF BLOOD, PAINS IN THE BREAST, SIDE OR BACK, AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, and

BRANT'S
INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is the Chief's GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD, and never has failed to cure

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcerated and Nursing Sore Mouth, Piles, Ulcers, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, and all

Eruptive and Skin Diseases,

and by its extraordinary power to regulate and equalize the circulations,

DYSPEPSIA, PILES AND COSTIVENESS.

Prepared by WARNER, WILLIAMS, Proprietors.

JOHN A CLARK & CO. General Agents, Office 60 Cedar st New York, who has appointed as Agents,

Webster and Marsh,	Plainfield,
Joseph Rose,	Boundbrook,
Barkalow & Hardcastle,	Somerville,

May 25, 1847.—4y

The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.

By Dr. A. M. Mauriceau,
Professor of Diseases of Women!

(Third Edition—Thirty-six pp. 25c. Price 31 cts.)

25,000 Copies sold in Three Months!!!

The great demand for this most important work, (of which thousands are sold) has compelled the issue of another edition. It is intended especially for this married, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to her particularly. Here the female can discover the causes, symptoms, and the most certain remedies and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

Married females have been the most unhealthy they retain their rounds, vigor, beauty, elasticity of body, and buoyancy of spirits to an advanced age, instead of being afflicted, as has been and thousands are, into whose hands this work has not yet fallen.

It is an important question to the married why it is that we behold so many married ladies sickly, debilitated, and prostrated? as also the causes; and whether the manifestations of women are not in accordance with those important matters, connected with the discoveries in medical and physiological science, which meet this question.

This work is destined to be in the hands of every wife and mother who has a regard for her own health and welfare, as well as that of her husband.

It is the most complete treatise on the peculiar laws already proved a blessing to thousands, as the following extracts (and there are innumerable ones of similar import) will attest:

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dayton, Ohio.

"*Dayton, May 1st, '47.*

"*My Dear Sir*—The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion, I received and have given a copy to your address, came safely to hand. I would not have troubled you with these few lines, but that I am impelled by a sense of gratitude, for myself and wife, to give utterance to my sincere and heartfelt thanks to you the receipt of your work, more and more debilitated and prostrated her, putting her life in imminent danger; and which was, on the last occasion despaired of. I supposed that the case was incurable, and prepared resignedly myself to meet the worst. At this time, (now about two months,) I heard your book highly spoken of, as containing some matters reaching my case. On its receipt and perusal, I discovered upon its pages the relief it afforded my distressed mind, and the joy its pages imparted to my wife, on learning that the great discovery of M. M. Deseondes provided a remedy. It opened a prospect to me which I little conceived was possible. No pecuniary consideration can ever repay the obligations I am under to you, for having been the means of imparting to us the matters contained in 'The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.' But for this, ere another year would have passed over my head, I am almost persuaded, my wife would have broken or inflamed breasts' are impossible of occurrence. In view, therefore, that there are thousands thus afflicted at every confinement, it is invaluable not only to them, but also to every husband.

In regard to the great discovery of M. M. Desmeaux mentioned in your work, I have known many within the space of a few months, whose lives, from breast sore would have been preserved, and many others whose lives would have been preserved had they known and availed themselves of it although, of course, many being constitutional perversions, are indeed ever are our greatest blessings."

Letters are daily received of this character unnecessary to transcribe.

The book is unmarried, but contemplating marriage, or, perhaps, hesitating as to the propriety of assuming the responsibilities attendant upon it, the importance of being possessed of the revelations pointing in these young, and unmarried by dividing their future happiness cannot be appreciated.

It is of course impossible to convey more fully, in a public journal, the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the perusal of those contemplating marriage; neither is it necessary, since it is every one's duty to become possessed of knowledge, necessary to the edification to which a wife, a mother, or a sister may be subject, can be obviated.

Copies will be sent by Mail free of Postage.

Over 10,000 copies have been sent by mail within 3 months, with perfect safety and certainty. In no instance has a remittance failed to reach the publisher or his agent in safety when it has been directed.

On the receipt of $1 the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent free of postage to any part of the United States. All letters must be addressed (Post Paid) to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1454, New York city. Publishing Office 129 Liberty street, New York.

The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by booksellers in New York, Richmond, Philadelphia, Boston, Mass., Columbus, O., Albany, Buffalo, St. Louis, Charleston, New Orleans, and in every principal city in the United States. Agents for Philadelphia, Zeiber & Co.—New York, Burgess & Stringer. All letters, however, must be addressed as above.

N. B. The trade supplied on the usual terms.

New York, June 14, 1847.—2t12w

Portrait Painting

THE Subscriber from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Plainfield, that he has taken rooms over the "Tea store of J. M. C. Smith, where some specimens of his Painting can be seen. He would particularly call the attention of those wanting Likenesses, but faithful Likeness to some of his Ten Dollar Portraits.

As his stay will be limited, early application will be necessary to ensure his services.

Plainfield, June 9, 1847.—4t W. T. BLACK.

WOOL CARDING

DONE at the Plainfield Factory at 6 cents per lb Cash. The Subscriber returns thanks to the public for the patronage heretofore received, and solicits a continuance of the same. All wool left at the Store of Cornelius Dunn & Co. Plainfield, or at the Store of A. C. Mollison, Bound Brook, will be returned to the same place when carded.

Wool for carding to be put up into Stocking Yarn, Carpet Yarn, or for Blankets, Cloth, &c. as the following prices.

Stocking Yarn double-twisted and reeled, 2s. per lb
Yarn for Blankets, Cloth, &c. 1s. 6d. per lb.
Twisted for Cloth, Warp and Filling, 1s. 6d. per lb.

Also, HAT BODIES of all qualities made of Wool For sale, or Manufactured to Order.

May 25, 1847.—6m. THOS. STEAD.

See Here Ladies!

JUST RECEIVED, a New and Fashionable Assortment of Parasols and Parasolettes. They are for sale too, by D. DULLMAN.

May 11, 1847.

BUSH GRASS and Peas, by the quart, for sale by May 18, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

JUST OPENED, 6 Pieces Mus'ins de Laine Choice Patterns and very cheap by Sept. 29, 1846. J. SULLMAN.

Great Attraction!

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

(Successors to JASON H. DOCKWOOD,)

No. 210 Greenwich street,

Have now on hand a very large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, most of which have been purchased of the importers and manufacturers which they are selling at prices corresponding with the present Low Tariff. Among their assortment may be found the following goods:

5 cases double width Scotch Ginghams at 1s. former price 2s.

10 cases De Laines at 1d. worth 1s 9d and 2s.

5 do do do at 1s. 2d. worth 2s. and 2s. 6d.

5 do do do at 2s. 6d. worth 3s.

After 3 cases very fine Calicoes at 2½ cts. from 3s. to 4s.

3 cases French Gingham at 5d. 6d. and 8s. 6d.

10 case English Long Cloths at 1s. worth 1s 6d & 1s 6d

20 cases Prints, American, at 3½ cts. per yard upwards.

50 pieces Bordered Jaconet, from 1s 6d per yd. upwards.

100 pieces Plaid Alpaccas at 2s. worth 3s 6d.

5 cases French Organdie Muslins only 1s. sold last year at 2s.

Cases English Prints, former price 2s. now only 1s. a yd

300 cases and bales Bleached and Brown Muslins, direct from the manufacturers, and are retailing at jobbers' prices.

Hosiery and Gloves of goods for men's and boys' wear from 6d per yard upwards.

50 dozen best quality French Kid Gloves at 2s. 6d.—worth 3s.

500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, warranted all Linen, only 9d.

Hosiery and Gloves from 6d per pair

50 Coloured Cloth Cassimeres at 1s. 6d. to 2s50.

Jaconet, Swiss, Book, Mull and Nansook Muslins, a splendid assortment, all qualities, from 1s. per yard upwards.

500 yards Window Shades, new designs, very cheap.

500 steamboat counterpanes from 7s. upwards

500 pieces Carpeting from 1s. upwds

50 do Floor Oil Cloths, entirely new patterns—very cheap.

Our present stock has been bought with great care and being daily in the receipt of NEW GOODS from auction, we are prepared to offer great inducements to purchasers, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM GARDNER & CO.

New York, May 4, 1847.—3w

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED

HUNT'S LINIMENT.

Is now universally acknowledged to be the INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Rheumatism, Spinal Affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sprains, Burns and Scalds, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Soreness in the Breast and Feet, Tooth Ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous Disorders.

The TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS which has attended the application of this most *WONDERFUL MEDICINE* in curing the severest cases of every different Disease above named.—and the *HIGH ENCOMIUMS* that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the *AFFLICTED* to resort to it, as the *ONLY REMEDY THAT CAN BE RELIED ON.*

☞ The following letter from Edmund M. Blunt, Esq. whose name has been rendered immortal as the author of the "Coast Survey," and several other Nautical Works, is most reliable evidence of the high value of the celebrated *External Remedy, Hunt's Liniment.*

Sing Sing, July 25, 1845.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Dear Sir—For more than half a century I have suffered by Rheumatism. A few months since, in consequence of exposure to the weather while taking a sea chest whilst at sea, none already go without this, as I think one bottle for external purposes worth all the medicine they ever gave. You may use this communication at your pleasure.

Very respectfully yours,

EDMUND M. BLUNT.

A gentleman of high standing in the Society of Friends, speaks as follows of the great remedy, Hunt's Liniment:

Newcastle, 11th Month 1st, 1844.

George E. Stanton,

Esteemed Friend:—Thy letter of the 25th ultimo is received: In my reply I would say, that I have been troubled with a lame knee for several years, during which time it has distressed me much. I procured a bottle of Hunt's Liniment at thy store, early last spring and found it to be used freely, and I can say that since that time I have had little or no trouble with my knee. A friend, in whom I sent a bottle, informs me that it was a great benefit to her in rheumatic affection. I have no hesitation in recommending it to any person needing an external remedy. JACOB GRIFFEN.

Bedford, Sept. 4, 1845.

To Geo. E. Stanton, Esq.

Sir—Sometime since I overheated myself in working, and in a short time my left brake out in pimples, which by scratching became fever sores of the worst description. The irritation and swelling was so great that I could not rest day or night. I used bottles of your Liniment, and it is now entirely well. I was also affected by a swelling in the joint from the same cause, and the application of the Liniment relieved me at once, and I most cheerfully recommend it to the public as we have found it.

RICHARD MOSHER.

This Liniment is sold at 25 and 50 cents per bottle, by all the Principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

Wholesale Agents in New York,

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. 149 Maiden Street.

BOUGHTON & CO. 170 Broadway.

A. B. & D. SANDS, corner Fulton and William.

ASPINWALL, 86 William Street.

Orders addressed to me at Sing Sing, N. Y. will be attended to.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Proprietor.

Agents in this County.—

Plainfield, M. F. Cushing, Dr. Lewis Craig, and S. W. Ayres.

Newark.—E. Van Benthuysen, Aaron C. Johnson.

Camptown.—J. N. Crawford

Middletown.—S. R. Stevens.

Springfield.—Elijah Dickey, A. Stiles, W. S. Cooper

Union.—Edwin Hendly, James W. Wade.

Elizabethtown.—Wm. M. Shotwell, Dr. J. R. Bylee, Van Dorn & Co.

Rahway.—J. D. Halsey, S. D. Barnett, A. C. Watson.

Westfield.—Daniel Clark, Clark, W. H. Pierson.

Scotch Plains.—James M. Osborn

Milltown.—James Jones.

Cherry Valley, H. S. Smith

South Orange.—J. L. Freeman

Orange.—Wm. Crane & Brother.

Belleville.—A. N. Jerolaman & Son.

Bloomfield.—Frame, Pierson & Cooper, Crane, Baldwin & Wilson.

C. D. Harrison.—Caldwell.

Nov. 17, 1845. ly

Blank Books.

Of all sizes, and of good paper, at 25 per cent. Also, a good Account Book for sale, for Cash, by M. F. CUSHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

The subscriber has removed to Front st. two doors below the Court House, where he has now and in store a large assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, viz:

Gents' Fine Calf Coarse Do. double sole do.
Do. Kip and negged Boots
Men's Brogans and slippers
Boy's Calf Brogans and Pumps
Ladies' Gaiters and Buskins
Morocco Buskins, single and double soles
Black Prunella Gaiters and Boots
Misses and child's Black and colored Morocco shoes
Do. Polt and Button Gaiters.
Women and Children's Leather shoes of all kinds.
All of which will be sold cheap for cash, by
April 20, 1847. GEORGE S. COON.

Two Houses to Rent.

Enquire of
WEBSTER & MARSH.
April 13, 1847.

New Goods for the Spring Trade.

D. BULLMAN has recently made large purchases of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of the public. The following comprises a part of his stock now on hand:

Striped Figured Silks very rich, also black.
Rep De Laines, a large assortment of the latest and most beautiful styles.
Barege Shawls, striped and plaid
Gingahams, a good assortment.
Prints, Merrimack, Fall River, Cochico, &c. new styles, our stock cannot now be surpassed.
Diapers, linen and cotton
Table Cloths and Table Covers,
Table Cover Wire, best quality,
Nankeens, Gambroons and Cottonades,
Lucas' Stripes and Plaids for Summer wear.
Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, a good assortment,
Ticking, Muslins, Checks, &c. a large assortment,
Stocks, Bosoms, Collars and Cravats,
Brown, Bleached, Cambric and Mull Muslins,
Laces, Edgings, Fringes and other fine trimmings,
Carpeting—A good assortment of all qualities and colors, some entirely new designs.
Window Shades—Holland, Linen, Paper, purchasers are requested to look at them before buying.

N. B. The public will at all times find our stock large and well assorted. The N. Y. market will be searched every week for the richest and most fashionable goods, which with low prices, he hopes to gain a share of patronage.

—ALSO—

A Supply of Fresh Groceries received weekly, as good and as cheap as can be obtained elsewhere.

Also, now on hand and For Sale,
Looking Glasses, a choice assortment, of all sizes
Chairs, Glass, Britannia Liverpool, Earthen and Stone Ware
Rocking Chairs, Boston Rockers—Boots and Shoes.
Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, &c. &c.

All the above will be sold at the lowest prices, for Cash or Country Produce.
April 13, 1847.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that they have opened a School on Main street, next below the Baptist Church, in Mansion House, on the 8th day of April, for the reception of scholars, where they are prepared to give instruction in all the branches usually taught in the Academies and High Schools of this State, and to use their utmost exertions to merit a share of public patronage, and to see their pupils making advancement in their studies from day to day.

Terms of Tuition made known on application to
I. NEWKING,
April 6, 1847. D. LENOX.

Gold Writing Fluid,

GOLD Paper Silver Pens, Indellible Ink of the best quality, also Copying Ink; Blue and Red Ink. Also Black Ink from Nutgalls of Hand according to the London Method, at Reed's.
April 20, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, in variety, including a large and splendid illustrated edition—Baxter's Call—Protestant Annual—Methodist Hymns, &c. for sale by
May 4. M. F. CUSHING.

Mahogany Picture Frames,

WITH GLASS for only 2 shillings, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Cullens Indian Vegetable Specific, is adapted to the numerous diseases to which females are subjected. It is not only a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Leucorrhœa, but for suppressions and painful menstruations.—In short, it is what its name indicates a "specific" for all uterine diseases, and is entirely free from all ingredients which have in any degree an injurious effect upon the system. It is made of vegetable substances, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. It has never been known to fail or in a single case to reflect a cure.

For sale by *M. F. Cushing*, Plainfield, N J

Feathers, Feathers, Live Geese Feathers!

THE subscriber would respectfully inform those who are about Geese, or house keeping, that he has just received a large lot of the best quality which he is disposed to sell *Low for Cash*.
D. BULLMAN.
Plainfield, March 8, 1847.

CARPETS.—400 Yards Carpeting, for sale at
FRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

CASES more Heavy Calf and Thick Boots, Just Received, and for sale by D. BULLMAN.

CARPETS.—A Fresh Supply of Ingrain Carpeting, of different patterns, just receive d at the Cheap Store of D. BULLMAN.

Ox Marrow Pomade,

Vegetable Hair Oil, Cologne Water,
Sun Flower Seeds, Cinnamon Seeds,
Opera Glasses, Lithographs,
Perforated Cards, Pasteboard,
Pocket and Pen Knives, a good assortment,
Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes,
Shaving Soap, Bokay and Brushes, &c. &c.
A Fresh Supply just received by
May 6, 1847. M. F. CUSHING.

Seabury's Gloriosum STODELDOG.

An effectual and speedy Remedy for Rheumatism, Cramp, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, stiff Joints, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Back, or Chest, Burns Scalds and Chilblains, &c. &c.

MORRIS'S HORSE LINIMENT,

It surpasses all other preparations. Just received and for sale by
M. F. CUSHING.

Hams, Shoulders, and Dried Beef, Just Received and for sale at
FRUDEN'S.

CARPET WARP of all colors, for sale by
D. BULLMAN.

New Spring and Summer Goods! For 1847.

WEBSTER & MARSH,

HAVE now on hand a general assortment of Rich and Fashionable Goods. Of late recently purchased they would invite attention to the following variety:

Bareges, Lawns, and Berages,
Bareletine Robes, a new article for Ladies' Dresses
Gingham Lawns, purple plaids, blue fish and white do
Mous De Laines, plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
Cashmeres of Paris Drapes, and other Lawn styles.
Alpacas, Black and colored—silk warps do.
Merinoes, French, English and German.
Gambazines, black and blue black of various qualities
Barcelets, Lustres and Orleans. Dark Plaid and Striped
Silks, Italian and Gro de Rhine, 27, 29 and 36 inches wide. [Bonnet.
Gro de Naples usual width, and a few fancy Silks for
Red, White and Yellow Flannels, also a few Bonnets
Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannels.
Drapers, Toweling, Napkins and Table Covers,
American, Linsey and English Prints, the most variety,
Irish Linens, of various grades, from 9d. to 8s. 9d.
Sheeting and shirting Muslins, single and double width
Shawls, Balzorine, McDelaine, Printed and Stripped
Ladies' Cravats and Fancy Velvet Points, rich and beautiful
Kid Gloves of the best quality and various colors, also
Thread and Muslin Edgings and Insertings.
Jaconet, Book, Cambric, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Cambric Linen Hdkfs, plain, figured and hemstitched
Brussels Lace (line real article) for Dresses, Mantillas and Long shawls,
(for paran trimming,
Purse Twist, black and colored, with rings tassels, &c.
Sun Shades, Parasols, Parasolettes, Fans, &c.
Also, A Fresh Supply of
Broad Cloths, American, French, German and English
Cassimeres Plain and Fancy, imported and domestic,
Vestings, Satin, Silk, Valentia, Woolen Velvets, &c.
Satinets of every variety, style and price,
Tweeds, Plaid, Striped and Plain, suitable for boys, suits.
Washington Stripes with a general variety of Lucas' Stripes.

Together with a general variety of House keeping articles; including Carpetings, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, shovel and tongs, bellows, andirons, knives and forks, wooden ware, crockery, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A Large assortment of Groceries and Provision all which will be sold at the lowest market prices for cash or country produce.
April 13, 1847.

For DEAFNESS.

COOPER'S *ETHERIAL OIL*, a speedy and sure remedy for Deafness of all kinds, for sale by
May 19, 1846. M. F. CUSHING.

A NEW Supply of WINDOW SHADES, some as low as 31 each, for sale by
July 7, 1846. D. BULLMAN.

PLAIN PRINTS.—A choice selection of Neat Plain Calicoes, just received from Philadelphia.
Sept. 15, 1846. by WEBSTER & MARSH.

Chinese Hair Eradicator

To remove superfluous hair from the back of the neck or any part of the face without the least soreness or pain and gradually removes the hair entirely, and after about two months there can be seen a few scattering hairs of much less size and strength than at first, then apply the Eradicator, and the second application will forever prevent the growth of any more hair on the place where it has been applied.

Comstock & Tyler, wholesale agents, New York
M. F. Cushing, Agent for Plainfield.

More New Carpets.

THE Subscribers are just receiving a fresh assortment of Carpetings, to be sold at New York prices
WEBSTER & MARSH.
May 13, 1847.

The Southern Balm,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,
For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Pleurisy, &c. for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

Also, may be had of the above,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
Hathaway's Arabian Balsam,
Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor,
Hay's Liniment for the Piles,
Lozenges—Worm, Cough, Cathartic, Camphor and Cordial,

Graves' Compound for the Piles,
Hunt's Pills, and Stomach Cordial,
Balm of Columbia for restoring the Hair,
Lesneu's Life Preserving Pills—Peters' Pills,
Rhy's Soap, for removing Paint, Oil, &c. from Cloths, Skin, &c. without injury.
East India Hair Dye—Godfrey's Cordial—Essences,
Indellible Ink, best quality—St Nair's Acoustic Oil,
Indian Vegetable Elixir—Balm of Chint,
Nervous and Bone Liniments—Rheumatic Specifics, &c.

INK. Just RECEIVED, Several gallons of very superior Blue and Black Writing Ink. May 27. M. F. CUSHING.

Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

JUST Received, direct from Philadelphia, a full assortment of the above highly celebrated and deservedly popular Medicines, including Hair Tonic, 1.00
Expectorant, 1.00—Alterative, 1.00—American Hair Dye, .50—Carminative Balsam, 25.—Sanative Pills, 25.—and Tonic Vermifuge, 25.
Also, for sale Knapp's Indian Vegetable Plaster,
Shaving Soap, Razors and Brushes,
Sherman's Tooth Paste, 25.
Matchless Sanative. M. F. CUSHING.

Window shade Depot.

No. 7, 8, 9 & 10 street, Tribune Buildings
Established in 1844.

Wholesale and Retail—*SHADES of all descriptions of the finest taste and most brilliantly colored Gothic order, of the richest and newest patterns for the sale of beautiful Rural Embellishment, a work admired and appreciated by taste; together with every style and description of shade now in use, at 50 per cent cheaper than can be bought in any other place in the City or Country.*

Banner and interior decorations done in a style not to be surpassed.

BARTOL & ORNSBEE.
Manufacturers and Importers.
New York, Feb. 23, 1847.—6m

Cheap Prints! Cheap Prints!

A CHOICE Assortment of the most Merrimack Prints, at 5c. a yard, just received by
March 31, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, a Good Assortment of Men's & Boys, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes and for sale cheap at PRUDEN'S.
July 7, 1845.

Dr. Stecling's Pulmonary Syrup, Vegetable Antibilious Pills, Tonic Pills; and Healing Salve.
For Sale at the Printing Office.

Well about Now!

New Cheap Store, in Brooklyn!
New Goods on hand and constantly receiving at Dunn's New Store.

JAMES T. DUNN returns his thanks to a discerning Public, for the share of patronage he has received since he has opened his store in Brooklyn, and would just the advantage he possesses of the market is attending the city every week, and by a strict care and attention to business he still hopes to merit a share of their patronage. He has now and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

Dry Goods.

Balzorines, DeLaines, Ginghams, Alpaccs, Calico, Muslins bleached and unbleached, diapers, toweling, napkins, American, French and English Prints, Irish Linens, sheeting and shirting Muslin, silk crapes, gingham do.—silk, linen and cotton gloves—hosiery of all kinds; thread and muslin edgings, Jaconet, book and cambric muslin; cambric linen handkerchiefs; sewing silk, silk twist, silk and cotton cord, purses, bags, beautiful thread, black and colored muslin, silk and cotton bindings ladies' cord and white skirts.

Also, Washington stripe, Lucas' Goods, plaids, stripes, gambroons, of different qualities and colors—Cassimeres, vestings, tweeds, jeans, Russia sheck, table cloths, canvas, wiggin, wadding, cotton bats, Hair and caps, and other articles too many to enumerate.

Medicines, a General Assortment.

Also, Logwood, Fustic and Hipernic, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Paints and Oils, of all kinds.

Groceries.

Young Hyson Tea old Hyson, Pouchong, &c. New Orleans, brown, crushed and lump sugar, molasses—Java, Laguira and Sumatra coffee, burnt or asburnt and ground—rice, ginger, pepper ground or whole—hams, pork, mackerel, soap, candles, lamp oil, vinegar, pickles, tarr, cheese—boots, sugar, butter and common crackers—Saleratus, tobacco, snuff and segars

Also, white wash lines and brushes, scrubbing and blacking brushes, blacking, bed cords, ploughlines and clothes lines, weaving and sewing needles, brooms, shoe thread, letter paper, pipes, sand and sand paper, and other articles kept in a country store.

Confectionaries, of all kinds,

Crockery,

Coffee and Tea sets plain and printed, Pitchers and bowls, do. dishes, plates and Glass Ware in general.

EARTHEN WARE, a general assortment.

HARD WARE.—Pen and Pocket Knives, shovels, spades, forks, scoops, hoes, padlocks, door latches, files, garnblers, screws, hinges, knives and forks, shears, scissors, carry combs, horse cards, scythes and rifles, wire, nails from No. 4 to 20, and wrought nails.

Cedar Ware.—Washing tubs, Pails and hay rakes.

Also, Clocks, of different patterns.

Flour, Meal and Feed.

Superfine wheat flour, common do wheat middlings rye flour, white and yellow meal, feed, wheat and rye bran, oats and corn.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

Likewise—A new Coat, Vest and Pantaloon makers one he accommodated with work weekly, for which cash or trade will be given.

Once More.

The above has been to considerable expense in repairing his Grist and Saw Mills, and is now able to do customer sawing and grist work, as usual.

N. B. A new two horse farm wagon with hoops, 1 set new dump harness, 1 set new brass mounted single harness, 1 family pleasure wagon, 1 second hand buggy, 1 first-rate one seat new Rockaway wagon, for sale, or exchange for a good Horse.

Brooklyn, N J. July 7, 1846.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having taken and fitted up the Store in this Village, lately occupied by Alfred Berry, offer for sale at fair prices, and on the usual terms, a fresh and General Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and the thousand other articles that make up the stock of a Country Store. Spring and Summer goods of the latest and fashionable style. Full Assortment of Groceries of Good Quality, &c. &c., will be found at the Store, and can be obtained at as reasonable rates as elsewhere. The Patronage of our friends and the public, is respectfully solicited.
TITSWORTH, DUNN & Co.
April 28, 1847.

Drab Moreen,

An Elegant Article for *Ladies' Skirts,*
Just Opened by
June 14, 1847. WEBSTER & MARSH.

SUGAR Molasses and Vinegar, first-rate articles, and cheap, for sale at PRUDEN'S.

Stove & Tin *Establishment.*

GIBBS & DUTCHER thankful for past favors, would announce to the citizens of Plainfield and vicinity, that

They continue hammering and bending,
Copper, Sheet Iron and Tin,
And are ever ready in negotiating
Whatever you chance to bring in.

They keep on hand and are receiving various patterns of Stoves—also, a general assortment of Hardware, Paper-Hangings, and Stone Ware, of Troy manufacture.

Custom require Jackson Pound's Bakery.
Copper, Brass, Lead, Old Iron and Rags taken in trade.
The Roofs, and Gutters, in this be order.
Plainfield, July 28, 1846.

NEEDLES, AND VARIETIES,

RICHARD RICHARDS,
Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods,
No. 12 Maiden Lane, New York,
Sole Agent for Wyatt & Smith's Needles.

P. S. Jet Remember the Store's nothing but Needles, Cotton, Spool and Ball Cotton Pearl Buttons, Bone Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Key Rings, Needles and Eyes, Thimbles, &c. &c.
May 28, 1846.—1y

Oil Cloth, and India Rubber Cloth.

JUST Received, and for sale at
Aug. 18. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store.

DALBY'S CARMINITIVE,

ALSO, Dr. Steeling's Carminitive—for Bowel Complaints.
Also Steeling's Worm Medicine.—All just received and for sale by M. F. CUSHING.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
Also Brandreth's, for sale at
Feb. 26, 1846. PRUDEN'S Cheap Cash Store

THE preceding figure is given to represent the Insensible Perspiration. It is the EVACUATION for the impurities of the body. It will be noticed that it is thrown directly to the surface of the person, which indicates that this perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be maintained without it. This throws off from the blood and other juices of the body and disposes by this means of nearly all the impurities within us. The language of the Scripture is, "in the blood is the life." If it becomes impure it may be cleansed directly by the stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary, when the blood is stagnant, or infected is to open the pores, and it relieves itself from all impurities instantly. Also when our vitality is sufficient without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores, on the surface. Thus we see the folly of taking so much barsaparilla, however direct it may be to